

***In situ* photodeposition of MoS₂ on CdS nanorods as a highly efficient cocatalyst for photocatalytic hydrogen production**

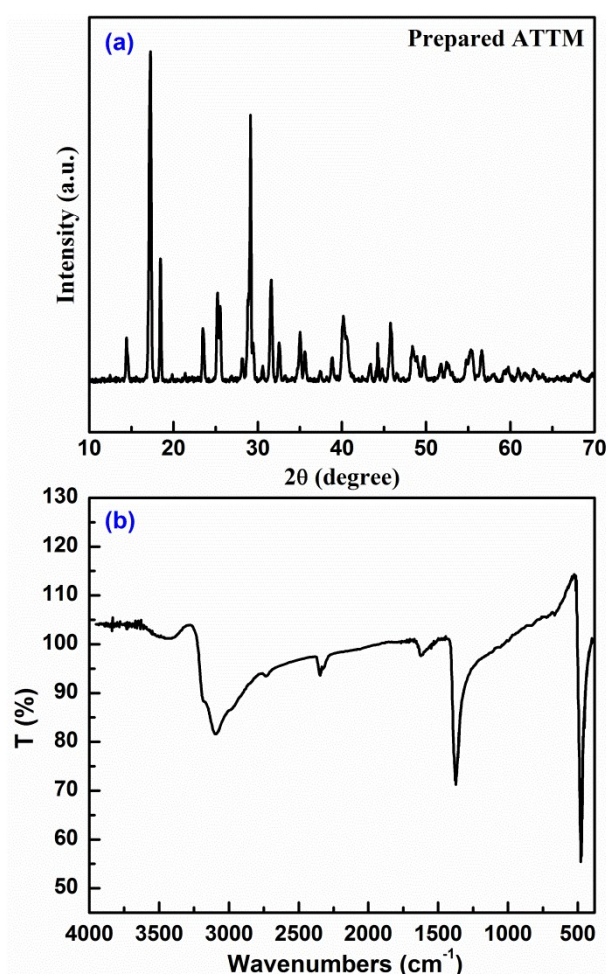
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Electronic Supplementary Information (ESI)

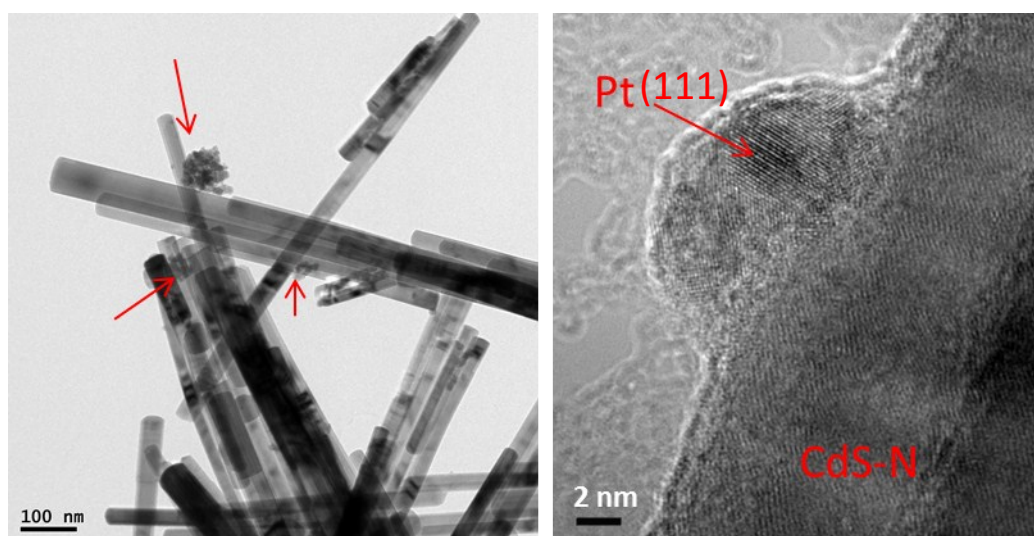
Fig. S1 (a) XRD and (b) FT-IR spectrum of the prepared ATTM.



The XRD result (Fig. S1a) indicated that the prepared ATTM is in a highly crystalline orthorhombic structure and the diffraction peaks can be indexed to standard (NH₄)₂MoS₄ (ICDD-JCPDS Card No. 48-1662).

The FTIR spectrum (Fig. S1b) is consistent with the reported (NH₄)₂MoS₄ reference spectrum¹ and the Mo-S stretching bands at 487 cm⁻¹ can be observed.

Fig. S2 TEM and HRTEM image of Pt/CdS-N prepared by a photodeposition method.



Photodeposition route has been extensively used for the loading of noble metal like Pt and Pd on photocatalyst since it reported in 1978.² The validity of this method has been fully confirmed by the reported works. The related works have been commented by a recent review paper.³ Using this method for the deposition of Pt on CdS also has been reported.⁴ Thus, theoretically, we believe that Pt can be loaded on CdS-N by photodeposition route. Here, the TEM and HRTEM images of Pt modified CdS-N were measured. Some Pt particles can be identified as denoted by the arrows.

The actual Pt loading amount was determined to be 0.13% by ICP (Fig. S3). At last, compared with pristine CdS-N, the improved HER activity for the Pt/CdS-N also suggests the loading of Pt on CdS-N. Therefore, the experimental results also confirmed that Pt can be loaded on CdS-N by photodeposition route.

Fig. S3 the characteristic ICP emission line (265.9 nm) of Pt element.

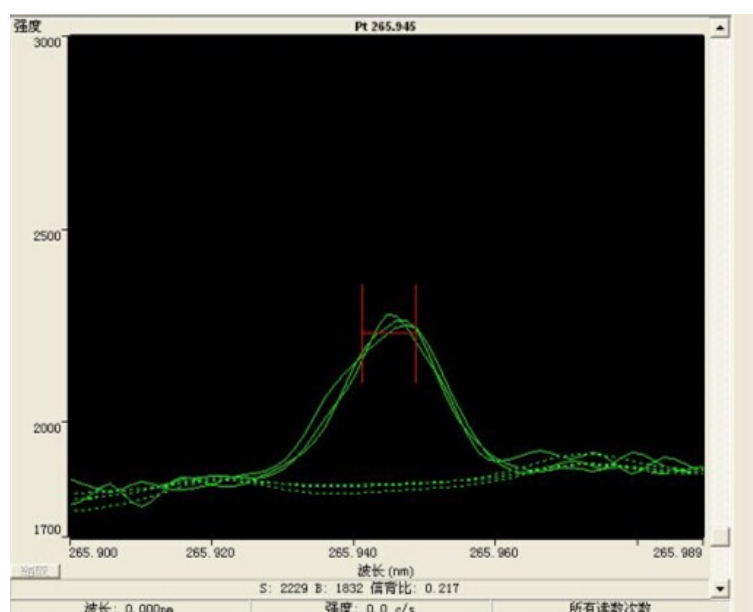
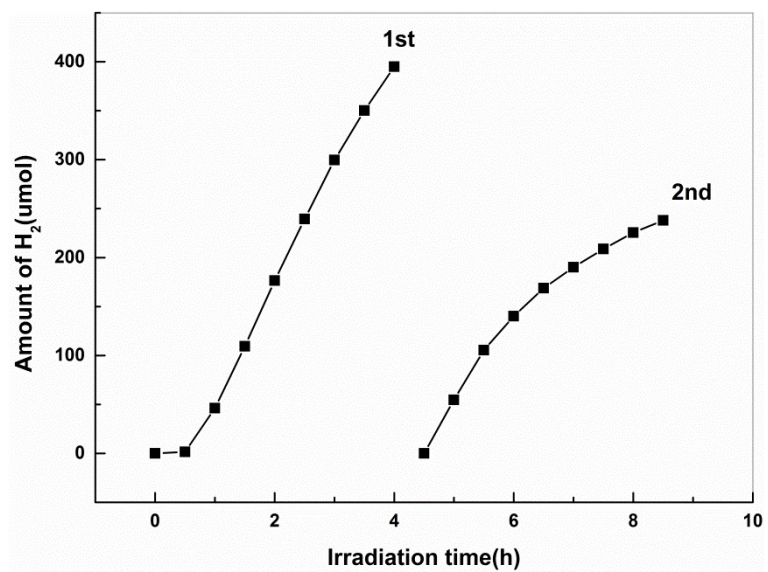


Fig. S4 Cycling photocatalytic HER over pristine CdS-N under visible light irradiation for 2 runs.



References

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- (4) G. Dukovic, M. G. Merkle, J. H. Nelson, S. M. Hughes, A. P. Alivisatos. *Adv Mater*, 2008, **20**, 4306.