

## Supporting information for

### **“Calix[4]-box” cages promote the formation of amide bond in water in the absence of coupling reagents**

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**Materials:** All the compounds were purchased from Sigma-Aldrich and were used without further purification.

**NMR experiments:** <sup>1</sup>H-NMR experiments were performed on an AVANCE 300 MHz Bruker spectrometer in D<sub>2</sub>O and the chemical shifts ( $\delta$ ) are reported in ppm relative to the residual solvent (H<sub>2</sub>O/HOD in D<sub>2</sub>O) signal ( $\delta = 4.7$  ppm). Data for <sup>1</sup>H-NMR spectra are reported as follows: chemical shift (multiplicity, number of hydrogen atom and position of hydrogen atom). Abbreviations are as follows: s (singlet), d (doublet), t (triplet), q (quartet), m (multiplet), br (broad). NMR experiments and 2D-NMR experiments were performed on 5 ml solution of 10 mg (**1**), (**2**), (**3**) or (**4**) dissolved in D<sub>2</sub>O respectively.

2D-DOSY (Diffusion-Ordered Spectroscopy) NMR experiments were performed at 298 K with a Bruker Dual z-gradient probe head capable of producing gradients in the z direction with strength 55 G cm<sup>-1</sup>. The DOSY spectra were acquired with the ledbpgp2s pulse program (2D sequence for diffusion measurement using echo and led with bipolar gradient pulse. (1S) All spectra were recorded with 8 K time domain data points in the F2 Frequency axis and 32 experiments (F1). The gradient strength was logarithmically incremented in 32 steps from 2% up to 95% of the maximum gradient strength. All measurements were performed with a diffusion delay D of 80 ms in order to keep the relaxation contribution to the signal attenuation constant for all samples. The gradient pulse length d was 5 ms in order to ensure full signal attenuation. The diffusion dimension of the 2D DOSY spectra was processed by means of the Bruker Topspin software (version 2.1).

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**X-ray Crystallography.** Single crystals of **Calix[4]{1}**, **Calix[4]G{1}**, **Calix[4]{AG1}** and **Calix[4]{A<sub>2</sub>G1}** of suitable dimensions were mounted onto thin glass fibers. All the intensity data were collected on an Agilent Technologies Gemini-S four-circle diffractometer using Mo-K $\alpha$  radiation ( $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$ ) and equipped with a Sapphire-3 detector at 175 K. The structures were solved using the ab initio iterative charge flipping method with parameters described elsewhere[2S] using the Superflip programme[3S] and they were refined using full-matrix least-squares procedures as implemented in CRYSTALS[4S] on all independent reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$ . Crystallographic data for the structures (Table 1S) reported in this paper have been deposited with Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre as supplementary publication No. CCDC 1553849-1553852.

Suitable crystals for all the structures were readily obtained in large quantities by slow evaporation of aqueous solutions below:

**Calix[4]{1}**: 41.6 mg, 0.05 mmol of 4-Sulfocalix[4]arene Sodium Salt, 6.5 mg, 0.05 mmol 6-aminohexanoic acid (**1**) and 50  $\mu\text{L}$  HCl 37% in 1 mL H<sub>2</sub>O. After 48 hours the crystals were filtered and dried under mild vacuum for 2 h.

**Calix[4]G{1}**: 41.6 mg, 0.05 mmol of 4-Sulfocalix[4]arene Sodium Salt, 9.5 mg, 0.1 mmol guanidinium, 6.5 mg, 0.05 mmol 6-aminohexanoic acid (**1**) and 50  $\mu\text{L}$  HCl 37% in 1 mL H<sub>2</sub>O. After 48 hours the crystals were filtered and dried under mild vacuum for 2 h.

**Calix[4]{AG1}**: 41.6 mg, 0.05 mmol of 4-Sulfocalix[4]arene Sodium Salt, 5.5 mg, 0.05 mmol aminoguanidinium, 6.5 mg, 0.05 mmol 6-aminohexanoic acid (**1**) and 50  $\mu\text{L}$  HCl 37% in 1 mL H<sub>2</sub>O. After 72 hours the crystals were filtered and dried under mild vacuum for 2 h.

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**Calix[4]{A<sub>2</sub>G1}**: 41.6 mg, 0.05 mmol of 4-Sulfocalix[4]arene Sodium Salt, 6.3 mg, 0.05 mmol 1,3-Diaminoguanidine, 6.5 mg, 0.05 mmol 6-aminohexanoic acid (**1**) and 50  $\mu$ L HCl 37% in 1 mL H<sub>2</sub>O. After 72 hours the crystals were filtered and dried under mild vacuum for 2 h.

**Calix[4]<sup>4-</sup>**: <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (D<sub>2</sub>O, 300 MHz):  $\delta$  7.538 (s, 10H, H<sup>a</sup>), 3.990 (s, 10H, H<sup>b</sup>).

**1**: <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (D<sub>2</sub>O, 300 MHz):  $\delta$  2.883-2.933 (t, 2H, H<sup>1</sup>), 2.080-2.128 (t, 2H, H<sup>2</sup>), 1.560-1.636 (m, 2H, H<sup>3</sup>), 1.450-1.534 (m, 2H, H<sup>4</sup>), 1.231-1.333 (m, 2H, H<sup>5</sup>).

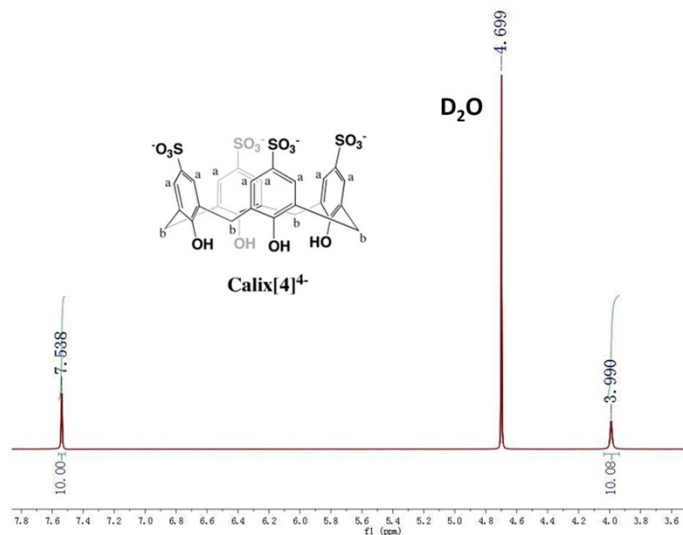
**Calix[4]{1}**: <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (D<sub>2</sub>O, 300 MHz):  $\delta$  7.560 (s, 10H, H<sup>a</sup>), 4.010 (s, 10H, H<sup>b</sup>), 2.039 (t, 2H, H<sup>1</sup>), 1.644 (t, 2H, H<sup>2</sup>), 0.394 (m, 4H, H<sup>3</sup>+H<sup>4</sup>), 0.041 (t, 2H, H<sup>5</sup>).

**Calix[4]G{1}**: <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (D<sub>2</sub>O, 300 MHz):  $\delta$  7.550 (s, 10H, H<sup>a</sup>), 3.988 (s, 10H, H<sup>b</sup>), 2.129 (t, 2H, H<sup>1</sup>), 1.709 (t, 2H, H<sup>2</sup>), 0.512 (m, 4H, H<sup>3</sup>+H<sup>4</sup>), 0.172 (t, 2H, H<sup>5</sup>).

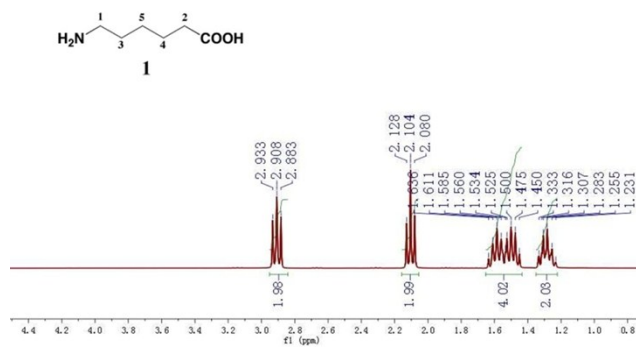
**Calix[4]{AG1}**: <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (D<sub>2</sub>O, 300 MHz):  $\delta$  7.582 (s, 10H, H<sup>a</sup>), 4.024 (s, 10H, H<sup>b</sup>), 1.727 (t, 2H, H<sup>1</sup>), 1.327 (t, 2H, H<sup>2</sup>), 0.022 (t, 2H, H<sup>3</sup>), -0.070 (t, 2H, H<sup>4</sup>), -0.676 (t, 2H, H<sup>5</sup>).

**Calix[4]{A<sub>2</sub>G1}**: <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (D<sub>2</sub>O, 300 MHz):  $\delta$  7.586 (s, 10H, H<sup>a</sup>), 4.031 (s, 10H, H<sup>b</sup>), 1.697 (t, 2H, H<sup>1</sup>), 1.282 (t, 2H, H<sup>2</sup>), -0.026 (t, 2H, H<sup>3</sup>), -0.132 (t, 2H, H<sup>4</sup>), -0.767 (t, 2H, H<sup>5</sup>).

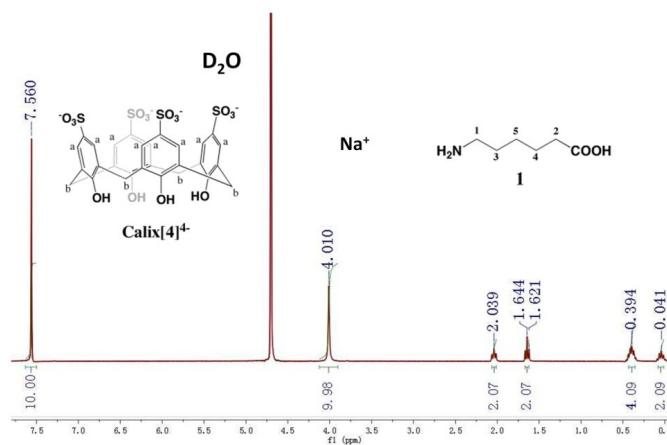
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**Figure 1s.** <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (300 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O) of Calix[4]<sup>4+</sup>



**Figure 2s.** <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (300 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O) of **1**



**Figure 3s.** <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (300 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O) of Calix[4]{1}

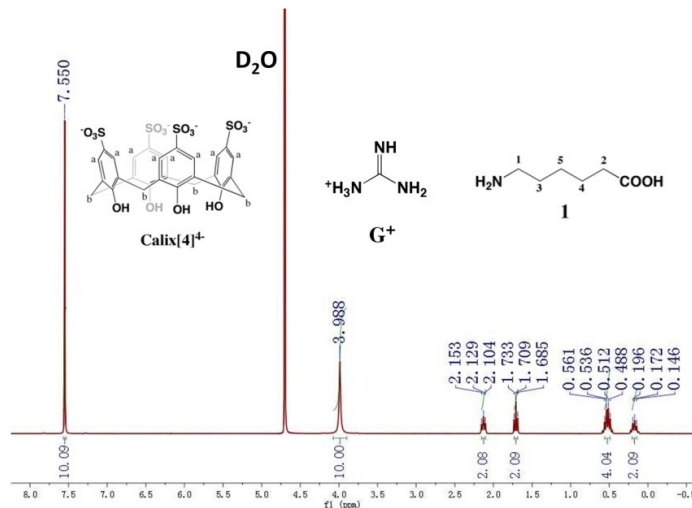


Figure 4s.  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  (300 MHz,  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$ ) of Calix[4]G{1}

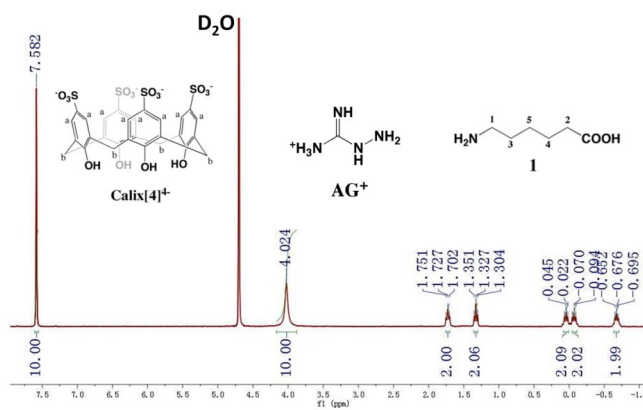


Figure 5s.  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  (300 MHz,  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$ ) of Calix[4]AG{1}

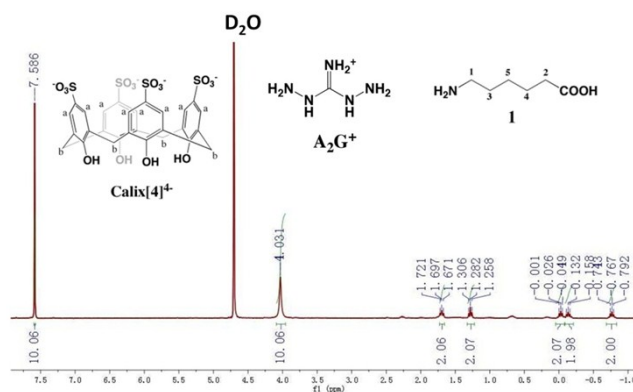
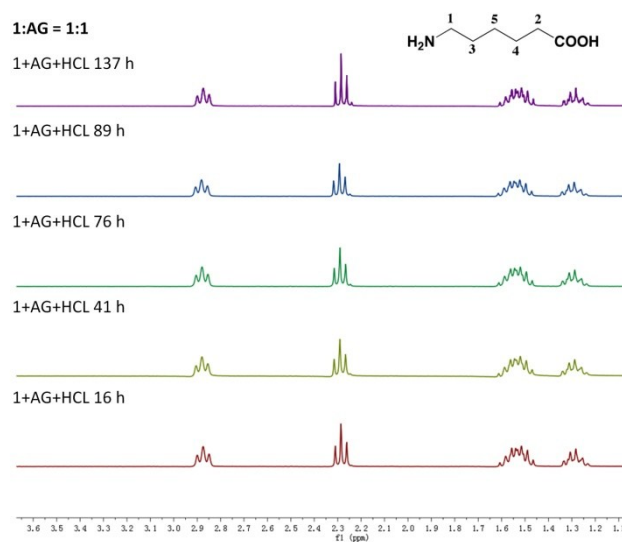


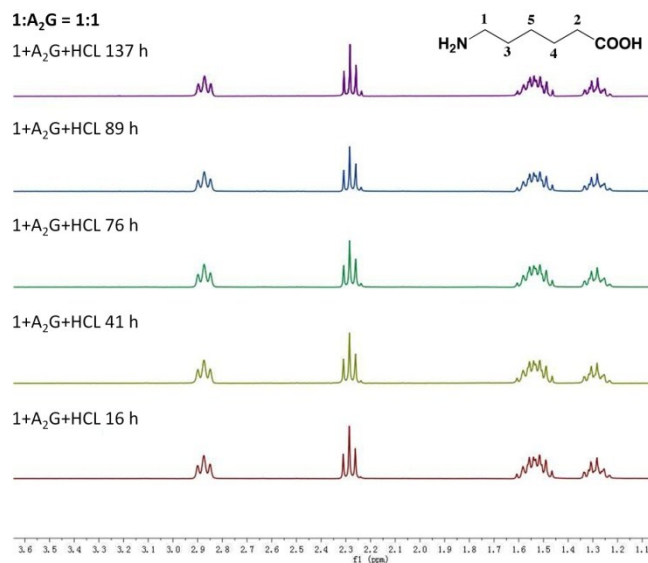
Figure 6s.  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  (300 MHz,  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$ ) of Calix[4]A<sub>2</sub>G{1}

Table S1. Chemical shifts for **1**, Calix[4]<sup>+</sup>, Calix[4]{**1**}, Calix[4]G{**1**}, Calix[4]{AG**1**} and Calix[4]{A<sub>2</sub>G**1**}

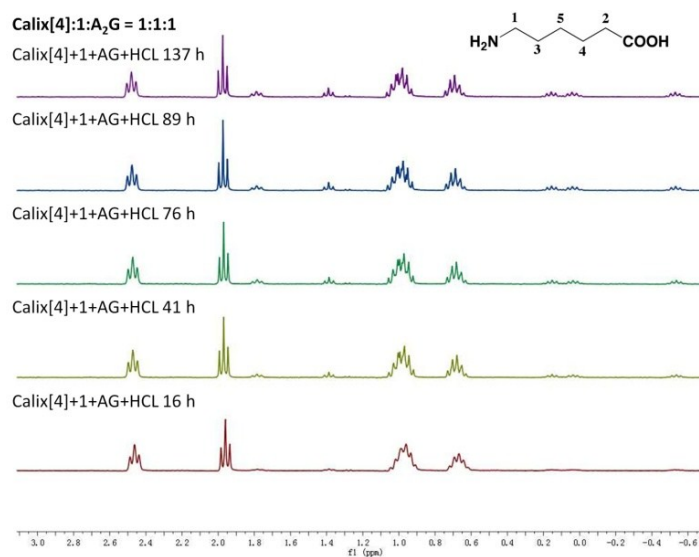
Name	Peak number/ Chemical shifts (ppm)
<b>1</b>	1 (2.908), 2 (2.104), 3 (1.585), 4 (1.500), 5 (1.283)
Calix[4] <sup>+</sup>	a (7.538), b (3.990)
Calix[4]{ <b>1</b> }	a (7.560), b (4.010), 1 (2.039), 2 (1.644), 3 - 4 (0.394), 5 (0.041)
Calix[4]G{ <b>1</b> }	a (7.550), b (3.988), 1 (2.129), 2 (1.709), 3 - 4 (0.536), 5 (0.172)
Calix[4]{AG <b>1</b> }	a (7.582), b (4.024), 1 (1.727), 2 (1.327), 3 (0.022), 4 (-0.070), 5 (-0.172)
Calix[4]{A <sub>2</sub> G <b>1</b> }	a (7.586), b (4.031), 1 (1.697), 2 (1.282), 3 (-0.026), 4 (-0.158), 5 (-0.767)



**Figure 7S.** Timely evolution of the <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (300 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O) of the aliphatic part of the spectra of equimolar mixture (0.025 mmol) of AG and **1** in the presence of 50 μL HCl 37% in 1 mL D<sub>2</sub>O

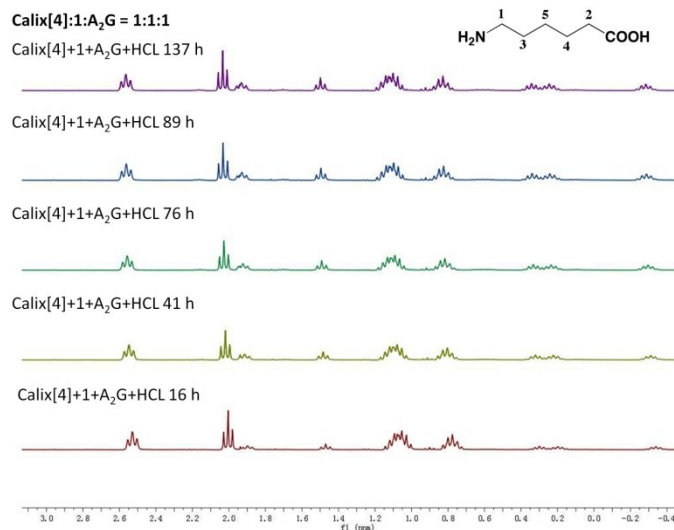


**Figure 8S.** Timely evolution of the <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (300 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O) of the aliphatic part of the spectra of equimolar mixture (0.025 mmol) of A<sub>2</sub>G and 1 in the presence of 50 μL HCl 37% in 1 mL D<sub>2</sub>O.

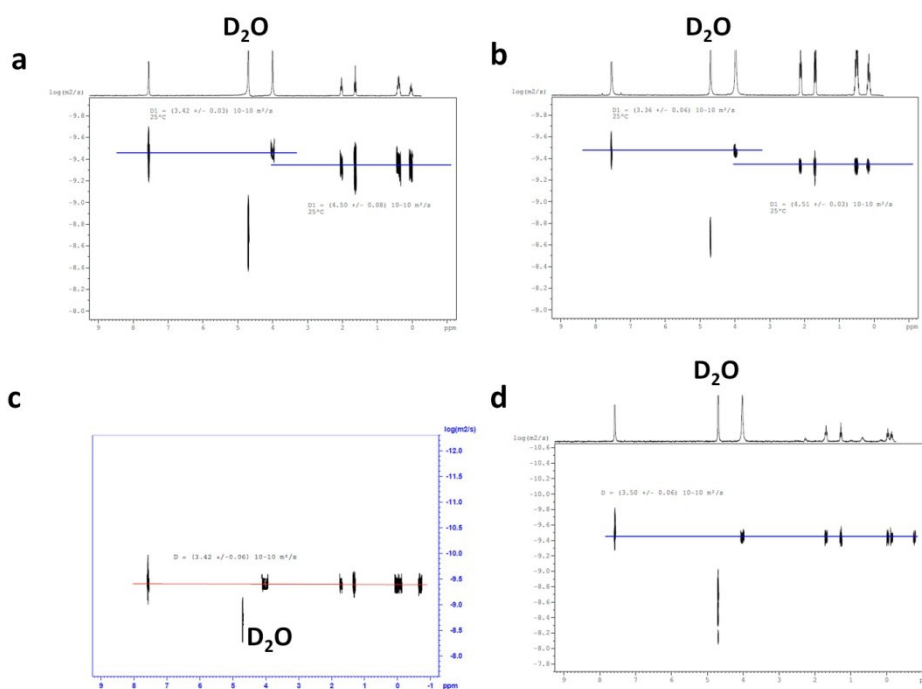


**Figure 9S.** Timely evolution of the <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (300 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O) of the aliphatic part of the spectra of 1:1:1 mixture (0.025 mmol) of Calix[4], AG and 1 in the presence of 50 μL HCl 37% in 1 mL D<sub>2</sub>O.





**Figure 10S.** Timely evolution of the <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (300 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O) of the aliphatic part of the spectra of 1:1:1 mixture (0.025 mmol) of Calix[4], A<sub>2</sub>G and 1 in the presence of 50 μL HCl 37% in 1 mL D<sub>2</sub>O.



**Figure 11s.** DOSY spectral of a) Calix[4]{1}, b) Calix[4]G{1} c) Calix[4]AG{1} and d) Calix[4]A<sub>2</sub>G{1}

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**Table S2.** DOSY diffusion coefficients for **Calix[4]<sup>+</sup>** and **1**, **AG1** or **A<sub>2</sub>G1** in HOD at room temperature.

<b>samples</b>	<b>Complex diffusion coeff. (m<sup>2</sup>s<sup>-1</sup>)</b>	
<b>Calix[4]{1}</b>	3.42×10 <sup>-10</sup> ( <b>Calix[4]<sup>+</sup></b> )	4.50×10 <sup>-10</sup> ( <b>1</b> )
<b>Calix[4]G{1}</b>	3.36×10 <sup>-10</sup> ( <b>Calix[4]<sup>+</sup></b> )	4.51×10 <sup>-10</sup> ( <b>1</b> )
<b>Calix[4]{AG1}</b>	3.42×10 <sup>-10</sup> ( <b>Calix[4]<sup>+</sup></b> )	3.42×10 <sup>-10</sup> ( <b>AG1</b> )
<b>Calix[4]{A<sub>2</sub>G1}</b>	3.50×10 <sup>-10</sup> ( <b>Calix[4]<sup>+</sup></b> )	3.50×10 <sup>-10</sup> ( <b>A<sub>2</sub>G1</b> )

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**Table S3. Crystallographic information on data collection and structure refinement.**

	<b>Calix[4]Na{1}</b>	<b>Calix[4]G{1}</b>	<b>Calix[4]AG{1}</b>	<b>Calix[4]A<sub>2</sub>G{1}</b>
Formula	C <sub>68</sub> H <sub>92</sub> N <sub>2</sub> NaO <sub>48</sub> S <sub>8</sub>	C <sub>35</sub> H <sub>39</sub> N <sub>4</sub> NaO <sub>18</sub> S <sub>4</sub> (Solvent)	C <sub>68</sub> H <sub>92</sub> N <sub>2</sub> NaO <sub>48</sub> S <sub>8</sub> (Solvent)	C <sub>35</sub> H <sub>49</sub> N <sub>6</sub> NaO <sub>21</sub> S <sub>4</sub>
Crystal Class	Monoclinic	Triclinic	Monoclinic	Monoclinic
Space Group	Pn	P-1	P2(1)/n	P2(1)/n
a (Å)	11.9054(4)	12.2682(7)	11.5859(5)	11.7762(2)
b (Å)	29.1876(9)	13.7258(9)	31.7590(13)	31.6823(5)
c (Å)	12.3389(3)	14.1574(8)	12.3239(5)	12.3285(2)
α (°)	89.996(2)	70.256(5)	90.008(3)	90.00
β (°)	90.743(2)	83.703(4)	90.620(3)	92.99(16)
γ (°)	90.004(2)	84.488(5)	90.030(3)	90.00
Volume (Å <sup>3</sup> )	4287.3(2)	2225.85(12)	4534.4(3)	4593.43(9)
Z	2	2	2	4
Radiation type	Mo-Kα	Mo-Kα	Mo-Kα	Mo-Kα
Wavelength (Å)	0.71073	0.71073	0.71073	0.71073
ρ (mg/cm <sup>3</sup> )	1.538	1.602	1.454	
Temperature (K)	175	175	175	175
Diffractionmeter type	Gemini	Gemini	Gemini	Gemini
Scan type	ω	ω	ω	ω
Reflections measured	37233	8669	10022	10955
Independent reflec.	16839	6957	6649	9026
R <sub>int</sub>	0.04	0.035	0.062	0.034
Average size (mm)	0.45x0.38x0.21	0.35x0.35x0.05	0.40x0.25x0.10	0.60x0.45x0.10
Refinement on	F	F	F	F
R <sub>1</sub> (I>2σ(I))	0.088	0.044	0.0971	0.1003
wR <sub>2</sub> (I>2σ(I))	0.096	0.043	0.0876	0.1081
R1 (all data)	0.095	0.061	0.1394	0.1142
wR <sub>2</sub> (all data)	0.102	0.048	0.1072	0.1136
Number of parameters	1190	559	578	673
Goodness of fit	1.107	1.117	1.256	1.033

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## References

- [1S] D. Wu, A. Chen & C.S. Johnson Jr., *J. Magn. Reson. A* **1995**, *115*, 260-264.
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- [4S] L. Palatinus, G. Chapuis, *J. Appl. Crystallogr.* **2007**, *40*, 786-790.
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