Supporting information for

## Two-photon red-emissive fluorescent probe for imaging nitroxyl (HNO) in living cells and tissues

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*Fig. S1* (A) Excitation spectrum ( $\lambda_{em} = 638 \text{ nm}$ ) of 5 µM **RP** in presence of 100 µM AS in PBS (5% MeOH, 20 mM, pH = 7.4). (B) Fluorescence spectra of 5 µM **Rho** in presence of NaClO<sub>4</sub> with different concentrations (0-10 mM),  $\lambda_{ex} = 580 \text{ nm}$ . (C) Fluorescence spectra of 5 µM **RP** in presence of 100 µM AS under excitation at 365 nm, 400 nm and 580 nm in PBS (5% MeOH, 20 mM, pH = 7.4).



*Fig. S2* HRMS study of the reaction product between **RP** and AS in PBS (5% MeOH, 20 mM, pH = 7.4)



*Fig. S3* Normalized absorption and fluorescence spectrum ( $\lambda_{ex} = 580$  nm) of 5  $\mu$ M Rho in PBS (5% MeOH, 20 mM, pH = 7.4).<sup>1</sup>



*Fig. S4* DFT optimized structures of **Rho** (A) and **RP** (B). In the ball-and-stick representation, carbon, nitrogen, oxygen, and phosphorus atoms are colored in gray, blue, red, and orange, respectively.



*Fig. S5* TD-DFT calculated absorption (A) and fluorescence (B) spectra of **Rho**, and TD-DFT calculated absorption (C) and fluorescence (D) spectra of **RP**.



*Fig. S6* (A) Time-dependent fluorescence spectra of 5  $\mu$ M **RP** under excitation at 580 nm in PBS (5% MeOH, 20 mM, pH = 7.4). (B) Fluorescence intensity at 638 nm as a function of time.



*Fig. S7* UV-Vis absorption spectra of 5  $\mu$ M **RP** in presence of various species in PBS buffer (5% MeOH, 20 mM, pH = 7.4).



*Fig. S8* (A) Fluorescence spectra of 5  $\mu$ M **RP** at various pH. (B) Fluorescence spectra of 5  $\mu$ M **RP** in presence of 100  $\mu$ M AS at various pH. (C) Fluorescence intensity at 638 nm of 5  $\mu$ M **RP** in absence and presence of 100  $\mu$ M AS at various pH.  $\lambda_{ex} = 580$  nm.



*Fig. S9* Cytotoxicity assays of **RP** at various concentrations for HeLa cells in 24 h, 48 h and 72 h.



*Fig. S10* (A) Fluorescence images of HeLa cells treated with 10  $\mu$ M **RP** for various time. One-photon (OP) emission was collected at 570-620 nm with excitation at 561 nm. Two-photon (TP) emission was collected at 570-620 nm with excitation at 800 nm. Scale bar: 20  $\mu$ m. (B) Quantified fluorescence intensity of single cell in one-photon (OP) and two-photon (TP) red channels analyzed by ImageJ software.



*Fig. S11* Representative TP images of mouse liver tissues stained with 10  $\mu$ M **RP** for 30 min at the depth of 0  $\mu$ m (a), 40  $\mu$ m (b), 80  $\mu$ m (c) and 120  $\mu$ m (d).  $\lambda_{ex} = 800$  nm,  $\lambda_{em} = 570-620$  nm, Scale bar: 25  $\mu$ m



Fig. S12 <sup>1</sup> H NMR spectrum of RP (DMSO- $d_6$ , 400 MHz)



Fig. S13  $^{13}$ C NMR spectrum of **RP** (DMSO- $d_6$ , 100 MHz)



Fig. S14 <sup>31</sup> P NMR spectrum of **RP** (DMSO- $d_6$ , 162 MHz)



Fig. S15 HPLC data of RP



Fig. S16 HRMS data of RP

Reference:

 X. Song, B. Dong, X. Kong, C. Wang, N. Zhang and W. Lin, *Anal. Methods*, 2017, 9, 1891-1896