

Supporting information for

**Hierarchical porous porous $\text{Ti}_2\text{Nb}_{10}\text{O}_{29}$ Nanospheres as a Superior
Anode Material for Li-ion storage**

Xinhui Xia,^{*a,b} Shengjue Deng,^b Shangshen Feng,^{*a} Jianbo Wu,^a Jiangping Tu^b

a. Zhejiang Provincial Key Laboratory for Cutting Tools, Taizhou University, 318000,
Zhejiang, China

b. State Key Laboratory of Silicon Materials, Key Laboratory of Advanced Materials and
Applications for Batteries of Zhejiang Province, and Department of Materials Science and
Engineering, Zhejiang University, Hangzhou 310027, P. R. China.

E-mail: helloxxh@zju.edu.cn; fss@tzc.edu.cn

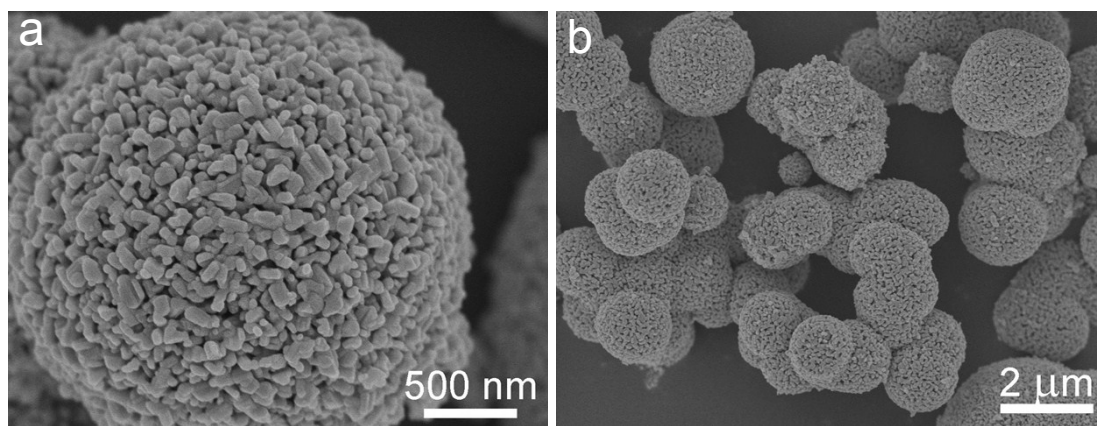


Figure S1. (a-b) SEM images of TNO microspheres prepared without P123.

Table S1. Comparison of electrochemical performance for different samples

Active materials	Rate capability	Cyclability	Ref.
Mo-doped TiNb_2O_7	50 C ($\sim 128 \text{ mAh g}^{-1}$)	/	1
titanium niobium oxides	10 C (190 mAh g^{-1})	150 cycles (10 C)	2
$\text{Ti}_2\text{Nb}_{10}\text{O}_{27.1}$	5 C (180 mAh g^{-1})	100 cycles (5C, 164 mAh g^{-1})	3
V- $\text{Ti}_2\text{N}_{10}\text{O}_{29}$	10 mA cm^{-2} (150 mAh g^{-1})	/	4
$\text{Ti}_2\text{N}_{10}\text{O}_{29}$	10C (130 mAh g^{-1})	/	5
TiNb_2O_7	2C (150 mAh g^{-1})	/	6
$\text{Ru}_{0.01}\text{Ti}_{0.99}\text{Nb}_2\text{O}_7$	5 C (181 mAh g^{-1})	100 cycles (5C, 162 mAh g^{-1})	7
$\text{Ti}_2\text{N}_{10}\text{O}_{29}/\text{C}$	10 C (194 mAh g^{-1})	100 cycles (5C, 214 mAh g^{-1})	8
$\text{TiNb}_6\text{O}_{17}/\text{C}$	10 C (199 mAh g^{-1})	500 cycles (10C, 165 mAh g^{-1})	9
Porous $\text{TiNb}_{24}\text{O}_{62}$	20 C (181 mAh g^{-1})	500 cycles (10, 183 mAh g^{-1})	10
$\text{Ti}_2\text{Nb}_{10}\text{O}_{29}-\text{x}$	10 C (270 mAh g^{-1})	100 cycles (10C, 240 mAh g^{-1})	11
macroporous TiNb_2O_7	20C 135 mAh g^{-1}	1000cycles (10C 87 mAh g^{-1})	12
TiNb_2O_7 nanotubes	10 C (250 mAh g^{-1})	700cycles (0.1 C 210 mAh g^{-1})	13
TiNb_2O_7 hollow nanofiber	/	900cycles (10 C 158.4 mAh g^{-1})	14
Ag-coated TiNb_2O_7	10 C (150 mAh g^{-1})	100 cycles (1C, 250 mAh g^{-1})	15
TNO nanospheres	20 C (208 mAh g^{-1})	500 cycles (10C, 215 mAh g^{-1})	This work

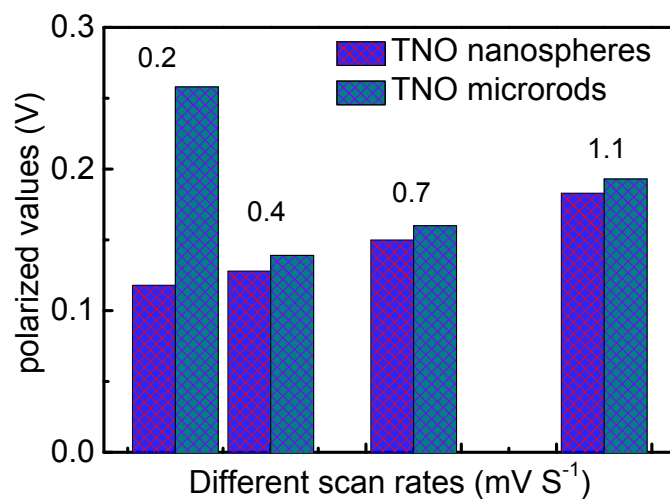


Figure S2. Polarization comparison of CV curves of TNO nanospheres and TNO microrods at different scan rates.

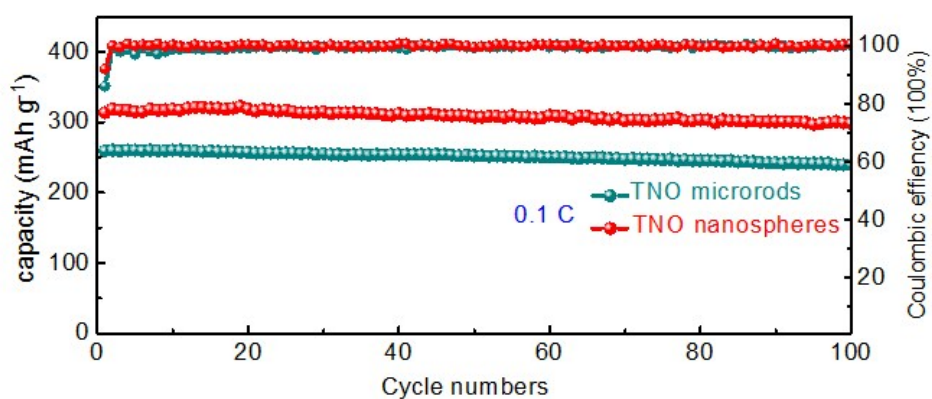


Figure S3. Cycling stability of two electrodes at 0.1 C for 100 cycles.

References

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