

Support information for

Temperature-dependent properties of monolayer MoS₂ annealed in Ar diluted S atmosphere: an experimental and first principles study

Lei Wang,^a Xiaohong Ji,^{a*} Fei Chen,^{a,b} Qinyuan Zhang^{a,b}

a. School of Materials Science and Engineering, South China University of Technology, Guangzhou 510641, China.

b. State Key Laboratory of Luminescent Materials and Devices, and Institute of Optical Communication Materials, South China University of Technology, Guangzhou 510641, China.

*E-mail: jxhong@scut.edu.cn

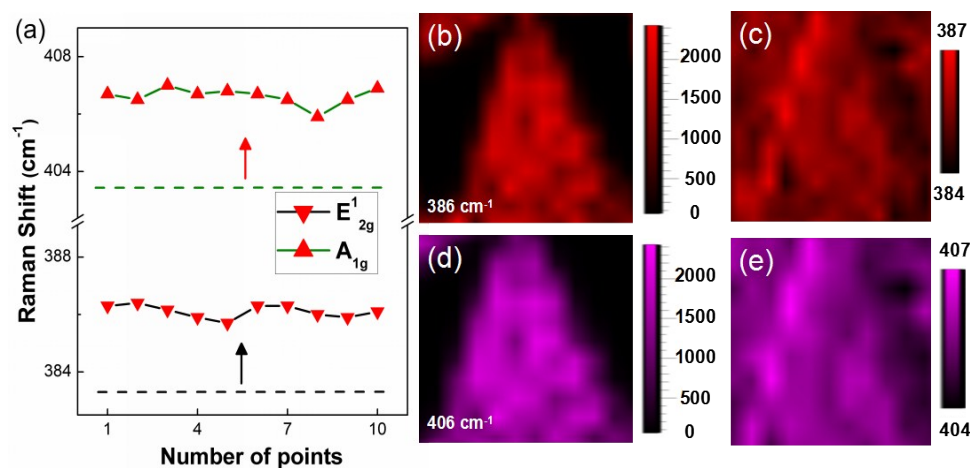


Fig. S1 (a) Raman peak positions of MoS₂ heated at 860 °C recorded from multi-points, dotted lines at ~383.5 cm⁻¹ and ~403.4 cm⁻¹ are the peak positions of the as-grown MoS₂. (b) Raman intensity at 386 cm⁻¹. (c) Corresponding Raman E¹_{2g} peak position mapping image. (d) Raman intensity at a 406 cm⁻¹. (e) Corresponding Raman A_{1g} peak position mapping image.

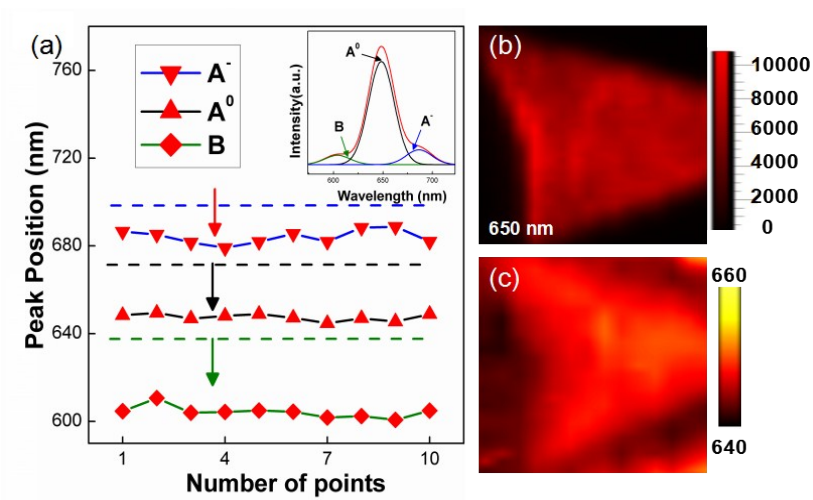


Fig. S2 (a) PL peak positions of multi-points from the sample heated at 860 °C, dotted lines (A⁻ at ~700 nm, A⁰ at ~673 nm, and B at ~640 nm) are the peak positions of the as-grown MoS₂. (b) PL intensity at 650 nm. (c) The PL A⁰ peak position mapping of the sample.