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Supporting Information

for

N-Heterocyclic carbene-based ruthenium—hydride catalysts for the synthesis of unsymmetrically functionalized double-decker silsesquioxanes

Patrycja Żak, a,* Lionel Delaude, b Beata Dudziec a and Bogdan Marciniec a,c,*

^a Department of Organometallic Chemistry, Faculty of Chemistry, Adam Mickiewicz University in Poznan, Umultowska 89b, 61-614 Poznan, Poland

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^b Laboratory of Organometallic Chemistry and Homogeneous Catalysis, Institut de Chimie (B6a), Allée du six Août 13, Quartier Agora, Université de Liège, 4000 Liège, Belgium

^c Centre for Advanced Technologies, Adam Mickiewicz University in Poznan, Umultowska 89c, 61-614 Poznan, Poland

1. Materials and methods

All the syntheses and catalytic tests were carried out under a dry argon atmosphere using standard Schlenk-line and vacuum techniques. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker Ultrashield 300 spectrometer operating at 300 and 100.63 MHz, respectively. ³¹P NMR spectra were recorded on a Mercury 300 spectrometer operating at 121.5 MHz. ²⁹Si NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker Ascend 400 Nanobay spectrometer operating at 79.50 MHz. High-resolution mass spectroscopy was performed using a Waters Synapt G2-S HDMS mass spectrometer equipped with an electrospray ion source and a quadrupole-timeof-flight mass analyzer with the resolving power FWHM 38000 using methanol as the solvent. The capillary voltage was set to 4.5 kV, the sampling was set at 40 and the source temperature was 120 °C. In the ESI-MS spectra, the sodiated ion was observed as the most abundant ion. Additionally, protonated ions and cluster ions with methanol were present in all the spectra with various intensities. GC analyses were carried out on a Varian CP-3800 instrument equipped with a Rtx-5 column (30 m length, 0.53 mm internal diameter) and a thermal conductivity detector (TCD). GC/MS analyses were performed on a Varian Saturn 2100T instrument equipped with a DB-5 capillary column (30 m length) and an ion trap detector. Fourier-transform infrared spectra were recorded on a Bruker Tensor 27 spectrophotometer equipped with a SPECAC Golden Gate, diamond ATR unit. In all cases, 16 scans at a resolution of 2 cm⁻¹ were recorded. Thin layer chromatography was performed on plates coated with 250 mm thick silica gel. Column chromatography was performed on silica gel 60 (70–230 mesh) using *n*-hexane/dichloromethane as eluent.

Dichloromethane, acetone, tetrahydrofuran, ethanol, methanol, propanol, chloroform-d, benzene- d_6 , styrene, 4-chlorostyrene, 4-bromostyrene, 4-methoxystyrene, 4-(trifluoromethyl)styrene, 4-methylstyrene, potassium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide (KHMDS), tricyclohexylphosphine, calcium hydride, 1,5-cyclooctadiene, decane, dodecane, ethyl vinyl ether, vinyloxytrimethylsilane, 2,6-diisopropylaniline, paraformaldehyde, 2,4,6-trimethylaniline, glyoxal (40 wt. % solution in water), ethyl acetate, zinc chloride, sodium chloride, hydrochloric acid, sodium tetrafluoroborate, formic acid, triethyl orthoformate, chlorotrimethylsilane, anhydrous magnesium sulfate, copper(I) chloride and 4Å molecular sieves were purchased from Aldrich. Triethylamine and silica gel 60 were obtained from Fluka. Vinylmethyldichlorosilane was purchased from ABCR. Tetrasilanol POSS (DDSQ-4OH) was obtained from Hybrid Plastics. n-Hexane and toluene were purchased from Chempur. The Grubbs first generation benzylidene catalyst was supplied by Apeiron Synthesis. Ruthenium(III) chloride hydrate came from Lancaster. 1,3-bis(2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)imidazolium chloride (IMes•HCl), 1,3-bis(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)imidazolium chloride (IDip•HCl), 1,3-bis(2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)imidazolinium chloride (SIMes•HCl), and 1,3-bis-(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)imidazolinium chloride (SIDip•HCl) were prepared according to published procedures. 1-3 The [RuHCl(CO)(PCy₃)₂] complex and divinyl-substituted doubledecker silsesquioxanes (DDSQ-2Vi) **1A-C**⁵ were synthesized according to literature. All the solvents (except tetrahydrofuran) were dried over CaH₂ prior to use and stored under argon over 4Å molecular sieves. Dichloromethane (DCM) was additionally passed through a column filled with alumina and after that it was degassed by repeated freeze-pump-thaw cycles. Tetrahydrofuran (THF) was dried over sodium benzophenone ketyl and freshly distilled prior to use.

2. Synthesis and characterization of ruthenium-hydride complexes I-IV

2.1. Method A: from [RuHCl(CO)(PCy₃)₂]

A 25 mL high-pressure Schlenk vessel equipped with a magnetic stirring bar and connected to gas and vacuum lines was charged with an imidazol(in)ium salt (5.84×10^{-4} mol, 1 equiv.), potassium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide (128 mg, 6.43×10^{-4} mol, 1.1 equiv.) and dry toluene (5 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. The [RuHCl(CO)(PCy₃)₂] complex (424 mg, 5.84×10^{-4} mol, 1 equiv.) was then added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 24 h at 120 °C. After this time, the reaction mixture was filtered on a pad of Celite and the pad was rinsed with toluene. The solvent was evaporated under vacuum. Cold ethanol was added to the residue to afford a yellow-orange precipitate. The precipitate was filtered off and dried under vacuum.

2.2. Method B: from [RuCl₂(=CHPh)(NHC)(PCy₃)]

A 25 mL high-pressure Schlenk vessel equipped with a magnetic stirring bar and connected to gas and vacuum lines was charged with $[RuCl_2(=CHPh)(NHC)(PCy_3)]$ (1.77 × 10^{-4} mol, 1 equiv.), ethyl vinyl ether or vinyloxytrimethylsilane (1.77 × 10^{-2} mol, 100 equiv.) and dry toluene (5 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at 50 °C for 1 h and at 120 °C for an additional hour when ethyl vinyl ether was used. After this time, the solvent was evaporated under vacuum. Cold ethanol was added to the residue to afford a yellow-orange precipitate. The precipitate was filtered off and dried under vacuum.

COMPlex I	Yellow-orange solid (85% isolated yield); 1 H NMR (C_6D_6 , δ , ppm): -24.90 (d, 1 H, J_{HH} = 21.3 Hz, Ru- H), 2.13 (s, 6 H, p - CH_3), 1.09 $-$ 1.89, 2.20 $-$ 2.22 (m, 33H, Cy), 2.55 $-$ 2.67 (br s, 12H, o - CH_3), 3.25 (s, 4H, NC H_2), 6.81 (s, 2H, m - CH), 6.85 (s, 2H, m - CH); 13 C NMR (C_6D_6 , δ , ppm): 19.3, 21.1, 26.9, 28.0, 28.1, 29.9, 30.8, 34.3 (d, J = 17.7 Hz), 50.9 (d, J = 3.8 Hz), 126.9, 128.5, 128.9, 129.5, 137.5, 202.0 (d, J = 13.0 Hz), 217.9 (d, J = 89.0 Hz); 31 P NMR (C_6D_6 , δ , ppm): 46.80 (s, P Cy $_3$). These spectroscopic data matched those reported in the literature.
Complex II	Yellow-orange solid (78% isolated yield); 1 H NMR ($C_{6}D_{6}$, δ , ppm): -24.82 (d, 1H, J_{HH} = 21.3 Hz, Ru- H), 2.12 (s, 6H, p - CH_{3}), 1.14 $-$ 2.21 (m, 33H, Cy), 2.38 (s, 6H, o - CH_{3}), 2.49 (s, 6H, o - CH_{3}), 6.22 (s, 2H, NC H = CH N), 6.79 (s, 2H, m - CH), 6.83 (s, 2H, m - CH); 31 P NMR ($C_{6}D_{6}$, δ , ppm): 47.80 (s, P Cy ₃). These spectroscopic data matched those reported in the literature. 6
Complex III	Yellow-orange solid (75% isolated yield); 1 H NMR (CD ₂ Cl ₂ , δ , ppm): -24.35 (d, 1H, J_{HH} = 21 Hz, Ru- H), 1.03-1.68 (m, 33H, PCy ₃), 1.26 (d, 6H, J_{HH} = 7.0 Hz, CH(C H_3) ₂), 1.29 (d, 6H, J_{HH} = 7.0 Hz, CH(C H_3) ₂), 1.38 (d, 6H, J_{HH} = 6.5 Hz, CH(C H_3) ₂), 1.44 (d, 6H, J_{HH} = 6.5 Hz, CH(C H_3) ₂), 1.95 $-$ 2.02 (m, 4H, NC H_2), 3.58 (sept, 2H, J_{HH} = 6.5 Hz, CH(CH ₃) ₂), 3.70 (sept, 2H, J_{HH} = 6.5 Hz, CH(CH ₃) ₂), 7.24 $-$ 7.27 (m, 4H, m -C H $^{\text{Im}}$), 7.36 (t, 2H, J_{HH} = 7.0 Hz, p -C H $^{\text{Im}}$); 13 C NMR (CD ₂ Cl ₂ , δ , ppm): 23.28, 23.36, 26.69, 26.82, 26.85, 27.85, 27.87, 27.94, 28.82, 28.85, 29.61, 30.33, 34.20, 34.35, 124.07, 128.93, 136.04, 148.33, 210.2 (d, J = 14.3 Hz, Ru- C O), 212.4 (d, J = 82.3 Hz; Ru- C N ₂); 31 P NMR (CD ₂ Cl ₂ , δ , ppm): 47.04 (s, P Cy ₃). These spectroscopic data matched those reported in the literature. 6
Complex IV	Yellow-orange solid (88% isolated yield); 1 H NMR ($C_{6}D_{6}$, δ , ppm): -24.74 (d, 1H, J_{HH} = 21 Hz, Ru- H), 1.05-1.69 (m, 33H, PCy ₃), 1.28 (d, 6H, J_{HH} = 7.0 Hz, CH(C_{3}) ₂), 1.30 (d, 6H, J_{HH} = 7.0 Hz, CH(C_{3}) ₂), 1.37 (d, 6H, J_{HH} = 6.5 Hz, CH(C_{3}) ₂), 1.46 (d, 6H, J_{HH} = 6.5 Hz, CH(C_{3}) ₂), 3.59 (sept, 2H, J_{HH} = 6.5 Hz, CH(C_{3}) ₂), 3.72 (sept, 2H, J_{HH} = 6.5 Hz, C_{3} H(C_{3}) ₂), 6.24 (s, 2H, NC $_{3}$ H= C_{4} HN), 7.23 – 7.27 (m, 4H, C_{4} HH), 7.38 (t, 2H, C_{4} HH) = 7.0 Hz, C_{4} HH); C_{5} P NMR (C_{6} D ₆ , C_{5} , ppm): 47.71 (s, C_{5} Cy ₃). These spectroscopic data matched those reported in the literature.

3. General procedures for the catalytic tests

3.1. Silylative coupling of ViSi(OSiMe₃)₃ with styrene

An oven-dried 5 mL glass reactor equipped with a reflux condenser and a magnetic stirring bar was charged under argon with CH_2Cl_2 (2 mL), tris(trimethylsiloxy)silane (30 μ L, 8.62 \times 10⁻⁵ mol), dodecane (20 μ L) and styrene (10 μ L, 8.62 \times 10⁻⁵ mol). The reaction mixture was stirred and heated in an oil bath to maintain a gentle reflux (ca. 45 °C). Then a ruthenium—hydride complex (I-IV) (8.62 \times 10⁻⁷ mol) was added to the mixture under argon. After 5 min, copper(I) chloride (0.0004 g, 4.31 \times 10⁻⁶ mol) was added. The reaction mixture was heated under reflux for 24 h. Conversion of the substrates was monitored by gas chromatography. Reaction yields and selectivities were calculated on the basis of the ¹H NMR spectra of the reaction mixture.

3.2. Silylative coupling of DDSQ-2ViSiMe (1A) with 4-chlorostyrene (2d)

A 5 mL glass reactor equipped with a reflux condenser and connected to gas and vacuum lines was charged under argon with CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL), DDSQ-2ViSiMe (**1A**) (0.1 g, 8.29 × 10^{-5} mol), dodecane (20 µL) and 4-chlorostyrene (10 µL, 8.29 × 10^{-5} mol). The mixture was warmed up to 45 °C in an oil bath and ruthenium–hydride complex **III** (0.0007 g, 8.29 × 10^{-7} mol) was added to the mixture under argon. After 5 min, copper(I) chloride (0.0004 g, 4.14 × 10^{-6} mol) was added. The reaction mixture was heated under reflux until full conversion of 4-chlorostyrene was detected by TLC (8 h). Reaction yield and selectivity were calculated on the basis of the ¹H NMR spectra of the reaction mixture.

3.3. Silylative coupling of DDSQ-2ViSi (1A-C) with styrenes

A 5 mL glass reactor equipped with a reflux condenser and connected to gas and vacuum lines was charged under argon with CH_2Cl_2 (2 mL), DDSQ-2ViSi (1A-C) (8.29 × 10^{-5} mol), an internal standard (decane or dodecane, 20 μ L) and styrene (2a-e) (8.29 × 10^{-5} mol). The mixture was warmed up to 45 °C in an oil bath and ruthenium–hydride complex III (0.0007 g, 8.29 × 10^{-7} mol) was added to the mixture under argon. After 5 min, copper(I) chloride (0.0004 g, 4.14 × 10^{-6} mol) was added. The reaction mixture was heated under reflux until full conversion of styrene (2a-e) was detected by TLC. Then the second type of styrene (3a-e) (8.29 × 10^{-5} mol) was added and the reaction was resumed. Conversion of the styrene (3a-e) was monitored by TLC. Reaction yields and selectivities were calculated on the basis of the 1 H NMR spectra of the reaction mixture.

4. Synthesis of symmetrically functionalized divinylsilsesquioxanes (4A-a-a and 4A-e-e)

A 5 mL glass reactor equipped with a reflux condenser and connected to gas and vacuum lines was charged under argon with CH_2Cl_2 (3 mL), DDSQ-2ViSi (1A) (1.24 × 10^{-4} mol) and styrene (2a) or 4-methoxystyrene (2e) (2.48 × 10^{-4} mol). The mixture was warmed to 45 °C in an oil bath and ruthenium—hydride complex III (0.0010 g, 1.24×10^{-6} mol) was added to the mixture under argon. After 5 min, copper(I) chloride (0.0006 g, 6.2×10^{-6} mol) was added. The reaction mixture was heated under reflux for 8 h. Then the solvent was evaporated under vacuum and cold *n*-hexane (5 mL) was added to the residue to form a colorless precipitate. The precipitate was filtered off and purified by column chromatography (silica gel 60, *n*-hexane/ $CH_2Cl_2 = 1/5$) to remove ruthenium complexes. Evaporation of the solvent gave an analytically pure sample (white powder).

5. General procedure for the synthesis of unsymmetrically functionalized divinylsilsesquioxanes

A 25 mL two-necked glass reactor equipped with a reflux condenser and connected to gas and vacuum lines was charged under argon with DDSQ-2ViSi (1A-C) (2.9 \times 10⁻⁴ mol) and styrene (2a-e) (2.9 \times 10⁻⁴ mol) and CH₂Cl₂ (6 mL). The mixture was warmed up to 45 °C in an

oil bath and ruthenium–hydride complex **III** (0.0024 g, 2.9×10^{-6} mol) was added to the mixture under argon. After 5 min, copper(I) chloride (0.0014 g, 1.45×10^{-5} mol) was added. The reaction mixture was heated under reflux until full conversion of styrene (**2a-e**) was detected by TLC. Then the second type of styrene (**3a-e**) (2.9×10^{-4} mol) was added and the catalytic system was left for night. Then the solvent was evaporated under vacuum and cold n-hexane (2 mL) was added to the residue to form a colorless precipitate. The precipitate was filtered off and purified by column chromatography (silica gel 60, n-hexane/CH₂Cl₂ = 1/5) to remove the ruthenium impurities. Evaporation of the solvent gave an analytically pure sample (white powder).

6. Analytical data of isolated products

9-(E)-4-Chlorostyrylmethyl-19-(E)-vinylmethyl-1,3,5,7,11,13,15,17-octaphenylpentacyclo- $[11.7.1.1^{3,11}.1^{5,17}.1^{7,15}]$ decasiloxane

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): 0.38 (s, 3H, C H_3), 0.44 (s, 3H, C H_3), 5.78 – 6.33 (m, 3H, H_2 C=CH-Si), 6.45 (d, 2H, J_{HH} = 19.3 Hz, =CH-Si), 6.89-7.23 and 7.29-7.63 (m, 45H, =CH-C₆ H_4 -Cl and C₆ H_5)

$Di[9,19-(E)-styrylmethyl]-1,3,5,7,11,13,15,17-octaphenylpentacyclo-[11.7.1.1^{3,11}.1^{5,17}.1^{7,15}]-decasiloxane (4A-a-a)$

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): 0.439-0.445 (overlapping s, 6H, CH_3), 6.44 (d, 2H, J_{HH} = 19.3 Hz, =CH-Si), 7.12 (d, 2, J_{HH} = 19.3 Hz, =CH-C₆H₅), 6.89-7.6 (m, 50H, C₆H₅-); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): -0.79 (CH_3), 123.94, 126.78, 127.52 (t, J = 7.9 Hz), 127.77, 128.38 (d, J = 1.7 Hz), 130.11, 130.21, 130.3, 130.34, 130.54, 130.79, 131.93, 133.94, 134.08, 137.50, 146.59; ²⁹Si NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): -30.17, -78.30, -79.15, -79.51, -79.84; MS (FD): m/z (%): 1379.16 (79), 1380.16 (100), 1381.16 (89), 1382.16 (52), 1383.16 (28); HRMS (FD): calcd. for $C_{66}H_{60}O_{14}Si_{10}Na$: 1379.1574; found: 1379.1569.

Di[9,19-(E)-4-methoxystyrylmethyl]-1,3,5,7,11,13,15,17-octaphenylpentacyclo-[11.7.1.1^{3,11}.1^{5,17}.1^{7,15}|decasiloxane (4A-e-e)

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): 0.43 (s, 6H, CH_3), 3.81 (s, 6H, OCH_3), 6.27 (d, 2H, J_{HH} = 19.2 Hz, =CH-Si), 6.68 – 6.80 (m, 4H, -C₆H₄-OCH₃), 6.90 – 7.25 (m, 18H, =CH-C₆H₄-OCH₃ and C₆H₅-), 7.27 – 7.72 (m, 28H, C₆H₅-); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): -0.71 (CH_3), 55.33 (OCH_3), 113.78, 121.27, 127.55 (t, J = 7.0 Hz), 127.79, 128.15, 130.12, 130.22, 130.33, 130.61, 130.73, 130.94, 131.14, 132.07, 134.01, 134.12, 134.15, 146.09, 159.88; ²⁹Si NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): -29.82, -78.36, -79.25, -79.57, -79.88.

9-(E)-4-Bromostyrylmethyl-19-(E)-styrylmethyl-1,3,5,7,11,13,15,17-octaphenylpentacyclo-[11.7.1.1^{3,11}.1^{5,17}.1^{7,15}]decasiloxane (4A-a-c)

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): 0.45 (s, 6H, C H_3), 6.42 (d, 1H, J_{HH} = 19.2 Hz, =CH-Si), 6.46 (d, 1H, J_{HH} = 19.2 Hz, =CH-Si), 6.89 – 7.65 (m, 51H, =CH-C₆ H_5 , =CH-C₆ H_4 -Br and C₆ H_5); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): -0.80 (CH_3), -0.74 (CH_3), 122.28, 122.31, 122.32, 122.33, 123.97, 124.02, 125.02, 125.06, 126.84, 127.50, 127.53, 127.58, 127.59, 127.62, 127.63, 127.66, 127.72, 127.83, 127.86, 127.90, 128.29, 128.42, 128.44, 129.76, 130.26, 130.29, 130.39, 130.41, 130.45, 130.47, 130.59, 130.62, 130.79 (d, J = 3.6 Hz), 130.85 (d, J = 3.6 Hz), 131.04, 131.10, 131.49, 131.51, 131.85, 131.91, 131.95, 132.00, 133.98 (d, J = 1.5 Hz), 134.00 (d, J = 1.5 Hz), 134.08, 134.11, 134.14, 134.22, 134.23, 136.50 (d, J = 2.3 Hz), 137.58 (d, J = 2.3 Hz), 145.26, 145.27, 146.67, 165.42, 165.46; ²⁹Si NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): -29.80, -30.19, -78.31, -78.35, -79.52, -79.56; MS (FD): m/z(%): 1456.11 (11), 1457.06 (47), 1458.07 (62), 1459.07 (100), 1460.07 (91), 1461.07 (68), 1462.07 (40), 1463.07 (29), 1464.07 (11); HRMS (FD): calcd. for C₆₆H₅₉BrO₁₄NaSi₁₀: 1457.0679; found: 1457.0704.

9-(E)-4-Methoxystyrylmethyl-19-(E)-styrylmethyl-1,3,5,7,11,13,15,17-octaphenylpentacyclo $[11.7.1.1^{3,11}.1^{5,17}.1^{7,15}]$ decasiloxane (4A-a-e)

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): 0.42 – 0.47 (overlapping s, 6H, CH_3), 3.83 (s, 3H, OCH_3), 6.28 (d, 1H, J_{HH} = 19.2 Hz, =CH-Si), 6.46 (d, 1H, J_{HH} = 19.3 Hz, =CH-Si), 6.76 (d, 2H, J_{HH} = 8.5 Hz, - C_6H_4 -OCH₃), 6.71 – 7.79 (m, 49H, =CH- C_6H_5 , =CH- C_6H_4 -OCH₃ and C_6H_5); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): -0.75 (CH_3), -0.71 (CH_3), -55.33 (O CH_3), 113.79, 121.26, 124.02, 126.84, 127.50, 127.57, 127.64, 127.80, 127.82, 128.16, 128.44, 130.14, 130.24, 130.35, 130.38, 130.62, 130.68, 130.74, 130.88 (d, J = 2.4 Hz), 130.94 (d, J = 2.4 Hz), 131.13, 132.01 (d, J = 1.7 Hz), 132.08 (d, J = 1.7 Hz), 134.02, 134.14, 134.16, 137.59, 146.10, 146.66, 159.90; ²⁹Si NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): -30.12, -30.18, -30.47, -30.52, -78.28, -78.30, -79.48, -79.51, -79.55, -79.58; MS (FD): m/z (%): 1409.17 (82), 1410.16 (100), 1411.17 (99), 1412.17 (62), 1413.17 (33), 1414.16 (18), 1415.16 (11), 1417.19 (13); HRMS (FD): calcd. for $C_{67}H_{62}O_{16}NaSi_{10}$: 1409.1679; found: 1409.1667.

9-(E)-4-Methylstyrylmethyl-19-(E)-4-methoxystyrylmethyl-1,3,5,7,11,13,15,17-octaphenyl-pentacyclo $[11.7.1.1^{3,11}.1^{5,17}.1^{7,15}]$ decasiloxane (4A-b-e)

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): 0.45 (s, 6H, C H_3), 2.36 (s, 3H, -C₆H₄-C H_3), 3.83 (s, 3H, OC H_3), 6.29 (d, 1H, J_{HH} = 19.2 Hz, =CH-Si), 6.39 (d, 1H, J_{HH} = 19.1 Hz, =CH-Si), 6.76 (d, 2H, J_{HH} = 8.4 Hz, -C₆ H_4 -), 6.77 (d, 2H, J_{HH} = 8.6 Hz, -C₆ H_4 -), 6.91 – 7.82 (m, 46H, =CH-C₆ H_4 -OCH₃, =CH-C₆ H_4 -CH₃ and C₆ H_5); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): -0.71 (br s, CH₃), 21.30 (-C₆H₄-CH₃), 55.34 (OCH₃), 113.79, 121.28, 122.69, 126.79, 127.50, 127.57, 127.65, 127.68, 127.81, 128.17, 129.13, 130.14, 130.24, 130.35, 130.63, 130.93, 130.96, 131.16, 132.06, 132.09, 134.03, 134.07, 134.95, 138.38, 146.11, 146.60, 159.91; ²⁹Si NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): -29.80, -29.95, -78.33 (br s), -79.54 (br s); MS (FD): m/z(%): 1423.18 (81), 1424.17 (100), 1425.18 (89), 1426.18 (62), 1427.18

(31), 1428.18 (18), 1429.17 (10); HRMS (FD): calcd. for $C_{68}H_{64}O_{15}NaSi_{10}$: 1423.1711; found: 1423.1782.

9-(E)-4-Bromostyrylmethyl-19-(E)-4-methoxystyrylmethyl-1,3,5,7,11,13,15,17-octaphenyl-pentacyclo $[11.7.1.1^{3,11}.1^{5,17}.1^{7,15}]$ decasiloxane (4A-c-e)

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): 0.44 – 0.48 (overlapping s, 6H, C H_3), 3.84 (s, 3H, OC H_3), 6.30 (d, 1H, J_{HH} = 19.3 Hz, =CH-Si), 6.47 (d, 1H, J_{HH} = 19.2 Hz, =CH-Si), 6.78 (d, 2H, J_{HH} = 8.7 Hz, -C₆ H_4 -), 6.92 (m, 48H, =CH-C₆ H_4 -OCH₃, =CH-C₆ H_4 -Br and C₆ H_5); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): -0.74 (CH_3), -0.72 (CH_3), -55.34 (O CH_3), 113.79, 121.27, 124.03, 126.84, 127.57 (d, J = 7.4 Hz), 127.64, 127.80, 127.82, 128.16, 128.44, 130.14, 130.24, 130.35, 130.38, 130.62, 130.88 (d, J = 2.5 Hz), 130.94 (d, J = 2.3 Hz), 132.01 (d, J = 1.9 Hz), 132.08 (d, J = 1.8 Hz), 134.02 (br s), 134.15 (d, J = 1.9 Hz), 137.59, 146.11, 146.66, 159.89, 159.90; ²⁹Si NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): -29.81, -30.20, -78.31, -78.35, -79.20, -79.24, -79.63, -79.56, -79.86; MS (FD): m/z(%): 1487.08 (52), 1488.08 (65), 1489.08 (99), 1490.08 (100), 1491.08 (78), 1492.08 (45), 1493.08 (29), 1494.07 (13); HRMS (FD): calcd. for C₆₇H₆₁BrO₁₅NaSi₁₀: 1487.0804; found: 1487.0801.

9-(E)-4-Chlorostyrylmethyl-19-(E)-4-methoxystyrylmethyl-1,3,5,7,11,13,15,17-octaphenyl-pentacyclo $[11.7.1.1^{3,11}.1^{5,17}.1^{7,15}]$ decasiloxane (4A-d-e)

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): 0.45 (s, 6H, C H_3), 3.83 (s, 3H, OC H_3), 6.29 (d, 1H, J_{HH} = 19.5 Hz, =CH-Si), 6.40 (d, 1H, J_{HH} = 19.4 Hz, =CH-Si), 6.77 (d, 2H, J_{HH} = 8.6 Hz, -C₆ H_4 -), 6.92 – 7.82 (m, 48H, =CH-C₆ H_4 -OCH₃, =CH-C₆ H_4 -Cl and C₆ H_5); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): -0.80, -0.72, 55.33, 113.77, 121.20, 121.26, 124.83, 124.88, 127.55, 127.57, 127.58, 127.59, 127.78, 127.79, 127.83, 127.84, 127.98, 128.15, 128.54, 129.74, 130.21, 130.25, 130.33, 130.36, 130.42, 130.45, 130.58, 130.60, 130.86, 130.93, 131.85, 131.92, 132.00, 132.07, 133.97, 134.00, 134.10, 134.14, 136.07, 145.18, 145.20, 146.09, 146.11, 159.89, 159.93, 165.40, 165.44; ²⁹Si NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): -29.75, -29.82, -30.46, -30.53, -78.29, -78.36, -79.53, -79.57, -79.69; MS (FD): m/z(%): 1439.18 (71), 1440.18 (85), 1441.19 (70), 1442.18 (51), 1443.13 (90), 1444.13 (100), 1445.13 (98), 1446.13 (89), 1447.14 (59), 1448.13 (38), 1449.09 (30), 1450.08 (22), 1451.08 (23), 1452.07 (19).

9-(E)-Styrylphenyl-19-(E)-4-methylstyrylphenyl-1,3,5,7,11,13,15,17-octaphenylpentacyclo- $[11.7.1.1^{3,11}.1^{5,17}.1^{7,15}]$ decasiloxane (4B-a-b)

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): 2.35 (s, 3H, C H_3), 6.51 (d, 1H, J_{HH} = 19.2 Hz, =CH-Si), 6.58 (d, 1H, J_{HH} = 19.2 Hz, =CH-Si), 7.00 – 7.84 and 8.07 – 8.29 (m, 61H, =CH-C₆ H_5 , =CH-C₆ H_4 -OCH₃ and C₆ H_5); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): 21.29 (CH_3), 120.96, 122.35, 126.90, 126.95, 127.41, 127.48, 127.56, 127.84 (br s), 128.42, 128.56, 129.11, 129.75, 130.09, 130.16, 130.20, 130.42, 130.44, 130.60, 130.64, 130.65, 130.80, 137.74 (d, J = 1.6 Hz), 131.78 (d, J = 1.6 Hz), 134.07, 134.16, 134.62, 134.63, 134.77, 134.82, 137.46, 138.54, 148.14, 148.18, 165.46; ²⁹Si NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): -44.28, -44.55, -77.99, -78.03, -79.38, -79.39, -79.50; MS (FD): m/z (%):

1517.20 (42), 1518.21 (52), 1519.20 (60), 1520.16 (100), 1521.16 (98), 1522.17 (71), 1523.17 (40), 1524.17 (20), 1525.17 (10); HRMS (FD): calcd. for $C_{77}H_{66}O_{14}NaSi_{10}$: 1517.2043; found: 1517.2041.

9-(E)-Styrylphenyl-19-(E)-4-methoxystyrylphenyl-1,3,5,7,11,13,15,17-octaphenylpentacyclo $[11.7.1.1^{3,11}.1^{5,17}.1^{7,15}]$ decasiloxane (4B-a-e)

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): 3.82 (s, 3H, OC*H*₃), 6.43 (d, 1H, J_{HH} = 19.0 Hz, =C*H*-Si), 6.57 (d, 1H, J_{HH} = 19.0 Hz, =C*H*-Si), 6.75 (d, 2H, J_{HH} = 8.5 Hz, -C₆ H_4 -OCH₃), 6.95 – 7.80 (m, 58H, =C*H*-C₆ H_5 , =C*H*-C₆ H_4 -OCH₃ and C₆ H_5); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): 55.32 (O*C*H₃), 113.77, 119.52, 122.36, 126.95, 127.40, 127.47, 127.48, 127.56, 127.63, 127.71, 127.81, 127.83, 127.85, 127.89, 128.30, 128.41, 128.55, 130.06, 130.15, 130.18, 130.20, 130.40, 130.43, 130.51, 130.60, 130.62, 130.68, 130.74, 130.79, 131.74 (d, J = 2.9 Hz), 131.81 (d, J = 2.9 Hz), 134.06, 134.07, 134.12, 134.15, 134.17, 134.19, 134.21, 134.62, 134.63, 134.85, 134.86, 137.46, 147.60, 148.13, 160.01 (br s); ²⁹Si NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): -43.60, -43.87, -78.09, -78.13, -79.47, -79.50, -79.56; MS (FD): m/z (%): 1533.20 (75), 1534.20 (99), 1435.20 (100), 1536.21(69), 1537.20 (39), 1538.19 (16), 1539.21 (10); HRMS (FD): calcd. for C₇₇H₆₆O₁₅NaSi₁₀: 1533.1992; found: 1533.2014.

9-(E)-4-Bromostyrylphenyl-19-(E)-4-methoxystyrylphenyl-1,3,5,7,11,13,15,17-octaphenyl-pentacyclo $[11.7.1.1^{3,11}.1^{5,17}.1^{7,15}]$ decasiloxane (4B-c-e)

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): 3.82 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 6.40 (d, 1H, J_{HH} = 19.6 Hz, =CH-Si), 6.52 (d, 1H, J_{HH} = 19.7 Hz, =CH-Si), 6.75 (d, 2H, J_{HH} = 7.7 Hz, -C₆H₄-), 6.97 – 7.80 (m, 58H, =CH-C₆H₄-Br, =CH-C₆H₄-OCH₃ and C₆H₅); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): 55.33 (OCH₃), 113.77, 119.46, 119.52, 122.47, 122.49, 123.45, 123.51, 127.40, 127.42, 127.44, 127.49, 127.51, 127.52, 127.55, 127.60, 127.64, 127.66, 127.83, 127.88, 127.89, 127.92, 128.11, 128.31, 128.40, 130.08, 130.09, 130.21, 130.24, 130.28, 130.32, 130.36, 130.41, 130.44, 130.51, 130.54, 130.60, 130.50, 131.52, 131.59, 131.66, 131.74, 131.82, 134.05, 134.07, 134.08, 134.12, 134.13, 134.17, 134.22, 134.83, 134.87, 136.38, 146.66, 147.62, 160.01, 160.04; ²⁹Si NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): -44.05, -44.11, -44.84, -44.90, -77.94, -78.04, -79.39, -79.40 -79.45, -79.48; MS (FD): m/z (%): 1611.10 (49), 1612.10 (60), 1613.11 (99), 1614.10 (100), 1615.10 (77), 1616.11 (48), 1617.11 (25), 1618.12 (12); HRMS (FD): calcd. for C₇₇H₆₅BrO₁₅NaSi₁₀: 1611.1097; found: 1611.1062.

9-(E)-4-Chlorostyrylphenyl-19-(E)-4-methoxystyrylphenyl-1,3,5,7,11,13,15,17-octaphenyl-pentacyclo $[11.7.1.1^{3,11}.1^{5,17}.1^{7,15}]$ decasiloxane (4B-d-e)

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): 3.82 (s, 3H, OC*H*₃), 6.40 (d, 1H, J_{HH} = 19.6 Hz, =C*H*-Si), 6.52 (d, 1H, J_{HH} = 19.7 Hz, =C*H*-Si), 6.75 (d, 2H, J_{HH} = 7.7 Hz, -C₆*H*₄-), 6.95 – 7.80 (m, 58H, =C*H*-C₆*H*₄-Cl, =C*H*-C₆*H*₄-OCH₃ and C₆*H*₅); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): 55.30 (O*C*H₃), 113.77, 119.46, 119.52, 123.25, 123.32, 127.40, 127.42, 127.44, 127.48, 127.51, 127.52, 127.54, 127.56, 127.59,

127.63, 127.64, 127.66, 127.72, 127.76, 127.82, 127.83, 127.87, 127.89, 127.91, 128.11, 128.31, 128.54, 128.56, 129.76, 130.07, 130.09, 130.20, 130.21, 130.24, 130.27, 130.31, 130.33, 130.36, 130.41, 130.44, 130.50, 130.54, 130.60, 130.66, 130.68, 130.74, 130.75, 130.79, 130.80, 131.59, 131.67, 131.74, 131.81, 134.04, 134.05, 134.07, 134.08, 134.12, 134.13, 134.16, 134.17, 134.22, 134.36, 134.82, 134.86, 135.95, 146.61, 147.60, 147.61, 160.00, 160.03; 29 Si NMR (CDCl₃, δ , ppm): -44.06, -44.89, -77.94, -78.05, -79.37, -79.39, -79.42; MS (FD): m/z (%): 1563.21 (46), 1564.21 (59), 1565.20 (65), 1567.16 (71), 1568.16 (90), 1569.16 (100), 1570.16 (89), 1571.16 (59), 1572.16 (40), 1573.12 (45), 1574.11 (34), 1575.12 (30), 1575.12 (19).

9-(E)-4-Methylstyryl-4-methoxyphenyl-19-(E)-styryl-4-methoxyphenyl-1,3,5,7,11,13,15,17-octaphenylpentacyclo $[11.7.1.1^{3,11}.1^{5,17}.1^{7,15}]$ decasiloxane (4C-a-b)

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): 2.35 (s, 3H, CH₃), 3.79 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.80 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 6.51 (d, 1H, J_{HH} = 19.2 Hz, =CH-Si), 6.58 (d, 1H, J_{HH} = 19.2 Hz, =CH-Si), 6.46 – 6.53 and 6.97 – 7.71 (m, 59H, =CH-C₆H₄-OCH₃, =CH-C₆H₄-CH₃ and C₆H₅); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): 21.27 (CH₃), 54.96 (OCH₃), 54.97 (OCH₃), 113.55, 113.85, 121.37, 121.38, 122.75, 122.77, 125.77, 125.78, 125.92, 125.93, 126.88, 126.93, 127.34, 127.35, 127.44 (br s), 127.54 (br s), 127.81, 127.83, 128.40, 128.49, 129.09, 129.75, 130.18, 130.20, 130.37, 130.40, 130.69, 130.70, 130.73, 131.84, 131.86, 131.88, 131.89, 134.07, 134.19, 134.91, 135.83, 137.55, 138.44, 147.86, 147.90, 161.22, 161.27; ²⁹Si NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): -43.60, -43.87, -78.09, -78.13, -79.47, -79.50, -79.56; MS (FD): m/z(%): 1577.23 (71), 1578.22 (100), 1579.22 (98), 1580.19 (90), 1581.19 (78), 1582.18 (60), 1583.18 (40), 1584.19 (20), 1585.18 (10); HRMS (FD): calcd. for C₇₉H₇₀O₁₆NaSi₁₀: 1577.2254; found: 1577.222.

9-(E)-4-Bromostyryl-4-methoxyphenyl-19-(E)-styryl-4-methoxyphenyl-1,3,5,7,11,13,15,17-octaphenylpentacyclo[11.7.1.1 3,11 .1 5,17 .1 7,15]decasiloxane (4C-a-c)

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): 3.79 (s, 6H, OCH₃), 6.53 (d, 1H, J_{HH} = 19.2 Hz, =CH-Si), 6.57 (d, 1H, J_{HH} = 19.2 Hz, =CH-Si), 6.82 (d, 4H, J_{HH} = 8.1 Hz, -C₆H₄-), 6.96 – 7.70 (m, 55H, =CH-C₆H₄-Br, =CH-C₆H₅, -C₆H₄-OCH₃ and C₆H₅); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): 55.33 (OCH₃), 113.77, 113.78, 119.46, 119.52, 123.25, 123.32, 127.40, 127.42, 127.44, 127.48, 127.51, 127.52, 127.54, 127.56, 127.59, 127.63, 127.64, 127.66, 127.72, 127.76, 127.82, 127.83, 127.87, 127.89, 127.91, 128.11, 128.31, 128.54, 128.56, 129.76, 130.07, 130.09, 130.20, 130.21, 130.24, 130.27, 130.31, 130.33, 130.36, 130.41, 130.44, 130.50, 130.54, 130.60, 130.66, 130.68, 130.74, 130.75, 130.79, 130.80, 131.59, 131.67, 131.74, 131.81, 134.04, 134.05, 134.07, 134.08, 134.10, 134.12, 134.13, 134.16, 134.17, 134.22, 134.82, 134.86, 135.95, 135.96, 146.61, 146.62, 147.60, 147.61, 160.00, 160.03; ²⁹Si NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): -43.79, -43.86, -44.15, -44.20, -78.02, -78.07, -79.43, -79.46, -79.49, -79.52; MS (FD): m/z (%): 16.41 (49), 1642.12 (62), 1643.12 (100), 1644.12 (99), 1645.13 (72), 1646.12 (48), 1647.12 (25), 1648.11 (13); HRMS (FD): calcd. for C₇₈H₆₇BrO₁₆NaSi₁₀: 1641.1203; found: 1641.1255.

9-(E)-4-Chlorostyryl-4-methoxyphenyl-19-(E)-styryl-4-methoxyphenyl-1,3,5,7,11,13,15,17-octaphenylpentacyclo[11.7.1. $1^{3,11}$. $1^{5,17}$. $1^{7,15}$]decasiloxane (4C-a-d)

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): 3.79 (s, 6H, OCH₃), 3.82 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 6.39 (d, 1H, J_{HH} = 19.3 Hz, =CH-Si), 6.57 (d, 1H, J_{HH} = 19.3 Hz, =CH-Si), 6.45 – 6.59 and 6.94 – 7.68 (m, 59H, =CH-C₆H₅, =CH-C₆H₄-OCH₃ and C₆H₅); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): 54.98 (OCH₃), 54.99 (OCH₃), 113.56 (d, J = 3.8 Hz), 113.76, 122.70, 122.74, 123.66, 123.71, 125.73, 125.75, 127.37, 127.45, 127.46, 127.48, 127.55, 127.57, 127.60, 127.63, 127.84, 127.86, 128.09, 128.40, 128.53, 128.54, 130.21, 130.23, 130.30, 130.36, 130.41, 130.43, 130.47, 130.49, 130.62, 130.67, 131.71, 131.75, 131.78, 131.83, 134.04, 134.06, 134.17, 134.18, 135.79, 135.82, 137.53, 137.54, 146.32, 146.42, 147.90, 161.27, 161.34; ²⁹Si NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): -43.82, -43.87, -78.04, -78.09, -79.48, -79.51; MS (FD): m/z (%): 1597.17 (65), 1598.17 (88), 1599.17 (100), 1600.18 (72), 1601.17 (52), 1602.18 (38), 1603.17 (18), 1604.16 (11); HRMS (FD): calcd. for C₇₈H₆₇ClO₁₆NaSi₁₀: 1597.1708; found: 1597.1708.

9-(E)-4-Methoxystyryl-4-methoxyphenyl-19-(E)-styryl-4-methoxyphenyl-1,3,5,7,11,13,15,17-octaphenylpentacyclo $[11.7.1.1^{3,11}.1^{5,17}.1^{7,15}]$ decasiloxane (4C-a-e)

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): 3.79 (s, 6H, OCH₃), 3.82 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 6.39 (d, 1H, J_{HH} = 19.3 Hz, =CH-Si), 6.57 (d, 1H, J_{HH} = 19.3 Hz, =CH-Si), 6.70 – 6.81 (m, 6H, -C₆H₄-), 6.94 – 7.68 (m, 53H, =CH-C₆H₅, =CH-C₆H₄-OCH₃, -C₆H₄-OCH₃ and C₆H₅); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): 54.97 (OCH₃), 55.32 (OCH₃), 113.56 (d, J = 3.8 Hz), 113.76, 119.93, 122.76, 125.76, 125.77, 126.93, 127.35, 127.45, 127.55, 127.82 (d, J = 1.9 Hz), 128.27, 128.41, 128.50, 130.19, 130.39 (d, J = 2.9 Hz), 130.58, 130.69 (d, J = 2.3 Hz), 130.75 (d, J = 2.0 Hz), 131.84 (d, J = 1.9 Hz), 131.91 (d, J = 1.8 Hz), 134. 08 (d, J = 1.0 Hz), 134.20 (d, J = 1.5 Hz), 135.83, 147.37, 147.89, 159.96, 161.20, 161.26; ²⁹Si NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): -43.44, -43.87, -78.09, -78.14, -79.48, -79.52, -79.58; MS (FD): m/z (%): 1593.22 (72), 1594.22 (100), 1595.22 (91), 1596.22 (68), 1597.22 (37), 1598.21 (20), 1599.21 (12); HRMS (FD): calcd. for C₇₉H₇₀O₁₇NaSi₁₀: 1593.2203; found: 1593.2178

9-(E)-4-Bromostyryl-4-methoxyphenyl-19-(E)-4-methylstyryl-4-methoxyphenyl-1,3,5,7,11,13,15,17-octaphenylpentacyclo $[11.7.1.1^{3,11}.1^{5,17}.1^{7,15}]$ decasiloxane (4C-b-c)

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): 2.32 (s, 3H, CH₃), 3.77 (s, 6H, OCH₃), 6.47 (d, 1H, J_{HH} = 18.9 Hz, =CH-Si), 6.50 (d, 1H, J_{HH} = 18.9 Hz, =CH-Si), 6.72 – 6.84 (m, 4H, -C₆H₄-CH₃ i -C₆H₄-Br), 6.93 – 7.68 (m, 54H, =CH-C₆H₄-Br, =CH-C₆H₄-CH₃, -C₆H₄-OCH₃ and C₆H₅); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): 21.31 (CH₃), 55.01 (OCH₃), 113.57, 113.66, 121.33, 121.39, 122.40, 122.42, 123.87, 123.93, 125.43, 125.46, 125.89, 125.94, 126.89, 127.38, 127.39, 127.45, 127.47, 127.49, 127.52, 127.55, 127.59, 127.63, 127.84, 127.89, 128.40, 129.12, 130.23, 130.32, 130.39, 130.42, 130.49, 130.52, 130.61, 130.65, 130.68, 130.71, 130.75, 131.50, 131.71, 131.78, 131.83, 131.91, 134.06, 134.09, 134.19, 134.92, 135.81, 135.85, 136.48, 138.48, 138.52, 146.45, 147.89, 161.24, 161.37; ²⁹Si NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm): -43.53, -43.59, -44.15, -44.21, -78.02, -78.11, -79.48 (br s); MS (FD): m/z (%):1655.13 (47), 1656.13 (65), 1657.16 (99), 1658.16

(100), 1659.13 (81), 1660.14 (49), 1661.14 (29), 1662.13 (18), 1663.11 (10); HRMS (FD): calcd. for $C_{79}H_{69}BrO_{16}NaSi_{10}$: 1655.1359; found: 1655.1377.

7. References

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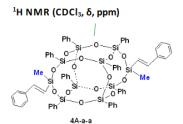
⁴ J. Levison, S. D. Robinson, *J. Chem. Soc. A.*, **1970**, 2947-2954.

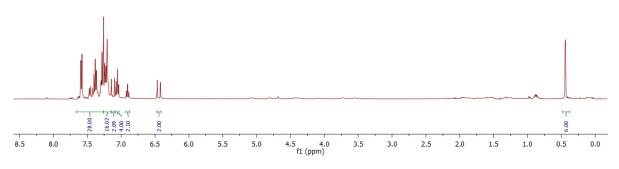
⁵ P. Żak, B. Dudziec, M. Kubicki, B. Marciniec, *Chem. Eur. J.*, **2014**, *20*, 9387 – 9393.

⁶ Y. Mutoh, Y. Mohara, S. Saito, *Org. Lett.*, **2017**, *19*, 5204–5207.

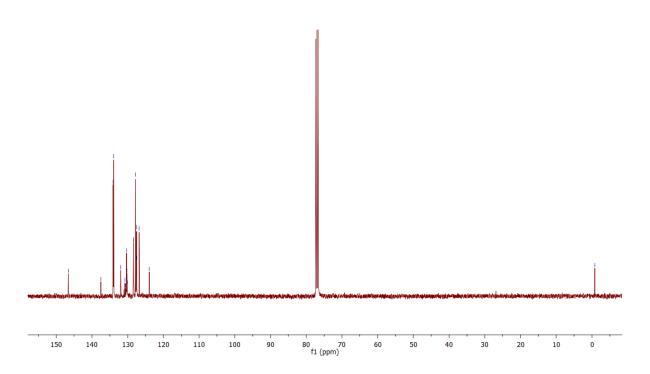
8. NMR spectra of isolated products

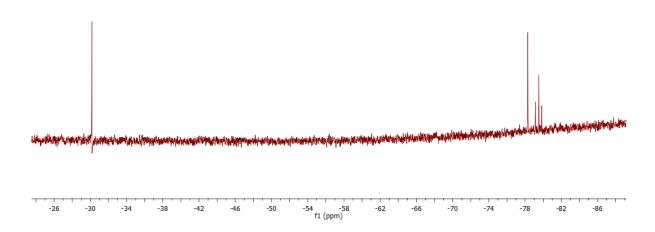
8.1. Symmetrically functionalized divinylsilsesquioxanes

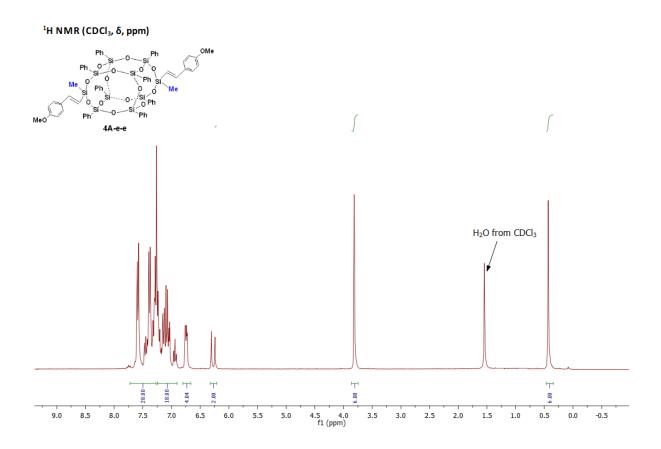


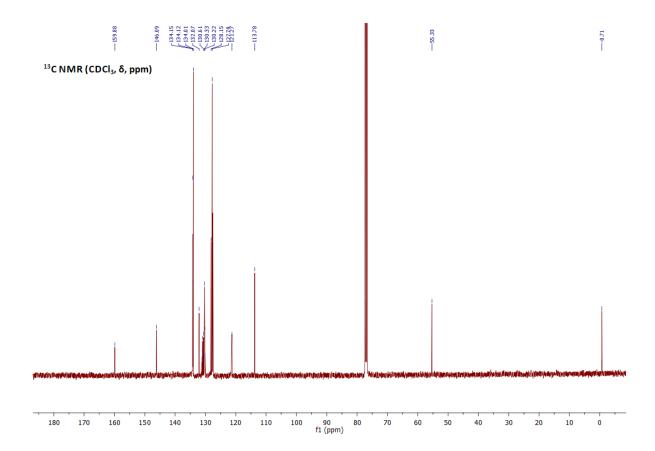




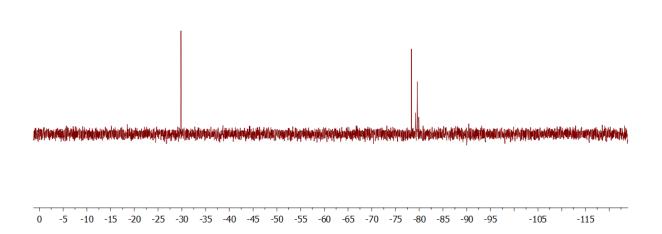




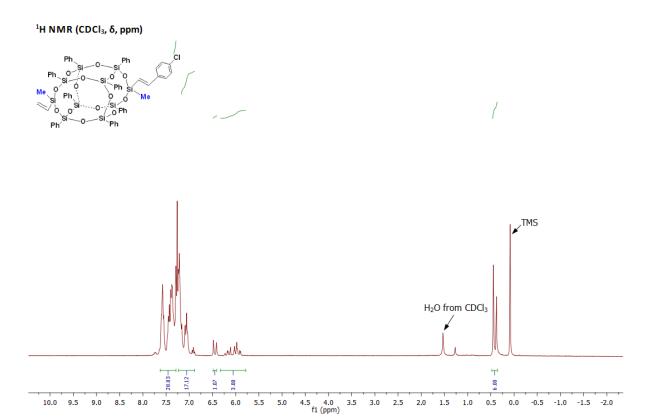


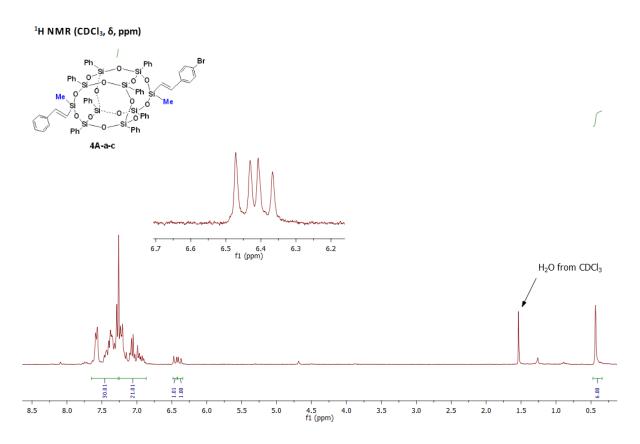


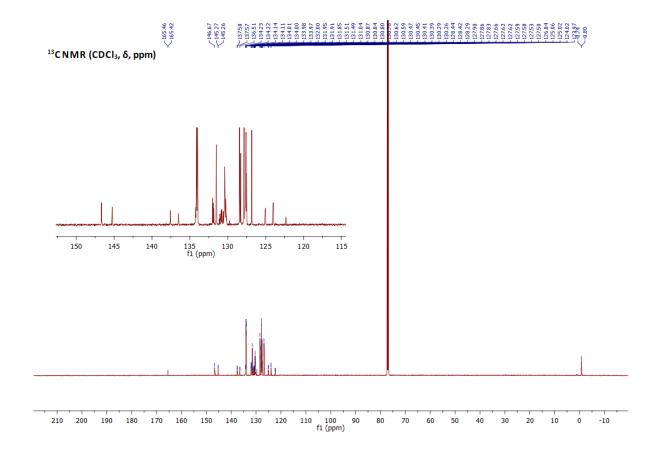
²⁹Si NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm)

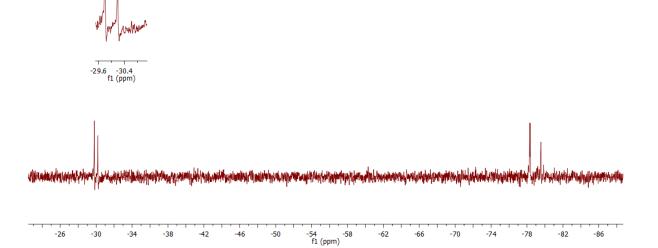


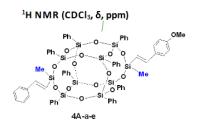
8.2. Unsymmetrically functionalized divinylsilsesquioxanes

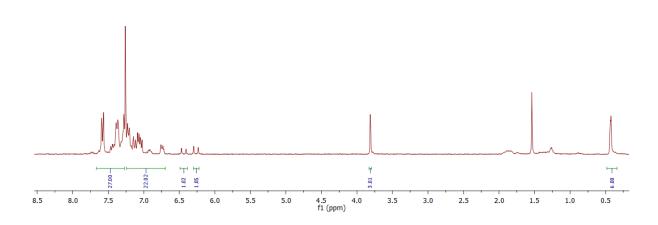


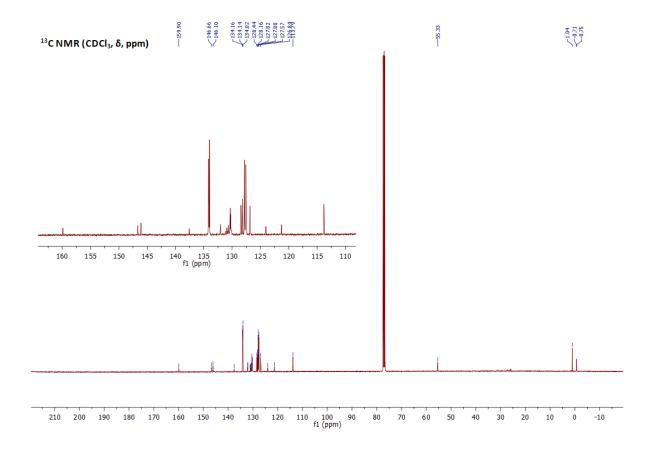




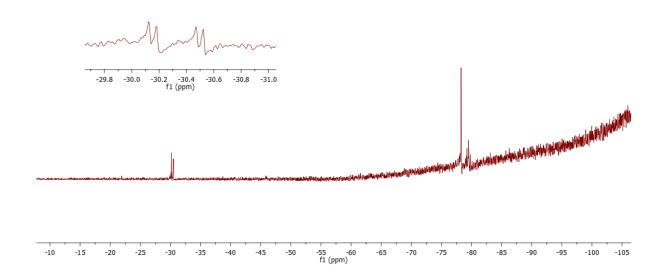


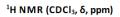


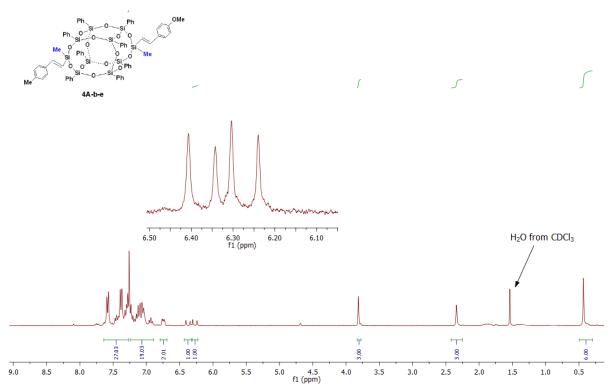


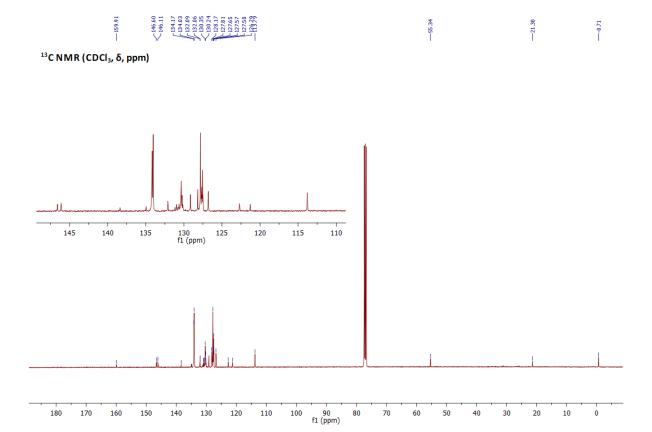


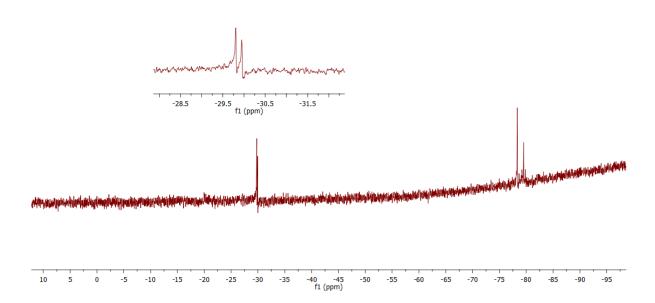
29 Si NMR (CDCl₃, δ , ppm)

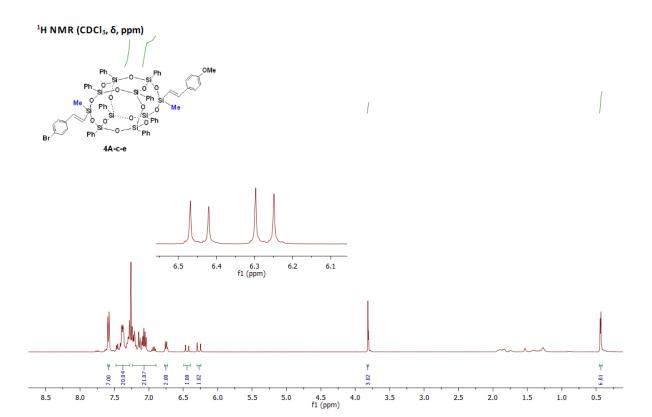


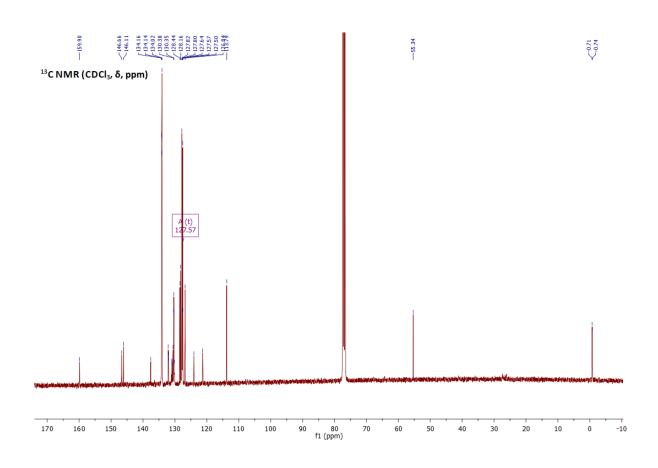


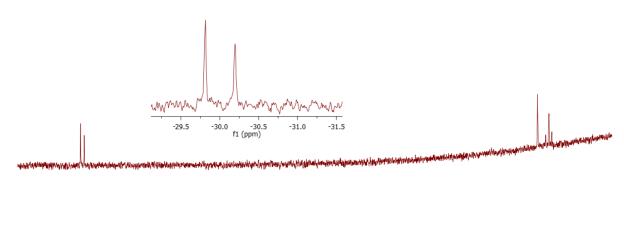


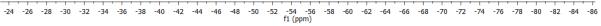


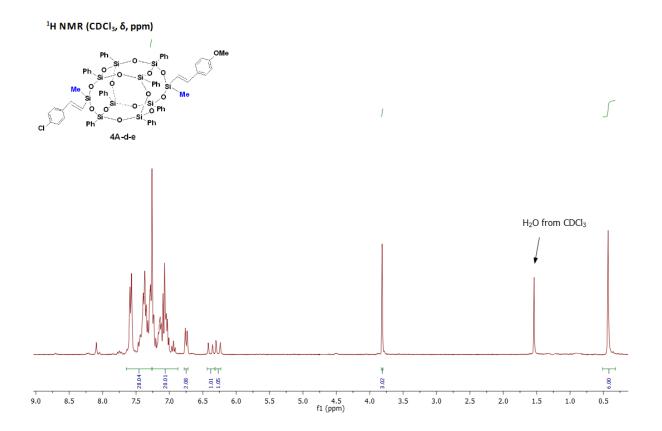


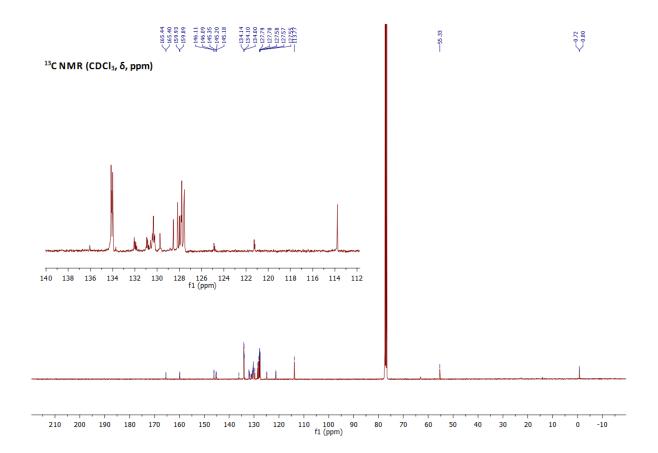


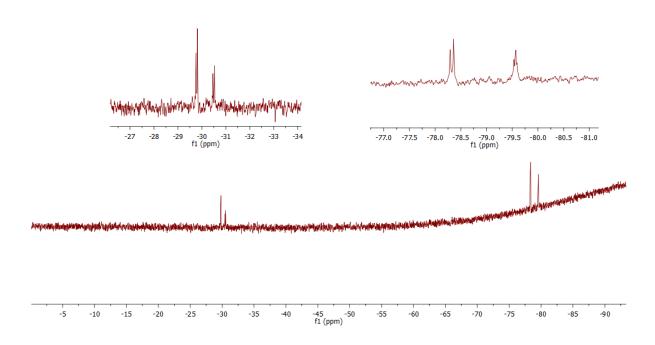


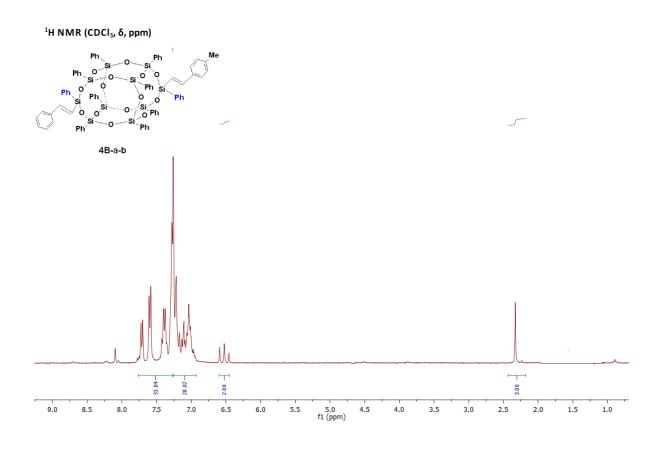


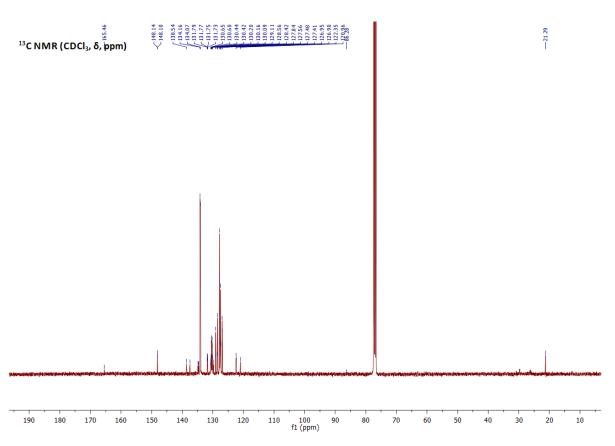


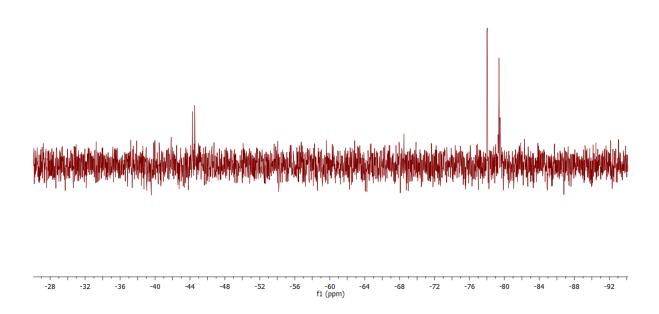


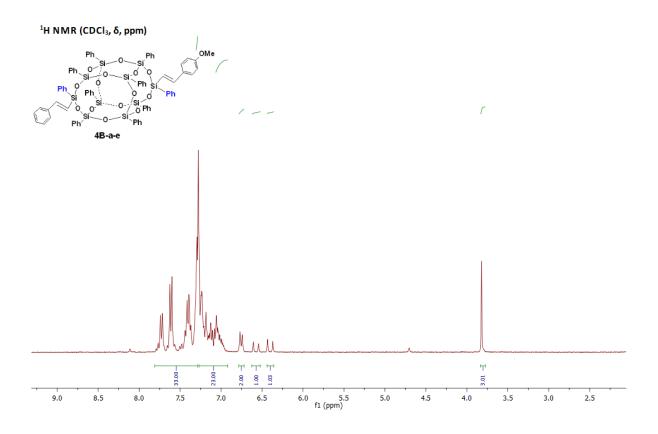


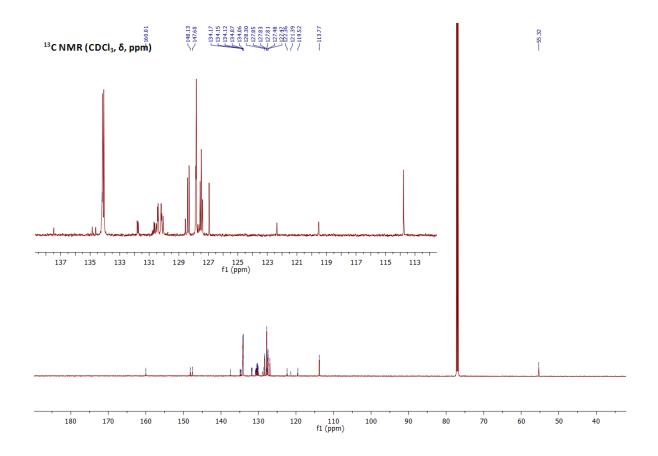


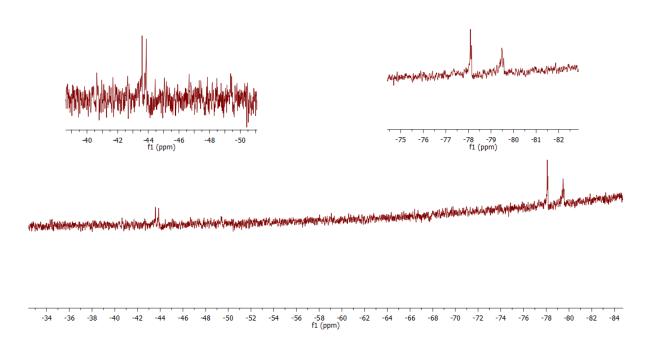


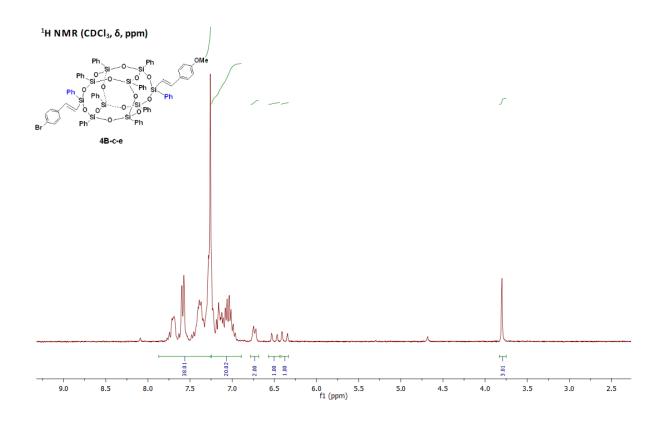


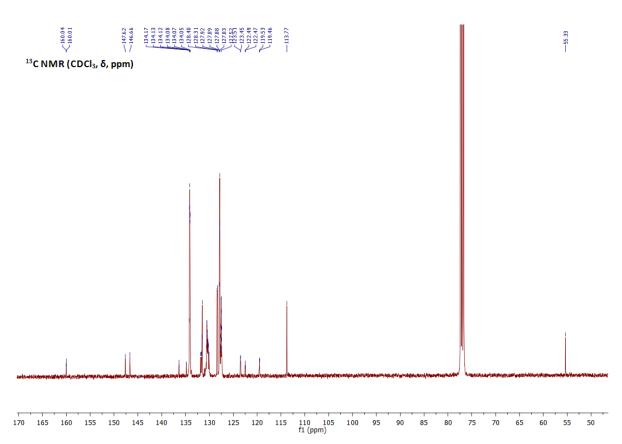


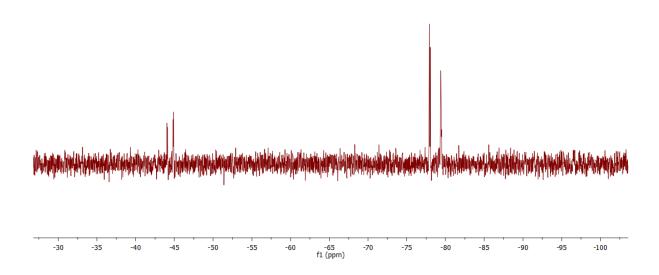


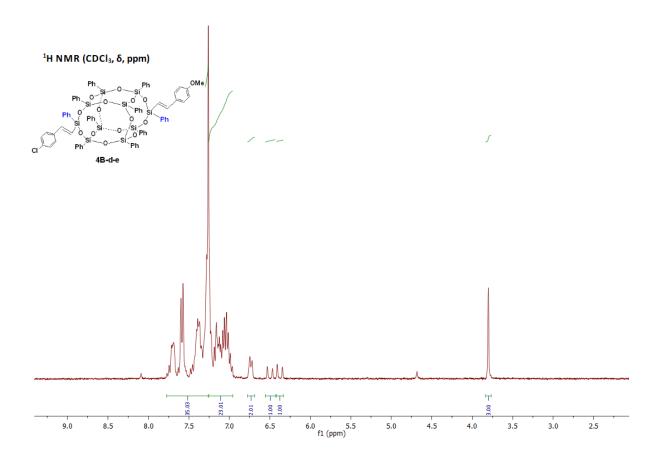


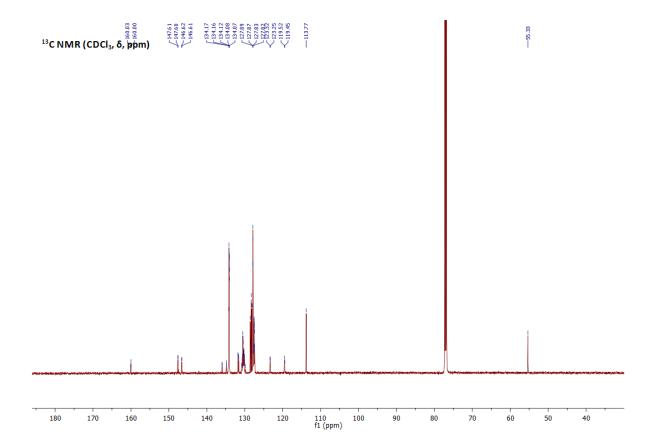




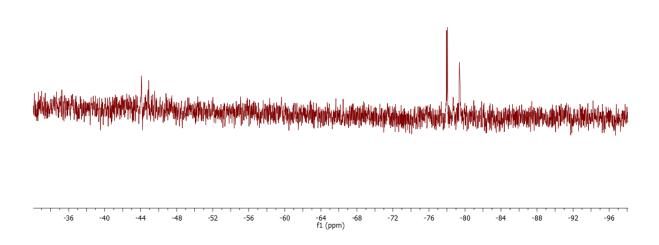


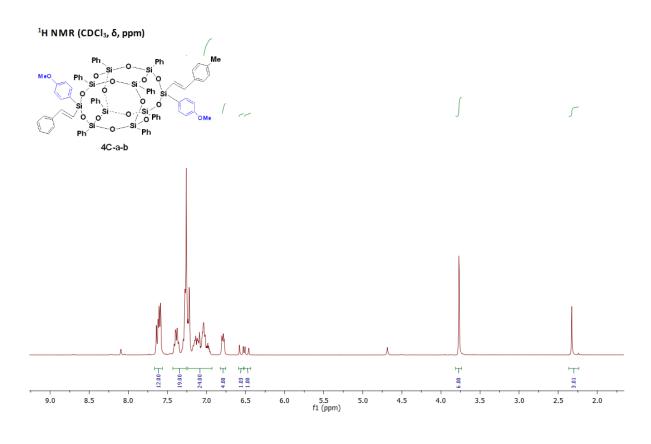


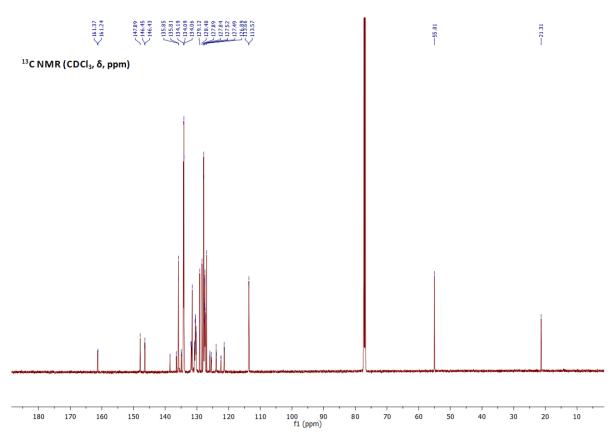


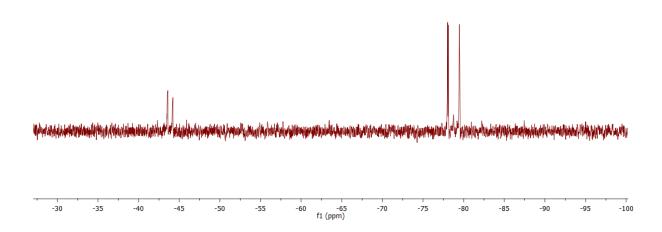


 29 Si NMR (CDCl₃, δ , ppm)

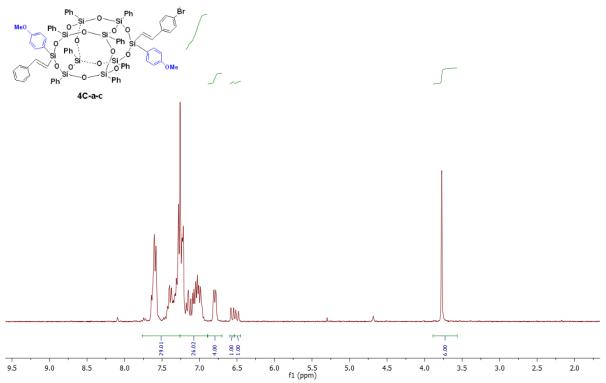


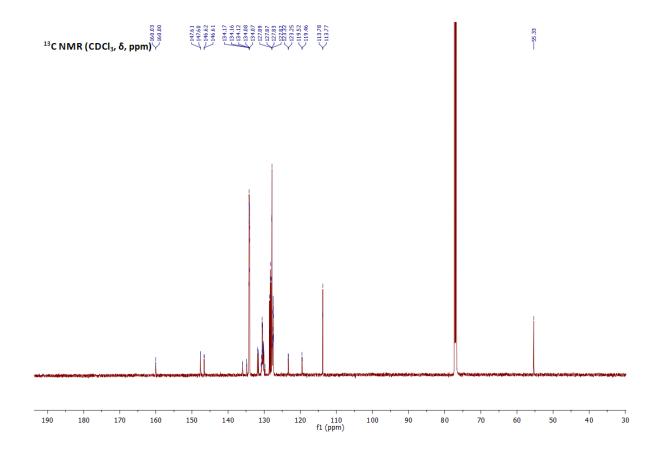




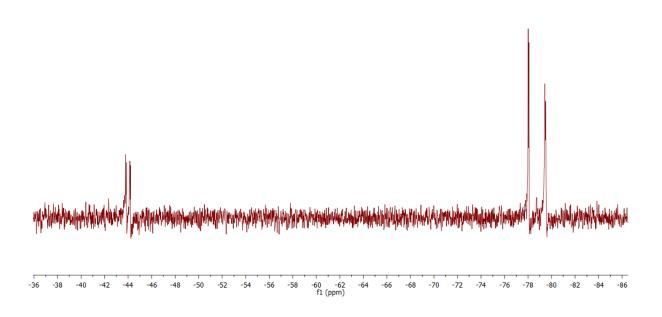


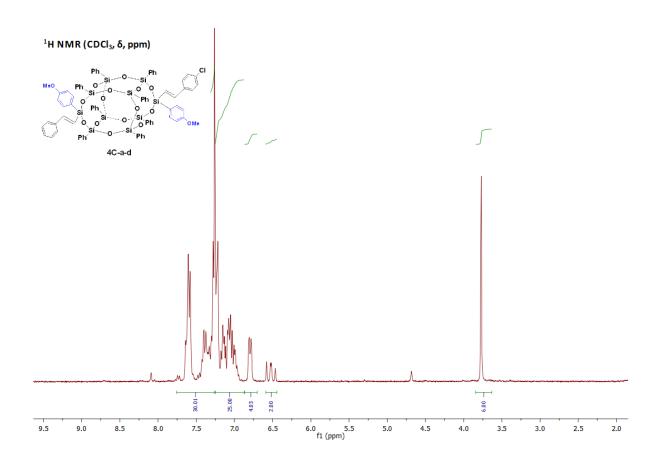


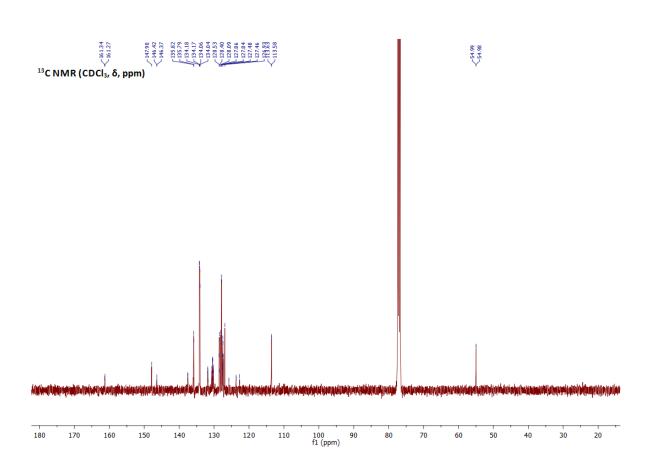


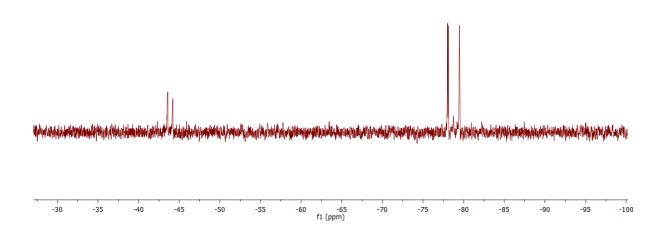


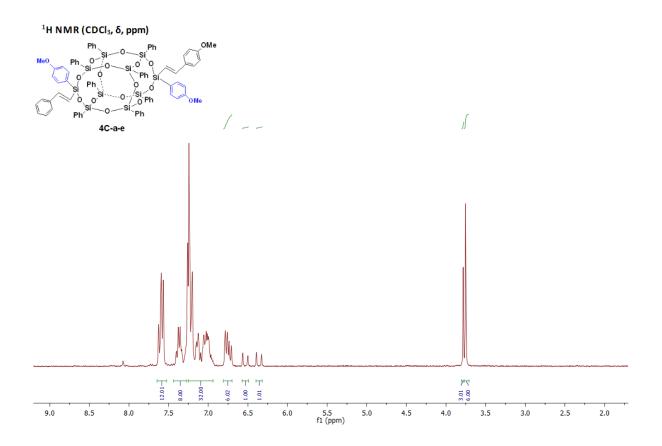
²⁹Si NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm)

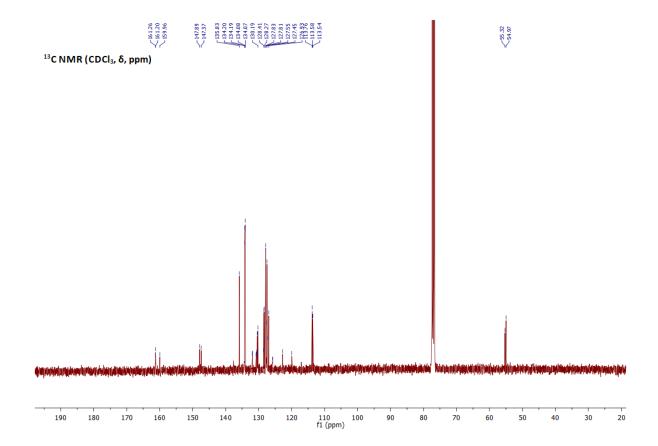












²⁹Si NMR (CDCl₃, δ, ppm)

