Electronic Supplementary Information

An anthraquinone-based highly selective colorimetric and fluorometric sensor for sequential detection of Cu²⁺ and S²⁻ with intracellular application

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Supplementary figures

Fig. S1 ¹H NMR spectrum of compound L.

Fig. S2 ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound L.

Fig. S3 ESI-mass spectrum of compound L.

Fig. S4 The absorption at 628nm of **L** as a function of time after adding Cu^{2+} . [L] = 2×10⁻⁵ M, [Cu²⁺]=1×10⁻⁴ M.

Fig. S5 Nanosecond fluorescence lifetime decay profiles of **L** upon the addition of Cu^{2+} ion. THF:H₂O=1:1(v/v), pH=7.4 (tris-HCl), [L]=8×10⁻⁶ M, [Cu²⁺]= 8×10⁻⁶ M.

Fig. S6 (a) Effect of different metal ions on fluorescence spectra of L in THF:H₂O=1:1(v/v), pH=7.4 (tris-HCl), $[L]=8\times10^{-6}$ M, $[M^{n+}]=1.6\times10^{-5}$ M; (b) metal-ion responses for L (8 µM) in the absence and presence of metal ions in THF:H₂O=1:1(v/v), pH=7.4 (tris-HCl), $[Cu^{2+}]=1.6\times10^{-5}$ M, $[M^{n+}]=1.6\times10^{-5}$ M; (c) The influence with higher concentration of K⁺, Ca²⁺, N^{a+}, Mg²⁺ ions on fluorescence spectra of L and L+Cu²⁺, $[L]=8.0\times10^{-6}$ M, $[Cu^{2+}]=1.6\times10^{-5}$ M, $[M^{n+}]=1.0\times10^{-2}$ M; (d) The influence with higher concentration of K⁺, Ca²⁺, Na⁺, Mg²⁺ ions on UV-vis spectra of L and L+Cu²⁺, $[L]=2.0\times10^{-5}$ M, $[Cu^{2+}]=4.0\times10^{-5}$ M, $[M^{n+}]=1.0\times10^{-2}$ M.

Fig. S7 (a) Effect of pH on fluorescence at 604 nm of L and L-Cu²⁺ ensemble in THF/H₂O (1:1, v/v), [L] = 8×10^{-6} M, [Cu²⁺]= 4×10^{-5} M; (b)Effect of pH on absorbance at 628 nm of L and L-Cu²⁺ ensemble in THF/H₂O (1:1, v/v), [L] = 2×10^{-5} M, [Cu²⁺]= 1×10^{-4} M.

Fig. S8 The stability of **L** and **L+Cu²⁺** in THF:H₂O=1:1 (v/v), pH=7.4 (tris-HCl).

Fig. S9 (a) Job's plot from fluorescence emission for L and Cu^{2+} complexation in THF:H₂O=1:1 (v/v), pH=7.4 (tris-HCl). The total concentration of L and Cu^{2+} is 2×10^{-5} M; (b) Benesi-Hildebrand plot from fluorescence titration data of L with Cu^{2+} .

Fig. S10 (a) Anion fluorescence responses for **L-Cu**²⁺ in the absence and presence of anions in THF:H₂O=1:1(v/v), pH=7.4 (tris-HCl), [L]=[Cu²⁺]=8×10⁻⁶ M, [anion]= 6.4×10^{-5} M; (b) Anion UV-vis responses for **L-Cu**²⁺ in the absence and presence of anions (top) and their corresponding colorimetric responses (bottom). THF:H₂O=1:1(v/v), pH=7.4 (tris-HCl) [L]=[Cu²⁺]=2×10⁻⁵ M, [anion]= 1.6×10^{-4} M.

Fig. S11 The kinetic study of the response of $L-Cu^{2+}$ to S^{2-} (6 equiv) under pseudo-first-order conditions. [L]= $[Cu^{2+}] = 2 \times 10^{-5}$ M, $[S^{2-}] = 1.2 \times 10^{-4}$ M.

Fig. S12 Absorbance changes of L at 628nm upon alternate addition of Cu²⁺ and S²⁻. THF:H₂O=1:1 (v/v), pH=7.4 (tris-HCl), [L] = 2×10^{-5} M.

Fig. S13 Photographs of test strips of **L-Cu²⁺** at various concentrations of S²⁻: (from left to right, 0 mol/L, 0.8×10^{-3} mol/L, 1.6×10^{-3} mol/L, 2.4×10^{-3} mol/L, 3.2×10^{-3} mol/L) **Fig. S14** Cell cytotoxic effect of **L**, Cu²⁺, S²⁻, CuS on SMMC-7721 cells.



Fig. S1 ¹H NMR spectrum of compound L.



Fig. S2 ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound L.



Fig. S3 ESI-mass spectrum of compound L.



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Fig. S12 Absorbance changes of **L** at 628nm upon alternate addition of Cu^{2+} and S^{2-} . THF:H₂O=1:1 (v/v), pH=7.4 (tris-HCl), [L] =2×10⁻⁵ M.



Fig. S13 Photographs of test strips of L-Cu²⁺ at various concentrations of S²⁻: (from left to right, 0 mol/L, 0.8×10^{-3} mol/L, 1.6×10^{-3} mol/L, 2.4×10^{-3} mol/L, 3.2×10^{-3} mol/L)



Fig. S14 Cell cytotoxic effect of L, Cu^{2+} , S^{2-} , CuS on SMMC-7721 cells.