

Supplemental Table 5. Correlation between metabolite biomarker candidates and plasma creatinine

A

Name	Time	Pearson Correlation		Spearman Correlation	
		Correlation	P value	Correlation	P value
3-Hydroxy-butyrate	24 hr	0.5	0.0041	0.63	<0.001
	48 hr	0.57	<0.001	0.78	<0.001
	96 hr	0.49	0.0051	0.47	0.01
Cysteine+Cystine	24 hr	-0.58	<0.001	-0.58	0.0014
	48 hr	-0.56	<0.001	-0.57	0.0018
	96 hr	-0.32	0.08	-0.47	0.01

B

Name	Time	Pearson Correlation		Spearman Correlation	
		Correlation	P value	Correlation	P value
AC 14:0	24 hr	0.75	<0.001	0.79	<0.001
	48 hr	0.74	<0.001	0.73	<0.001
	96 hr	0.68	<0.001	0.63	<0.001
AC 18:1	24 hr	0.74	<0.001	0.72	<0.001
	48 hr	0.85	<0.001	0.86	<0.001
	96 hr	0.83	<0.001	0.76	<0.001
AC 18:2	24 hr	0.66	<0.001	0.68	<0.001
	48 hr	0.83	<0.001	0.83	<0.001
	96 hr	0.77	<0.001	0.78	<0.001
PE 18:2-18:2	24 hr	-0.49	<0.001	-0.54	<0.001
	48 hr	-0.6	<0.001	-0.53	<0.001
	96 hr	-0.37	0.041	-0.33	0.067

Correlations were evaluated by using Pearson's product-moment correlation coefficient test and Spearman's rank correlation coefficient between plasma metabolite candidates selected from GC/MS (**A**) and LC/MS (**B**) at each time and plasma creatinine at 96 hr. P values were calculated by the Welch's t test. In the column of 'P value', the bold letters show P < 0.05.

Abbreviations: PE, phosphatidylethanolamine; AC, acylcarnitine.