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Supporting Information

A Simple Strategy toward Hierarchically Porous Graphene/Nitrogen-Rich Carbon Foams for High-Performance Supercapacitors

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Fig. S1 SEM images of the dried melamine foam/GO/KOH mixtures at (a) low magnification and (b) high magnification.



Fig. S2 N 1s XPS spectra of (a) the aMG-4 and (b) the aMG-10. C 1s XPS spectra of (c) the aMG-4 and (d) the aMG-10.



Fig. S3 C 1s XPS spectra of (a) the carbonized melamine foam, (b) the aMG-0, and (c) the aMG-7.



Fig. S4 CV curves at a scan rate of 1 mV s⁻¹ in 6 mol L⁻¹ KOH aqueous solution

| Samples | C at% | O at% | N at% | N-6 | N-5 | N-Q | N-X |
|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| cMF | 67.2 | 16.2 | 16.6 | 53.40 | 14.15 | 32.45 | |
| aMG-0 | 84.2 | 4.8 | 11.0 | 42.57 | 6.30 | 39.05 | 12.08 |
| aMG-4 | 86.2 | 2.1 | 11.7 | 39.96 | 1.71 | 38.45 | 19.88 |
| aMG-7 | 85.6 | 2.8 | 11.6 | 35.97 | 9.16 | 38.25 | 16.62 |
| aMG-10 | 81.7 | 6.5 | 11.8 | 22.89 | 30.96 | 28.48 | 17.67 |

Table S1. Elemental compositions of the samples quantified by XPS.

| | | Specific capacitance | Capacitance | |
|------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|
| Sampples | Electrolytes | | Retention (Cycling | Ref. |
| | | $(F g^{-1})$ | Number) | |
| | | | , | |
| | | 325 (0.1 A g ⁻¹) | | |
| aMG-7 | 6 M KOH | 221 (1 A g ⁻¹) | 99.5% (10000) | This work |
| | | 185 (10 A g ⁻¹) | | |
| 3D-HPCFs ^a | 6 M KOH | 139 (10 A g ⁻¹) | 94% (1000) | [S1] |
| GNRs-PU ^b | 2M KCl | 87.5 (100 mV s ⁻¹) | 92% (5000) | [S2] |
| STGS ^c | 0.5 M NaCl | 57 (10 mV s ⁻¹) | / | [S3] |
| HP-CF ^d | 3 M KOH | 136.3 (50 mV s ⁻¹) | 91.2% (10000) | [S4] |
| N-CNTs/CF ^e | 6 M KOH | 133.1 (0.5 A g ⁻¹) | / | [S5] |

Table S2. Specific capacitance of the nitrogen-containing and foam-like structures in threeelectrode systems.

Note: ^a Three-dimensional hierarchically porous carbon-CNT-graphene ternary all-carbon foams; ^b Polyurethane-based graphene nanoribbons; ^c Sponge-templated graphene; ^d Nitrogen-doped hierarchically porous carbon foam; ^e Carbon hybrid is fabricated with N-doped carbon nanotubes on skeleton of carbon foam.

| sampples | Electrolytes | Specific capacitance (F g ⁻¹) | Capacitance Retention (Cycling Number) | Ref. |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|-----------|
| | PVA/KOH | 212 (0.1 A g ⁻¹) | | |
| aMG-7 | gel | 168 (1 A g ⁻¹) | 99% (10000) | This work |
| | | 142 (10 A g ⁻¹) | | |
| N-CNTs/CF ^a | 6 M KOH | 133.1 (0.5 A g ⁻¹) | 95% (5000) | [S5] |
| NGA ^b | $1 \text{ M H}_2\text{SO}_4$ | 223 (0.2 A g ⁻¹) | 92% (2000) | [S6] |
| oMR rGO. ^c | 1 M LiPF ₆ | 210 (0.5 Å σ^{-1}) | 96% (2000) | [87] |
| clvirk-roo _{th} | /EC/DEC | 210 (0.5 A g) | 9070 (20000) | |
| MnO.//NPC d | PVA/LiCl | 182 5 (1 Λ σ ⁻¹) | 93 4% (6000) | [S8] |
| $VIIIO_2//1VIC$ | gel | 162.5 (I A g) | 95.470 (0000) | |
| NCCF-rGO ¢ | PVA/KOH | 200 (0 1 $\Delta \sigma^{-1}$) | 94% (10000) | [89] |
| 1001-100 | gel | 200 (0.1 11 g) | > +/0 (10000) | |

 Table S3. Specific capacitance of the nitrogen-containing and foam-like structures in twoelectrode systems.

Note: ^a Carbon hybrid is fabricated with N-doped carbon nanotubes on skeleton of carbon foam; ^b N-doped graphene aerogel; ^c Melamine-derived carbon/rGO; ^d Nitrogen-doped porous carbon derived from residuary shaddock peel, an all-solid-state ASC device based on the NPC negative electrode and a MnO₂ positive electrode; ^c N-doping cotton-derived carbon frameworks/graphene aerogels; those reported capacitance values were calculated based on a single electrode.

Supplementary References

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