Supplementary Material

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3 A terpyridine-based test strip for detection of Hg2+ in

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various water samples and drinks

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1 EXPERIMENTAL SECTION

2 Materials and instruments

3 All chemical regents and solvents, unless otherwise noted, were purchased from commercial suppliers and used as received without further purification. Aqueous 4 solutions $(1.0 \times 10^{-2} \text{ M})$ of Hg²⁺ was prepared from its bromate salt, and the other metal 5 ions were prepared from their nitrate salts, an aqueous solution of TPI $(1.0 \times 10^{-5} \text{ M})$ 6 was prepared(1% DMSO served as co-solvent), respectively. ¹H NMR spectra (400 7 MHz, 600 MHz) and ¹³C NMR spectra (100 MHz)were recorded on Bruker Avance 8 with deuterated acetone, DMSO, chloroform or methyl alcohol solvent, and 9 tetramethylsilane (TMS) as the internal standard, respectively. All coupling constants 10 (J) are given in Hz, δ values are reported in parts per million. Mass spectra were 11 obtained on a Thermo Fisher Scientific LTO-Orbitrap mass spectrometer. IR spectra 12 were collected on Nicolet FT-IR NEXUS 870 spectrometer by KBr pellet method, in 13 the region of 4000-400 cm⁻¹. Ultraviolet-visible (UV-vis) spectra were taken on a UV-14 265 spectrophotometer. Fluorescence spectra were recorded on a Hitachi F-7000 15 fluorescence spectrophotometer. 16



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Fig. S1. ¹H NMR (400MHz) spectrum of M1 (in Acetone- d_6)

















- 1 Fig. S10. Absorbance spectra of TPI (10 μ M) in aqueous medium upon addition of
- 2 1.0 equiv. of different metal ions.





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6 Fig. S14. Absorbance spectra of TPI (10 μ M) in CHCl₃ upon addition of 1.0 equiv. of 7 Hg²⁺.



2 Fig. S15. Fluorescence spectra of TPI (10 μ M) in CHCl₃ upon addition of 1.0 equiv.

3 of Hg²⁺.Inset: color of **TPI** and **TPI-Hg²⁺** under UV lamp at 365 nm.