

Supporting Information

Carbon Coated Bimetallic Sulfide Nanodots/Carbon Nanorod

Heterostructure Enabling Long-life Lithium- ion Batteries

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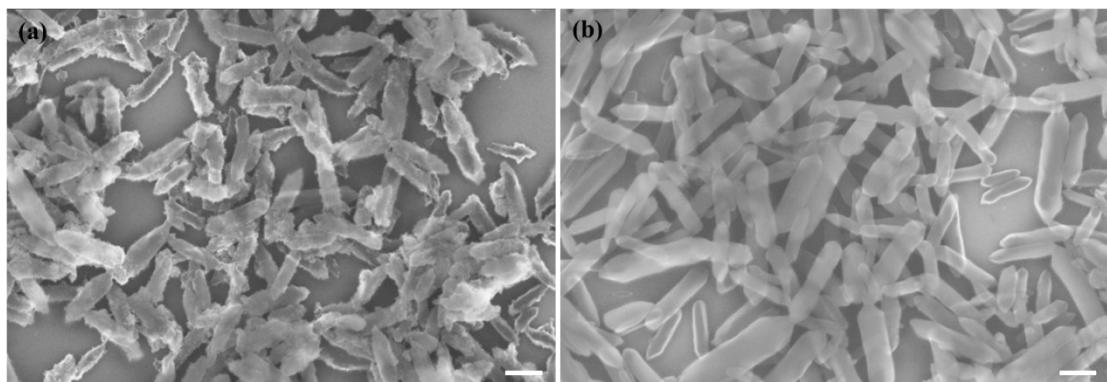


Figure S1. SEM image of $\text{CH}_4\text{N}_2\text{S}@\text{Fe}_2\text{Ni}$ MIL-88 before (a) and after coating glucose (b). Scale bar: 200 nm.

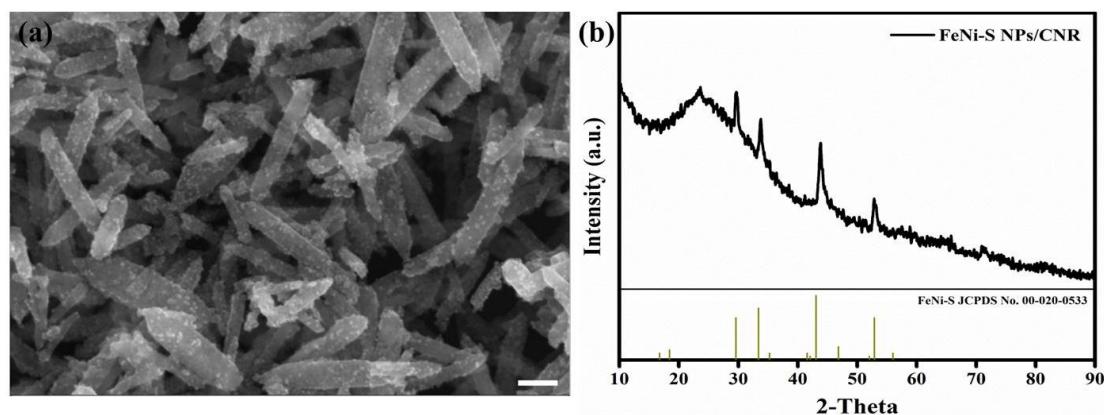


Figure S2. SEM image of FeNi-S NPs/CNR (a) and the corresponding XRD pattern (b). Scale bar: 200 nm.

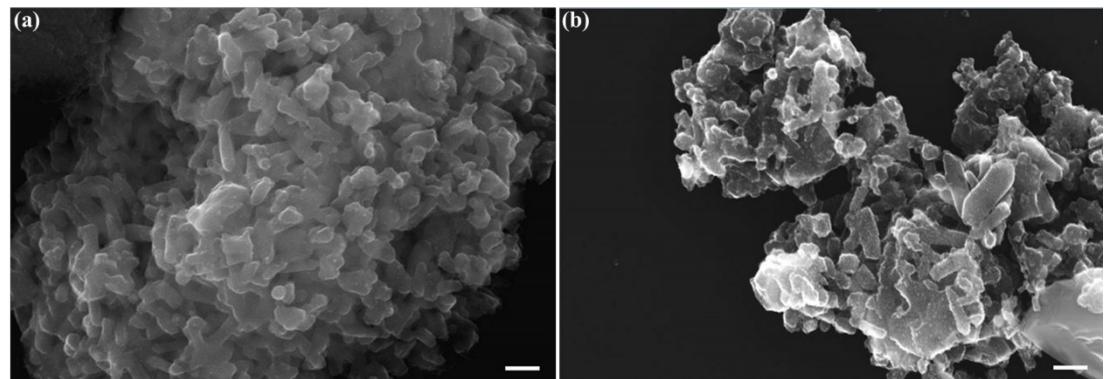


Figure S3. SEM images of the products obtained after annealing of the glucose wrapped $\text{CH}_4\text{N}_2\text{S}@\text{Fe}_2\text{Ni}$ MIL-88 nanorods at 600 °C for different time: (a) 1 h and (b) 3h. Scale bar: 200 nm.

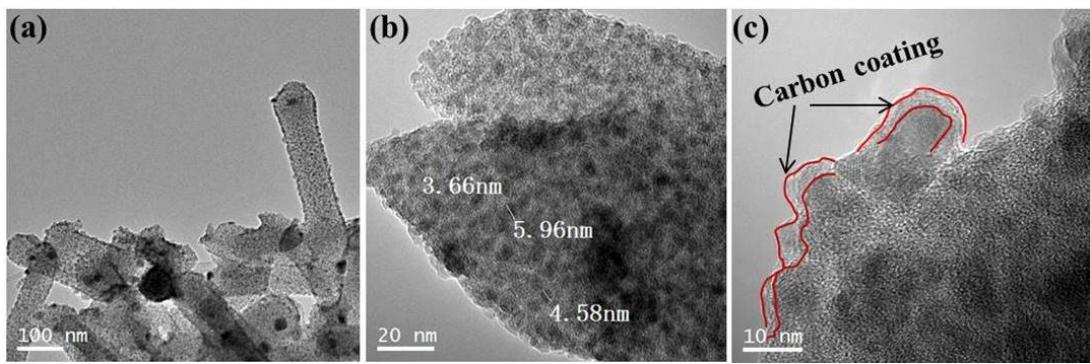


Figure S4. TEM images of C@FeNi-S NDs/CNR with different magnifications.

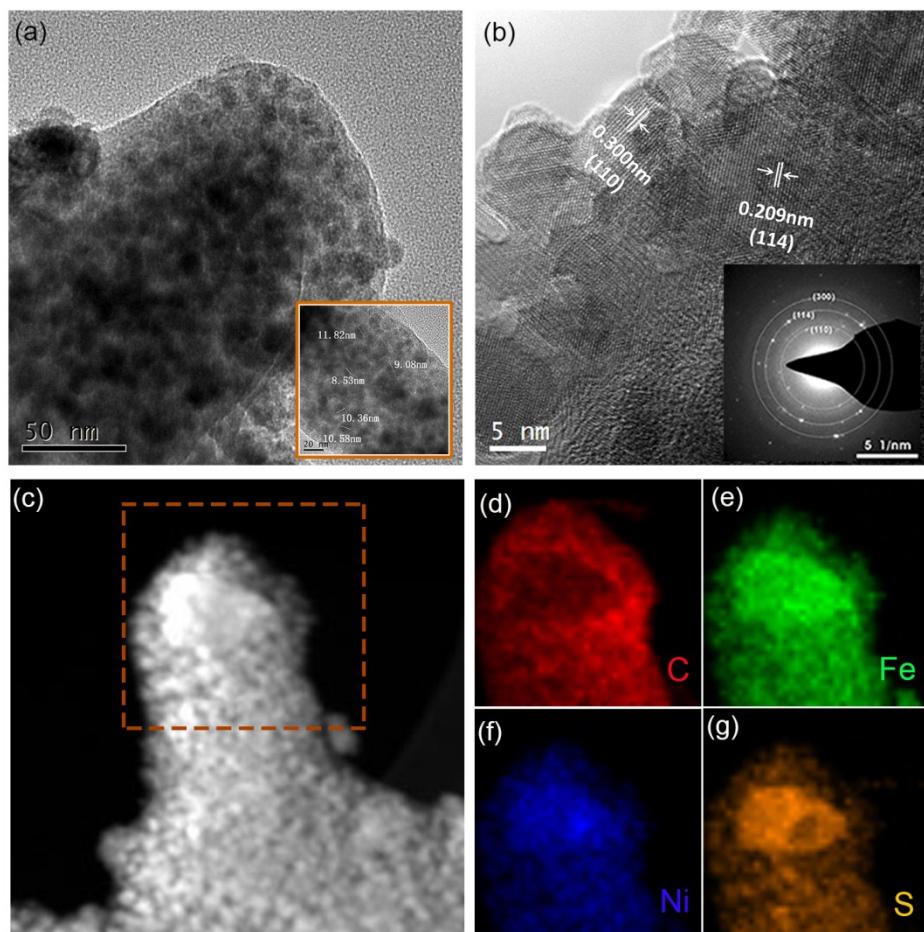


Figure S5. TEM image (a), HRTEM image and indexed SAED pattern (insert) (b), and elemental mapping images (c-g) of FeNi-S NPs/CNR.

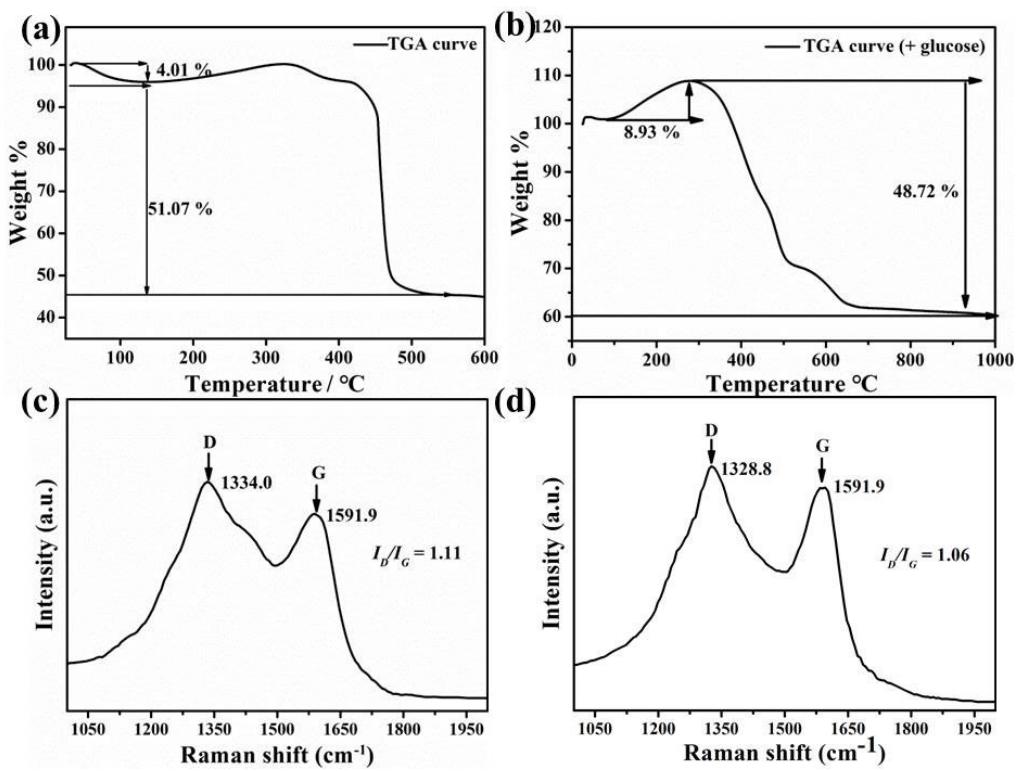


Figure S6. (a) and (c) are TGA curve and Raman spectra of C@FeNi-S NDs/CNR, (b) and (d) are TGA and Raman spectra of FeNi-S NPs/CNR.

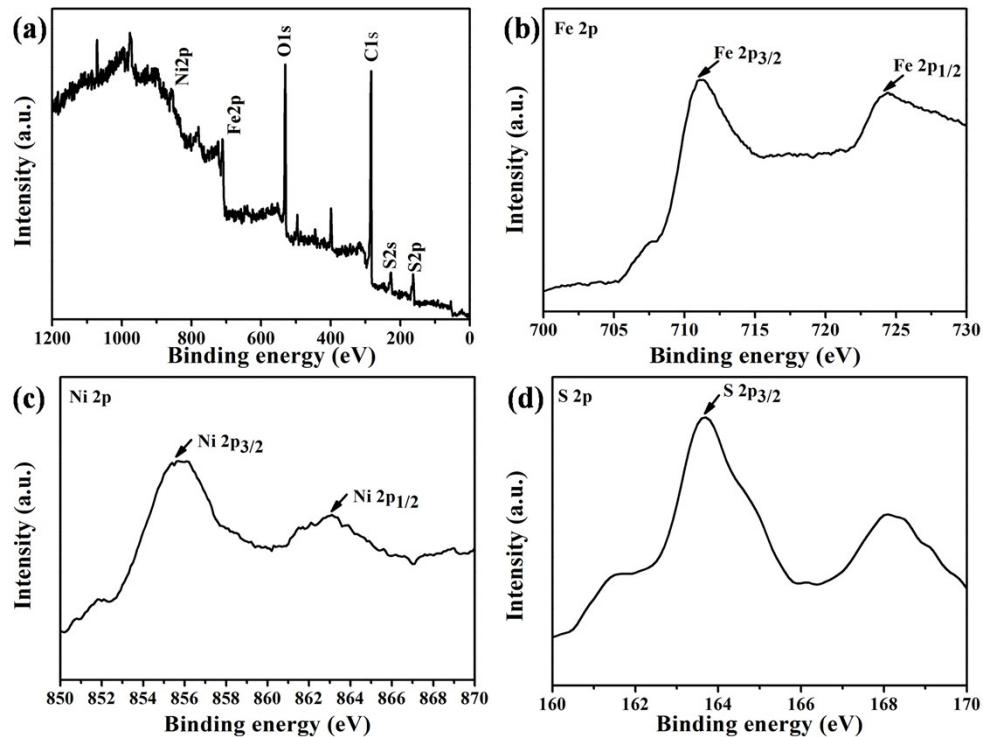


Figure S7. XPS spectra of C@FeNi-S NDs/CNR: survey scanned XPS spectrum (a) and high-resolution XPS spectra for (b) Fe 2p, (c) Ni 2p and (d) S 2p.

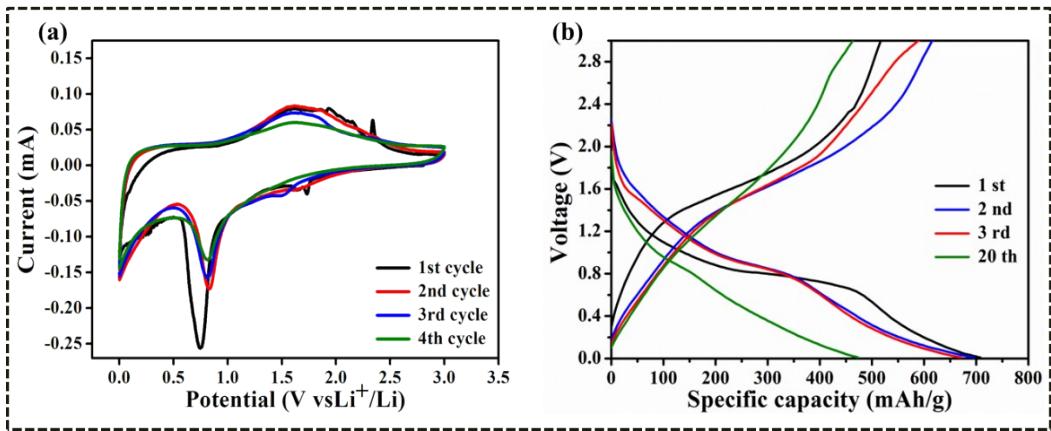


Figure S8. (a) CV curves at a scan rate of 0.1 mV/s for the initial four cycles of FeNi-S NPs/CNR; (b) Galvanostatic charge-discharge voltage profiles for the different cycles at a rate of 0.5 C for FeNi-S NPs/CNR. Voltage range: 0.01-3.0 V vs. Li/Li⁺.

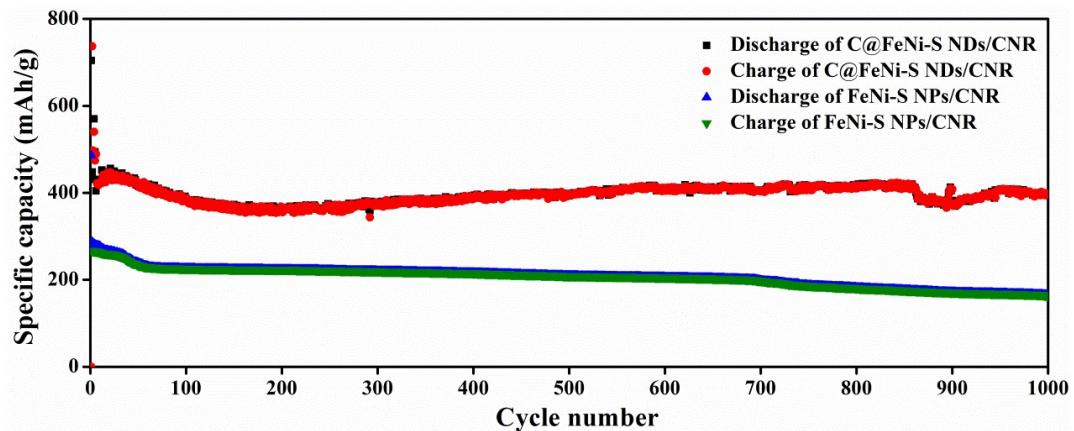


Figure S9. Capacity retention of C@FeNi-S NDs/CNR and FeNi-S NPs/CNR at a rate of 6 C for 1000 cycles.

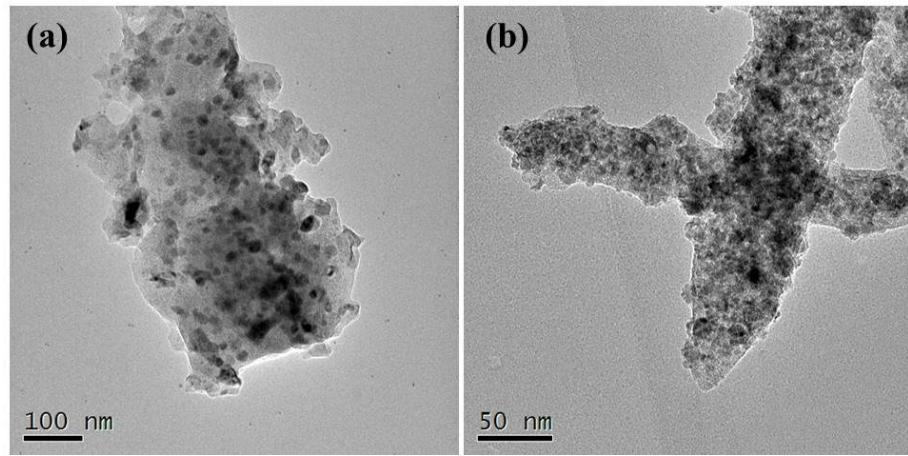


Figure S10. TEM images of FeNi NPs/CNR and C@FeNi NDs/CNR (a) and (b), after 200 cycles at 0.5 C.

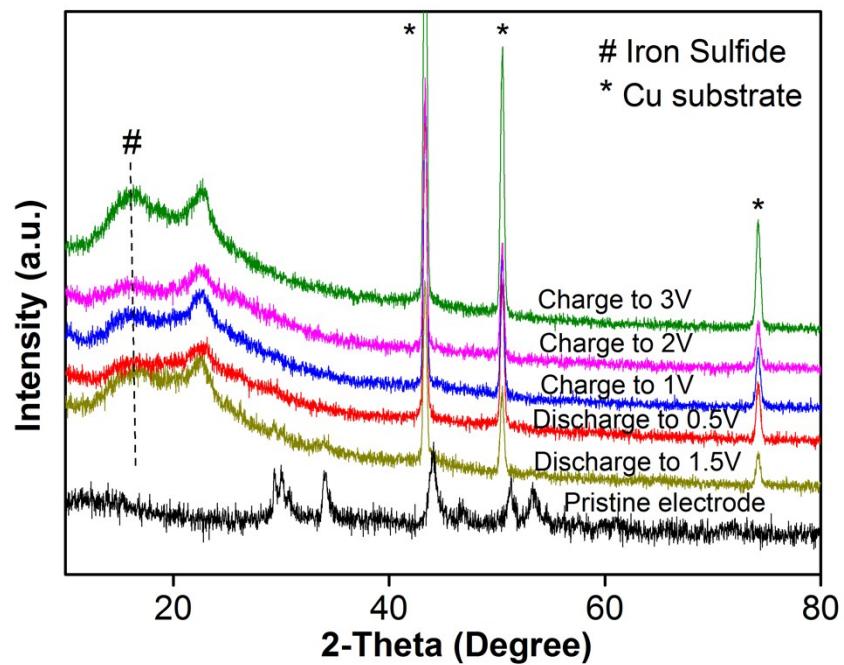


Figure S11. XRD patterns of C @ FeNi-S NDs/CNR electrodes at various discharge/charge voltages.

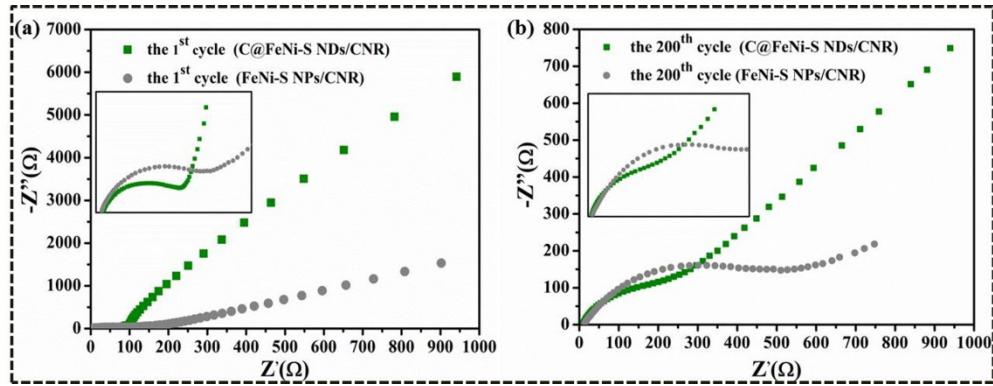


Figure S12. Nyquist plots for comparison of C@FeNi-S NDs/CNR and FeNi-S NPs/CNR at the 1st cycle (a) and the 200th cycle (b) in frequency range of 0.01–10⁵ Hz.

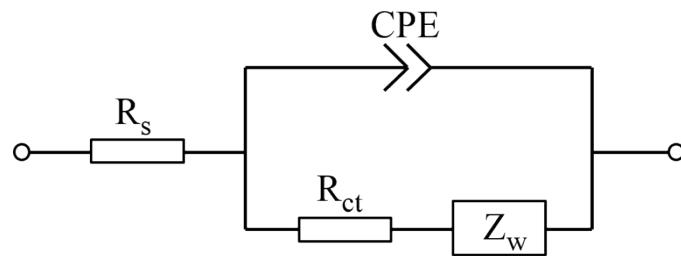


Figure S13. Equivalent circuit for EIS results fitting.

Table S1. Summary of cycling performance for TMS-based anodes in LIBs.

TMS based anode	Current density/ rate	Cycle number	Specific capacity (mAh/g)	Ref.
NiCo ₂ S ₄ /Ni _{0.96} S on graphene	100 mA/g	200	965	¹
NiCo ₂ S ₄ on Nickel foam	0.2C	50	720	²
Fe _{1-x} S/C nanocomposites	100 mA/g	200	1185	³
Coated/Sandwiched rGO/CoS _x composites	100 mA/g	100	613/670	⁴
FeS ₂ Decorated Sulfur-doped Carbon Fiber (FeS ₂ @S-C)	100 mA/g	100	689	⁵
	1000 mA/g	150	500	
transition metal sulfide	100 mA/g	350	550	

nanoparticles embedded in carbon matrices ①FeS@C nanocomposites	500 mA/g	500	480	6
	100 mA/g	160	670	
Ni ₃ S ₄ /NG-250°C composite	0.2 C	100	1323.2	7
Graphene-wrapped nickel sulfide nanoprisms	70 mA/g	100	1200	8
FeS@C-N hierarchical porous microspheres	100 mA/g	100	983.5	9
FeS/porous carbon composite	0.1 C	150	624.9	10
C@FeNi-S NDs/CNR	0.5C	200	851.3	This work
	4C	1000	484.7	
	6C	1000	361.0	

Reference

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