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5 **Electronic Supplementary Information for**

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8 **V₂O₅ Embedded in Vertically Aligned Carbon Nanotube Arrays as**

9 **Free-standing Electrodes for Flexible Supercapacitors**

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1 Calculations

2 The methods used to calculate the specific capacitances, energy density and
3 power density are listed below.

4 The specific capacitance of single electrodes can be calculated from their CV
5 curves according to the following equation 1:

$$C = \frac{\int idU}{2vm\Delta U} (F/g) \quad (1)$$

7 The capacitance can also be collected from the charge discharge curves in
8 equation 2:

$$C = \frac{i \times \Delta t}{m \times \Delta U} (F/g) \quad (2)$$

10 Where i is the discharge current, ΔU is the potential window, v is the scan rate, m is
11 the loading of active material, and Δt is the discharge time.

12 The total specific capacitance (C_c for cathode capacitance and C_a for anode
13 capacitance) in the full cell was calculated according the equation 1 and 2 with being
14 the total weight of cathode and anode active material. For full cells the positive charge
15 and negative charge were balanced ($q^+=q^-$). The charge stored can be calculated from
16 the equation 3:

$$q = C_c(C_a) \times m^+(m^-) \times \Delta U_a(\Delta U_c) \quad (3)$$

18 Where ΔU_a is the potential window of cathode and ΔU_c is the potential range for
19 anode electrode.

20 The mass loading ratio of both electrodes is obtained from the equation 3 from
21 the CP average specific capacitance:

$$\frac{m^+}{m^-} = \frac{C_a \times \Delta U_a}{C_c \times \Delta U_c} = \frac{1}{4.06} \quad (4)$$

23 The energy and power density of full cell were calculated from the following
24 equation 5 and 6:

$$E = \frac{\int_{U_{min}}^{U_{max}} IdU}{3.6 \times m} = \frac{I \int_{t=0}^{t=t} U(t)dt}{3.6 \times m} (Wh/kg) \quad (5)$$

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$$P = \frac{E}{t} (W/kg) \quad (6)$$

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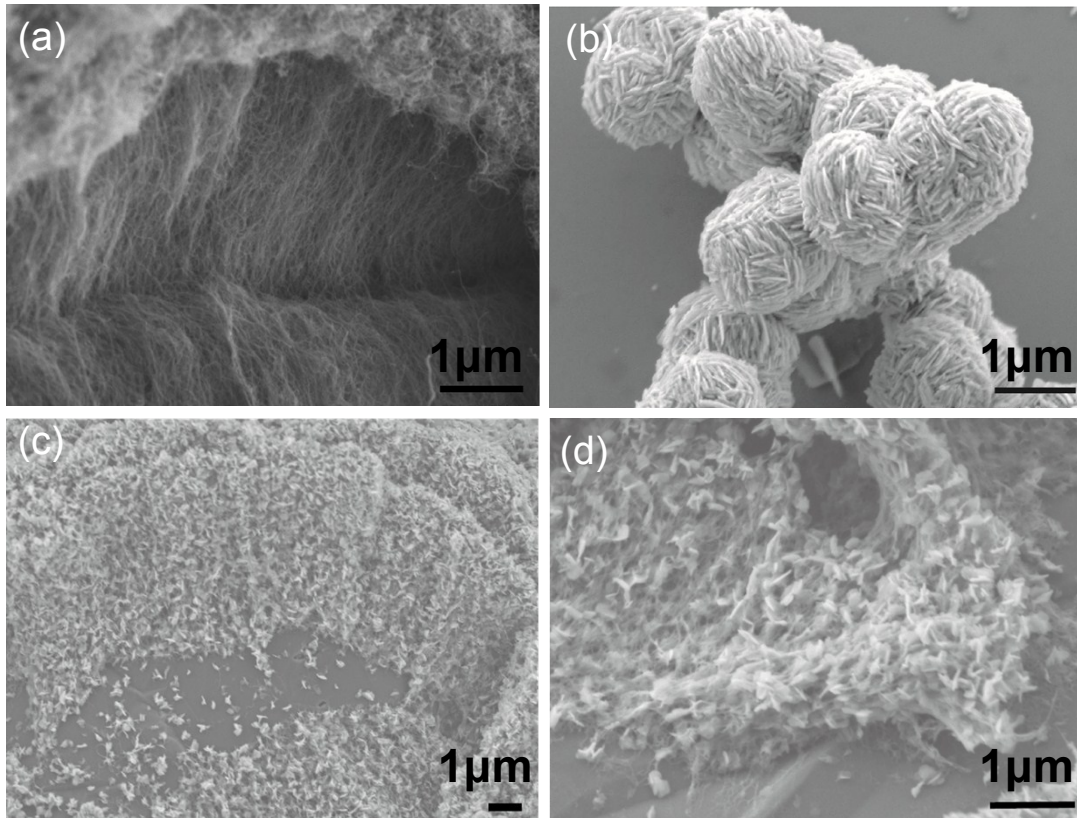
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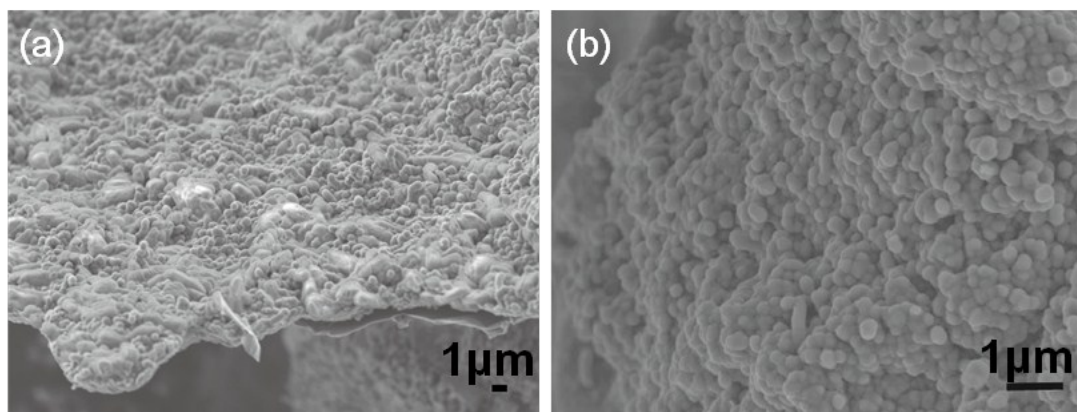
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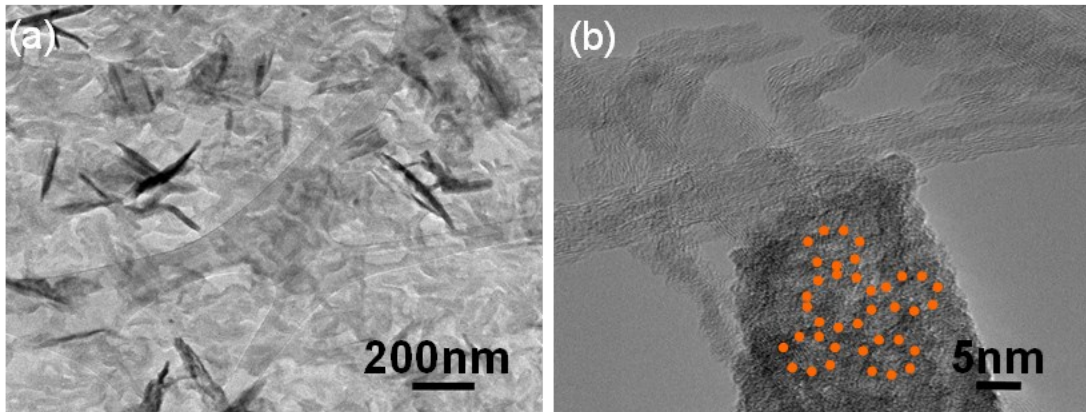
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Fig. S 1 SEM image of (a) VA-CNT/GF (b) V₂O₅ powder without VA-CNTs/GF (c) V₂O₅-VA-CNTs /GF and (d) PEDOT-V₂O₅-VA-CNTs/GF

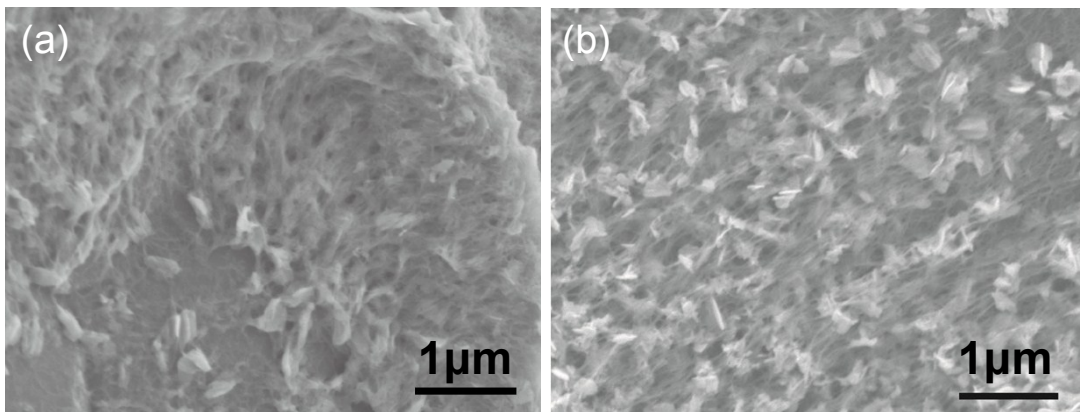


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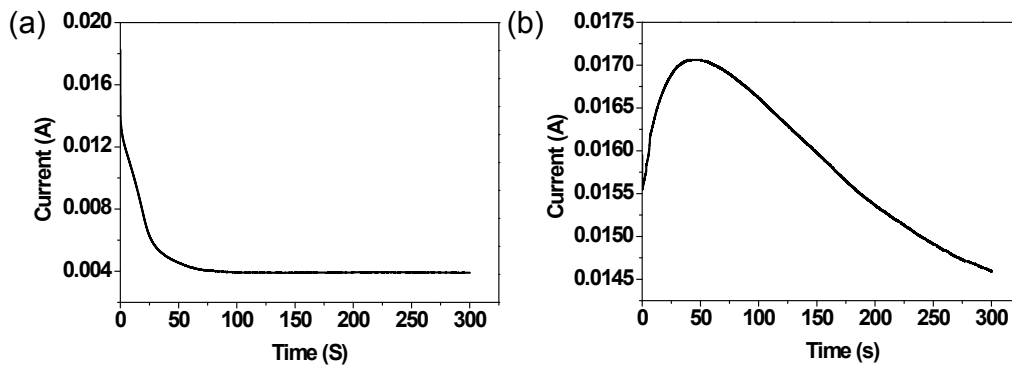
Fig. S 2 (a) and (b) SEM image of PPy-VA-CNTs/GF



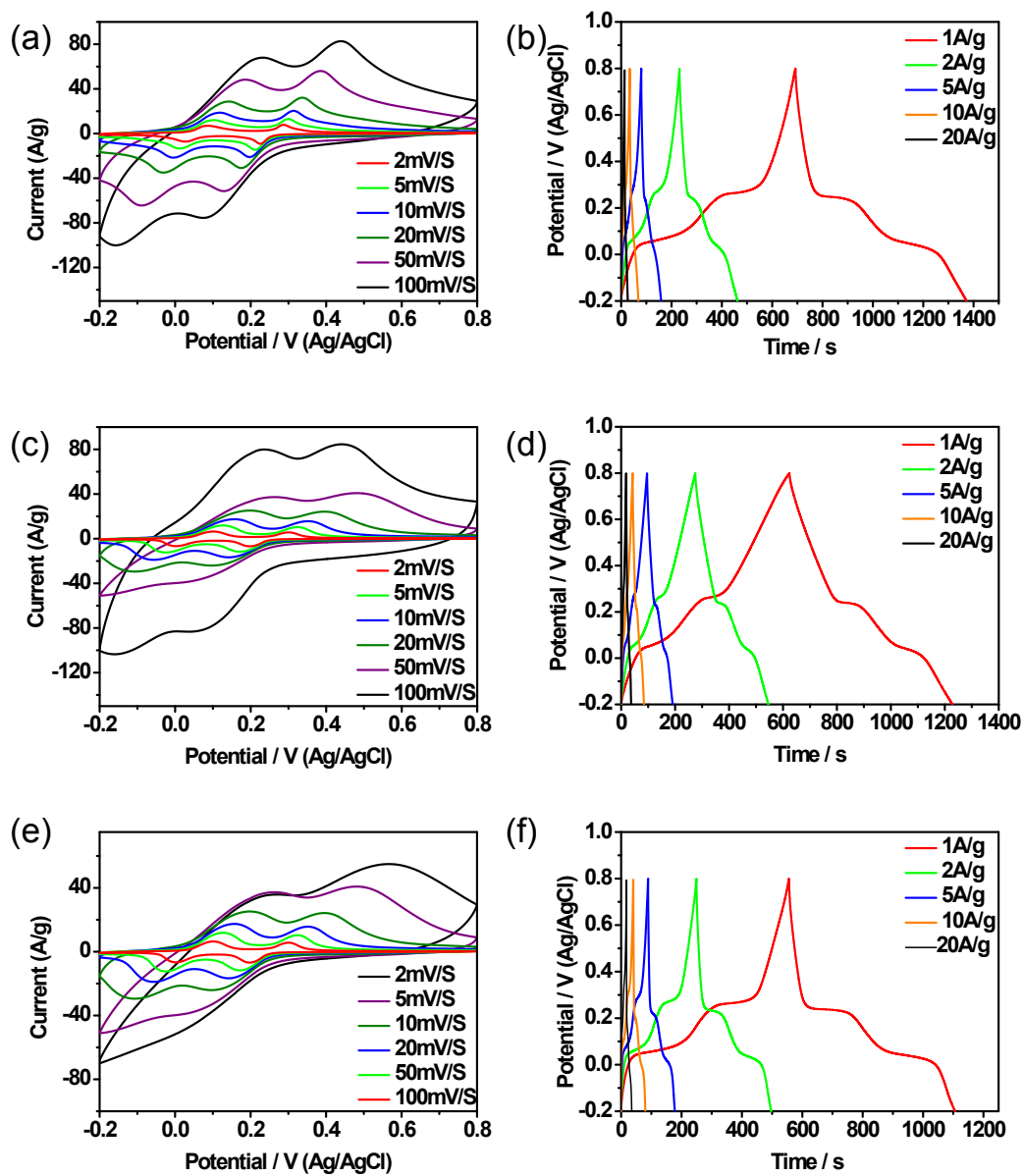
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 2 Fig. S 3 (a) TEM characterization of V_2O_5 -VA-CNTs/GF and (b) HRTEM image of V_2O_5 -VA-CNTs /GF
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 7 Fig. S 4 SEM image of (a) V_2O_5 -VA-CNTs/GF (b) and PEDOT- V_2O_5 -VA-CNTs/GF after cyclic
 8 voltammetry and chronopotentiometry
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 14 Fig. S 5 (a) PEDOT was coated onto the V_2O_5 -VA-CNTs/GF by electrodeposition (b) PPy was
 15 electrochemically deposited on VA-CNTs/GF by chronoamperometry technique
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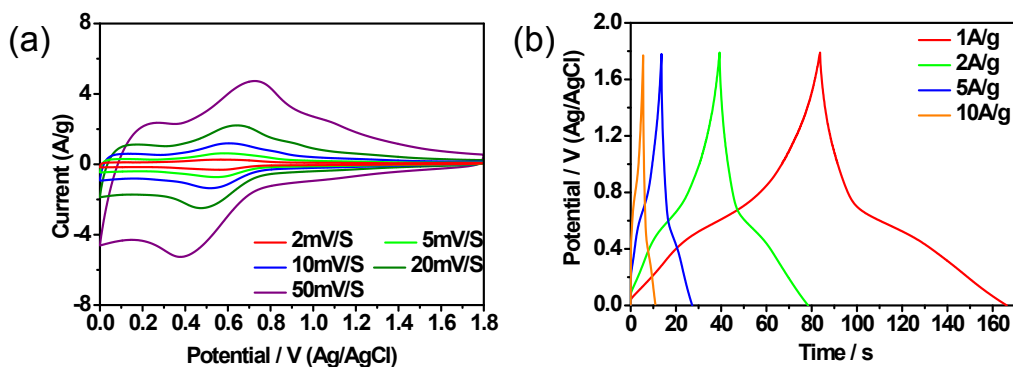
2 Fig. S 6 (a) (c) and (e) CV curve of V_2O_5 -VA-CNTs/GF, PEDOT- V_2O_5 and V_2O_5 powder at different scan

3 rates (b) (d) and (f) Charge-discharge curves of V_2O_5 -VA-CNTs/GF, PEDOT- V_2O_5 and V_2O_5 powder at

4 different current densities

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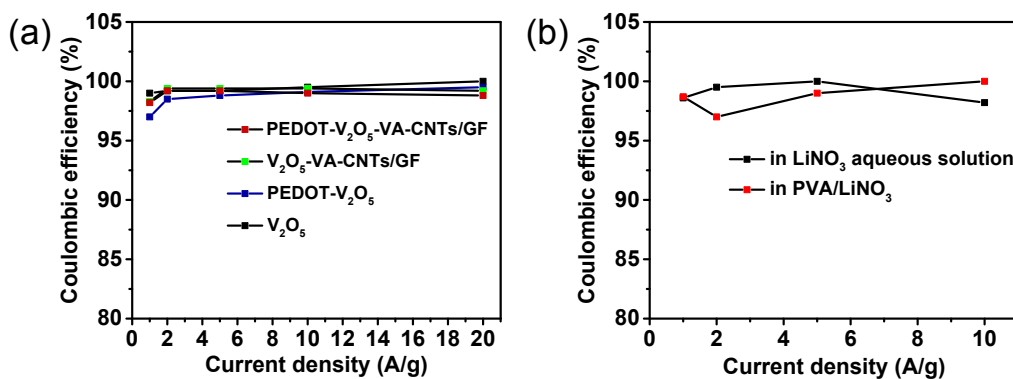
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2 Fig. S 7 (a) CV curves of the device in 5 mol L⁻¹ LiNO₃ aqueous solution at various scan rates from
 3 2mV s⁻¹ to 100mV s⁻¹. (b) Charge/discharge curves of the device in 5 mol L⁻¹ LiNO₃ aqueous solution at
 4 different current densities from 1 A g⁻¹ to 20 A g⁻¹

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9 Fig. S 8 (a) The coulombic efficiency of PEDOT-V₂O₅-VA-CNTs/GF, V₂O₅-VA-CNTs/GF, PEDOT-V₂O₅
 10 and V₂O₅ powder at different current densities (b) The corresponding coulombic efficiency of the
 11 device in 5 mol L⁻¹ LiNO₃ aqueous solution and 5 mol L⁻¹ PVA/LiNO₃ electrolyte from 1 A g⁻¹ to 10 A g⁻¹

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Table S1 a collected electrochemical performance of V₂O₅ for supercapacitor

| Active materials | electrolyte | Specific capacitance | Devices' Energy density and powder density |
|---|--|--|--|
| PEDOT-V ₂ O ₅ -VA-CNT/GF flexible electrode (this work) | 5 M LiNO ₃ /PVA | 1016 F g ⁻¹ at 1 A g ⁻¹ | 21.97 Wh kg ⁻¹ at 900 W kg ⁻¹ |
| V ₂ O ₅ nanowires/ GO flexible electrode ¹ | 1 M Lithium bis(tri-fluoromethanesulfonimide) (LiTFSi) in acetonitrile | | 38.8 Wh kg ⁻¹ at 465 W kg ⁻¹ |
| V ₂ O ₅ /polyaniline ² | 5M LiCl | 443 F g ⁻¹ at 2 A g ⁻¹ | 69.2 Wh kg ⁻¹ at 720 W kg ⁻¹ |
| V ₂ O ₅ /Ketjin black ³ | LiCl/PVA | 3.9506 F•cm ⁻² at 5 mA•cm ⁻² | 56.83 Wh kg ⁻¹ at 303W kg ⁻¹ |
| V ₂ O ₅ -rGO free-standing electrodes ⁴ | 1 M LiClO ₄ in PC | 129.7 F g ⁻¹ at 0.1 A g ⁻¹ | 13.3 Wh kg ⁻¹ at 12.5 W kg ⁻¹ |
| V ₂ O ₅ /PEDOT/MnO ₂ ⁵ | 1 M Na ₂ SO ₄ | 266.4 F g ⁻¹ at 2 mV s ⁻¹ | 21.7 Wh kg ⁻¹ at 2.2 KW kg ⁻¹ |
| VO ₂ /GF self-standing electrode ⁶ | K ₂ SO ₄ | 485 F g ⁻¹ at 2 A g ⁻¹ | -- |
| V ₂ O ₅ /polypyrrole ⁷ | 5 M LiNO ₃ /PVA | 448 F g ⁻¹ at 0.5 A g ⁻¹ | 14.2 Wh kg ⁻¹ at 250 W kg ⁻¹ |
| V ₂ O ₅ /rGO ⁸ | 1 M KCl | 635 F g ⁻¹ at 1 A g ⁻¹ | 39 Wh kg ⁻¹ at 900 W kg ⁻¹ |
| Flexible MWNT/V ₂ O ₅ ⁹ | LiNO ₃ /PVA | 80 F cm ⁻² at 10 mV s ⁻¹ | 6.8 mWh cm ⁻³ at 80.0 W cm ⁻³ |
| V ₂ O ₅ /MWCNT/GO ¹⁰ | 2 M KCl/LiClO ₄ | 2590 F g ⁻¹ at 1mV s ⁻¹ | 96 Wh kg ⁻¹ at 800 W kg ⁻¹ |
| V ₂ O ₅ nanofibre/ graphene ¹¹ | 1 M LiTFSi | 218 F g ⁻¹ at 1 A g ⁻¹ | 37.2 Wh kg ⁻¹ at 3743 W kg ⁻¹ |
| Spherical V ₂ O ₅ ¹² | 5 M LiNO ₃ | 559 F g ⁻¹ at 3 A g ⁻¹ | -- |
| VO _x nanowire ¹³ | LiCl/PVA | 298.5 F g ⁻¹ at 10 mV s ⁻¹ | 0.61 mWh cm ⁻³ at 0.85 W cm ⁻³ |

| | | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| V ₂ O ₅ /polyindole ¹⁴ | 5 M LiNO ₃ | 535.5 F g ⁻¹ at 1 A g ⁻¹ | 38.7 Wh kg ⁻¹ at 900 W kg ⁻¹ |
| V ₂ O ₅ / MWCNT ¹⁵ | 0.5 M K ₂ SO ₄ | 410 F g ⁻¹ at 0.5 A g ⁻¹ | 57 Wh kg ⁻¹ at 250 W kg ⁻¹ |
| VO ₂ nanoflake self-standing electrode ⁶ | K ₂ SO ₄ | 485 F g ⁻¹ at 2 A g ⁻¹ | 9.2 Wh kg ⁻¹ at 11.5 W kg ⁻¹ |
| MnO ₂ -GO/V ₂ O ₅ -GO ¹⁶ | 1 M LiTFSI in acetonitrile | 13 F g ⁻¹ at 500 mA g ⁻¹ | 15.4 Wh kg ⁻¹ at 436.5 W kg ⁻¹ |
| Graphite mamoplatelets-V ₂ O ₅ ¹⁷ | 1 M LiTFSI | 226 F g ⁻¹ at 10 mV s ⁻¹ | 28 Wh kg ⁻¹ at 303 W kg ⁻¹ |
| V ₂ O ₅ .0.6H ₂ O ¹⁸ | 0.5 M K ₂ SO ₄ | 180.7 F g ⁻¹ at 2C | 20.3 Wh kg ⁻¹ at 2000 W kg ⁻¹ |
| Graphene/V ₂ O ₅ xerogels ¹⁹ | 0.5 M K ₂ SO ₄ | 195.4 F g ⁻¹ at 1 A g ⁻¹ | --- |
| 3D V ₂ O ₅ /hydrogenated-WO ₃ ²⁰ | LiCl/PVA | 1101 F g ⁻¹ at 6.67 mA cm ⁻² | 98 Wh kg ⁻¹ at 1538W kg ⁻¹ |
| V ₂ O ₅ nanotube ²¹ | 0.1 M LiTFSI | --- | 11.6 Wh kg ⁻¹ at 1200W kg ⁻¹ |

Table S2 the specific capacitance of V₂O₅, PEDOT-V₂O₅, V₂O₅-VA-CNT and PEDOT-V₂O₅-VA-CNT at differert scan rate

| Scan rate [mV s ⁻¹] | 2 | 5 | 10 | 20 | 50 | 100 |
|--|---------|----------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| V ₂ O ₅ (F g ⁻¹) | 700.36 | 648.71 ¹⁾ | 602.18 | 551.85 | 428.56 | 297.00 |
| PEDOT-V ₂ O ₅ (F g ⁻¹) | 836.88 | 747.45 | 688.76 | 631.53 | 553.56 | 475.24 |
| V ₂ O ₅ -VA-CNTs/GF (F g ⁻¹) | 891.45 | 777.05 | 705.38 | 632.39 | 517.06 | 417.84 |
| PEDOT-V ₂ O ₅ -VA-CNTs/GF (F g ⁻¹) | 1181.44 | 1041.09 | 907.88 | 777.13 | 630.47 | 524.70 |

Table S3 the capacitance of V₂O₅, PEDOT-V₂O₅, V₂O₅-VA-CNT/GF and PEDOT-V₂O₅-VA-CNT/GF at different current densities

| Current densities[A g ⁻¹] | 1 | 2 | 5 | 10 | 20 |
|--|------|-------|-------|-----|-----|
| V ₂ O ₅ (F g ⁻¹) | 550 | 494.8 | 442.5 | 400 | 350 |
| PEDOT-V ₂ O ₅ (F g ⁻¹) | 604 | 541.8 | 474 | 421 | 368 |
| V ₂ O ₅ -VA-CNTs/GF (F g ⁻¹) | 627 | 545.2 | 480.5 | 435 | 376 |
| PEDOT-V ₂ O ₅ -VA-CNTs/GF (F g ⁻¹) | 1016 | 898 | 763.5 | 611 | 484 |

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