Electronic Supplementary Information

Plasmonic enhanced photoelectrochemical and photocatalytic

performances of 1D coaxial Ag@Ag₂S hybrids

Nan Zhang,^a Mingjie Li,^d Chuan Fu Tan,^a Connor Kang Nuo Peh,^a Tze Chien Sum,^d and

Ghim Wei Ho*abc

^a Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering, National University of Singapore, 4 Engineering Drive 3, 117583, Singapore

^b Engineering Science Programme, National University of Singapore, 9 Engineering Drive 1, 117575, Singapore

^c Institute of Materials Research and Engineering, A*STAR (Agency for Science, Technology and Research), 3 Research Link, 117602, Singapore

^d Division of Physics and Applied Physics, School of Physical and Mathematical Sciences, Nanyang Technological University, 21 Nanyang Link, 637371, Singapore *Corresponding Author. E-mail: elehgw@nus.edu.sg

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Fig. S1. SEM images of a-d) Ag@Ag₂S composites with different reaction times (1, 5, 20,

and 60 min, respectively); the scale bar is 1 μ m.



Fig. S2. Lorentzian function fitting of the (-112) characteristic peak of monoclinic Ag_2S in the

sample of Ag@Ag₂S-60.



Fig. S3. XPS spectra of a) Ag 3d of Ag NWs, b) Ag 3d and c) S 2p of Ag@Ag₂S-40 core-

shell structured composite.

Computational Methods.

Electrodynamic simulation was done by finite-difference time-domain (FDTD) method using FDTD solution 7.5.7 (Lumerical Solution. Inc). The diameter of the Ag nanowire was fixed at 80 nm and the thickness of Ag_2S shell (refractive index of 2.2) was fixed at 35 nm. The lengths of both the nanowires were set to be infinitely long. In the simulation, the calculation was done under the dielectric environment of 1.361, which equivalent to ethanol.



Fig. S4. The calculated extinction spectra of Ag NWs and Ag@Ag₂S NWs.



Fig. S5. UV-vis absorption spectra of MO during the photocatalytic degradation process over Ag@Ag₂S-40 under visible light irradiation ($\lambda > 400$ nm).



Fig. S6. Pseudo-first-order kinetic plots of Ag NWs and Ag@Ag_S composites toward the

degradation of MO under visible light irradiation ($\lambda > 400$ nm).



Fig. S7. Recycled experiment of photocatalytic degradation of MO over the sample of $Ag@Ag_2S-40$ under visible light irradiation ($\lambda > 400$ nm).