Supporting Information

Fabricating a super stable luminescent chemosensor with multi-

stimuli-response to metal ions and small organic molecules by

turn-on and turn-off effects

Yan Yang,^{a,b} Lian Chen,*^a Feilong Jiang,^a Xiuyan Wan,^{a,b} Muxin Yu,^{a,b} Zhen Cao,^{a,b} Tan Jing,^{a,b} and Maochun Hong*

^aState Key Laboratory of Structure Chemistry, Fujian Institute of Research on the Structure of Matter, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Fuzhou 350002, China. ^bUniversity of the Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing, 10049, China

Contents

Additional Experimental Section

Table S1. Crystal data and refinement results for compounds 1 and 2.

Fig. S1 Coordination environment of the Eu³⁺ ion in compound 1.

Fig. S2 The coordination mode of $[L]^{4-}$ in 1: μ_8 -bridging mode.

Fig. S3 The encapsulated counter cations $[H_2NMe_2]^+$ in channel A.

Fig. S4 (a) The simplified 6-connected node of the binuclear unit $[Eu_2(\mu_2 - COO)_2(COO)_2]$. (b) The simplified 3-connected node of the ligand. (c) The (3, 6)-connected topological two-nodal net with the Schläfli symbol $\{4^2.6\}_2\{4^4.6^2.8^7.10^2\}$ in compound **1**.

Fig. S5 PXRD patterns of compounds 1 and 2.

Fig. S6 The TGA curves of compounds 1 and 2.

Fig. S7 Room-temperature luminescent spectra of (a) the ligand H₄L (excitation: dot, λ_{em} = 425 nm; emission: solid, λ_{ex} = 350 nm) (b) compound 1 in solid state. (c) The luminescence decay curves compound 1 at room temperature.

Fig. S8 The Stern-Volmer plot between the enhancing effect and the concentration of Cd^{2+} ions at low concentrations.

Fig. S9 Comparison of the ${}^{5}D_{0} \rightarrow {}^{7}F_{2}$ luminescence intensity of 1 in aqueous solutions incorporating (a) Mn²⁺ ions and (b) Cd²⁺ ions in different times when excited at 324 nm.

Fig. S10 PXRD patterns of 1 after dispersed in different $M(NO_3)_x$ (x= Na⁺, K⁺, Cu²⁺, Zn²⁺, Cd²⁺, Ni²⁺, Mn²⁺, Pb²⁺, Mg²⁺, Co²⁺, Cr³⁺, Tb³⁺, Al³⁺, Ag⁺, Fe³⁺) in aqueous water solvents.

Table S2 The ICP results of compound **1** and $M^{n+}-1$ ($M^{n+} = Na^+, K^+, Cu^{2+}, Zn^{2+}, Cd^{2+}, Ni^{2+}, Mn^{2+}, Pb^{2+}, Mg^{2+}, Co^{2+}, Cr^{3+}, Tb^{3+}, Al^{3+}, Ag^+, Fe^{3+}, respectively$).

Scheme S1. Simplified views of the probable luminescent enhancing and quenching mechanisms of compound 1 by Cd^{2+} and Mn^{2+} ions.

Fig. S11 Comparison of the ${}^{5}D_{0} \rightarrow {}^{7}F_{2}$ luminescence intensity of 1 in the presence of diethyl ether vapor in different times.

Fig. S12 PXRD patterns of the samples before and after the regeneration studies.

Fig. S13 (a) Solid-state luminescent spectra of compound 2 and (b) the luminescence decay curves compound 2 at room temperature.

Fig. S14 Comparison of the ${}^{5}D_{4} \rightarrow {}^{7}F_{5}$ luminescence intensity of 2 in aqueous solutions incorporating different metal ions when excited at 331 nm.

Fig. S15 Comparison of the ${}^{5}D_{4} \rightarrow {}^{7}F_{5}$ luminescence intensity of 2a introduced into various pure solvent emulsions when excited at 331 nm.

Fig. S16 Comparison of the ${}^{5}D_{4} \rightarrow {}^{7}F_{5}$ luminescence intensity of 2 in the presence of diethyl ether vapour at different times excited at 331 nm.

Fig. S17 Cycles of sensing diethyl ether vapor for compound 2.

 Table S3. Selected bond lengths (Å) and bond angles (°) for compounds 1 and 2.

Additional Experimental Section

In order to confirm that the mechanism for compound **1** as such a multi-stimuliresponsive sensor of metal ions and small molecules is due to the features of the framework itself, compound **2** ($[Me_2NH_2][TbL(H_2O)] \cdot 1.5H_2O$), the isomorphic structure of compound **1**, was synthesized similarly to **1** except for the use of Tb(NO₃)₃·6H₂O as starting material. Elemental analysis (%): Calcd for C₂₃H₂₂TbN₂O_{10.5}, C, 42.28; H, 3.39; N, 4.29. Found: C, 42.42; H, 3.46; N, 4.35. The PXRD pattern indicates that **1** and **2** are isostructural (Fig. S5).

The CCDC numbers for compound **2** is 1481268. Crystal data and structure refinements for compound **2** are also listed in Table S1, which are available in CIF files in the supporting information.

	1	2	
Formula	C ₂₃ H ₂₂ EuN ₂ O _{10.5}	$C_{23}H_{22}TbN_2O_{10.5}$	
Formula weight	646.39	653.36	
Crystal system	monoclinic	monoclinic	
space group	C2/c	C2/c	
<i>a</i> (Å)	19.6675 (3)	19.6084 (4)	
<i>b</i> (Å)	11.9457 (2)	11.9016 (3)	
<i>c</i> (Å)	21.9773 (4)	21.9364 (5)	
α (°)	90	90	
eta (°)	97.166 (2)	97.186 (2)	
γ (°)	90	90	
Volume (Å ³)	5123.06 (15)	5079.1 (2)	
T (K)	100	100	
Ζ	8	8	
F (000)	2216	2248	
$R_1(I \ge 2\sigma(I))$	0.0316	0.0291	
wR ₂ (reflections)	0.1023	0.0748	
${}^{a}R_{1} = \Sigma F_{o} - F_{c} / \Sigma F_{o} . {}^{b}\omega R_{2} = [\Sigma \omega (F_{o}{}^{2} - F_{c}{}^{2})^{2} / \Sigma \omega (F_{o}{}^{2})^{2}]^{1/2}.$			

 Table S1. Crystal data and refinement results for compounds 1 and 2.



Fig. S1 Coordination environment of the Eu^{3+} ion in compound 1. All H atoms and solvent molecules are omitted. Inset: coordination polyhedron of Eu^{3+} ion. (Symmetry codes: A, 3/2-*x*, 3/2-*y*, 1-*z*; B, 3/2-*x*, 1/2+*y*, 1/2-*z*; C, 2-*x*, 1-*y*, 1-*z*. Eu^{3+} , green; O, red; N, blue; C, gray).



Fig. S2 The coordination mode of $[L]^{4-}$ in 1: μ_8 -bridging mode.



Fig. S3 The encapsulated counter cations $[H_2NMe_2]^+$ in channel A.



Fig. S4 (a) The simplified 6-connected node of the binuclear unit $[Eu_2(\mu_2 - COO)_2(COO)_2]$. (b) The simplified 3-connected node of the ligand. (c) The (3, 6)-connected topological two-nodal net with the Schläfli symbol $\{4^2.6\}_2\{4^4.6^2.8^7.10^2\}$ in compound **1**.



Fig. S5 PXRD patterns of compounds 1 and 2.



Fig. S6 The TGA curves of compounds 1 and 2.



Fig. S7 Room-temperature luminescent spectra of (a) the ligand H₄L (excitation: dot, λ_{em} = 425 nm; emission: solid, λ_{ex} = 350 nm) (b) compound 1 in solid state. (c) The luminescence decay curves compound 1 at room temperature.

Table S2. The ICP results of compound 1 and M^{n+} -1 ($M^{n+} = Na^+$, K^+ , Cu^{2+} , Zn^{2+} , Cd^{2+} , Ni^{2+} , Mn^{2+} , Pb^{2+} , Mg^{2+} , Co^{2+} , Cr^{3+} , Tb^{3+} , Al^{3+} , Ag^+ , Fe^{3+} , respectively)

Compound	Eu ³⁺ (wt%)	$M^{n+}(wt\%)$	Compound	Eu ³⁺ (wt%)	M ⁿ⁺ (wt%)
1	19.03	-	Pb ²⁺ -1	16.28	3.98
Cd ²⁺ -1	18.74	5.87	Co ²⁺ -1	20.59	0.325
Tb ³⁺ -1	18.10	0.84	Na+-1	17.78	3.03
K+-1	18.04	3.61	Fe ³⁺ -1	17.25	0.55
Ag ⁺ -1	17.44	7.73	Ni ²⁺ -1	21.36	0.081
Mg ²⁺ -1	18.28	0.0607	Cu ²⁺ -1	17.51	1.30
Al ³⁺ -1	20.14	0.36	Zn ²⁺ -1	19.46	3.00
Cr ³⁺ -1	19.80	0.134	Mn ²⁺ -1	19.70	2.98



Fig. S8 The Stern-Volmer plot between the enhancing effect and the concentration of Cd^{2+} ions at low concentrations.



Fig. S9 Comparison of the ${}^{5}D_{0} \rightarrow {}^{7}F_{2}$ luminescence intensity of 1 in aqueous solutions incorporating (a) Mn²⁺ ions and (b) Cd²⁺ ions in different times when excited at 324 nm.



Fig. S10 PXRD patterns of 1 after dispersed in different $M(NO_3)_x$ (x= Na⁺, K⁺, Cu²⁺, Zn²⁺, Cd²⁺, Ni²⁺, Mn²⁺, Pb²⁺, Mg²⁺, Co²⁺, Cr³⁺, Tb³⁺, Al³⁺, Ag⁺, Fe³⁺) in aqueous water solvents.

Scheme S1. Simplified views of the probable luminescent enhancing and quenching mechanisms of compound 1 by Cd^{2+} and Mn^{2+} ions.



Fig. S11 Comparison of the ${}^{5}D_{0} \rightarrow {}^{7}F_{2}$ luminescence intensity of 1 in the presence of diethyl ether vapour in different times.



Fig. S12 PXRD patterns of the samples before and after the regeneration studies.



Fig. S13 (a) Solid-state luminescent spectra of compound 2 and (b) the luminescence decay curves compound 2 at room temperature.



Fig. S14 Comparison of the ${}^{5}D_{4} \rightarrow {}^{7}F_{5}$ luminescence intensity of **2** in aqueous solutions incorporating different metal ions when excited at 331 nm.



Fig. S15 Comparison of the ${}^{5}D_{4} \rightarrow {}^{7}F_{5}$ luminescence intensity of 2a introduced into various pure solvent emulsions when excited at 331 nm.



Fig. S16 Comparison of the ${}^{5}D_{4} \rightarrow {}^{7}F_{5}$ luminescence intensity of **2** in the presence of diethyl ether vapour at different times excited at 331 nm.



Fig. S17 Cycles of sensing diethyl ether vapor for compound 2.

Bond	Dist.	Bond	Dist.
Eu1—O4 ⁱ	2.338 (3)	Eu1—O7 ⁱⁱ	2.488 (3)
Eu1—O8	2.378 (3)	Eu1—O5 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.489 (3)
Eu1—O1	2.383 (3)	Eu1—O9	2.583 (4)
Eu1—O2 ⁱⁱ	2.422 (3)	Eu1—O8 ⁱⁱ	2.632 (3)
Eu1—O6 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.445 (4)		
Angle	(°)	Angle	(°)
O4 ⁱ —Eu1—O8	146.11 (12)	O2 ⁱⁱ —Eu1—O5 ⁱⁱⁱ	78.78 (11)
O4 ⁱ —Eu1—O1	74.27 (12)	O6 ⁱⁱⁱ —Eu1—O5 ⁱⁱⁱ	52.64 (11)
O8—Eu1—O1	74.16 (11)	O7 ⁱⁱ —Eu1—O5 ⁱⁱⁱ	134.30 (11)
O4 ⁱ —Eu1—O2 ⁱⁱ	139.60 (12)	O4 ⁱ —Eu1—O9	75.11 (11)
O8—Eu1—O2 ⁱⁱ	73.82 (11)	O8—Eu1—O9	137.46 (11)
O1—Eu1—O2 ⁱⁱ	136.40 (11)	O1—Eu1—O9	148.33 (11)
O4 ⁱ —Eu1—O6 ⁱⁱⁱ	77.24 (14)	O2 ⁱⁱ —Eu1—O9	68.36 (11)
O8—Eu1—O6 ⁱⁱⁱ	83.30 (13)	O6 ⁱⁱⁱ —Eu1—O9	105.18 (13)
O1—Eu1—O6 ⁱⁱⁱ	75.66 (12)	O7 ⁱⁱ —Eu1—O9	65.49 (12)
O2 ⁱⁱ —Eu1—O6 ⁱⁱⁱ	128.22 (11)	O5 ⁱⁱⁱ —Eu1—O9	70.53 (12)
O4 ⁱ —Eu1—O7 ⁱⁱ	75.42 (13)	O4 ⁱ —Eu1—O8 ⁱⁱ	106.37 (12)
O8—Eu1—O7 ⁱⁱ	121.59 (11)	08—Eu1—O8 ⁱⁱ	73.63 (12)
O1—Eu1—O7 ⁱⁱ	98.83 (11)	01—Eu1—O8 ⁱⁱ	69.89 (10)
O2 ⁱⁱ —Eu1—O7 ⁱⁱ	74.22 (11)	O2 ⁱⁱ —Eu1—O8 ⁱⁱ	73.22 (10)
O6 ⁱⁱⁱ —Eu1—O7 ⁱⁱ	152.57 (12)	O6 ⁱⁱⁱ —Eu1—O8 ⁱⁱ	142.51 (12)
O4 ⁱ —Eu1—O5 ⁱⁱⁱ	105.05 (13)	O7 ⁱⁱ —Eu1—O8 ⁱⁱ	50.83 (10)
O8—Eu1—O5 ⁱⁱⁱ	83.87 (12)	O5 ⁱⁱⁱ —Eu1—O8 ⁱⁱ	147.92 (11)
O1—Eu1—O5 ⁱⁱⁱ	125.79 (11)	O9—Eu1—O8 ⁱⁱ	111.84 (11)

 Table S3. Selected bond lengths (Å) and bond angles (°) for compounds 1 and 2.

Symmetry codes: (i) 1/2-x, 1/2+y, -1/2-z; (ii) 1/2-x, 1/2-y, -z; (iii) 1-x, -y, -z.

Bond	Dist.	Bond	Dist.
Tb1—O4 ⁱ	2.326 (2)	Tb1—O7 ⁱⁱ	2.457 (2)
Tb1—O8	2.354 (2)	Tb1—O5 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.4763 (11)
Tb1—O1	2.354 (2)	Tb1—O9	2.5465 (11)
Tb1—O2 ⁱⁱ	2.392 (2)	Tb1—O8 ⁱⁱ	2.613 (2)
Tb1—O6 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.4149 (10)		
Angle	(°)	Angle	(°)
O4 ⁱ —Tb1—O8	145.69 (8)	O8—Tb1—O5 ⁱⁱⁱ	83.75 (6)
04 ⁱ —Tb1—O1	73.74 (8)	O1—Tb1—O5 ⁱⁱⁱ	125.68 (6)
O8—Tb1—O1	74.32 (7)	O2 ⁱⁱ —Tb1—O5 ⁱⁱⁱ	78.56 (6)
O4 ⁱ —Tb1—O2 ⁱⁱ	139.69 (8)	O6 ⁱⁱⁱ —Tb1—O5 ⁱⁱⁱ	53.1
O8—Tb1—O2 ⁱⁱ	74.19 (7)	O7 ⁱⁱ —Tb1—O5 ⁱⁱⁱ	134.85 (6)
O1—Tb1—O2 ⁱⁱ	137.02 (7)	O4 ⁱ —Tb1—O9	75.43 (6)
O4 ⁱ —Tb1—O6 ⁱⁱⁱ	76.83 (7)	O8—Tb1—O9	137.47 (6)

O8—Tb1—O6 ⁱⁱⁱ	83.15 (6)	01—Tb1—O9	148.18 (6)	
O1—Tb1—O6 ⁱⁱⁱ	75.05 (6)	O2 ⁱⁱ —Tb1—O9	68.08 (6)	
O2 ⁱⁱ —Tb1—O6 ⁱⁱⁱ	128.51 (6)	O6 ⁱⁱⁱ —Tb1—O9	105.34 (3)	
O4 ⁱ —Tb1—O7 ⁱⁱ	75.18 (9)	O7 ⁱⁱ —Tb1—O9	66.05 (6)	
O8—Tb1—O7 ⁱⁱ	121.85 (7)	O5 ⁱⁱⁱ —Tb1—O9	70.41 (4)	
O1—Tb1—O7 ⁱⁱ	98.28 (8)	O4 ⁱ —Tb1—O8 ⁱⁱ	106.89 (8)	
O2 ⁱⁱ —Tb1—O7 ⁱⁱ	74.83 (7)	O8—Tb1—O8 ⁱⁱ	73.31 (8)	
O6 ⁱⁱⁱ —Tb1—O7 ⁱⁱ	151.98 (6)	O1—Tb1—O8 ⁱⁱ	70.29 (7)	
O4 ⁱ —Tb1—O5 ⁱⁱⁱ	105.13 (7)	O2 ⁱⁱ —Tb1—O8 ⁱⁱ	73.14 (7)	
O4 ⁱ —Tb1—O8	145.69 (8)	O6 ⁱⁱⁱ —Tb1—O8 ⁱⁱ	142.12 (5)	
O4 ⁱ —Tb1—O1	73.74 (8)	O7 ⁱⁱ —Tb1—O8 ⁱⁱ	51.04 (7)	
Symmetry codes: (i) 3	/2-x, 1/2+y, 1/2-z;	; (ii) 3/2-x, 1/2-y, 1-z; (ii	ii) 2-x, -y, 1-z.	

Symmetry codes: (i) 3/2-x, 1/2+y, 1/2-z; (ii) 3/2-x, 1/2-y, 1-z; (iii) 2-x, -y, 1-z.