Electronic Supplementary information

## Development of Highly Selective Potentiometric Thorium (IV) Ion-selective Electrode: Exploration Supported with Optical and DFT Analysis

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## **ESI** Captions

Figure 1S: <sup>1</sup>H NMR of HQ-Al

Figure 2S: <sup>13</sup>C NMR of HQ-Al

Figure 3S: Mass spectra of HQ-Al

Figure 4S: <sup>1</sup>H NMR of HQ-OH

Figure 5S: <sup>13</sup>C NMR of HQ-OH

Figure 6S: Mass spectra of HQ-OH

Figure 7S: <sup>1</sup>H NMR of HQ-MeCl

Figure 8S: <sup>13</sup>C NMR of HQ-MeCl

Figure 9S: Mass spectra of HQ-MeCl

Figure 10S: FT-IR spectra of L

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Figure 12S: <sup>31</sup>P NMR spectra of L

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Figure 17S: Potentiometric titration plot represented using Gran's method

**Table 1S.** Comparison of experimental and theoretical UV-Vis spectral characteristics**Table 2S.** Analytical performance of ISE-10

**Table 3S.** Assessment of present Th<sup>4+</sup>-ISE with previously reported work.



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Figure 16S. TDDFT based excitation spectra of L and L<sub>2</sub>Th<sup>4+</sup>



Figure 17S: Potentiometric titration plot represented using Gran's method

Ligand and its complex	Exp	erimental	Theoretical					
	$\lambda_{max}$ (nm)	ε (L M <sup>-1</sup> cm <sup>-1</sup> )	Excitation energy (nm)	Oscillator strength	Excited state	Key transitions		
L	245	10850	242.15	0.6495	$S0 \rightarrow S5$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{H-1} \to \text{L} \ (37\%), \\ \text{H} \to \text{L+2} \ (19\%), \\ \text{H} \to \text{L+3} \ (10\%), \end{array}$		
	310	540	341.34	0.0298	$S0 \rightarrow S1$	$H \rightarrow L (96\%)$		
L <sub>2</sub> Th <sup>4+</sup>	260	5539	249.5 248.53	0.2493 0.2377	$\begin{array}{c} So \rightarrow S25\\ So \rightarrow S26 \end{array}$	$H-3 \rightarrow L (20\%), H \rightarrow L+11 (20\%)$		
	370	290	392.38	0.0699	$S0 \rightarrow S1$	$H \rightarrow L (43\%),$ $H \rightarrow L+1 (28\%)$ $H-1 \rightarrow L+1 (20\%)$		

Table 1S. Comparison of experimental and theoretical UV-Vis spectral characteristics

Samula	Thorium (IV) content (mg/L)					Deviation	Error	T-test	P value	95%CI
Sample	Added	R1	R2	R3	Mean	(SD)	(SE)		from t test	
Tap water	50	48.75	48.24	49.45	48.81	0.6074	0.3507	-3.3834	0.07735	[47.3042, 50.3224]
well water	50	47.65	48.57	46.57	47.60	1.0010	0.5779	-4.1583	0.05326	[45.1098, 50.0834]
DD water	50	49.52	49.14	49.57	49.41	0.23515	0.1357	-4.3456	0.04909	[48.8258, 49.9941]
Monazite sand	86.2	84.56	83.98	85.35	84.63	0.6876	0.3970	-3.9544	0.0584	[82.9217, 86.3382]
Gas mantle sample	24.1	21.58	23.45	23.89	22.97	1.2265	0.7081	-1.591	0.25626	[19.9264, 26.0202]

 Table 2S.Analytical performance of ISE-10

S.No	Ionophore	Range (Mol) To 1x10 <sup>-1</sup> M	Slope (mV)	Response time (s)	Detection Limit (Mol)	Life time	pH Range
1	p-tert- butylthiacalix[4]arene derivative[20]	8.0 x 10 <sup>-8</sup>	14.9 ±0.6	7	8.0 x10 <sup>-8</sup>	6	2.0-9.0
2	Thorium 8- hydroxyquinolate[21]	5.0 ×10-6	15.5 ±0.5	30	1.6 x10 <sup>-6</sup>	2	3.0 - 5.0
3	Tin(IV) tungstoselenate Pyridine[22]	8.0 x 10 <sup>-6</sup>	$14.2 \pm 1.0$	15	6.0 x10 <sup>-6</sup>	***	2.5 - 9.0
4	5,11,17,23-Tetra-tert- butyl-25,26,27,28-tetrakis (diphenylphosphinoylmeth oxy) calix[4]arene[23]	1.0 x 10 <sup>-5</sup>	15.5 ±0.1	15	7.9 x10 <sup>-6</sup>	6	2.3 - 4.0
5	dithio-tetraaza macrocyclic compound [24]	1.0 x 10 <sup>-6</sup>	$14.2 \pm 0.3$	10	8.0 ×10 <sup>-7</sup>	5	3.5 - 9.5
6	2- (diphenylphosphorothioyl) -N',N'- diphenyl acetamide[25]	1.0 x 10 <sup>-6</sup>	$15.2 \pm 0.5$	30	6.3 x10 <sup>-7</sup>	1.5	3.0-9.0
7	Aliquat-336[41]	3.0 x 10 <sup>-5</sup>	$-29.5 \pm 0.3$	40	1 x10 <sup>-5</sup>	***	***
8	trioctylphosphine oxide [26]	1.0 x 10 <sup>-6</sup>	-32.3 ±0.3	10	3.2 x10 <sup>-6</sup>	2.4	2.5 - 4.5
9	thorium toluate [27]	1.0 x 10 <sup>-6</sup>	$-27.2 \pm 0.2$	10	4.1 x10 <sup>-6</sup>	2.4	2.7 - 3.5
10	diphosphoryl- dicarboxylicacid-p-tert- butylcalix[4]arene [28]	2.0 x 10 <sup>-7</sup>	13.9	10	9.0 x10 <sup>-8</sup>	1.9	3.1 - 6.5
11	Bibutyl (8- hydroxyquinolin-2-yl) methyl phosphonate ( <i>Present work</i> )	1 x 10 <sup>-7</sup>	31.18 ±0.4	<5	1 x10 <sup>-8</sup>	3	3.5 - 6.5

**Table 3S.**Assessment of present Th<sup>4+</sup>-ISE with previously reported work.