

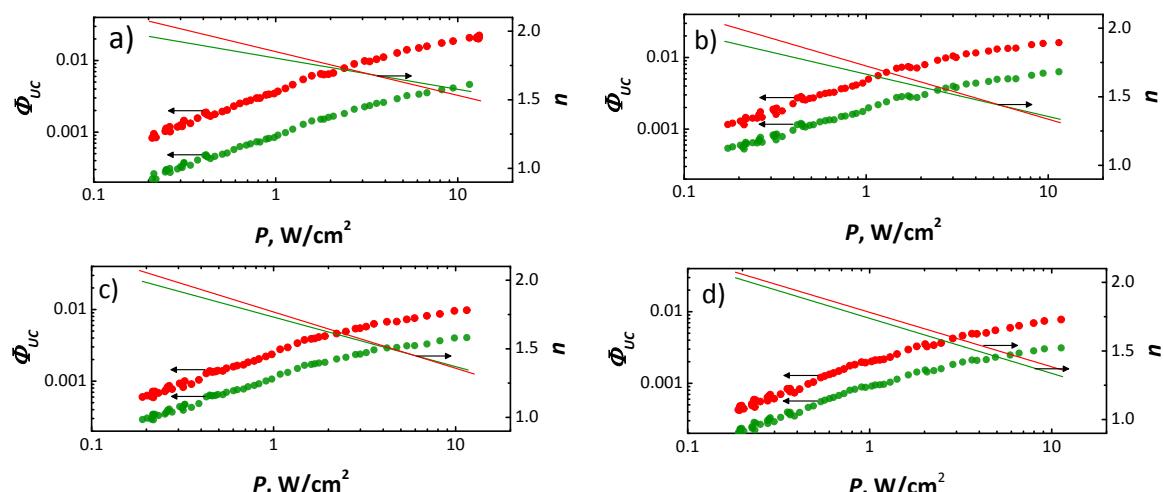
**Supporting information - Up-conversion Quantum Yield of  $\text{SrF}_2:\text{Yb}^{3+}, \text{Er}^{3+}$  Nanoparticles Prepared by Precipitation from Aqueous Solution**

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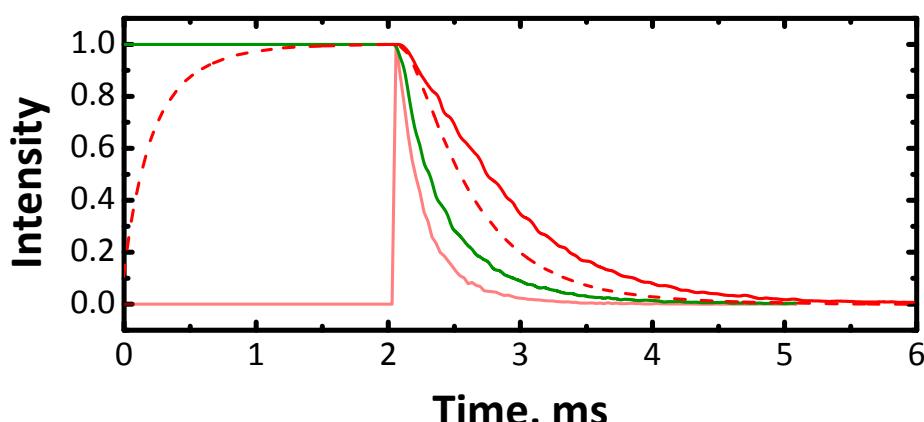
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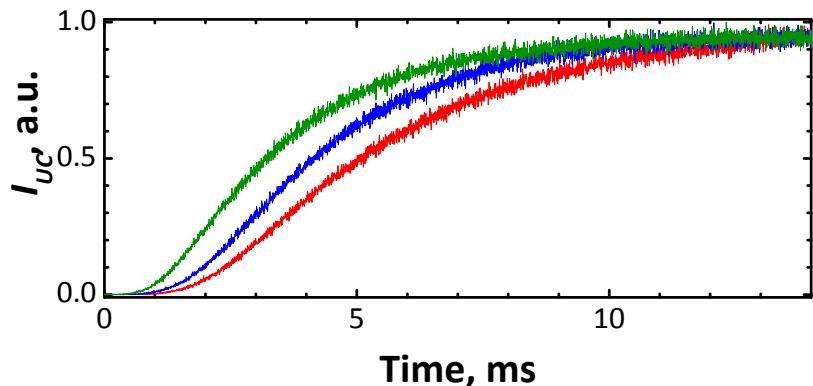
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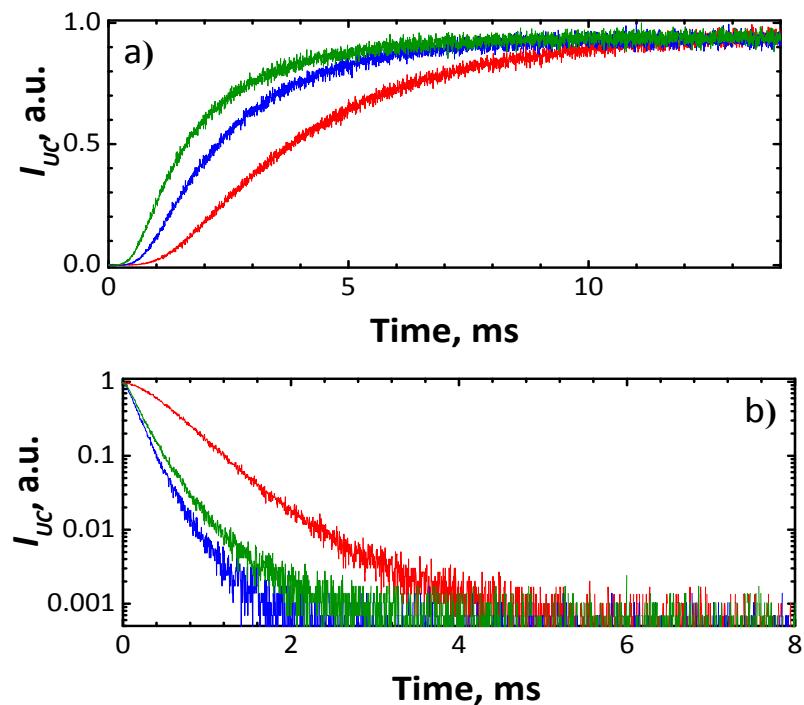
**Figure S1** Dependence of UC quantum yield ( $\Phi_{UC}$ ) and exponential coefficient ( $n$ ) as function of excitation power density ( $P$ ) for emission at 544 nm (green points and lines) and at 655 nm (red points and lines).  $\text{SrF}_2:x\%\text{Yb}^{3+},2\%\text{Er}^{3+}$  with  $x = 2$  (a), 5 (b), 7.5 (c) and 10 (d).



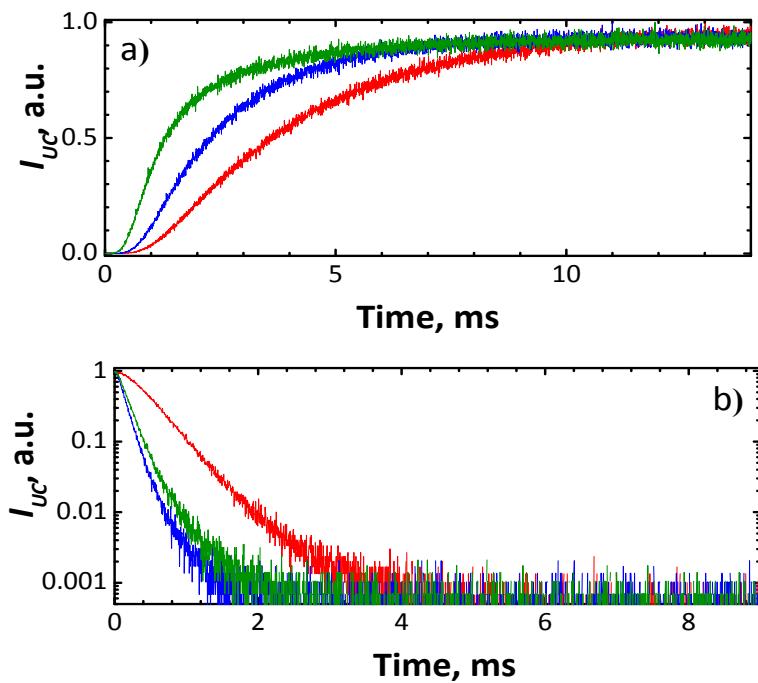
**Figure S2** Convolution (dashed red line) of UC green-state decay (green solid line) and decay of the directly excited red state (rose solid line) gives faster decay then experimentally measured UC red-state decay (red solid line) for  $\text{SrF}_2:2\%\text{Yb}^{3+},1.5\%\text{Er}^{3+}$ .



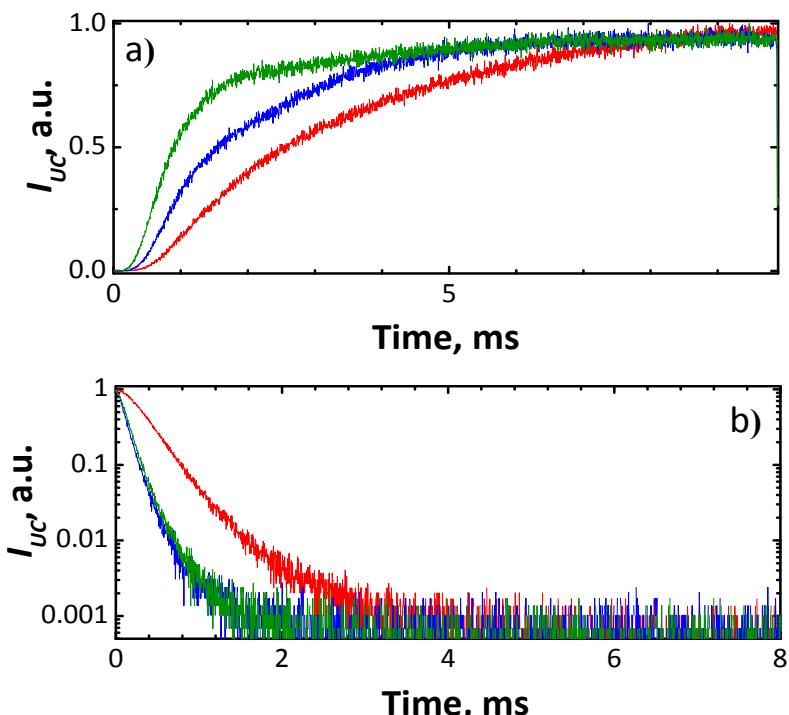
**Figure S3** Population kinetics of the Er<sup>3+</sup>:  $^2\text{H}_{11/2}$ ,  $^4\text{S}_{3/2}$  (green lines), Er<sup>3+</sup>:  $^4\text{F}_{9/2}$  (red lines) and Er<sup>3+</sup>:  $^2\text{H}_{9/2}$  (blue lines) states of material SrF<sub>2</sub>:2%Yb<sup>3+</sup>,1.5%Er<sup>3+</sup> by laser excitation with  $\lambda=980$  nm and excitation power density 10 W/cm<sup>2</sup>.



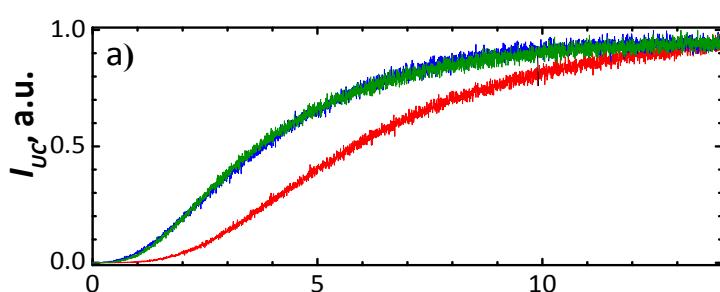
**Figure S4** Population kinetics (a) and decays (b) of the Er<sup>3+</sup>:  $^2\text{H}_{11/2}$ ,  $^4\text{S}_{3/2}$  (green lines), Er<sup>3+</sup>:  $^4\text{F}_{9/2}$  (red lines) and Er<sup>3+</sup>:  $^2\text{H}_{9/2}$  (blue lines) states of material SrF<sub>2</sub>:5%Yb<sup>3+</sup>,1.5%Er<sup>3+</sup> by laser excitation with  $\lambda=980$  nm and excitation power density 10 W/cm<sup>2</sup>

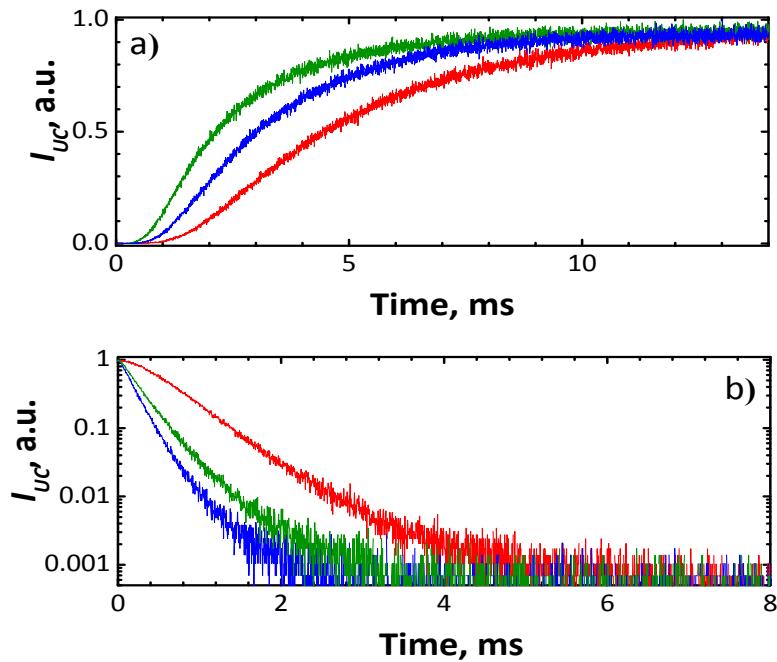


**Figure S5** Population kinetics (a) and decays (b) of the Er<sup>3+</sup>:  $^2\text{H}_{11/2}$ ,  $^4\text{S}_{3/2}$  (green lines), Er<sup>3+</sup>:  $^4\text{F}_{9/2}$  (red lines) and Er<sup>3+</sup>:  $^2\text{H}_{9/2}$  (blue lines) states of material SrF<sub>2</sub>:7.5%Yb<sup>3+</sup>,1.5%Er<sup>3+</sup> by laser excitation with  $\lambda=980$  nm and excitation power density 10 W/cm<sup>2</sup>

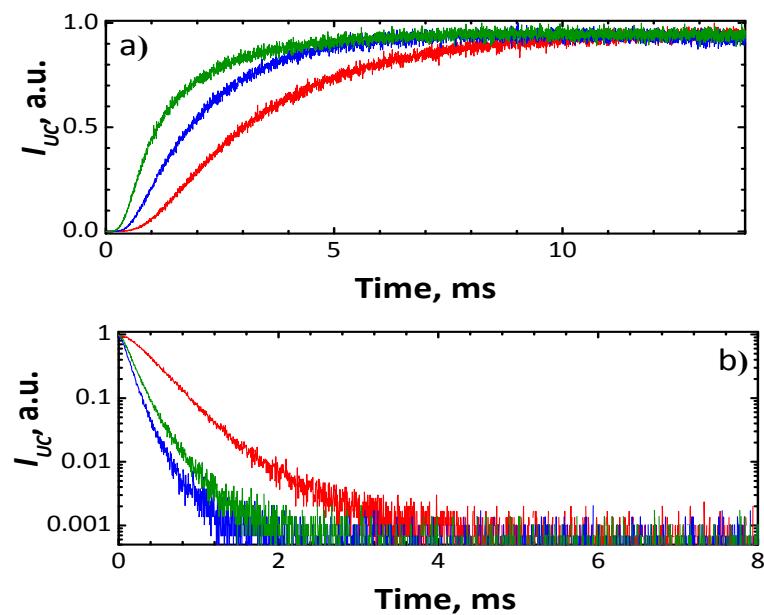


**Figure S6** Population kinetics (a) and decays (b) of the Er<sup>3+</sup>:  $^2\text{H}_{11/2}$ ,  $^4\text{S}_{3/2}$  (green lines), Er<sup>3+</sup>:  $^4\text{F}_{9/2}$  (red lines) and Er<sup>3+</sup>:  $^2\text{H}_{9/2}$  (blue lines) states of material SrF<sub>2</sub>:10%Yb<sup>3+</sup>,1.5%Er<sup>3+</sup> by laser excitation with  $\lambda=980$  nm and excitation power density 10 W/cm<sup>2</sup>

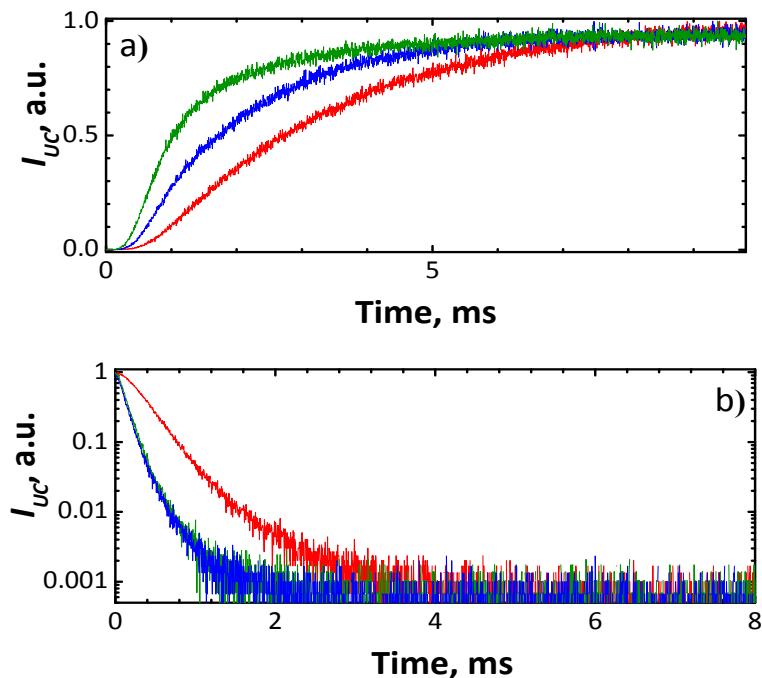




**Figure S8** Population kinetics (a) and decays (b) of the Er<sup>3+</sup>:  $^2\text{H}_{11/2}$ ,  $^4\text{S}_{3/2}$  (green lines), Er<sup>3+</sup>:  $^4\text{F}_{9/2}$  (red lines) and Er<sup>3+</sup>:  $^2\text{H}_{9/2}$  (blue lines) states of material SrF<sub>2</sub>:2%Yb<sup>3+</sup>,5%Er<sup>3+</sup> by laser excitation with  $\lambda=980$  nm and excitation power density 10 W/cm<sup>2</sup>



**Figure S9** Population kinetics (a) and decays (b) of the Er<sup>3+</sup>:  $^2\text{H}_{11/2}$ ,  $^4\text{S}_{3/2}$  (green lines), Er<sup>3+</sup>:  $^4\text{F}_{9/2}$  (red lines) and Er<sup>3+</sup>:  $^2\text{H}_{9/2}$  (blue lines) states of material SrF<sub>2</sub>:2%Yb<sup>3+</sup>,7.5%Er<sup>3+</sup> by laser excitation with  $\lambda=980$  nm and excitation power density 10 W/cm<sup>2</sup>



**Figure S10** Population kinetics (a) and decays (b) of the  $\text{Er}^{3+}$ :  $^2\text{H}_{11/2}$ ,  $^4\text{S}_{3/2}$  (green lines),  $\text{Er}^{3+}$ :  $^4\text{F}_{9/2}$  (red lines) and  $\text{Er}^{3+}$ :  $^2\text{H}_{9/2}$  (blue lines) states of material  $\text{SrF}_2$ : $2\%$  $\text{Yb}^{3+}$ , $10\%$  $\text{Er}^{3+}$  by laser excitation with  $\lambda=980$  nm and excitation power density  $10 \text{ W/cm}^2$

**Table S1** UC luminescence lifetime of  $\text{Er}^{3+}$  under 980 nm excitation in  $\text{SrF}_2$  host with different dopant concentrations.

Host	$\text{Er}^{3+}/\text{Yb}^{3+}$ mol.%	$\tau_{UC}$ ( $\text{Er}^{3+}$ : $^4\text{F}_{9/2}$ ), ms	$\tau_{UC}$ ( $\text{Er}^{3+}$ : $^2\text{H}_{11/2}$ , $^4\text{S}_{3/2}$ ), ms	$\tau_{UC}$ ( $\text{Er}^{3+}$ : $^2\text{H}_{9/2}$ ), ms
$\text{SrF}_2$	2/2	0.87	0.46	0.47
$\text{SrF}_2$	2/5	0.56	0.27	0.19
$\text{SrF}_2$	2/7.5	0.37	0.16	0.12
$\text{SrF}_2$	2/10	0.30	0.13	0.12

**Table S2** UC luminescence lifetime of  $\text{Er}^{3+}$  under 980 nm excitation in  $\text{SrF}_2$  host with different dopant concentrations.

Host	$\text{Er}^{3+}/\text{Yb}^{3+}$ mol.%	$\tau_{UC}$ ( $\text{Er}^{3+}$ : $^4\text{F}_{9/2}$ ), ms	$\tau_{UC}$ ( $\text{Er}^{3+}$ : $^2\text{H}_{11/2}$ , $^4\text{S}_{3/2}$ ), ms	$\tau_{UC}$ ( $\text{Er}^{3+}$ : $^2\text{H}_{9/2}$ ), ms
$\text{SrF}_2$	1.5/2	0.73	0.36	0.25
$\text{SrF}_2$	1.5/5	0.46	0.20	0.17
$\text{SrF}_2$	1.5/7.5	0.39	0.17	0.13

SrF <sub>2</sub>	1.5/10	0.29	0.13	0.11
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