

Supplementary Information

Biotemplating: A Sustainable Synthetic Methodology for Na-ion Battery Materials

Silvija Zilinskaite,^a Anthony J. R. Rennie,^b Rebecca Boston,^{*a} Nik Reeves-McLaren^{*a}

^aDepartment of Materials Science and Engineering, University of Sheffield, Sheffield, S1 3JD, UK.

^bDepartment of Chemical and Biological Engineering, University of Sheffield, Sheffield, S1 3JD, UK.

Table S1. Surface areas and pore volumes derived from nitrogen adsorption isotherms (at 77K)

Calcination		Physical properties				
Temp. / °C	Time / h	S _{BET} ^a / m ² g ⁻¹	S _{meso} ^b / m ² g ⁻¹	V _t ^c / cm ³ g ⁻¹	V _{mic} ^d / cm ³ g ⁻¹	V _{meso} ^e / cm ³ g ⁻¹
550	2	108.0	37.8	0.1358	0.0077	0.0559
	5	127.7	45.4	0.1643	0.0888	0.0669
	12	52.9	20.5	0.0970	0.0296	0.0382
650	2	38.6	14.6	0.0535	0.0233	0.0210
	5	36.9	12.7	0.0377	0.0242	0.0158
	12	33.3	11.9	0.0297	0.0233	0.0135
750	2	38.4	11.9	0.0280	0.0350	0.0113
	5	27.4	8.0	0.0152	0.0326	0.0063
	12	31.6	9.2	0.0190	0.0317	0.0078
850	2	33.8	10.7	0.0212	0.0340	0.0094
	5	33.8	5.1	0.0231	0.0264	0.0689
	12	29.3	9.6	0.0182	0.0235	0.0084
Solid state		21.5	7.4	0.0138	0.0248	0.0065

^aspecific surface area calculated using the BET method ^bmesopore surface area determined using BJH method

^ctotal pore volume calculated at P/P₀>0.99 ^dmicropore volume determined using the Dubinin Astakhov method

^emesopore volume determined using BJH method

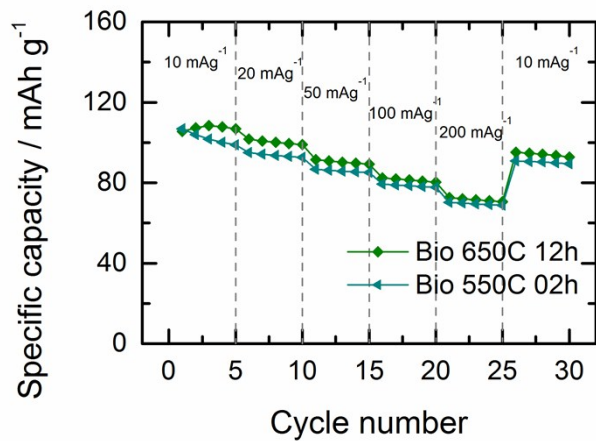


Figure S1. Specific discharge capacities of biotemplated $\text{Na}_{2/3}\text{Ni}_{1/3}\text{Mn}_{2/3}\text{O}_2$ calcined at $650\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ for 12 h, and $550\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ 2h at rates between 10 mA g^{-1} and 200 mA g^{-1} .

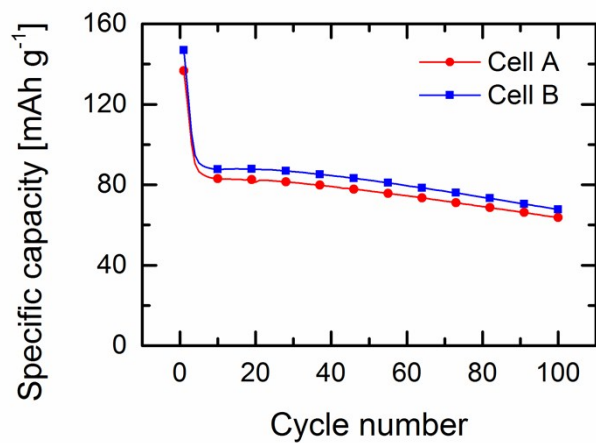


Figure S2. Extended cycling behaviour for two cells containing biotemplated $\text{Na}_{2/3}\text{Ni}_{1/3}\text{Mn}_{2/3}\text{O}_2$ calcined at $850\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ for 12 h, at a rate of 10 mA g^{-1} .

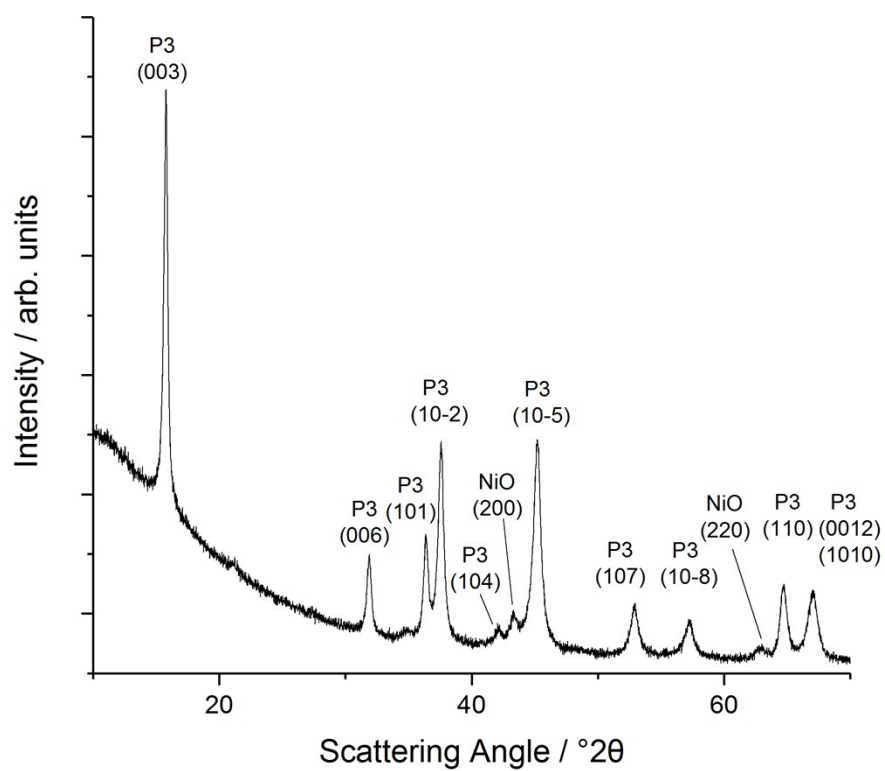


Figure S3a – Indexed diffraction pattern for biotemplated $\text{Na}_{2/3}\text{Ni}_{1/3}\text{Mn}_{2/3}\text{O}_2$ calcined at 550 °C for 12 h

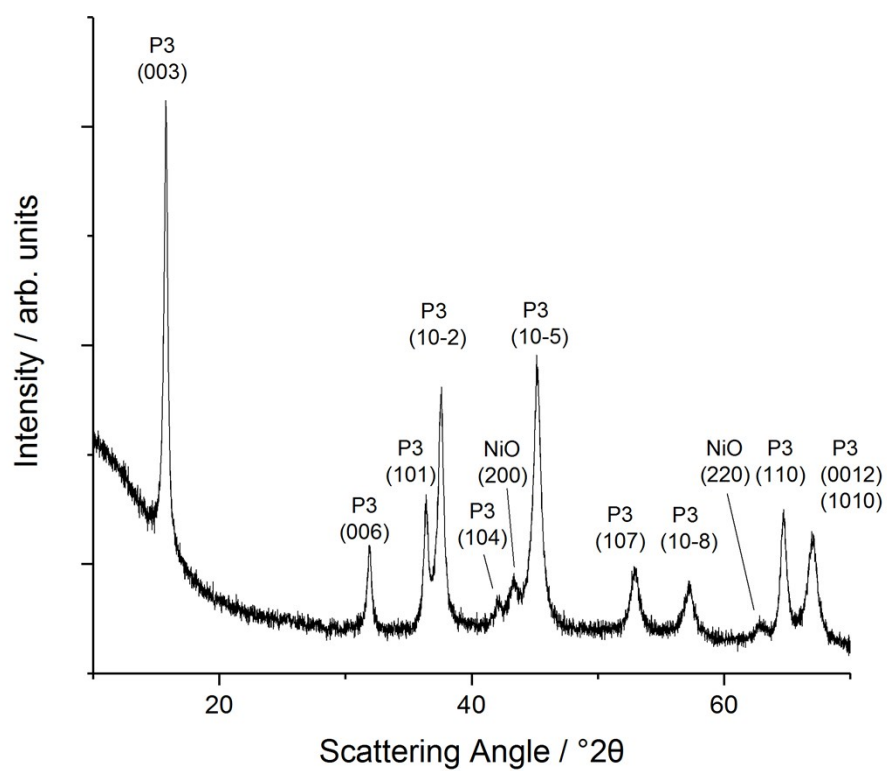


Figure S3b – Indexed diffraction pattern for biotemplated $\text{Na}_{2/3}\text{Ni}_{1/3}\text{Mn}_{2/3}\text{O}_2$ calcined at 650 °C for 2 h

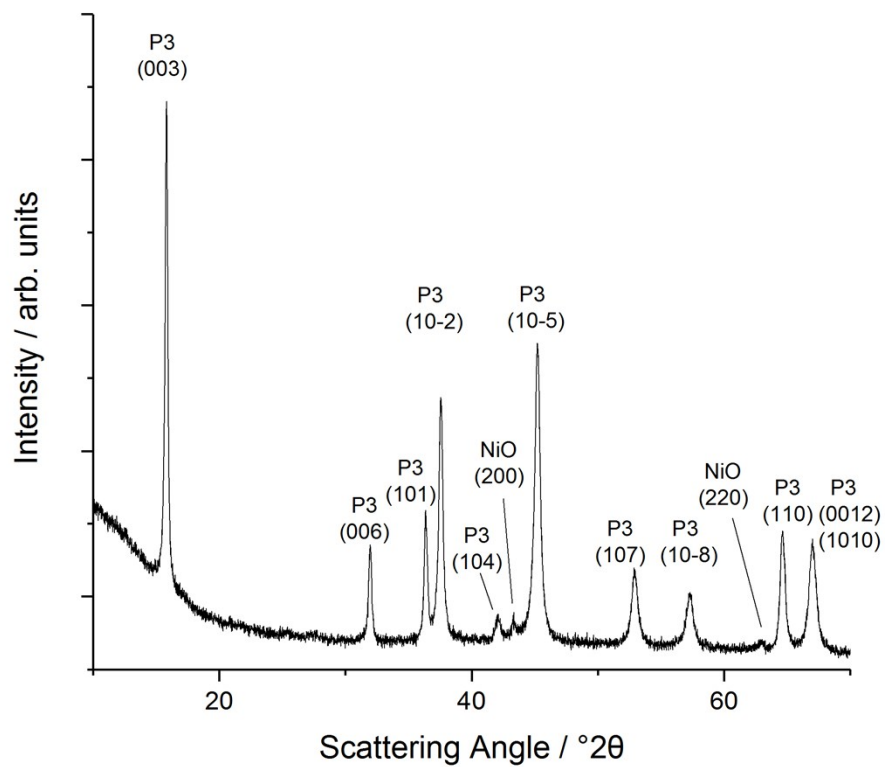


Figure S3c – Indexed diffraction pattern for biotemplated $\text{Na}_{2/3}\text{Ni}_{1/3}\text{Mn}_{2/3}\text{O}_2$ calcined at 650 °C for 5 h

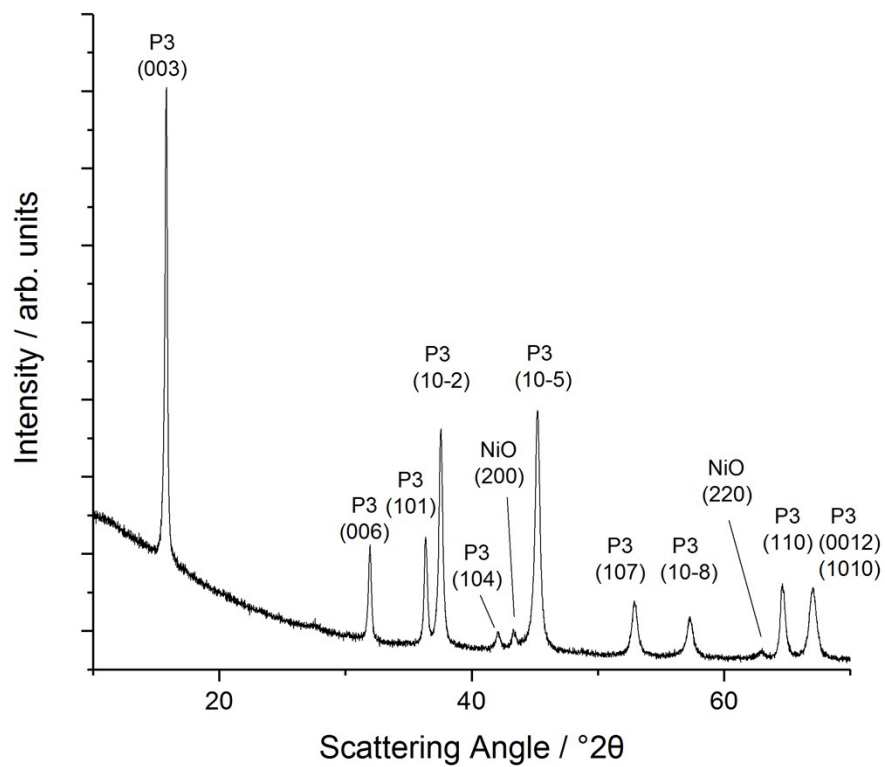


Figure S3d – Indexed diffraction pattern for biotemplated $\text{Na}_{2/3}\text{Ni}_{1/3}\text{Mn}_{2/3}\text{O}_2$ calcined at 650 °C for 12 h

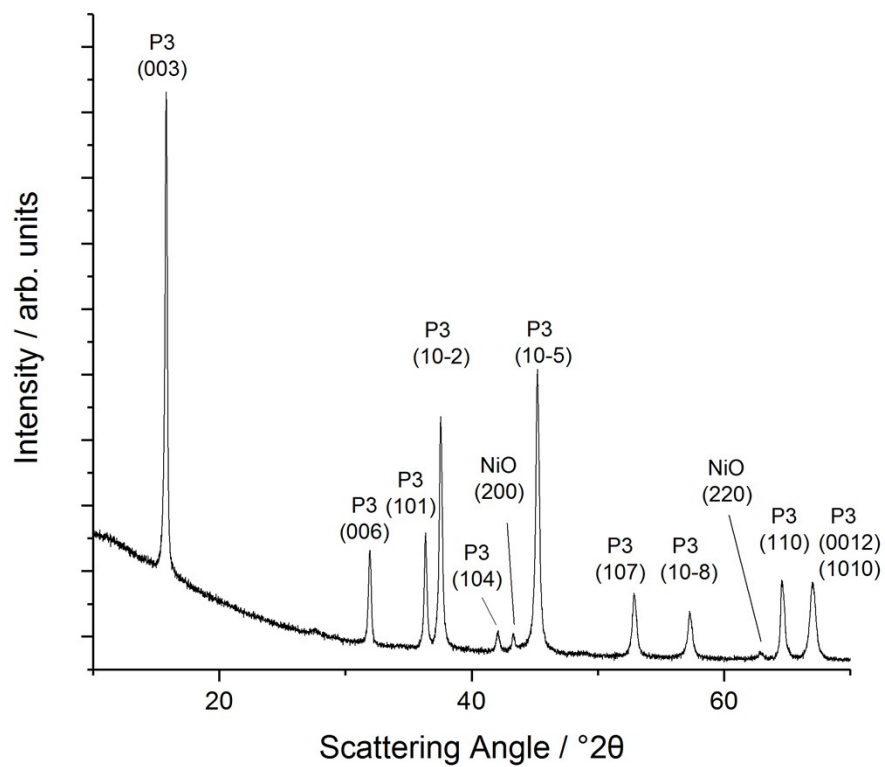


Figure S3e – Indexed diffraction pattern for biotemplated $\text{Na}_{2/3}\text{Ni}_{1/3}\text{Mn}_{2/3}\text{O}_2$ calcined at 750 °C for 12 h

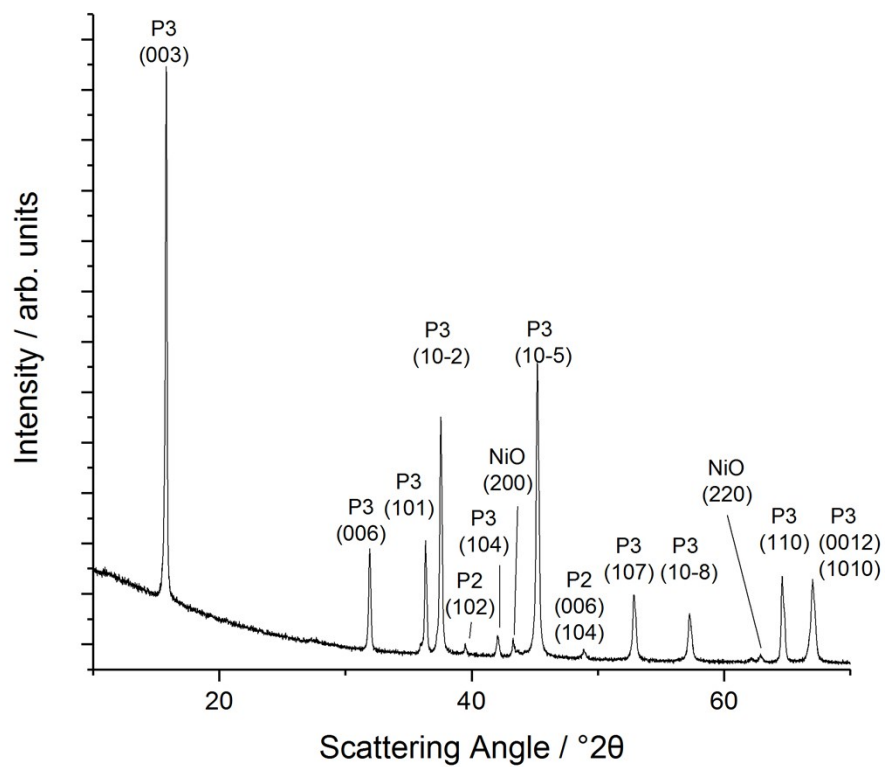


Figure S3f – Indexed diffraction pattern for biotemplated $\text{Na}_{2/3}\text{Ni}_{1/3}\text{Mn}_{2/3}\text{O}_2$ calcined at 850 °C for 12 h

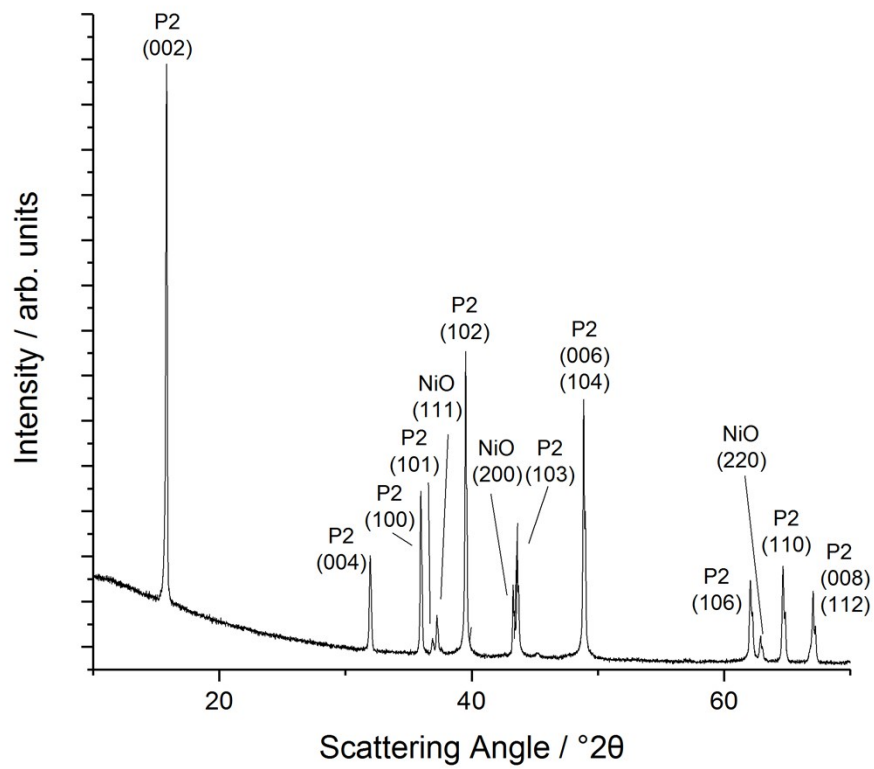


Figure S3g – Indexed diffraction pattern for $\text{Na}_{2/3}\text{Ni}_{1/3}\text{Mn}_{2/3}\text{O}_2$ made via solid state reaction, calcined at 850 °C for 12 h