

SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

**Exploring MBTH as spectrophotometric probe for total phenolic compounds determination
in beverage samples**

Bruna da Silva Granja, José Ricardo Honório de Mendonça Filho, Woodland de Souza
Oliveira, Josué Carinhanha Caldas Santos*

Laboratório de Instrumentação e Desenvolvimento em Química Analítica (LINQA), Instituto de
Química e Biotecnologia, Universidade Federal de Alagoas, Maceió, AL, 57072-900, Brazil.

*✉ Corresponding author (Josué C. C. Santos, ORCID: 0000-0002-9525-5123)
E-mail address: jcarinhanha@yahoo.com.br or josue@iqb.ufal.br
Phone: +55 82 3214-1347

Figures

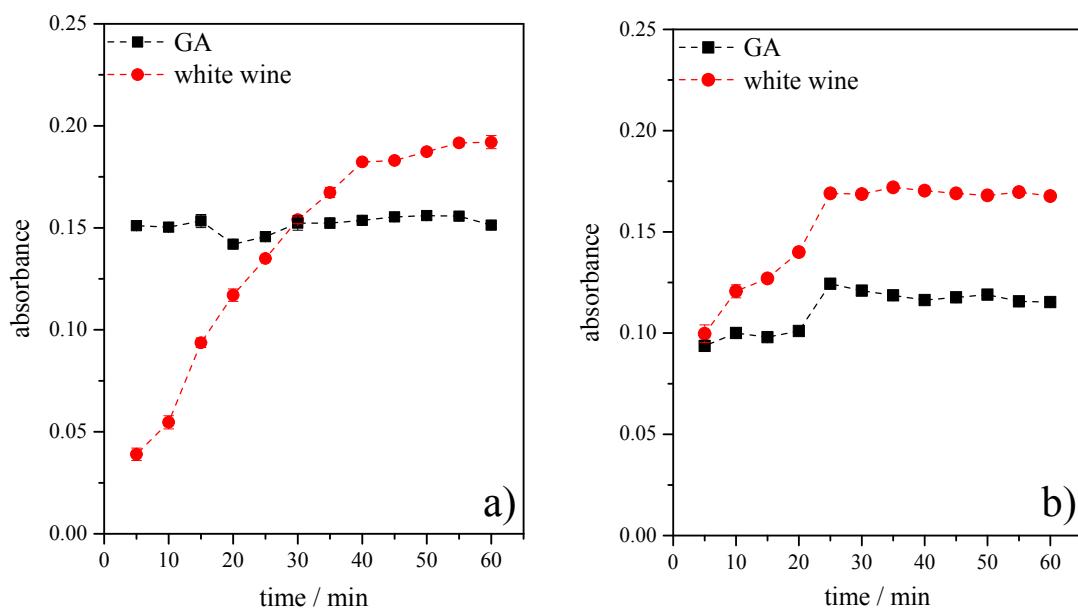


Fig. S1. Kinetic profile of the reaction between phenolic compounds and MBTH in acid medium against different oxidants, a) Fe(III) and b) Ce(IV).

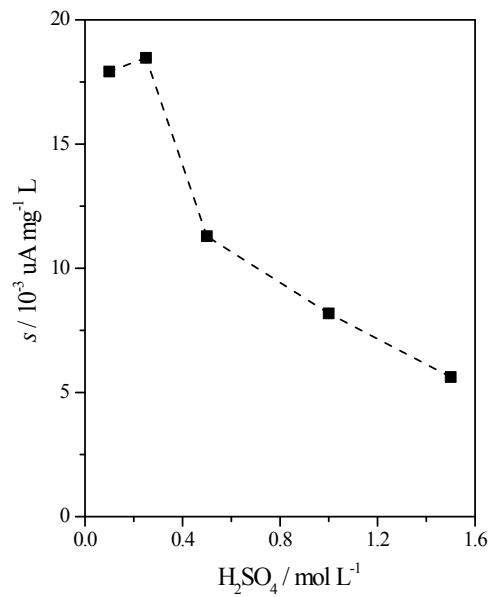


Fig. S2. Evaluation of H_2SO_4 concentration. Conditions: [MBTH] = 18 mmol L^{-1} and Fe(III) 0.1% (m/v).

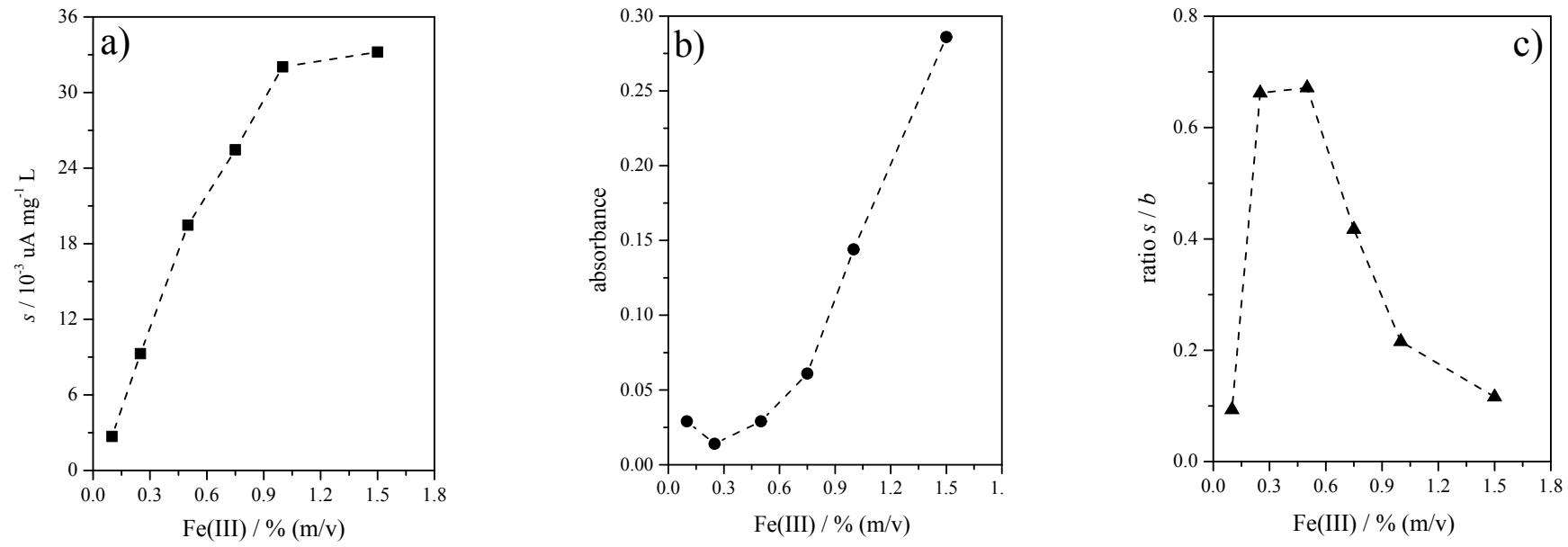


Fig. S3. a) Evaluation of Fe(III) concentration a) on analytical sensitivity, b) blank signal variation and c) ratio s (analytical sensitivity) / b (blank signal). Conditions: [MBTH] = 18 mmol L⁻¹.

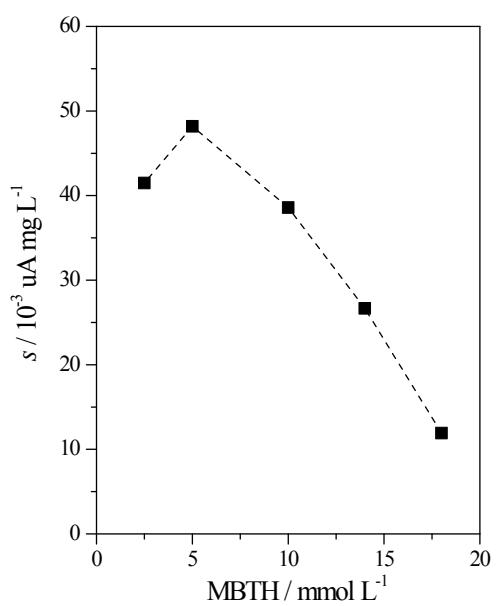


Fig. S4. Evaluation of MBTH concentration. Condition: Fe(III) 0.5% (m/v) and H₂SO₄ at 0.25 mol L⁻¹.

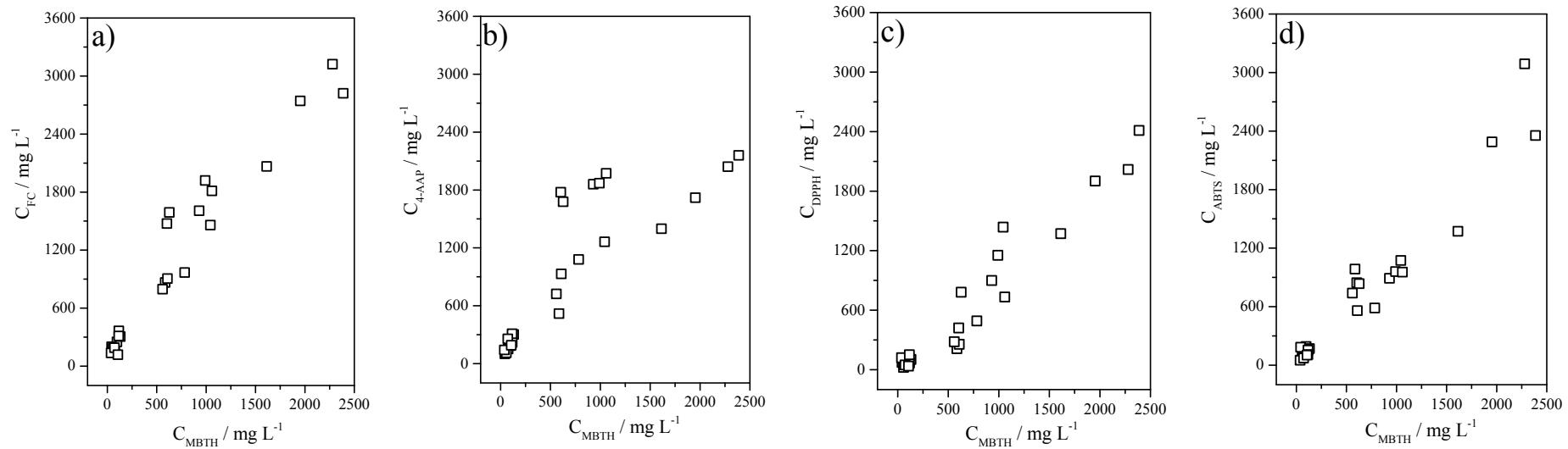


Fig. S5 Linear correlation of the phenolic total concentration ($\text{GA}, \text{g L}^{-1}$) in the samples ($n = 24$) analyzed by different methods in relation to the proposed method: a) MBTH vs FC b) MBTH vs 4-AAP c) MBTH vs DPPH d) MBTH vs ABTS.

Table**Table S1**

Standard reduction potentials in aqueous solutions for Fe(III) and Ce(IV) in different acids.

Half-reaction	Potential (V)	Acid (1 mol L ⁻¹)
	0.77	-
Fe(III) + e ⁻ ⇌ Fe(II)	0.70*	HCl
	0.68*	H ₂ SO ₄
Ce(IV) + e ⁻ ⇌ Ce(III)	1.28*	HCl
	1.44*	H ₂ SO ₄

*formal electrode potential.