

Supporting Information

Gradient Release of Cardiac Morphogen by Photo-responsive Polymer Micelles for Gradient-mediated Variation of Embryoid Body Differentiation

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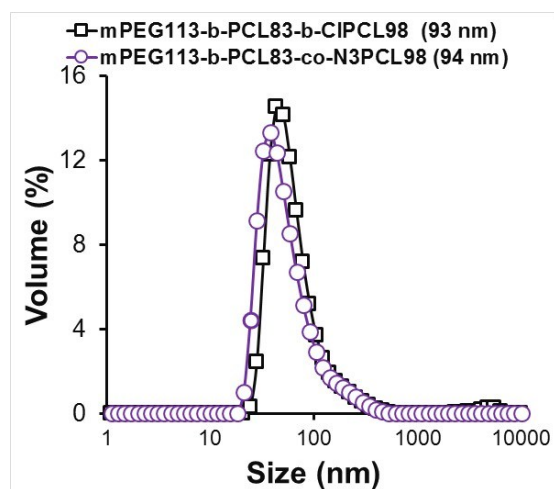


Figure S1. DLS-based size measurement of mPEG₁₁₃-*b*-PCL₈₃-*co*-CIPCL₉₈ and mPEG₁₁₃-*b*-PCL₈₃-*co*-N₃PCL₉₈ micelles at 0.2 mg/mL in DPBS (pH 7.4).

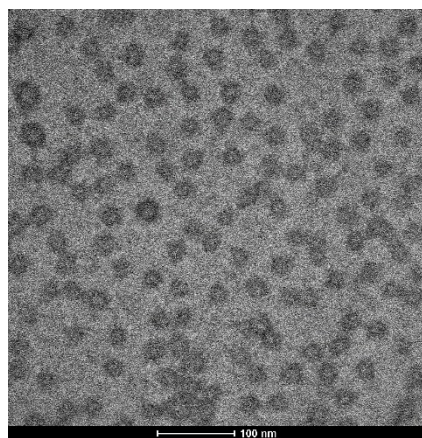


Figure S2. TEM images of mPEG₁₁₃-*b*-PCL₈₃-*co*-N₃PCL₉₈-*g*-ONB-RA micelles at 1 mg/mL concentration (DPBS, pH 7.4, 25 °C).

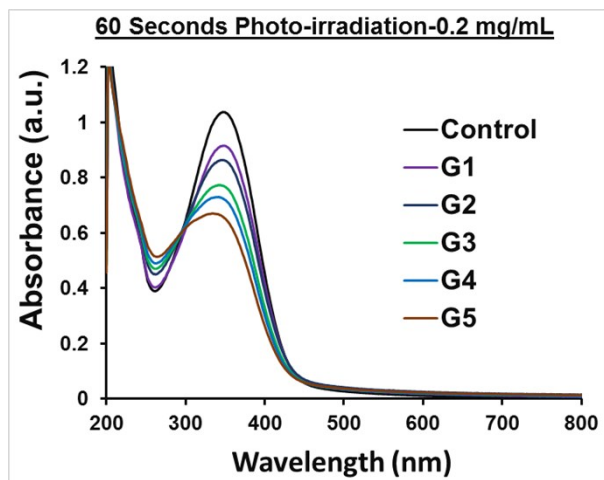


Figure S3. UV absorption spectra of mPEG₁₁₃-b-PCL₈₃-co-N₃PCL₉₈-g-ONB-RA micelles at 0.2 mg/mL before and after gradient-mediated exposure to UV light. A decrease in absorption for a specified gradient column compared to control was used for calculating the amount of RA released from polymer micelles.

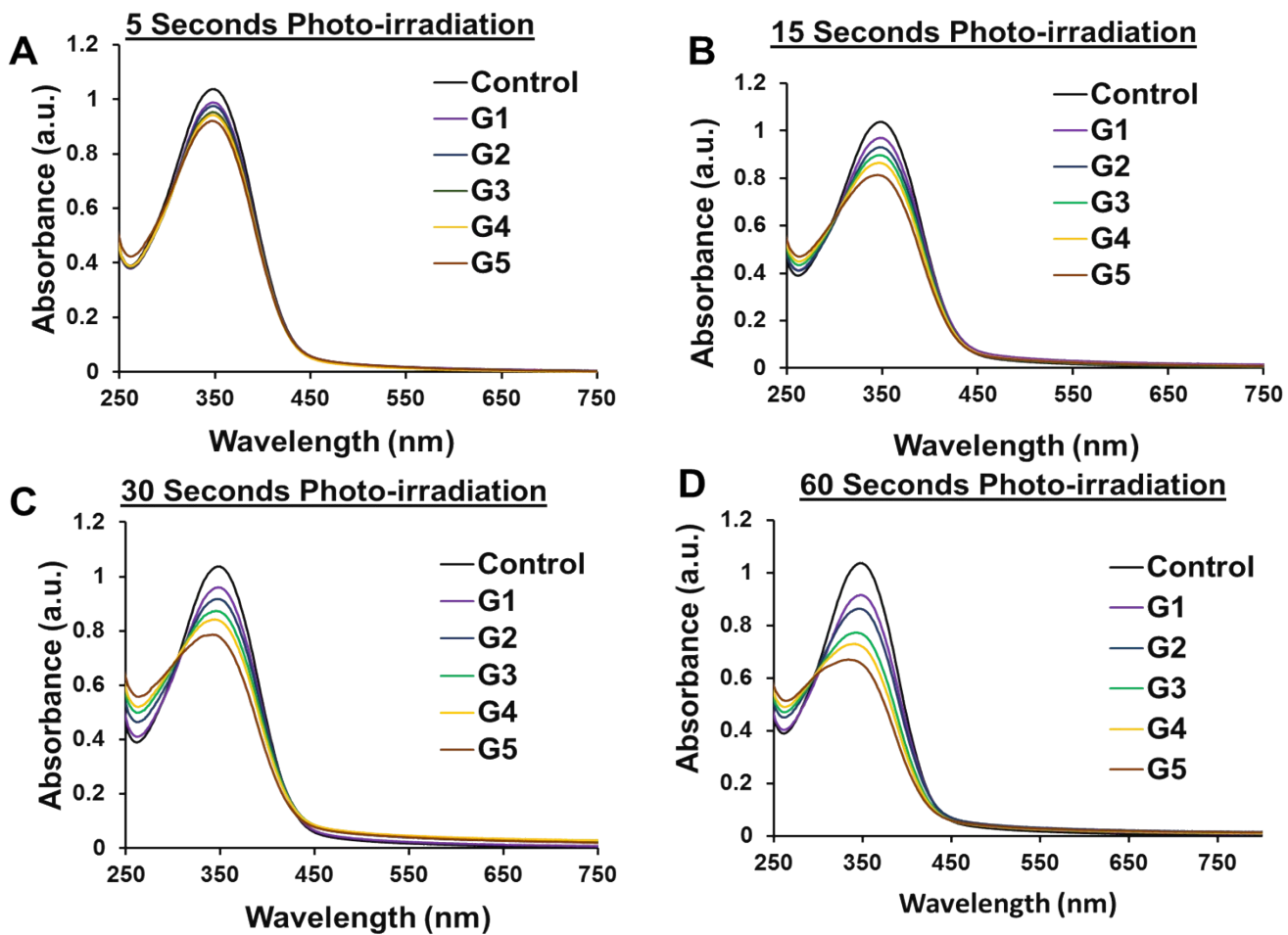


Figure S4. UV absorption spectra of mPEG₁₁₃-b-PCL₈₃-co-N₃PCL₉₈-g-ONB-RA micelles for time-dependent release of retinoic acid (0.2 mg/mL in DPBS, pH 7.4, 25 °C) through the photo-gradient. The gradient-mediated release data at (A) 5, (B) 15, (C) 30, and (D) 60 second time points demonstrate light intensity-dependent RA release from the polymer micelles.

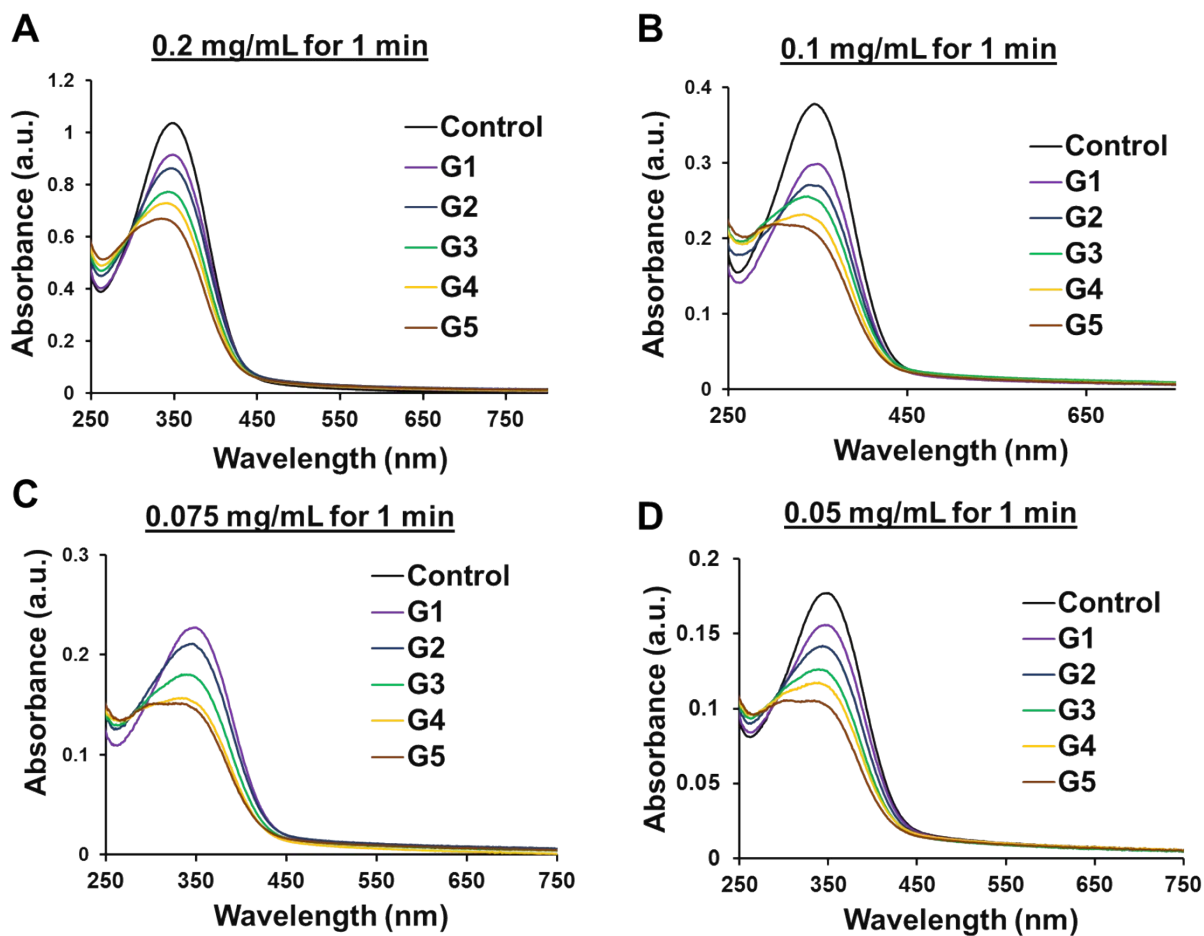


Figure S5. UV absorption spectra of mPEG₁₁₃-b-PCL₈₃-co-N₃PCL₉₈-g-ONB-RA micelles for concentration-dependent release of retinoic acid after 1 min photo-irradiation. Release of RA from polymer micelles at (A) 0.2, (B) 0.1, (C) 0.075, and (D) 0.05 mg/mL concentrations. All release conditions showed a similar RA release pattern that was dependent on light intensity passing through the photo-gradient.

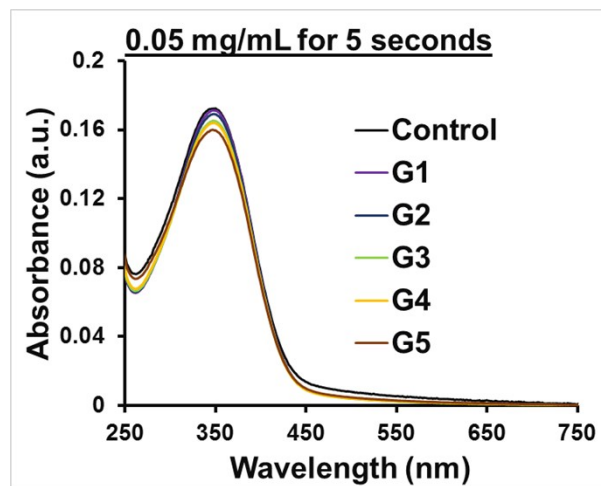


Figure S6. UV absorption spectra of mPEG₁₁₃-b-PCL₈₃-co-N₃PCL₉₈-g-ONB-RA micelles (0.05 mg/mL) before and after photo-gradient-mediated exposure for 5 seconds.