Supplementary Information

A photoactivatable light tracer[†]

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Fabrication of arrays of microscaled pyramids	S2
• Simulation of electromagnetic radiation propagating in a microscaled pyramid	S2
• Three-dimensional representations of the fluorescence distribution in a microscaled pyramid	S2



Fig. S1. Fabrication of doped PDMS pyramids (a) and undoped PDMS pyramids overlaying a doped PBMA film (b).



Fig. S2. FDTD simulations (scale bar = 5 μ m) of the spatial distribution of the radiation intensity within three representative planes (*a*–*c*) orthogonal to the main axis of a PDMS pyramid together with the dependence (*d*) of the average radiation intensity on the position of the simulated plane relative to the pyramid base.

Web Enhanced Object

Video S1. Three-dimensional fluorescence distribution in a PDMS pyramid, doped with **1**, reconstructed from CLSM images recorded with a ${}^{1}\lambda_{Ex}$ of 514 nm (${}^{1}\lambda_{Em} = 525-600$ nm) by scanning the focal plane across the PDMS substrate towards the pyramid tip in steps of 1.33 μ m.

Video S2. Three-dimensional fluorescence distribution in a PDMS pyramid, doped with **1**, reconstructed from CLSM images recorded, after activation ($\lambda_{Ac} = 405 \text{ nm}$, 0.11 mW, 30 s), with a $^{2}\lambda_{Ex}$ of 633 nm ($^{2}\lambda_{Em} = 650-720 \text{ nm}$) by scanning the focal plane across the PDMS substrate towards the pyramid tip in steps of 1.33 µm.

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