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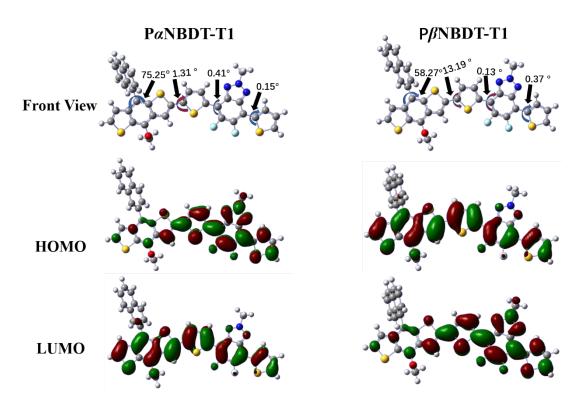
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Electronic Supplementary information (ESI)

## Efficient Fullerene-Free Solar Cells with Wide Optical Band Gap Polymers Based on Fluorinated Benzotriazole and Asymmetric Benzodithiophene

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- † Electronic supplementary information (ESI) available. See DoI: 10.1039/x0xx00000x
- ‡ Zhe Liu and Deyu Liu contributed equally to this work.



**Fig. S1** DFT calculated optimal geometries and electron density distributions of P $\alpha$ NBDT-T1 and P $\beta$ NBDT-T1.

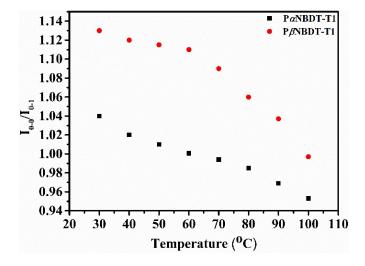


Fig. S2  $I_{0\text{-}0}/I_{0\text{-}1}$  (UV-vis absorption intensity at  $\lambda_{0\text{-}0}$  and  $\lambda_{0\text{-}1}$ ) of polymer solution at different temperature.

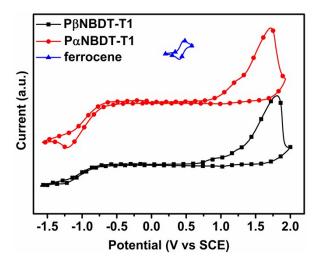
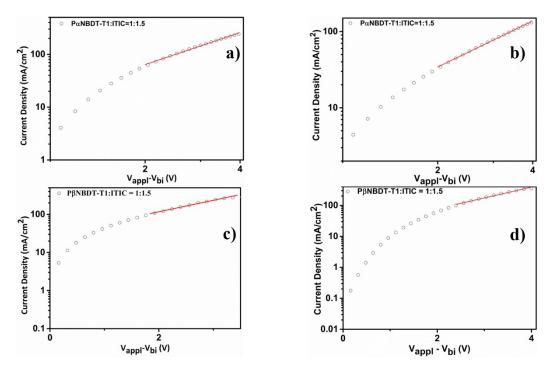


Fig. S3 Electrochemical cyclic voltammetry curves of the P $\alpha$ NBDT-T1 and P $\beta$ NBDT-T1.



**Fig. S4** Hole mobility characteristics of optimum devices based on P $\alpha$ NBDT-T1/P $\beta$ NBDT-T1 and ITIC (a and c), electron mobility of optimum devices based on P $\alpha$ NBDT-T1/P $\beta$ NBDT-T1 and ITIC (b and d).

Table S1. Photovoltaic Properties of PSCs Based on different ratios of Polymers and acceptor materials

Device	Ratio	V <sub>oc</sub>	$J_{SC}$	FF	PCE
	(w/w)	(V)	(mA cm <sup>-2</sup> )	(%)	(%)
	1:1	0.87	15.96	51.18	7.11
PαNBDT-T1/ITIC	1:1.2	0.85	17.92	55.46	8.45
	1:2	0.86	17.54	52.36	7.90
	2:1	0.84	15.25	53.41	6.84
PβNBDT-T1/ITIC	1:1	0.78	16.68	49.43	6.43
	1:2	0.74	16.74	46.50	5.52
	2:1	0.75	16.03	47.88	5.76
PαNBDT-	1:1	0.79	6.67	45.81	2.41
T1/PC <sub>71</sub> BM	1:1.5	0.78	3.64	50.89	1.44
PβNBDT-T1/PC <sub>71</sub> BM	1:1	0.75	8.67	58.23	3.79
	1:2	0.72	8.91	67.11	4.30