Supporting Information for

ZnO nanoparticles as an antimicrobial tissue adhesive for skin wound closure

Yu Gao^{a#}, Yiyuan Han^{b#}, Mingyue Cui^b, Hong Liang Tey^{c,d}, Lianhui Wang^a*, Chenjie Xu^{b,e}*

^a Key Laboratory for Organic Electronics and Information Displays & Institute of Advanced Materials (IAM), Jiangsu National Synergistic Innovation Center for Advanced Materials (SICAM), Nanjing University of Posts & Telecommunications, 9 Wenyuan Road, Nanjing 210023, China

^b School of Chemical and Biomedical Engineering, Nanyang Technological University, 70 Nanyang Drive, Singapore 637457

^c National Skin Centre, 1 Mandalay Rd, Singapore 308205

^d Lee Kong Chian School of Medicine, Nanyang Technological University, 59 Nanyang Drive, Singapore 636921

^e NTU-Northwestern Institute for Nanomedicine, Nanyang Technological University,

50 Nanyang Avenue, Singapore 639798

[#] These author contribute equally to this work

* Correspondence: iamlhwang@njupt.edu.cn or cjxu@ntu.edu.sg



Figure S1. Antimicrobial effects of TiO_2 and ZnO nanoparticle. Antimicrobial assay of (**A**) TiO_2 nanoparticles and (**B**) ZnO nanoparticles against *E.coli*. ATCC25922. Antimicrobial assay of (**C**) TiO_2 nanoparticles and (**D**) ZnO nanoparticles against *E.coli*. DH5a.



Figure S2. Wound healing of full thickness cutaneous incisions on nude mice model at day 9. Representative histological images of the wound healing treated by (A) commercial topical skin adhesive (Histoacryl®) and (B) SiO2, (C) TiO2, and (D) ZnO nanoparticles, respectively.



Figure S3. Full thickness cutaneous incisions on nude mice model at day 3.