Supporting Information

Rh-catalyzed C–H bond alkylation of indoles with α, α -difluorovinyl

tosylate via indolyl group migration

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General Information

All reactions were carried out under nitrogen atmosphere unless otherwise stated. Reactions were monitored through thin layer chromatography. Flash chromatography was performed using silica gel with distilled solvents. HRMS spectra were recorded on a Waters Q-Tof Permier Spectrometer. ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded using Bruker Avance 400 MHz spectrometers. Chemical shifts for ¹H NMR spectra are reported as δ in units of parts per million (ppm) downfield from SiMe₄ (δ 0.0) and relative to the signal of SiMe₄ (δ 0.00, singlet). Multiplicities were given as: s (singlet), brs (broad singlet), d (doublet), t (triplet), g (guartet), dd (doublets of doublet), m (multiplets) and etc. Coupling constants are reported as a J value in Hz. Carbon nuclear magnetic resonance spectra (¹³C NMR) are reported as δ in units of parts per million (ppm) downfield from $CHCl_3$ (δ 7.26) and relative to the signal of chloroform-d (δ 77.00, triplet). Unless otherwise noted, commercial reagents were used as received. Compounds 1a-1j, 1l-1w, 1y-1z,¹⁻⁴ D_1 -1a⁵ and 2⁶ were prepared according to literature methods.

Procedure for synthesis of 1k



To a solution of 5-nitro-1-(pyrimidin-2-yl)-1*H*-indole **1y** (480 mg, 2 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in CH₃OH (10 mL) was added hydrazine hydrate (375 mg, 6 mmol, 3.0 equiv), Raney Ni (20 mg) at 0 °C, and the mixture was stirred for 2 h at room temperature. After the consumption of starting material, the mixture was filtered through celite and evaporated under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent = petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10 : 1 v/v) to give **S1** (282 mg, 1.3 mmol) as a pale yellow oil in 67% yield.

A solution of **S1** (244 mg, 1.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv), phthalicanhydride (151 mg, 1.0 mmol, 0.85 equiv) in glacial acetic acid (10 mL) was stirred at 120 °C for 2 h. After the mixture was cooled 30 mL of cold water was added, a white colour solid precipitated out. The precipitate was filtered, washed with cold water and dried under vacuum to afford **1k** (245 mg, 0.72 mmol) as an off-white solid in 60% yield. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 8.96$ (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 8.73 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 8.36 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 7.99 (dd, J = 5.4, 3.0 Hz, 2H), 7.81 (dd, J = 5.4, 3.0 Hz, 2H), 7.67 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (dd, J = 8.9, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 6.76 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 167.9$, 158.2, 157.5, 134.7, 134.3, 131.9, 131.7, 126.9, 125.7, 123.7, 122.2, 119.3, 116.9, 116.5, 107.0; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd. for C₂₀H₁₃N₄O₂ [M+H]⁺: 341.1039, found: 341.1036.

Procedure for the synthesis of 1x



To a solution of in 50 mL of CH_2Cl_2 was added 1*H*-indole-5-carboxylic acid (806 mg, 5.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv), DIPEA (4.5 mL, 25.0 mmol, 5.0 equiv) and pyrrolidine (3.8 mL, 50.0 mmol, 10.0 equiv). HBTU (280 mg, 7.5 mmol, 1.5 equiv) was added at 0 °C. The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 18 h. The mixture was diluted with CH_2Cl_2 and washed with water. The organic layer was separated, dried over Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude residue was purified by column chromatography (eluent = petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10 : 1 v/v) to afford **S2** (900 mg, 4.2 mmol) as a pale yellow solid in 84% yield.

Following a procedure from Ackermann et al.,¹ to a stirred solution of **S2** (2.0 mmol, 1.0 eqiuv) in DMF (50 mL) was added NaH (88 mg, 2.2 mmol, 1.1 eqiuv) by portions at 0 °C. After stirring for 30 min at 0 °C, 2-chloropyrimidine (274 mg, 2.4 mmol, 1.2 eqiuv) was added and the mixture was heated to 130 °C and stirred for 24 h. Then the mixture was cooled to room temperature, poured into water and extracted with ethyl acetate. The combined organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent = petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10 : 1) to afford **1x** (537 mg, 1.8 mmol) as a gray solid in 92% yield. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 8.81 (dt, *J* = 8.6, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 8.71 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 8.32 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 7.82 (dd, *J* = 1.7, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 7.53

(dd, J = 8.7, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 6.73 (dd, J = 3.7, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 3.70 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.52 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 2.03–1.93, (m, 2H), 1.91–1.83 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 170.5$, 158.2, 157.5, 135.9, 131.0, 130.8, 126.8, 122.9, 120.2, 116.5, 115.8, 107.1, 49.9, 46.3, 26.5, 24.5; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd. for C₁₇H₁₇N₄O [M+H]⁺: 293.1402, found: 293.1405.

Procedure for synthesis of D₁-2

To a solution of 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl sulfonate (1.27 g, 5.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in THF (29 mL) at -78 °C was added dropwise 2.5 M *n*-BuLi in hexanes (4.6 mL, 11.5 mmol, 2.3 equiv). After stirring at -78 °C for 1 h, the solution was quenched with a mixture of THF/D₂O (1:1, 5 mL) at -78 °C. Water (~10 mL) was added, and the organic phase was extracted with ethyl acetate, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and evaporated. The crude product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent = petroleum ether / ethyl acetate v/v = 50:1) to give product (1.04 g, 4.4 mmol, 88%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.82 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.39 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 2.48 (s, 3H). ¹⁹F NMR (396 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = -90.70 (dt, *J* = 51.2, 2.2 Hz), -109.19 (d, *J* = 51.2 Hz). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 156.9 (ddt, *J* = 294.7, 284.5, 2.1 Hz), 146.1, 131.0, 130.0 , 128.3, 100.5 (dtd, *J* = 59.5, 31.2, 15.3 Hz), 21.6.

Unsuccessful substrates



General procedure for the Rh(III)-catalyzed alkylation reaction



To an oven-dried Schlenk tube was added RhCp*(CH₃CN)₃(SbF₆)₂ (2.1 mg, 0.0025 mmol, 2.5 mol %), substrate **1** (0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv), *gem*-difluoroalkene **2** (28 mg, 0.12 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and CH₃OH (1 mL) and sealed with a teflon cap. After stirring at 70 °C for 12 h or more (monitored by TLC), the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and put through a celite plug. The filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residual mixture was purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent = petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 9:1 v/v) to afford the product **3**.

Procedure for synthesis of 3b

[IrCp*Cl₂]₂(4.0 mg, 0.0050 mmol, 5 mol %), AgSbF₆ (7.0 mg, 0.02 mmol, 20 mol %), substrate **1b** (21 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1 equiv), *gem*-difluoroalkene **2** (28 mg, 0.12 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and in CH₃OH (1 mL) were stirred at

100 °C for 12 h under N₂ in a closed Schlenk tube. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and put through a celite plug. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residual mixture was purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent = petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 9:1 v/v) to afford the product **3b** (12 mg, 0.044 mmol) as a white solid in 44%.

Procedure for synthesis of 3x

RhCp*(CH₃CN)₃(SbF₆)₂ (2.1 mg, 0.0025 mmol, 2.5 mol %), substrate **1x** (29 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv), *gem*-difluoroalkene **2** (28 mg, 0.12 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and CH₃OH (32 mg, 1.0 mmol, 10.0 equiv) in DCE (1 mL) were stirred at 70 °C for 12 h under air in a closed Schlenk tube. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and put through a celite plug. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residual mixture was purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent = petroleum ether/ ethyl acetate = 9:1 v/v) to afford the product **3x** (34 mg, 0.094 mmol) in 94% yield.

Reaction of 1a on 4.0 mmol scale:



An oven-dried Schlenk tube was added **1a** (781 mg, 4.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv), RhCp*(MeCN)₃(SbF₆)₂ (86 mg, 0.1 mmol, 0.025 equiv), **2** (112 mg, 4.8 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and solvent CH₃OH (40 mL). Then the tube was sealed with a teflon cap. After stirring at 70 °C for 12 h, the mixture was put through a celite plug. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residual mixture was purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent = petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10:1 v/v) to afford the product **3a** (786.9 mg, 2.94 mmol) in 74% yield.

Removal of the directing group



An oven-dried Schlenk tube was added **3a** (781 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv), NaOEt (68 mg, 1.0 mmol, 5.0 equiv) and DMSO (1 mL). Then the tube was sealed with a teflon cap. After stirring at 80 °C for 19 h, the mixture was cooled to room temperature and then quenched with 2 M HCl (5 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with Et₂O (5 × 5 mL) and the combined organic layers was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The crude product was purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent = dichloromethane/MeOH/acetic acid = 10:1:0.01 v/v/v) to afford the product **4** (22 mg, 0.13 mmol, 65%). ¹**H NMR (400 MHz, acetone-d₆):** δ = 10.15 (brs, 1H), 7.47 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.07-7.02 (m, 1H), 6.99-6.94 (m, 1H), 6.34 (s, 1H), 3.84 (s, 2H).; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, acetone-d₆) δ = 172.4, 138.4, 133.7, 130.2, 122.5, 121.2, 120.6, 112.4, 102.7, 35.0.; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd. for C₁₀H₁₀NO₂ [M+H]⁺: 176.0712, found: 176.0707.

Mechanistic study

Deuterium labeled experiment



To an oven-dried Schlenk tube was added **1a** (20 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv), RhCp*(MeCN)₃(SbF₆)₂ (2.1 mg, 0.0025 mmol, 0.025 equiv), **D**₁-**2** (28 mg, 0.12 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and CH₃OH (1 mL) under air and the tube was sealed with a teflon cap. After stirring at 70 °C for 0.5 h, the mixture was put through a celite plug. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the crude residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent = petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10:1 v/v) to afford the product **D**₁-**3a** (1.4 mg, 0.005 mmol) in 5.2% yield.



Preparation of 1-(pyrimidin-2-yl)-2-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-1H-indole



To an oven-dried Schlenk tube was added **1a** (40 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv), RhCp*(MeCN)₃(SbF₆)₂ (8.4 mg, 0.01 mmol, 0.05 equiv), **2** (28 mg, 0.24 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and DCE (1 mL) under air and the tube was sealed with a teflon cap. After stirring at 50 °C for 12 h, the mixture was put through a silica gel plug. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the crude residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent = petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10:1 v/v) to afford the product **5** (10 mg, 0.036 mmol) as a pale yellow oil in 18% yield. ¹H NMR (**400 MHz, CDCl₃**): δ = 8.81 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 8.34 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (ddd, *J* = 8.5, 7.1, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.26-7.20 (m, 1H), 7.19 (t, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 6.76 (s, 1H), 4.30 (q, *J* = 10.4 Hz, 2H); ¹⁹F NMR (**376 MHz, CDCl₃**) δ = -65.02 (t, *J* = 10.5 Hz); ¹³C NMR (**101 MHz, CDCl₃**): δ = 158.2, 158.1, 137.2, 129.1 (q, *J* = 3.5 Hz), 128.5, 125.3 (q, *J* = 277.4 Hz), 123.8, 122.2, 120.4, 117.4, 114.2, 110.2, 33.9 (q, *J* = 31.0 Hz). All the data is in accordance with the literature values.⁷

Investigation of the intermediacy of 6

Procedure for the synthesis of 6



Following a procedure from Ackermann et al.,¹⁻⁴ to a stirred solution of 1-(pyrimidin-2-yl)-1*H*-indole-2-carbaldehyde (1.60 g, 11.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in DMF (50 mL) was added NaH (484 mg, 12.1 mmol, 1.1 eqiuv) by portions at 0 °C. After stirring for 30 min at 0 °C, 2-chloropyrimidine (1.37 g, 12 mmol, 1.2 eqiuv) was added and the mixture was heated to 130 °C and stirred for 24 h. Then the mixture was cooled to room temperature, poured into water and extracted with ethyl acetate. The combined organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄, concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent = petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10 : 1 v/v) to afford S3 (490 mg, 2.2 mmol) as a gray solid in 20% yield. ¹H **NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)**: δ = 10.39 (s, 1H), 8.83 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 8.54 (dd, J = 8.6, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.76 (dt, J = 7.9, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.54-7.46 (m, 2H),7.32 (ddd, J = 8.0, 7.1, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (101 **MHz, CDCl₃):** δ = 183.6, 158.3, 157.4, 138.3, 137.6, 127.7, 127.5, 123.2, 123.1, 117.5, 115.5, 115.3. **HRMS (ESI, m/z):** calcd. for C₁₃H₁₀N₃O [M+H]⁺: 224.0824, found: 224.0821. A solution of S3 (223 mg, 1.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and PPh₃ (524 mg, 2.0 mmol, 2.0 equiv) in DMF (5 mL) was heated to 100 °C. To the reaction mixture at 100 °C was added F₂ClCCOONa (305 mg, 2.0 mmol, 2.0 equiv) slowly. After the reaction finished according to the TLC (about 3 min), the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, quenched with water and extracted with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with H_2O_2 (30 wt% in water, 5 mL), brine and dried over Na₂SO₄. After solvent was removed under reduced pressure, the residual mixture was purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent = petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10:1 v/v) to afford 6 (62 mg, 0.24 mmol) as a pale yellow solid in 24% yield. ¹H NMR

(400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 8.83 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 8.28 (dt, J = 8.3, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.62 – 7.57 (m, 1H), 7.28 (dd, J = 7.1, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (dd, J = 4.5, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 6.86 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.35 (dd, J = 25.2, 3.0 Hz, 1H); ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = -79.96 (t, J = 24.0 Hz), -83.14 (d, J = 23.2 Hz); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 158.2, 157.7, 156.5 (dd, J = 297.7, 286.1 Hz), 136.4, 129.2, 128.9 (dd, J = 10.0, 7.9 Hz), 123.5, 122.3, 120.2, 117.3, 114.0, 107.7(d, J = 9.9 Hz), 75.7(dd, J = 36.8, 12.2 Hz). HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd. for $C_{14}H_{10}F_2N_3$ [M+H]⁺: 258.0843, found: 258.0846.

Procedure for the control reaction with 5



To an oven-dried Schlenk tube was added RhCp*(CH₃CN)₃(SbF₆)₂ (2.1 mg, 0.0025 mol, 2.5 mol%), *gem*-difluoroalkene **6** (25.7 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and CH₃OH (1 mL) and sealed with a teflon cap. After stirring at 70 °C for 4.5 h, the mixture was put through a celite plug. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residual mixture was purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent = petroleum ether/ ethyl acetate = 9:1 v/v) to afford the product **3a** (2.0 mg, 0.08 mmol) as a white solid in 8% yield.

Kinetic isotope effect study



To an oven-dried Schlenk tube was added **1a** or **D**₁-**1a** (0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv), RhCp*(MeCN)₃(SbF₆)₂ (2.1 mg, 0.0025 mmol, 0.025 equiv), **2** (28 mg, 0.12 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and CH₃OH (1 mL) under air and the tube was sealed with a teflon cap. The reaction mixtures were stirred side-by-side in a preheated oil bath at 70 °C for 30 min. Then the mixture were put through a celite plug and concentrated under reduced pressure separately. The crude residue were purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent = petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10:1 v/v) to afford the product **3a** (2.3 mg from **1a**, 2.3 mg from **D**₁-**1a**).

Intermolecular competition experiments



To an oven-dried Schlenk tube was added **1h** (22.5 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv), **1v** (25.3 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv), RhCp*(MeCN)₃(SbF₆)₂ (2.1 mg, 0.0025 mmol, 0.025 equiv), **2** (28 mg, 0.12 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and CH₃OH (1 mL) under air and the tube was sealed with a teflon cap. The reaction

mixtures were stirred side-by-side in a preheated oil bath at 70 °C for 12 h. Then the mixture were put through a celite plug and concentrated under reduced pressure separately. The crude residue were purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent = petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10:1 v/v) to afford the product **3h** (15.4 mg, 0.05 mmol, 52%) and **3v** (8.8 mg, 0.03 mmol, 27%).

Characterization of products

Methyl 2-(1-(pyrimidin-2-yl)-1H-indol-2-yl)acetate 3a



Following the general procedure, **3a** was obtained as a white solid (25 mg, 0.095 mmol, 95%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 8.70 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 8.58 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.34-7.27 (m,

1H), 7.25-7.19 (m, 1H), 7.09 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 6.60 (s, 1H), 4.18 (s, 2H), 3.62 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 171.1$, 158.0, 157.6, 136.7, 133.2, 128.9, 123.3 , 122.0, 120.0, 116.5, 115.31, 109.6, 51.8, 36.9; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd. for C₁₅H₁₄N₃O₂ [M+H]⁺: 268.1086, found: 268.1087. The spectral data were in accordance with those reported in the literature.⁸

Ethyl 2-(1-(pyrimidin-2-yl)-1*H*-indol-2-yl)acetate 3a'

Following the general procedure, **3a'** was obtained as a colorless oil (22 mg, 0.078 mmol, 78%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 8.70$ (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 8.57 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.33-7.27 (m, 1H), 7.25-7.19 (m, 1H), 7.08 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 6.60 (s, 1H), 4.20 (s, 2H), 4.09 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.13 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 170.7$, 158.2, 157.7, 136.8, 133.5, 129.0, 123.3, 122.0, 120.1, 116.5, 115.3, 109.6, 60.5, 37.1, 14.1; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd. for C₁₆H₁₆N₃O₂ [M+H]⁺: 282.1243, found: 282.1247.

Isopropyl 2-(1-(pyrimidin-2-yl)-1H-indol-2-yl)acetate 3a"

Following the general procedure, **3a**" was obtained as a colorless oil (17 mg, 0.058 mmol, 58%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 8.71$ (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 8.56 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (dt, J = 7.5, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (td, J = 7.4, 1.1Hz, 1H), 7.22 (td, J = 7.4, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 6.62-6.56 (m, 1H), 4.96 (hept, J = 6.2 Hz, 1H), 4.18 (s, 2H), 1.12 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 170.3$, 158.3, 157.7, 136.8, 133.6, 129.0, 123.2, 122.0, 120.1, 116.5, 115.3, 109.6, 67.9, 37.4, 21.7; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd. for C₁₇H₁₈N₃O₂ [M+H]⁺: 296.1399, found: 296.1399.

Methyl 2-(3-methyl-1-(pyrimidin-2-yl)-1H-indol-2-yl)acetate 3b

3b was obtained as a colorless oil (12 mg, 0.044 mmol, 44%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 8.68$ (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 8.55 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (dd, J = 7.5, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.34-7.27 (m, 1H), 7.26 – 7.22 (m, 1H), 7.05 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 4.14 (s, 2H), 3.63 (s, 3H), 2.32 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 171.4$, 158.2, 157.7, 136.0, 130.3, 128.9, 123.6, 121.8, 118.3, 116.2, 115.9, 115.0, 51.9, 33.9, 8.9; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd. for C₁₆H₁₆N₃O₂ [M+H]⁺: 282.1243, found: 282.1242. The spectral data were in accordance with those reported in the literature.⁸

Methyl 2-(4-methyl-1-(pyrimidin-2-yl)-1H-indol-2-yl)acetate 3c



Following the general procedure, **3c** was obtained as a white solid (23 mg, 0.082 mmol, 82%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 8.70 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 8.41 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (t, *J* = 4.8 Hz,

1H), 7.03 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.64 (s, 1H), 4.19 (s, 2H), 3.62 (s, 3H), 2.55 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 171.3$, 158.2, 157.7, 136.6, 132.7, 129.4, 128.6, 123.5, 122.5, 116.5, 112.9, 108.2, 51.9, 37.1, 18.5; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd. for C₁₆H₁₆N₃O₂ [M+H]⁺: 282.1243, found: 282.1241.

Methyl 2-(5-methyl-1-(pyrimidin-2-yl)-1H-indol-2-yl)acetate 3d

Following the general procedure, **3d** was obtained as a white solid (26 mg, 0.092 mmol, 92%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 8.69 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 8.50 (d, J =

8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.40-7.36 (m, 1H), 7.14 (dd, J = 8.6, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.06 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 6.55 (s, 1H), 4.19 (s, 2H), 3.65 (s, 3H), 2.48 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 171.3$, 158.1, 157.6, 135.0, 133.3, 131.4, 129.2, 124.7, 119.9, 116.2, 115.2, 109.5, 51.8, 37.1, 21.2; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd. for C₁₆H₁₆N₃O₂ [M+H]⁺: 282.1243, found: 282.1242. The spectral data were in accordance with those reported in the literature.⁸

Methyl 2-(6-methyl-1-(pyrimidin-2-yl)-1H-indol-2-yl)acetate 3e



Following the general procedure, **3e** was obtained as a white solid (23 mg, 0.083 mmol, 83%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 8.71 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 8.38

(s, 1H), 7.44 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (t, J = 4.8, 1H), 7.06 (d, J = 7.9Hz, 1H) 6.55 (s, 1H), 4.16 (s, 2H), 3.61 (s, 3H), 2.51 (s, 3H); ¹³**C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃):** $\delta = 171.3$, 158.2, 157.7, 137.1, 133.2, 132.7, 126.7, 123.6, 119.7, 116.4, 115.3, 109.6, 51.8, 37.0, 22.1; **HRMS (ESI, m/z):** calcd. for C₁₆H₁₆N₃O₂ [M+H]⁺: 282.1243, found: 282.1241. The spectral data were in accordance with those reported in the literature.⁸

Methyl 2-(7-methyl-1-(pyrimidin-2-yl)-1H-indol-2-yl)acetate 3f

Following the general procedure, **3f** was obtained as a white solid (11 mg, 0.039 mmol, 39%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, **CDCl₃**): $\delta = 8.82$ (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 7.45 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.59 (s, 1H), 3.94 (s, 2H), 3.52 (s, 3H), 2.06 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, **CDCl₃**): $\delta = 170.5$, 158.3, 158.2, 136.5, 133.6, 129.4, 126.0, 122.5, 121.7, 118.5, 118.3, 107.3, 52.0, 34.4, 20.7.; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd. for C₁₆H₁₆N₃O₂ [M+H]⁺: 282.1243, found: 282.1242. The spectral data were in accordance with those reported in the literature.⁸

Methyl 2-(4-methoxy-1-(pyrimidin-2-yl)-1H-indol-2-yl)acetate 3g



Following the general procedure, **3g** was obtained as a white solid (24 mg, 0.082 mmol, 82%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 8.70 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 8.16 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (t, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (t, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H),

6.72 (s, 1H), 6.66 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (s, 2H), 3.95 (s, 3H), 3.60 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 171.3$, 158.2, 157.7, 152.5, 138.1, 131.8, 124.1, 119.4, 116.6, 108.6, 106.6, 102.4, 55.4, 51.9, 37.0.; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd. for C₁₆H₁₆N₃O₃ [M+H]⁺: 298.1192, found: 298.1192. The spectral data were in accordance with those reported in the literature.⁸

Methyl 2-(5-methoxy-1-(pyrimidin-2-yl)-1H-indol-2-yl)acetate 3h



Following the general procedure, **3h** was obtained as a white solid (21 mg, 0.07mmol, 70%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 8.66 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 8.52 (d, J =

9.1 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H),7.03 (d, J = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 6.92 (dd, J =

9.1, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (s, 1H), 4.16 (s, 2H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 3.62 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 171.3, 158.1, 157.7, 155.5, 134.0, 131.7, 129.8, 116.6, 116.3, 112.4, 109.8, 102.5, 55.7, 51.9, 37.3.; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd. for C₁₆H₁₆N₃O₃ [M+H]⁺: 298.1192, found: 298.1192. The spectral data were in accordance with those reported in the literature.⁸

Methyl 2-(6-methoxy-1-(pyrimidin-2-yl)-1H-indol-2-yl)acetate 3i



Following the general procedure, **3i** was obtained as a white solid (23 mg, 0.077 mmol, 77%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 8.70 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H),

8.23 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (dd, J = 8.5, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.52 (s, 1H), 4.14 (s, 2H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 3.61 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 171.4$, 158.2, 157.6, 157.1, 137.6, 132.2, 123.0, 120.4, 116.4, 110.9, 109.6, 100.3, 55.7, 51.8, 37.1.; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd. for C₁₆H₁₆N₃O₃ [M+H]⁺: 298.1192, found: 298.1189. The spectral data were in accordance with those reported in the literature.⁸

Methyl 2-(4-(benzyloxy)-1-(pyrimidin-2-yl)-1H-indol-2-yl)acetate 3j



Following the general procedure, **3j** was obtained as a white solid (25 mg, 0.067 mmol, 67%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 8.70 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 8.18 (d, *J* = 8.5

Hz, 1H), 7.55-7.46 (m, 2H), 7.45-7.37 (m, 2H), 7.37-7.29

(m, 1H), 7.20 (t, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (s, 1H), 6.72 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 5.22 (s, 2H), 4.17 (s, 2H), 3.61 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 171.3$, 158.2, 157.7, 151.6, 138.2, 137.4, 131.9, 128.5, 127.8, 127.3, 124.1, 119.8, 116.6, 108.9, 106.9, 103.9, 70.0, 51.9, 37.0;

HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd. for C₂₂H₂₀N₃O₃ [M+H]⁺: 374.1505, found: 374.1500.

Methyl2-(5-(1,3-dioxoisoindolin-2-yl)-1-(pyrimidin-2-yl)-1*H*-indol-2-yl)a cetate 3k



Following the general procedure, **3k** was obtained as a white solid (30 mg, 0.072 mmol, 72%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 8.83-8.65 (m, 3H), 7.96 (dd, *J* = 5.4, 3.1 Hz, 2H), 7.78 (dd,

 $J = 5.5, 3.1 \text{ Hz}, 2\text{H}), 7.60 \text{ (d, } J = 2.2 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}), 7.31 \text{ (dd, } J = 8.9, 2.1 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}), 7.12 \text{ (t, } J = 4.8 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}), 6.65 \text{ (s, } 1\text{H}), 4.20 \text{ (s, } 2\text{H}), 3.62 \text{ (s, } 3\text{H}); {}^{13}\text{C} \text{ NMR}$ (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 171.0, 167.8, 158.0, 157.8, 136.2, 134.7, 134.2, 131.9, 129.3, 125.8, 123.6, 122.0, 118.6, 116.9, 116.1, 109.8, 51.9, 37.1. HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd. for C₂₃H₁₇N₄O₄ [M+H]⁺: 413.1250, found: 413.1246.$

Methyl 2-(4-phenyl-1-(pyrimidin-2-yl)-1H-indol-2-yl)acetate 31



Following the general procedure, **3I** was obtained as a white solid (30 mg, 0.087 mmol, 87%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 8.72 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 8.59 (d, *J* = 8.4, Hz, 1H), 7.70 – 7.63 (m, 2H), 7.52-7.46 (m, 2H), 7.42 –

7.35 (m, 2H), 7.30 (dd, J = 7.4, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (s, 1H), 4.18 (s, 2H), 3.62 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 171.2$, 158.1, 157.7, 140.7, 137.2, 134.0, 133.6, 128.9, 128.4, 127.2, 127.0, 123.7, 122.2, 116.7, 114.3, 109.0, 51.9, 37.0; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd. for $C_{21}H_{18}N_3O_2$ [M+H]⁺: 344.1399, found: 344.1395.

Methyl 2-(5-phenyl-1-(pyrimidin-2-yl)-1*H*-indol-2-yl)acetate 3m



Following the general procedure, 3m was obtained -OMe as a white solid (24 mg, 0.069 mmol, 69%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 8.72 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 8.65 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.71 – 7.64 (m, 2H), 7.55 (dd, J = 8.8, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.38 – 7.30 (m, 1H), 7.10 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (s, 1H), 4.21 (s, 2H), 3.63 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, **CDCl₃**): $\delta = 171.2, 158.1, 157.7, 141.9, 136.3, 135.4, 134.1, 129.5, 128.7, 141.9, 136.3, 135.4, 134.1, 129.5, 128.7, 141.9, 136.3, 135.4, 134.1, 129.5, 128.7, 141.9, 136.3, 135.4, 134.1, 129.5, 128.7, 141.9, 136.3, 135.4, 134.1, 129.5, 128.7, 141.9, 136.3, 135.4, 134.1, 129.5, 128.7, 141.9, 136.3, 135.4, 134.1, 129.5, 128.7, 141.9, 136.3, 135.4, 134.1, 129.5, 128.7, 141.9, 136.3, 135.4, 134.1, 129.5, 128.7, 141.9, 136.3, 135.4, 134.1, 129.5, 128.7, 141.9, 136.3, 135.4, 134.1, 141.9, 136.3, 141.9, 136.3, 141.9, 136.3, 141.9$ 127.3, 126.6, 123.0, 118.6, 116.6, 115.7, 110.0, 51.9, 37.2; HRMS (ESI, **m/z):** calcd. for C₂₁H₁₈N₃O₂ [M+H]⁺: 344.1399, found: 344.1397.

Methyl 2-(5-fluoro-1-(pyrimidin-2-yl)-1H-indol-2-yl)acetate 3n



Following the general procedure, **3n** was obtained as a white solid (28 mg, 0.098 mmol, 98%). ¹H NMR (400 **MHz, CDCl₃**): δ = 8.69 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 8.56 (dd, J = 9.2, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (dd, J = 8.9, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (td, J = 9.2, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 6.55 (s, 1H), 4.17 (s, 2H), 3.63 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (**100 MHz, CDCl₃**): δ = 171.0, 159.0 (d, J = 220.8 Hz), 157.8, 157.7, 135.0, 133.2, 129.7 (d, J = 10.2 Hz), 116.7, 116.6 (d, J = 8.9 Hz), 111.08 (d, J = 24.8 Hz), 109.5 (d, J = 4.0 Hz), 105.3 (d, J = 23.5 Hz), 51.9, 37.1; HRMS

(ESI, m/z): calcd. for C₁₅H₁₃FN₃O₂ [M+H]⁺: 286.0992, found: 286.0992. The spectral data were in accordance with those reported in the literature.⁸

Methyl 2-(6-fluoro-1-(pyrimidin-2-yl)-1H-indol-2-yl)acetate 30



Following the general procedure, 30 was obtained as a white solid (28 mg, 0.097 mmol, 97%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 8.69$ (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 8.38 (dd, J = 11.3, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (dd, J = 8.5, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (td, J = 8.9, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.56 (s, 1H), 4.16 (s, 2H), 3.63 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 171.2$, 160.4 (d, J = 237.6 Hz), 158.0, 157.7, 136.8 (d, J = 13.1 Hz), 133.8 (d, J = 4.0 Hz), 125.3, 120.5 (d, J = 9.9 Hz), 116.7, 110.4 (d, J = 24.3 Hz), 109.5, 102.9 (d, J = 29.3 Hz), 51.9, 37.1; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd. for C₁₅H₁₃FN₃O₂ [M+H]⁺: 286.0992, found: 286.0998.

Methyl 2-(4-chloro-1-(pyrimidin-2-yl)-1H-indol-2-yl)acetate 3p



Following the general procedure, **3p** was obtained as a white solid (25 mg, 0.084 mmol, 84%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 8.72 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 8.58 – 8.39 (m, 1H), 7.25 – 7.17 (m, 2H), 6.73(s, 1H), 7.13 (t, *J* = 4.8 Hz,

1H), 4.20 (s, 2H), 3.62 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 170.9, 157.9, 157.8, 137.4, 134.1, 127.7, 125.3, 124.0, 121.9, 117.0, 114.0, 107.8, 52.0, 37.0; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd. for C₁₅H₁₃ClN₃O₂ [M+H]⁺: 302.0696, found: 302.0697.

Methyl 2-(5-chloro-1-(pyrimidin-2-yl)-1H-indol-2-yl)acetate 3q

Following the general procedure, **3q** was obtained as a white solid (22 mg, 0.074 mmol, 74%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 8.69$ (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 8.52 (d, J =8.9 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (dd, J = 8.9, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (t, J =4.8 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (s, 1H), 4.17 (s, 2H), 3.62 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 171.0$, 157.9, 157.7, 135.1, 134.8, 130.1, 127.6, 123.4, 119.5, 116.8, 116.7, 109.0, 51.9, 37.0; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd. for C₁₅H₁₃ClN₃O₂ [M+H]⁺: 302.0696, found: 302.0697. The spectral data were in accordance with those reported in the literature.⁸

Methyl 2-(4-bromo-1-(pyrimidin-2-yl)-1H-indol-2-yl)acetate 3r



Following the general procedure, **3r** was obtained as a white solid (23 mg, 0.067 mmol, 67%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 8.73 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 8.53 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz,

1H), 7.14 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 6.69 (s, 1H), 4.21 (s, 2H), 3.63 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 170.9$, 158.0, 157.8, 137.1, 134.1, 129.5, 125.0, 124.3, 117.1, 114.5, 113.9, 109.5, 52.0, 37.0; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd. for C₁₅H₁₃BrN₃O₂ [M+H]⁺: 346.0191, found: 346.0193.

Methyl 2-(5-bromo-1-(pyrimidin-2-yl)-1H-indol-2-yl)acetate 3s

Following the general procedure, **3s** was obtained as a white solid (28 mg, 0.082 mmol, 82%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 8.69$ (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 8.47 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (dd, J = 8.9, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 6.52 (s, 1H), 4.17 (s, 2H), 3.62 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 171.0$, 157.8, 157.7, 135.5, 134.6, 130.7, 126.1, 122.6, 117.1, 116.9, 115.3, 108.9, 52.0, 37.0; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd. for C₁₅H₁₃BrN₃O₂ [M+H]⁺: 346.0191, found: 346.0190. The spectral data were in accordance with those reported in the literature.⁸

Methyl 2-(6-bromo-1-(pyrimidin-2-yl)-1H-indol-2-yl)acetate 3t



Following the general procedure, **3t** was obtained as a white solid (30 mg, 0.086 mmol, 86%). ¹**H NMR**

(400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 8.80$ (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 8.70 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 7.41 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (dd, J = 8.3, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 6.56 (s, 1H), 4.16 (s, 2H), 3.62 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta =$ 171.0, 157.80, 157.78, 137.4, 134.0, 127.8, 125.3, 121.1, 118.5, 117.0, 116.9, 109.5, 51.9, 37.0; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd. for C₁₅H₁₃BrN₃O₂ [M+H]⁺: 346.0191, found: 346.0188.

Methyl 2-(5-iodo-1-(pyrimidin-2-yl)-1H-indol-2-yl)acetate 3u

Following the general procedure, **3u** was obtained as a white solid (31 mg, 0.079 mmol, 79%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 8.69$ (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 8.36 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 7.88 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (dd, J = 8.8, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 6.51 (d, J = 0.8 Hz, 1H), 4.17 (s, 2H), 3.62 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 171.0$, 157.9, 157.7, 136.0, 134.3, 131.7, 131.3, 128.8, 117.5, 116.9, 108.7, 86.0, 51.9, 36.9; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd. for C₁₅H₁₃IN₃O₂ [M+H]⁺: 394.0052, found: 394.0050.

Methyl 2-(2-methoxy-2-oxoethyl)-1-(pyrimidin-2-yl)- 1H-indole-4-

carboxylate 3v



Following the general procedure, **3v** was obtained as a white solid (26 mg, 0.081 mmol, 81%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 8.79 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.72 (d, *J* = 4.7

Hz, 2H), 7.97 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H),

7.31 (s, 1H), 7.13 (t, J = 4.7 Hz, 1H), 4.23 (s, 2H), 3.98 (s, 3H), 3.61 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 170.9$, 167.7, 157.9, 157.8, 137.5, 135.5, 128.9, 125.2, 122.7, 121.0, 120.0, 117.1, 110.4, 52.0, 51.8, 37.0; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd. for C₁₇H₁₆N₃O₄ [M+H]⁺: 326.1141, found: 326.1140.

Methyl 2-(2-methoxy-2-oxoethyl)-1-(pyrimidin-2-yl)-1H-indole-5-

carboxylate 3w

Following the general procedure, **3w** was obtained as a white solid (32 mg, 0.098 mmol, 98%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 8.73$ (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 8.56 (dt, J = 8.8, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 8.29 (d, J = 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (dd, J = 8.8, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 6.67 (d, J = 0.8 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (s, 2H), 3.94 (s, 3H), 3.62 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 171.3$, 168.1, 158.3(overlap), 139.8, 135.2, 129.0, 125.1, 124.3, 123.0, 117.6, 115.4, 110.5, 52.4, 52.3, 37.2; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd. for C₁₇H₁₆N₃O₄ [M+H]⁺: 326.1141, found: 326.1141. The spectral data were in accordance with those reported in the literature.⁸

Methyl2-(1-(pyrimidin-2-yl)-5-(pyrrolidine-1-carbonyl)-1*H*-indol-2-yl)ac etate 3x

3x was obtained as a white solid (34 mg, 0.094 mmol, 94%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 8.70$ (t, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 8.55 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.73 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (dd, *J* = 8.7, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (t, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 6.61(s, 1H), 4.31 (s, 2H), 3.80 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.62 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 2.09 (m, 2H), 1.85 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 171.0$, 170.5, 157.9, 157.8, 137.4, 134.4, 130.7, 128.4, 122.6, 119.5, 116.9, 115.0, 109.9, 51.9, 49.9, 46.3, 36.9, 26.4, 24.4; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd. for C₂₀H₂₁N₄O₃ [M+H]⁺: 365.1614, found: 365.1601.

Methyl 2-(5-nitro-1-(pyrimidin-2-yl)-1H-indol-2-yl)acetate 3y

Following the general procedure, **3y** was obtained as a white solid (16 mg, 0.050 mmol, 50%). ¹H NMR (**400** MHz, **CDCl**₃): $\delta = 8.77$ (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 8.63 (d, J = 9.3 Hz, 1H), 8.49 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 8.17 (dd, J = 9.3, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 6.75 (s, 1H), 4.22 (s, 2H), 3.64 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (**100** MHz, **CDCl**₃): $\delta = 170.6$, 158.1, 157.6, 143.2, 139.8, 136.7, 128.6, 118.7, 117.9, 116.6, 115.5, 110.3, 52.1, 36.8; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd. for C₁₅H₁₃N₄O₄ [M+H]⁺: 313.0937, found: 313.0935.

Methyl 2-(1-(pyridin-2-yl)-1H-indol-2-yl)acetate 3z

Following the general procedure, **3z** was obtained as a colorless oil (13 mg, 0.047 mmol, 47%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 8.58 (ddd, J = 4.9, 2.0, 0.9 Hz, 1H),

7.89 (td, J = 7.7, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.63–7.59 (m, 1H), 7.55 (dt, J = 8.0, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (ddd, J = 7.1, 2.2, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (ddd, J = 7.4, 4.9, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.22-7.12 (m, 2H). 6.61 (d, J = 0.9 Hz, 1H), 4.04 (s, 2H), 3.56 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 170.7$, 151.3, 149.4, 138.4, 136.9, 133.0, 128.4, 122.5, 121.8, 121.0, 120.6, 120.2, 110.3, 105.7, 52.0, 34.1; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd. for C₁₆H₁₅N₂O₂ [M+H]⁺: 267.1134, found: 267.1143.

Dimethyl 2,2'-(1-(pyrimidin-2-yl)-1H-pyrrole-2,5-diyl)diacetate 3aa



Following the general procedure, **3aa** was obtained as a colorless oil (16 mg, 0.055 mmol, 55%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 8.60 (d, *J* =

4.8 Hz, 2H), 7.08 (t, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 6.14 (s, 2H), 3.96 (s, 4H), 3.59 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 171.8, 157.6, 127.6, 117.3, 112.4, 99.9, 51.8, 36.0; **HRMS (ESI, m/z):** calcd. for C₁₄H₁₆N₃O₄ [M+H]⁺: 290.1141, found: 290.1147.

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¹H, ¹³C NMR spectra of products





3.71 3.70 3.54 3.51 3.51 2.02 2.02 1.95 1.95 1.85 1.85































$\int_{155.6}^{159.4} \frac{159.4}{1155.7} \int_{156.5}^{156.5} \frac{156.5}{1156.4}$













 $<_{1.13}^{1.13}$













D0 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 50 50 40 30 20 10 0 -







D0 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 50 50 40 30 20 10 0 -











190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 10 0 -















160 150 140 130 . 0 -



8.72 8.71 8.64 8.64 8.64 8.64 8.64 8.64 8.64 8.65 8.65 8.65 8.66 8.67 7.75 8.66 8.77 8.67 7.75 8.66 8.75 8.67 8.67 8.68 8.68 8.68 8.68 8.68 8.68 8.68 8.68 8.68 8.69 8.75 8.69 8.75 8.75 8.69 8.75 8.75 8.69 8.75 8.75 8.64 8.65 8.73 8.73 8.73 8.73 8.73 8.73 8.73 8.74 8.64 <li





- 4.17 - 3.63























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170

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