

Bio-inspired Polydopamine Coating as a Facile Approach to Constructing Polymer Nanocomposites for Energy Storage

Guanyao Wang, Xingyi Huang, and Pingkai Jiang*

Department of Polymer Science and Engineering, Shanghai Key Laboratory of Electrical Insulation and Thermal Aging, Shanghai Jiao Tong University, Shanghai 200240, China

Email: xyhuang@sjtu.edu.cn

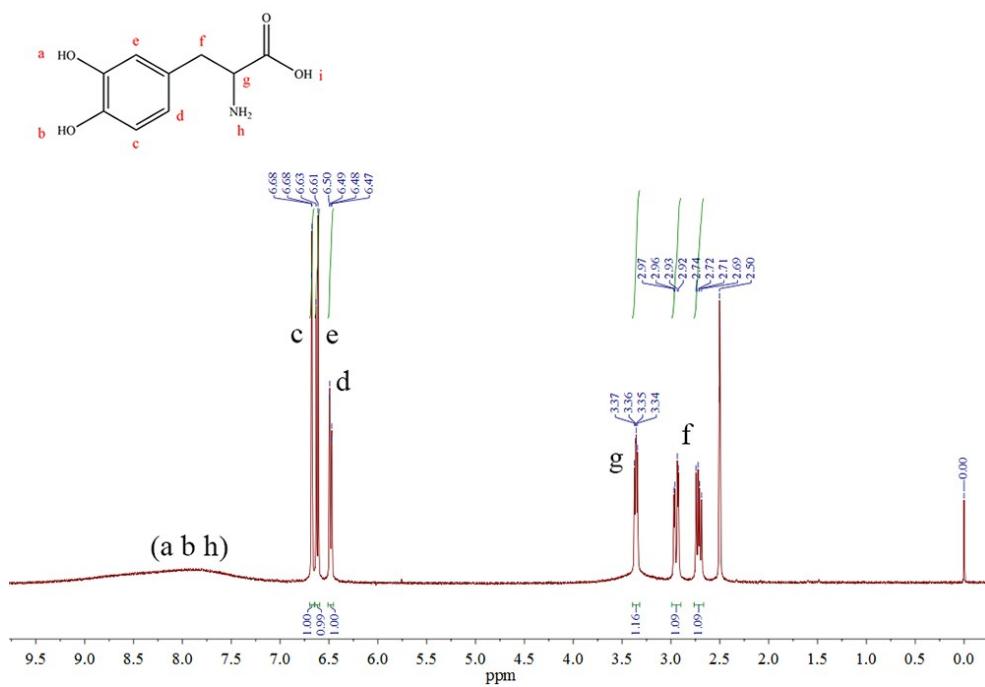


Fig. S1. ¹H NMR spectrum of *L*-DOPA. The deuterated solvent is *d*₆-DMSO.

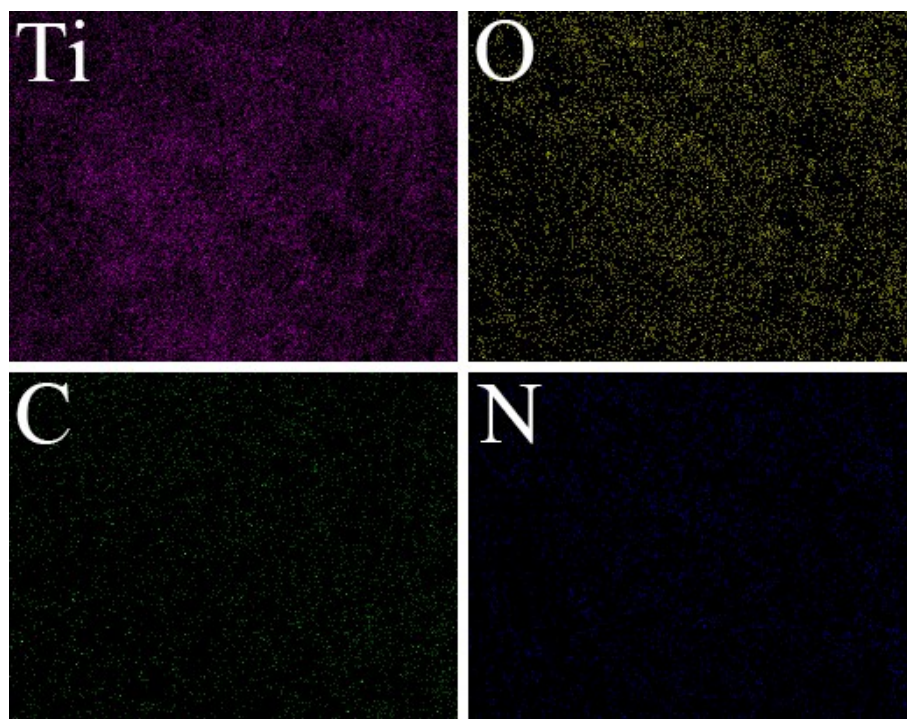


Fig. S2. EDX elemental mapping images of *h*-DOPA@TiO₂ NWs: Ti mapping in cyan, O mapping in yellow, C mapping in green, N mapping in blue.

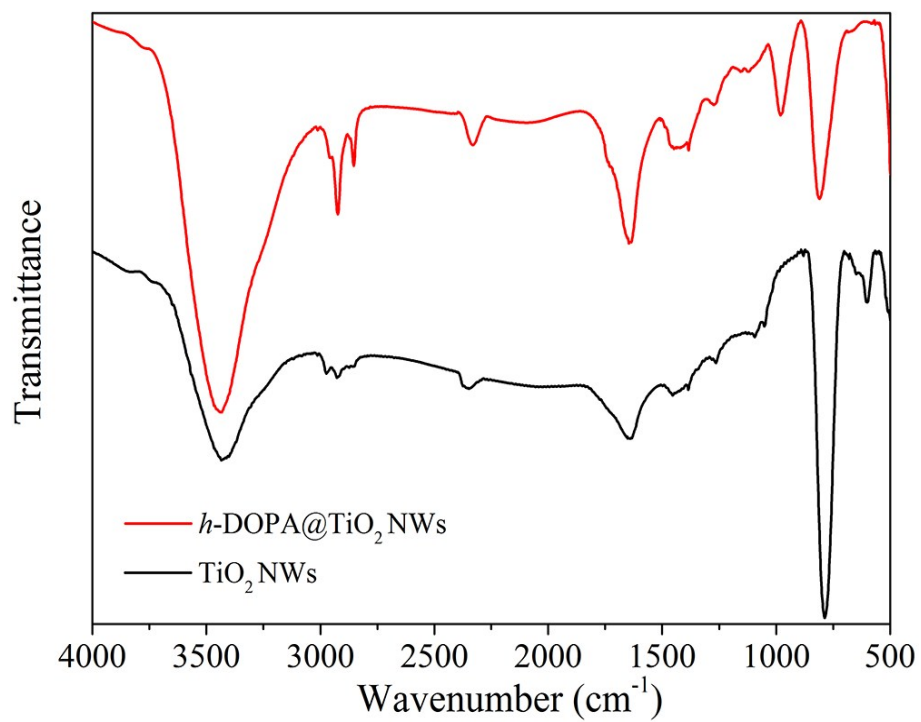


Fig. S3. FT-IR spectra of TiO₂ and *h*-DOPA@TiO₂ NWs.

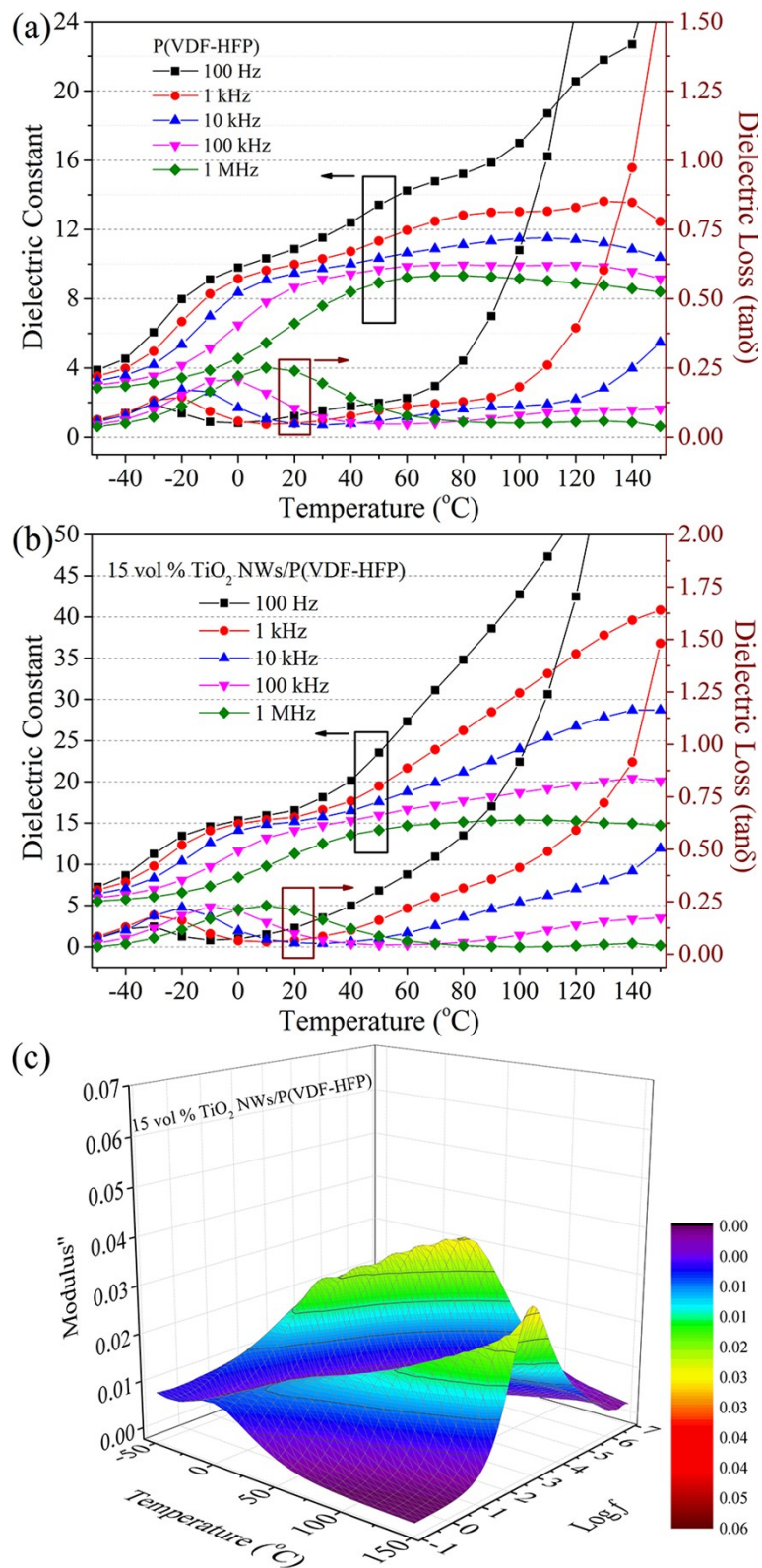


Fig. S4. Temperature-dependent dielectric spectra of (a) P(VDF-HFP) and 15 vol % TiO_2 NWs/P(VDF-HFP) nanocomposites. Frequency dependent of imaginary electric modulus at various temperature of (c) P(VDF-HFP)-based nanocomposites with 15 vol % of TiO_2 NWs.

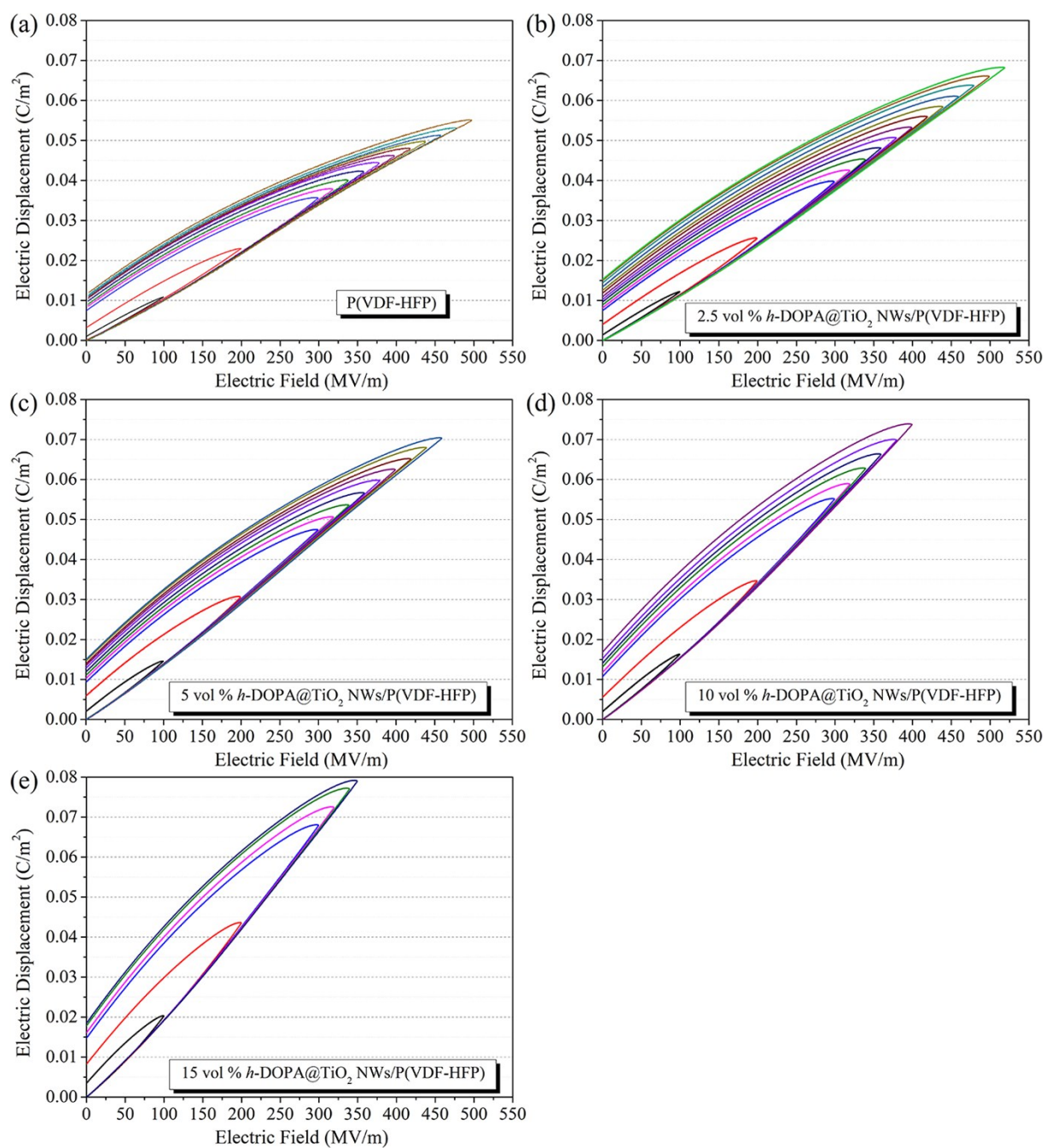


Fig. S5. Electric displacement-electric field (D - E) loops under unipolar electric fields of 100 Hz for (a) pure P(VDF-HFP) and P(VDF-HFP)-based nanocomposites with (b) 2.5 vol %, (c) 5 vol %, (d) 10 vol %, and (e) 15 vol % of h -DOPA@TiO₂ NWs.