SUPPORTING INFORMATIONS

Assembled anti-adhesion polypropylene mesh with self-fixable and degradable in situ mussel-inspired hydrogel coating for abdominal wall defect repair

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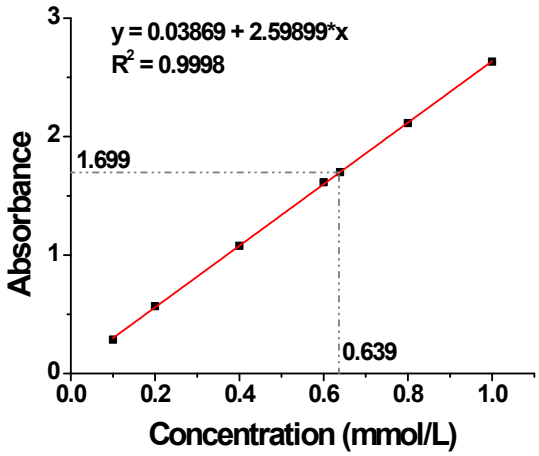

Figure S1. Standard curve was fitted for calculating catechol content.

The difference concentration dopamine solution (0.1, 0.2, 0.4, 0.6, 0.8 and 1.0 mmol L^{-1}) was prepared. Then standard curve was fitted for calculating dopamine content (mole ratio). 0.1082 g OCMC-DA was weighted accurately and dissolved in 100 mL water completely. The absorbance of OCMC-DA was determined. Subsequently, the content of grafting was calculated as follow equation.

$$\text{Content (\%)} = C \times V \times 189.64 / W$$

Where C, V and W are the concentration of catechol group, total volume, and weight of samples, respectively. The 189.64 is mole mass of dopamine.

Table S1. Adhesion score system

score	Area	Adhesion grading by resistance to lysis
0	None	No significant adhesions
1	≤ 25%	Thin, narrow, and easily detachable adhesions
2	≥ 25%, and ≤ 50%	Thick adhesions limited to one area
3	≥ 50%	Thick and broad adhesions
4	--	Thick and broad adhesions, involving the anterior or posterior abdominal wall, and the viscera