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Supporting Information for

# Palladium-Catalyzed Trisallylation of Azoles with Alkyne via sequential $C(sp^2)$ -H and $C(sp^3)$ -H Functionalization

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#### General methods and materials

Reactions were monitored by TLC analysis which was performed on aluminum plates pre-coated with silica gel (MERCK, 60 F-254), and visualized by UV fluorescence ( $\lambda$ max = 254 nm) and/or by staining with 1% w/v KMnO<sub>4</sub> in 0.5 M aqueous K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>. Products were purified by flash column chromatography which was performed using MACHEREY-NAGEL silica gel 60® (230-400 mesh).

NMR (Nuclear Magnetic Resonance) spectra were acquired on a VARIAN Mercury (300 MHz) or on a BRUKER Avance 400 spectrometer or on a Bruker 500 DRX NMR spectrometer. Chemical shifts for <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra are reported in ppm and internally referenced to tetramethylsilane signal or residual protio solvent signals. Data are reported as follows: chemical shift, multiplicity (s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, m = multiplet, br = broad), coupling constants (Hz) and integration. Chemical shifts for <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra are reported in ppm from the tetramethylsilane with the solvent resonance as internal standard and with complete proton decoupling.

HRMS (High Resolution Mass Spectra) was measured on a THERMO SCIENTIFIC Advantage and a THERMO SCIENTIFIC Exactive instrument equipped with an APCI source in the positive-ion mode.

Melting points for solids were measured on a BÜCHI Dr. Tottoli melting point apparatus and are given uncorrected.

Solvents: Toluene was freshly distilled over Sodium/Benzophenone and degassed with argon prior to use. 1,2-Dichloroethane (DCE) was freshly distilled over CaH<sub>2</sub> and collected under Argon. THF was freshly distilled over Na and collected under Argon. DMF was purchased from Acros and used as received. Solvents employed for

work-up and column chromatography were purified prior to use by evaporation on a rotary evaporator.

Substrates: benzoxazole (1a) and 1-phenyl-1-propyne (2a) were purchased from Sigma-Aldrich and used without further purification. Azoles (1b-1k) were synthesized according to literatures.<sup>1</sup> 2-allylbenzoxazole (8b) was prepared based on the literatures.<sup>2</sup>

Ligands and metal catalysts were purchased from Acros, Sigma-Aldrich, ABCR, Alfa Aesar and were used as received.

## **Optimization studies**

## **Table S1. Screening of acids**

0.2	N     +     He     Pd(OAc) <sub>2</sub> (2.5 mol%) RuPhos (5 mol%) toluene, 120 °C       Ph     Ph     KOAc (0.6 equiv) acid (x mol%)       Ia     2a     24 h       mmol     4 equiv     24 h	Ph Ph Ph Ph 3aa Ph
entry <sup>a</sup>	acid (x)	yield/%
1	HOAc (10)	41
2	PhCOOH (10)	65 (72)
3	Ph <sub>3</sub> COOH (10)	54
4	<b>HOPiv</b> (10)	74
5	HOPiv (20)	74
6	HOPiv (60)	71

<sup>*a*</sup>Reaction conditions (unless otherwise specified): **1a** (0.2 mmol), **2a** (4 equiv.),  $Pd(OAc)_2$  (2.5 mol%), RuPhos (5 mol%), KOAc (0.6 equiv), acid (10 mol%), toluene (0.2 mL), 24 h, 120 °C. NMR yield was determined by <sup>1</sup>H-NMR spectroscopy using 1,3,5-trimethoxybenzene as an internal standard. Isolated yields are reported in parentheses.

## Table S2. Screening of ligands



entry <sup>a</sup>	ligand	yield/%
1	XPhos	69
2	RuPhos	74
3	SPhos	64
4	PCy <sub>3</sub>	14
5	PPh <sub>3</sub>	32
6	JohnPhos	17

7	BrettPhos	0
8	dppe	0
9	dppp	10
10	dppb	15
11	dppf	21
12	DPEphos	24

<sup>*a*</sup>Reaction conditions (unless otherwise specified): **1a** (0.2 mmol), **2a** (4 equiv.),  $Pd(OAc)_2$  (2.5 mol%), ligand (5 mol%), KOAc (0.6 equiv), HOPiv (10 mol%), toluene (0.2 mL), 24 h, 120 °C. NMR yield was determined by <sup>1</sup>H-NMR spectroscopy using 1,3,5-trimethoxybenzene as an internal standard.

## **Table S3. Screening of Solvents**

1a 0.2 mmol	+ Me Ph Ph Ph Ph Ph Ph Ph Ph Ph Ph	Ph Ph Ph 3aa Ph
entry <sup>a</sup>	solvent	yield/%
1	toluene	74
2	DCE	0
3	DMSO	0
4	DMF	0
5	THF	47
$6^{\mathrm{b}}$	toluene	70

<sup>*a*</sup>Reaction conditions (unless otherwise specified): **1a** (0.2 mmol), **2a** (4 equiv.), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (2.5 mol%), RuPhos (5 mol%), KOAc (0.6 equiv), HOPiv (10 mol%), solvent (0.2 mL), 24 h, 120 °C. NMR yield was determined by <sup>1</sup>H-NMR spectroscopy using 1,3,5-trimethoxybenzene as an internal standard. <sup>b</sup>3 equivalents of alkyne was used.

### Table S4. Screening of Pd sources



2	$Pd(TFA)_2$	58
3	$Pd(dba)_2$	51
4	$Pd(OAc)_2$	74
5 <sup>b</sup>	$Pd(OAc)_2$	77 (81)

<sup>*a*</sup>Reaction conditions (unless otherwise specified): **1a** (0.2 mmol), **2a** (4 equiv.), Pd source (2.5 mol%), RuPhos (5 mol%), KOAc (0.6 equiv), HOPiv (10 mol%), toluene (0.2 mL), 24 h, 120 °C. NMR yield was determined by <sup>1</sup>H-NMR spectroscopy using 1,3,5-trimethoxybenzene as an internal standard. Isolated yields are reported in parentheses. <sup>b</sup>**1a** (0.4 mmol), **2a** (4 equiv.), Pd source (2.5 mol%), RuPhos (5 mol%), KOAc (0.6 equiv), HOPiv (10 mol%), toluene (0.8 mL, 0.5M), 24 h, 120 °C.

## Unsuccessful alkynes:



#### Experimental details and characterization data



Typical procedure for triallylation of azoles with alkyne

A 2 ml Schlenk tube was flame-dried under vacuum, backfilled with argon and cooled to room temperature using a standard Schlenk line apparatus. The Schlenk tube was charged with  $Pd(OAc)_2$  (2.2 mg, 0.01 mmol, 2.5 mol%), RuPhos (9.3 mg, 0.02 mmol, 5 mol%), KOAc (23.5 mg, 0.24 mmol, 0.6 equiv). The Schlenk tube was put on vacuum and backfilled with argon three times. Afterwards HOPiv (4.8 M in toluene) (8.3 µL, 0.04 mmol, 10 mol%), azoles (0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv), alkyne (1.6 mmol, 4.0 equiv) and 0.8 ml of freshly distilled toluene were added by syringe under a flow of argon. The Schlenk tube was sealed by a screw cap and the resulting mixture was stirred at 120 °C for 24 hours. The mixture was cooled down to room temperature. After the solvents were removed under reduced pressure, the residue was purified with column chromatography on silica gel afford the corresponding product after drying in vacuo.

#### Gram scale reaction:



A 10 ml Schlenk tube was flame-dried under vacuum, backfilled with argon and cooled to room temperature using a standard Schlenk line apparatus. The Schlenk

tube was charged with Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (16.8 mg, 0.075 mmol, 2.5 mol%), RuPhos (70.0 mg, 0.15 mmol, 5 mol%), KOAc (176.6 mg, 1.8 mmol, 0.6 equiv). The Schlenk tube was put on vacuum and backfilled with argon three times. Afterwards HOPiv (4.8 M in toluene) (62.5  $\mu$ L, 0.3 mmol, 10 mol%), benzoxazole (**1a**) (357.7 mg, 3 mmol, 1.0 equiv), 1-phenyl-1-propyne (**2a**) (1.394 g, 12 mmol, 4.0 equiv) and 6 ml of freshly distilled toluene were added by syringe under a flow of argon. The Schlenk tube was sealed by a screw cap and the resulting mixture was stirred at 120 °C for 31 hours. The mixture was cooled down to room temperature. After the solvents were removed under reduced pressure, the residue was purified with column chromatography on silica gel (toluene) afford the corresponding product (1.1416 g, 81% yield) after drying in vacuo.

#### Characterization for the allylated products 3



Yellow foam, 152.4 mg, 81% yield. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  7.73-7.66 (m, 1H), 7.38 (d, *J* = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 7.25-7.17 (m, 5H), 7.15 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz, 3H), 7.10-6.92 (m, 10H), 6.69 (d, *J* = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 6.35 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 2H), 6.09-5.97 (m, 2H), 2.65 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 4H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  162.6, 150.9, 149.5, 144.1, 143.1, 137.8, 134.1, 128.8, 128.7, 127.7, 127.4, 126.9, 126.5, 125.5, 125.1, 124.6, 120.5, 116.7, 110.5, 48.4, 41.3; HR-MS (C<sub>34</sub>H<sub>30</sub>ON; [M+H]<sup>+</sup>, pos. ESI): calcd: 468.2322, found: 468.2323.



Yellow foam, 134.3 mg, 70% yield. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz,  $C_6D_6$ )  $\delta$  7.38 (d, J = 16.5 Hz, 1H), 7.23-7.19 (m, 2H), 7.19-7.16 (m, 6H), 7.04-7.09 (m, 6H), 7.02-6.98 (m, 2H), 6.95 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.69 (d, J = 16.5 Hz, 1H), 6.35 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 2H), 6.07-5.98 (m, 2H), 2.66 (dd, J = 7.0, 1.0 Hz, 4H), 2.59 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz,  $C_6D_6$ )  $\delta$  161.8, 150.6, 148.9, 144.2, 142.2, 137.8, 134.1, 130.9, 128.8, 128.5, 127.7, 127.4, 126.9, 126.5, 125.5, 125.1, 125.0, 116.8, 107.8, 48.3, 41.3, 16.5; HR-MS ( $C_{35}H_{32}ON$ ;  $[M+H]^+$ , pos. ESI): calcd: 482.2478, found: 482.2476.



Yellow oil, 58.3 mg, 30% yield. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.62 (dd, J = 9.0, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 7.47-7.36 (m, 4H), 7.32-7.27 (m, 9H), 7.26 (s, 1H), 7.23-7.18 (m, 3H), 7.10 -7.04 (m, 1H), 6.58 (d, J = 16.5 Hz, 1H), 6.47 (d, J = 15.5 Hz, 2H), 6.09-5.97 (m, 2H), 2.91 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 4H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  163.1 (d, J = 3.5 Hz), 160.8 (d, J = 244.7 Hz) 150.4 (d, J = 14.7 Hz), 149.8, 143.5, 138.4 (d, J = 1.6 Hz), 137.4, 133.8, 128.65, 128.60, 127.4, 127.3, 126.9, 126.2, 125.4, 120.2 (d, J = 10.1 Hz), 115.9, 112.4 (d, J = 24.6 Hz), 98.6 (d, J = 28.2 Hz), 48.4, 41.1; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (471 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -115.01 (m, 1F); HR-MS (C<sub>34</sub>H<sub>29</sub>ONF; [M+H]<sup>+</sup>, pos. ESI): calcd: 486.2228, found: 486.2228.



Yellow oil, 145.2 mg, 75% yield. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  7.61 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (d, J = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 7.24-7.15 (m, 7H), 7.11-7.01 (m, 6H), 7.01-6.96 (m, 3H), 6.83 (dd, J = 8.0, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (d, J = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 6.35 (d, J = 15.8 Hz, 2H), 6.08-5.94 (m, 2H), 2.65 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 4H), 2.09 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  162.2, 151.3, 148.8, 144.2, 141.0, 137.9, 135.4, 134.1, 128.8, 128.7, 127.7, 127.4, 126.9, 126.5, 125.9, 125.6, 119.9, 116.9, 110.7, 48.2, 41.4, 21.5; HR-MS (C<sub>35</sub>H<sub>32</sub>ON; [M+H]<sup>+</sup>, pos. ESI): calcd: 482.2478, found: 482.2477.



Yellow solid, 133.0 mg, 69% yield, m.p.= 126-128 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ 7.53 (s, 1H), 7.46-7.38 (m, 5H), 7.35-7.28 (m, 10H), 7.27-7.21 (m, 2H), 7.16 (dd, J =8.4, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 6.64 (d, J = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 6.51 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 2H), 6.14-6.02 (m, 2H), 2.95 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 4H), 2.51 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  162.6, 149.3, 148.7, 143.7, 142.3, 137.5, 134.3, 133.7, 128.6, 128.58, 127.5, 127.3, 126.9, 126.3, 126.2, 125.6, 119.9, 116.3, 109.8, 48.4, 41.2, 21.5; HR-MS (C<sub>35</sub>H<sub>32</sub>ON; [M+H]<sup>+</sup>, pos. ESI): calcd: 482.2478, found: 482.2477.



White solid, 184.6 mg, 88% yield, m.p.= 134-136 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  7.88 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (d, J = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 7.24-7.17 (m, 7H), 7.15-7.11 (m, 3H), 7.09-7.04 (m, 5H), 7.03-6.97 (m, 2H), 6.74 (d, J = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 6.36 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 2H), 6.09-5.98 (m, 2H), 2.66 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 4H), 1.21 (s, 9H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  162.8, 149.04, 149.0, 144.2, 143.2, 137.9, 134.1, 128.8, 128.7,

127.7, 127.4, 126.9, 126.5, 125.6, 123.0, 117.2, 116.9, 109.7, 48.4, 41.4, 34.8, 31.8; HR-MS (C<sub>38</sub>H<sub>38</sub>ON; [M+H]<sup>+</sup>, pos. ESI): calcd: 524.2948, found: 524.2947.



Yellow solid, 119.2 mg, 60% yield, m.p.= 140-142 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  7.45-7.44 (m, 1H), 7.42 (d, *J* = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 7.23-7.20 (m, 2H), 7.19-7.16 (m, 4H), 7.14-7.13 (m, 1H), 7.10-6.97 (m, 8H), 6.72 (d, *J* = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 6.64 (dt, *J* = 1.6, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 6.35 (d, *J* = 15.6 Hz, 2H), 6.03 (dt, *J* = 15.6, 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.70-2.59 (m, 4H), 2.21 (s, 3H), 2.16 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  162.5, 148.7, 148.4, 144.2, 143.0, 137.9, 134.2, 134.1, 128.82, 128.75, 127.7, 127.6, 127.4, 126.9, 126.5, 125.6, 120.2, 118.0, 117.0, 48.4, 41.2, 21.4, 15.1; HR-MS (C<sub>36</sub>H<sub>34</sub>ON; [M+H]<sup>+</sup>, pos. ESI): calcd: 496.2635, found: 496.2639.



Yellow solid, 267.2 mg, 95% yield, m.p.= 136-138 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  7.38 (d, *J* = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 7.25-7.16 (m, 8H), 7.10-6.96 (m, 9H), 6.79 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (d, *J* = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 6.36 (d, *J* = 15.6 Hz, 2H), 6.09-5.97 (m, 2H), 3.27 (s, 3H), 2.66 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 4H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  163.4, 157.9, 149.0, 145.5, 145.2, 144.0, 137.9, 134.1, 128.8, 128.7, 127.4, 126.9, 126.5, 125.6, 116.9, 114.3, 110.7, 103.3, 55.3, 48.4, 41.4; HR-MS (C<sub>35</sub>H<sub>32</sub>O<sub>2</sub>N; [M+H]<sup>+</sup>, pos. ESI): calcd: 498.2428, found: 498.2431.



Yellow oil, 73.5 mg, 38% yield. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz,  $C_6D_6$ )  $\delta$  7.35 (d, J = 16.5 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (dd, J = 8.5, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (m, 7H), 7.09-7.05 (m, 5H), 7.04-6.97 (m, 3H), 6.80 (dd, J = 9.0, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (dt, J = 9.5, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 6.61 (d, J = 16.5 Hz, 1H), 6.35 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 2H), 6.06-5.96 (m, 2H), 2.63 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 4H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz,  $C_6D_6$ )  $\delta$  164.3, 160.5 (d, J = 240.7 Hz), 150.2, 147.0 (d, J = 1.3 Hz), 143.9, 142.8 (d, J = 13.2 Hz), 137.7, 134.2, 128.83, 128.78, 127.6, 127.5, 127.0, 126.4, 125.3, 116.4, 112.6 (d, J = 26.3 Hz), 110.7 (d, J = 10.0 Hz), 106.7 (d, J = 25.5 Hz), 48.4, 41.3; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (471 MHz,  $C_6D_6$ )  $\delta$  -177.86 (m, 1F); HR-MS ( $C_{34}H_{29}$ ONF; [M+H]<sup>+</sup>, pos. ESI): calcd: 486.2228, found: 486.2231.



Yellow foam, 125.8 mg, 58% yield. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  8.05-7.96 (m, 1H), 7.48-7.40 (m, 3H), 7.28 (dd, J = 8.4, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.25-7.19 (m, 6H), 7.16-7.14 (m, 5H), 7.13-7.10 (m, 1H), 7.09-7.05 (m, 5H), 7.02-6.98 (m, 2H), 6.73 (d, J = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 6.37 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 2H), 6.10-5.98 (m, 2H), 2.68 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 4H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  163.2, 150.4, 150.0, 144.1, 143.8, 141.5, 138.7, 137.8, 134.2, 129.0, 128.8, 128.8, 128.5, 127.7, 127.5, 127.3, 127.0, 126.5, 125.5, 124.9, 119.1, 116.7, 110.5, 48.5, 41.4; HR-MS (C<sub>40</sub>H<sub>35</sub>ON; [M+H]<sup>+</sup>, pos. ESI): calcd: 544.2635, found: 544.2637.



Yellow oil, 142.9 mg, 58% yield. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.19-8.10 (m, 2H), 7.94 (s, 1H), 7.71-7.68 (m, 2H), 7.63-7.51 (m, 2H), 7.49-7.38 (m, 4H), 7.38-7.33 (m, 1H), 7.33-7.25 (m, 9H), 7.25-7.18 (m, 2H), 6.65 (d, *J* = 16.5 Hz, 1H), 6.49 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 2H), 6.12-5.99 (m, 2H), 4.43 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.94 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 4H), 1.44 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  166.5, 163.3, 150.5, 150.2, 145.4, 143.5, 142.9, 137.4, 137.2, 133.8, 130.2, 129.3, 128.6, 128.59, 127.4, 127.34, 127.33, 126.9, 126.2, 125.4, 124.8, 118.6, 116.0, 110.7, 61.1, 48.5, 41.1, 14.4; HR-MS (C<sub>43</sub>H<sub>38</sub>O<sub>3</sub>N; [M+H]<sup>+</sup>, pos. ESI): calcd: 616.2846, found: 616.2840.



Yellow oil, 115.3 mg, 50% yield. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  10.08 (s, 1H), 7.99-7.94 (m, 3H), 7.79 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.62-7.54 (m, 2H), 7.46-7.38 (m, 4H), 7.35 (d, J = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 7.33-7.26 (m, 9H), 7.23-7.18 (m, 2H), 6.64 (d, J = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 6.48 (d, J = 15.8 Hz, 2H), 6.11-5.98 (m, 2H), 2.93 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 4H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  191.9, 163.5, 150.7, 150.5, 147.1, 143.5, 143.0, 137.5, 136.9, 135.3, 133.8, 130.4, 128.7, 128.6, 128.1, 127.5, 127.4, 127.0, 126.2, 125.4, 124.9, 118.8, 116.1, 110.8, 48.6, 41.2; HR-MS (C<sub>41</sub>H<sub>34</sub>O<sub>2</sub>N; [M+H]<sup>+</sup>, pos. ESI): calcd: 572.2584, found: 572.2586.



Yellow oil, 159.3 mg, 81% yield. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, Acetone)  $\delta$  8.11-8.01 (m, 2H), 7.62-7.49 (m, 5H), 7.43-7.39 (m, 2H), 7.35-7.22 (m, 10H), 7.19-7.15 (m, 2H), 6.70 (d, J = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 6.55 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 2H), 6.26-6.12 (m, 2H), 3.03 (dd, J = 7.2, 0.8 Hz, 4H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, Acetone)  $\delta$  164.7, 164.6, 150.0, 144.8, 138.5, 134.4, 132.5, 130.1, 129.4, 128.4, 128.0, 127.6, 127.5, 126.9, 126.5, 125.1, 113.1, 49.4, 41.7; HR-MS (C<sub>35</sub>H<sub>31</sub>ON<sub>2</sub>; [M+H]<sup>+</sup>, pos. ESI): calcd: 495.2431, found: 495.2432.



Yellow oil, 162.5 mg, 79% yield. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz,  $C_6D_6$ )  $\delta$  7.70-7.59 (m, 2H), 7.25-7.16 (m, 8H), 7.13-7.06(m, 6H), 7.04-6.98 (m, 2H), 6.61-6.59 (m, 3H), 6.38 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 2H), 6.08-5.94 (m, 2H), 2.73-2.59 (m, 4H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz,  $C_6D_6$ )  $\delta$ 164.7 (d, J = 252.4 Hz), 163.9, 163.3, 148.6, 143.7, 137.7, 134.3, 129.3 (d, J = 8.8 Hz), 128.9, 128.5, 127.64, 127.58, 127.1, 126.5, 125.2, 120.8 (d, J = 3.3 Hz), 116.2 (d, J = 22.2 Hz), 112.7, 48.4, 41.2; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (471 MHz,  $C_6D_6$ )  $\delta$  -107.67 (m, 1F); HR-MS ( $C_{35}H_{30}ON_2F$ ; [M+H]<sup>+</sup>, pos. ESI): calcd: 513.2337, found: 513.2335.



Yellow oil, 209.6 mg, 93% yield. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.18 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.76 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.49-7.39 (m, 4H), 7.36-7.31 (m, 1H), 7.31-7.28 (m, 7H), 7.28-7.16 (m, 4H), 6.68 (d, J = 16.5 Hz, 1H), 6.49 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 2H), 6.10-5.95 (m, 2H), 2.93 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 4H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  164.4,

163.0, 150.1, 143.1, 137.3, 134.0, 133.6 (q, J = 32.9 Hz), 128.7, 128.6, 127.4, 127.39, 127.3, 127.1, 126.2, 126.1 (q, J = 3.9 Hz), 125.0, 123.6 (q, J = 273.2 Hz), 48.5, 14.0; <sup>19</sup>F NMR (471 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -63.05 (s, 3F); HR-MS (C<sub>36</sub>H<sub>30</sub>ON<sub>2</sub>F<sub>3</sub>; [M+H]<sup>+</sup>, pos. ESI): calcd: 563.2305, found: 563.2302.



Yellow foam, 108 mg, 51% yield. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.04-7.96 (m, 2H), 7.45-7.39 (m, 4H), 7.35-7.26 (m, 9H), 7.25-7.18 (m, 2H), 7.12 (d, *J* = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 7.03-6.95 (m, 2H), 6.65 (d, *J* = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 6.48 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 2H), 6.09-5.96 (m, 2H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 2.92 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 4H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  164.1, 163.5, 162.4, 148.6, 143.4, 137.4, 133.9, 128.8, 128.7, 128.6, 127.4, 127.3, 127.0, 126.2, 125.2, 116.5, 114.5, 112.4, 55.5, 48.4, 41.0; HR-MS (C<sub>36</sub>H<sub>33</sub>O<sub>2</sub>N<sub>2</sub>; [M+H]<sup>+</sup>, pos. ESI): calcd: 525.2537, found: 525.2535.



White solid, 144.7 mg, 66% yield, m.p.= 120-122 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  7.99-7.89 (m, 2H), 7.22-7.16 (m, 7H), 7.15-7.14 (m, 5H), 7.10-7.07 (m, 4H), 7.03-6.97 (m, 2H), 6.60 (d, *J* = 16.5 Hz, 1H), 6.37 (d, *J* = 15.5 Hz, 2H), 6.06-5.93 (m, 2H), 2.62 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 1.10 (s, 7H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  164.3, 163.8, 154.8, 148.3, 143.8, 137.8, 134.3, 128.85, 128.81, 127.7, 127.5, 127.07, 127.05, 126.5, 126.1, 125.3, 122.1, 112.9, 48.3, 41.2, 34.8, 31.0; HR-MS (C<sub>39</sub>H<sub>39</sub>ON<sub>2</sub>; [M+H]<sup>+</sup>, pos. ESI): calcd: 551.3057, found: 551.3058.



White foam, 133.6 mg, 66% yield. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  7.99 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.34-7.29 (m, 7H), 7.28-7.26 (m, 2H), 7.22-7.16 (m, 5H), 7.14-7.09 (m, 2H), 6.95 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.73 (d, J = 16.8 Hz, 1H), 6.49 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 2H), 6.18-6.06 (m, 2H), 2.76 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 4H), 2.07 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, C<sub>6</sub>D<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  164.4, 163.8, 148.3, 143.9, 141.7, 137.8, 134.3, 129.8, 128.8, 128.5, 127.7, 127.5, 127.1, 127.05, 126.5, 125.4, 122.1, 112.9, 48.4, 41.2, 21.3; HR-MS (C<sub>36</sub>H<sub>33</sub>ON<sub>2</sub>; [M+H]<sup>+</sup>, pos. ESI): calcd: 509.2587, found: 509.2588.



Yellow oil, 151.8 mg, 75% yield. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz,  $C_6D_6$ )  $\delta$  7.80-7.70 (m, 2H), 7.18-7.10 (m, 9H), 7.06-7.00 (m, 5H), 6.98-6.94 (m, 2H), 6.94 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.58 (d, J = 16.6 Hz, 1H), 6.32 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 2H), 6.04-5.90 (m, 2H), 2.60 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 4H), 1.90 (s, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz,  $C_6D_6$ )  $\delta$  164.4, 163.9, 148.4, 143.8, 138.8, 137.8, 134.3, 132.2, 129.0, 128.8, 128.5, 127.69, 127.67, 127.1, 126.5, 125.4, 124.7, 124.4, 112.9, 48.4, 41.2, 21.0; HR-MS ( $C_{36}H_{33}ON_2$ ; [M+H]<sup>+</sup>, pos. ESI): calcd: 509.2587, found: 509.2584.

#### Synthesis of 2-cinnamybenzoxazole (8a)



To a solution of (E)-4-phenylbut-3-enenitrile (1.4 g, 10 mmol) and methanol (0.64 g,

20 mmol) in ethyl ether (50 mL), dry HCl gas was introduced for 18 h at room temperature. The resulting light brown solid was filtrate and dried under the high vacuum. A mixture of the solid and 2-aminophenol (1.4 g, 13 mmol) in ethanol (20 mL) was heated at 80 °C for 2d. The mixture was concentrated and the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 1/1) to afford **8a** in 33% yield (780 mg) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.74-7.65 (m, 1H), 7.51-7.48 (m, 1H), 7.44-7.37 (m, 2H), 7.33-7.29 (m, 4H), 7.27-7.18 (m, 1H), 6.66 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.46 (dt, *J* = 16.0, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 3.88 (dd, *J* = 7.2, 1.6 Hz, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  165.1, 151.1, 141.5, 136.8, 134.1, 128.6, 127.8, 126.5, 124.8, 124.3, 122.1, 119.9, 110.5, 32.6; HR-MS (C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>14</sub>ON; [M+H]<sup>+</sup>, pos. ESI): calcd: 236.1070, found: 236.1067.

#### **Derivatization of Allylated Benzoxazole 3aa**

1 Synthesis of 7a



A solution of **3aa** (50 mg, 0.107 mmol) in MeOH (2 mL) and THF (1 mL) was hydrogenated on 10% Pd/C (5 mg, 10 mol %) under 1 atom of H<sub>2</sub> for 43 h. After removal of catalyst, the solvent was removed and the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (cyclohexane/toluene = 1/1) to afford **7a** in 84% yield (42.7 mg) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.67-7.58 (m, 1H), 7.45-7.38 (m, 1H), 7.29-7.19 (m, 10H), 7.18-7.11 (m, 3H), 7.08-7.05 (m, 4H), 2.55-2.50 (m, 6H), 2.28-2.17 (m, 2H), 1.73 (q, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 4H), 1.51-1.30 (m, 4H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  167.5, 150.9, 146.1, 142.3, 141.5, 128.4, 128.3, 126.5, 125.9, 125.8, 124.5, 124.1, 119.6, 110.3, 43.1, 36.4, 36.3, 34.9, 25.3, 23.6; HR-MS

#### 2 Synthesis of 7b



A solution of **3aa** (47.6 mg, 0.102 mmol) in EtOAc (2 mL) was hydrogenated on 10% Pd/C (4.7 mg, 10 mol %) under 1 atom of H<sub>2</sub> for 1 h. After removal of catalyst, the solvent was removed and the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (cyclohexane/toluene = 1/1) to afford **7b** in 98% yield (47 mg) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.75-7.65 (m, 1H), 7.52-7.44 (m, 1H), 7.36-7.28 (m, 5H), 7.28-7.22 (m, 6H), 7.121-7.16 (m, 3H), 7.13-7.10 (m, 4H), 6.45 (d, *J* = 16.8 Hz, 1H), 2.59 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 4H), 2.07-1.85 (m, 4H), 1.56-1.38 (m, 4H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  162.8, 150.6, 150.4, 144.5, 142.13, 142.1, 128.5, 128.4, 128.38, 127.3, 126.5, 125.9, 125.1, 124.5, 119.9, 115.5, 110.4, 48.0, 37.1, 36.4, 25.8; HR-MS (C<sub>34</sub>H<sub>34</sub>ON; [M+H]<sup>+</sup>, pos. ESI): calcd: 472.2635, found: 472.2634.



A solution of **3aa** (46.8 mg, 0.10 mmol), Cu(OAc)<sub>2</sub> H<sub>2</sub>O (2.0 mg, 0.01 mmol), *rac*-BINAP (6.2 mg, 0.01 mmol), and *t*-BuOH (38  $\mu$ L, 0.40 mmol) in toluene (1 mL) was stirred at 0 °C for 15 min. PhSiH<sub>3</sub> (49  $\mu$ L, 0.40 mmol) was then added dropwise. The mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 2 h, then at room temperature for 24 h. The reaction was quenched carefully with silica gel (*ca.* 250 mg), and the resulting suspension was concentrated *in vacuo* and the residue was purified by column chromatography to give the reduced product 7c in 94% yield (44 mg) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.69-7.61 (m, 1H), 7.50-7.44 (m, 2H), 7.44-7.37 (m, 3H), 7.33-7.25 (m, 11H), 7.25-7.17 (m, 2H), 6.48 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 2H), 6.15-6.02 (m, 2H), 2.95-2.68 (m, 6H), 2.50-2.37 (m, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  167.2, 150.9, 144.9, 141.4, 137.6, 133.4, 128.6, 128.56, 127.2, 126.7, 126.4, 126.2, 125.9, 124.5, 124.1, 119.6, 110.3, 44.6, 41.0, 35.3, 23.7; HR-MS (C<sub>34</sub>H<sub>32</sub>ON; [M+H]<sup>+</sup>, pos. ESI): calcd: 470.2478, found: 470.2480.



A 10-mL screw-top schlenk tube was charged with **3aa** (233.8 mg, 0.5 mmol), Hoveyda-Grubbs II catalyst (15.7 mg, 5 mol %), and toluene (5 mL) at rt. Then, the mixture was heated at 80 °C for 36 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to rt and purified by column chromatography on silica gel (petroleum ether/dichloromethane = 1:1) to give **7d** in 85% yield (136.4 mg) as colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.65-7.62 (m, 1H), 7.45-7.42 (m, 1H), 7.41-7.31 (m, 4H), 7.31-7.27 (m, 3H), 7.27-7.23 (m, 1H), 6.10 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 5.88-5.82 (m, 2H), 3.05-2.84 (m, 4H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  163.0, 151.6, 150.4, 146.0, 142.1, 129.2, 128.7, 127.4, 126.6, 125.0, 124.4, 119.8, 114.0, 110.3, 53.6, 44.4; HR-MS (C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>18</sub>ON; [M+H]<sup>+</sup>, pos. ESI): calcd: 288.1383, found: 288.1382.



To a solution of benzoxazole **7c** (47.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) in THF (1.0 mL) and MeOH (1.0 mL) was added 2 M aqueous NaOH solution (1.0 mL) and the reaction was heated at 70 °C for 18 h. After cooling to room temperature, the mixture was acidified with 10% aqueous HCl solution (10 mL) and extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic phases were dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. Purification of the residue by column chromatography (20:1 $\rightarrow$ 5:1 petroleum ether

/EtOAc) gave the amide **7e** as a red oil (44.7 mg, 92%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.74 (s, 1H), 7.41 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 4H), 7.33-7.26 (m, 9H), 7.24-7.15 (m, 3H), 7.10-7.06 (m, 1H), 7.01-6.94 (m, 1H), 6.82-6.71 (m, 2H), 6.46 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 2H), 6.12-6.00 (m, 2H), 2.70 (qd, J = 14.8, 6.8 Hz, 4H), 2.25 (s, 4H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  173.4, 148.7, 144.9, 137.4, 133.4, 128.8, 128.7, 128.6, 127.4, 127.2, 126.7, 126.5, 126.2, 125.9, 125.6, 122.0, 120.4, 119.9, 44.4, 41.1, 34.5, 32.0; HR-MS (C<sub>34</sub>H<sub>33</sub>O<sub>2</sub>NNa; [M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, pos. ESI): calcd: 510.2404, found: 510.2408.

#### Experimental details for mechanistic studies

#### **Study of Olefin Isomerization**

To gain insights into the regioselectivity of the products, isomerization studies were performed with **8a**. Under the standard reaction conditions, **8a** can isomerize to **8a**<sup> $\cdot$ </sup> with the ratio of 1.7:1. However, in the absence of Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> and Ruphos, only lower isomerization was observed. Isomerization studies indicated that isomer **8a**<sup> $\cdot$ </sup> was mainly formed via a palladium-catalyzed process.

#### Table S5. Olefin isomerization Experiments<sup>a</sup>

	$ \begin{array}{c}             Pd(OAc)_2 (2.5 \text{ mol}\%) \\             RuPhos (5 \text{ mol}\%) \\             KOAc (0.6 \text{ equiv}) \\             HOPiv (10 \text{ mol}\%) \\             \hline             toluene, 120 °C \\             24 h             8a            $	N Ph 8a'
entry	variation from the condition above	ratio of <b>8a</b> to <b>8a'</b> <sup>b</sup>
1	none	1.7:1
2	no KOAc	1.6:1
3	no HOPiv	1.8:1
4	no Pd(OAc) <sub>2</sub> , RuPhos	12.5:1

<sup>*a*</sup>Reaction conditions (unless otherwise specified): **8a** (0.1 mmol), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (2.5 mol %), RuPhos (5 mol %), KOAc (0.6 equiv), HOPiv (10 mol %), toluene (0.2 mL), 24 h, 120 °C. <sup>*b*</sup> determined by <sup>1</sup>H-NMR spectroscopy of the crude mixture.

A 2 ml Schlenk tube was flame-dried under vacuum, backfilled with argon and cooled to room temperature using a standard Schlenk line apparatus. The Schlenk tube was charged with  $Pd(OAc)_2$  (0.6 mg, 2.5 µmol, 2.5 mol%), RuPhos (2.3 mg, 5 µmol, 5 mol%), KOAc (5.9 mg, 0.06 mmol, 0.6 equiv). The Schlenk tube was put on vacuum and backfilled with argon three times. Afterwards HOPiv (4.8 M in toluene) (2.1 µL, 0.01 mmol, 10 mol%), **8a** (0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and 0.2 ml of freshly distilled toluene were added by syringe under a flow of argon. The Schlenk tube was sealed by a screw cap and the resulting mixture was stirred at 120 °C for 24 hours. The mixture was cooled down to room temperature. After the solvents were removed

under reduced pressure, the ratio of 8a/8a'was determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR of this mixture.

#### The test of the reaction intermediates





A 2 ml Schlenk tube was flame-dried under vacuum, backfilled with argon and cooled to room temperature using a standard Schlenk line apparatus. The Schlenk tube was charged with Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (0.6 mg, 2.5  $\mu$ mol, 2.5 mol%), RuPhos (2.3 mg, 5  $\mu$ mol, 5 mol%), KOAc (5.9 mg, 0.06 mmol, 0.6 equiv). The Schlenk tube was put on vacuum and backfilled with argon three times. Afterwards HOPiv (4.8 M in toluene) (2.1  $\mu$ L, 0.01 mmol, 10 mol%), **8a** (23.5 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv), **2a** (34.8 mg, 0.3 mmol, 3.0 equiv) and 0.2 ml of freshly distilled toluene were added by syringe under a flow of argon. The Schlenk tube was sealed by a screw cap and the resulting mixture was stirred at 120 °C for 24 hours. The mixture was cooled down to room temperature. After the solvents were removed under reduced pressure, the crude mixture was measured by <sup>1</sup>H NMR. Then, the residue was purified with column chromatography on silica gel (toluene) afford **3aa** (41.8 mg, 89% yield) after drying in vacuo.



A 2 ml Schlenk tube was flame-dried under vacuum, backfilled with argon and cooled to room temperature using a standard Schlenk line apparatus. The Schlenk tube was charged with  $Pd(OAc)_2$  (0.6 mg, 2.5 µmol, 2.5 mol%), RuPhos (2.3 mg, 5 µmol, 5 mol%), KOAc (5.9 mg, 0.06 mmol, 0.6 equiv). The Schlenk tube was put on vacuum and backfilled with argon three times. Afterwards HOPiv (4.8 M in toluene) (2.1 µL, 0.01 mmol, 10 mol%), a mixture of **8a** and **8a'** in 1:1 (23.5 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv), **2a** (34.8 mg, 0.3 mmol, 3.0 equiv) and 0.2 ml of freshly distilled toluene were added by syringe under a flow of argon. The Schlenk tube was sealed by a screw cap and the resulting mixture was stirred at 120 °C for 24 hours. The mixture was cooled down to room temperature. After the solvents were removed under reduced pressure, the crude mixture was measured by <sup>1</sup>H NMR. Then, the residue was purified with column chromatography on silica gel (toluene) afford **3aa** (42.6 mg, 91% yield) after drying in vacuo.



A 2 ml Schlenk tube was flame-dried under vacuum, backfilled with argon and cooled to room temperature using a standard Schlenk line apparatus. The Schlenk tube was charged with  $Pd(OAc)_2$  (0.6 mg, 2.5 µmol, 2.5 mol%), RuPhos (2.3 mg, 5 µmol, 5 mol%), KOAc (5.9 mg, 0.06 mmol, 0.6 equiv). The Schlenk tube was put on vacuum and backfilled with argon three times. Afterwards HOPiv (4.8 M in toluene) (2.1 µL, 0.01 mmol, 10 mol%), **8b** (15.9 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv), **2a** (46.5 mg, 0.4 mmol, 4.0 equiv) and 0.2 ml of freshly distilled toluene were added by syringe under a flow of argon. The Schlenk tube was sealed by a screw cap and the resulting mixture was stirred at 120 °C for 24 hours. The mixture was cooled down to room temperature. After the solvents were removed under reduced pressure, the crude mixture was

measured by <sup>1</sup>H NMR and no desired product could be detected.



A 2 ml Schlenk tube was flame-dried under vacuum, backfilled with argon and cooled to room temperature using a standard Schlenk line apparatus. The Schlenk tube was charged with  $Pd(OAc)_2$  (0.6 mg, 2.5 µmol, 2.5 mol%), RuPhos (2.3 mg, 5 µmol, 5 mol%), KOAc (5.9 mg, 0.06 mmol, 0.6 equiv). The Schlenk tube was put on vacuum and backfilled with argon three times. Afterwards HOPiv (4.8 M in toluene) (2.1 µL, 0.01 mmol, 10 mol%), **8c** (19.0 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv), **2a** (46.5 mg, 0.4 mmol, 4.0 equiv) and 0.2 ml of freshly distilled toluene were added by syringe under a flow of argon. The Schlenk tube was sealed by a screw cap and the resulting mixture was stirred at 120 °C for 24 hours. The mixture was cooled down to room temperature. After the solvents were removed under reduced pressure, the crude mixture was measured by <sup>1</sup>H NMR. No desired product could be detected.

X-Ray crystal structures of 3fa



**Experimental.** Single colourless block-shaped crystals of (**Breit\_JZ\_169\_0m\_a**) were recrystallised from hexane by slow evaporation. A suitable crystal  $(0.18 \times 0.17 \times 0.06)$  mm<sup>3</sup> was selected and mounted on a MITIGEN holder in perfluoroether oil on a Bruker SMART APEX2 area detector diffractometer. The crystal was kept at T = 100 K during data collection. Using **Olex2** (Dolomanov et al., 2009), the structure was solved with the **ShelXT** (Sheldrick, 2015) structure solution program, using the Intrinsic Phasing solution method. The model was refined with version 2018/1 of **ShelXL** (Sheldrick, 2015) using Least Squares minimisation.

Compound	Breit_JZ_169_0
	m_a
CCDC	1810746
Formula	C <sub>38</sub> H <sub>37</sub> NO
$D_{calc.}$ / g cm <sup>-3</sup>	1.132
$\mu/\text{mm}^{-1}$	0.067
Formula Weight	523.68
Colour	colourless
Shape	block
Size/mm <sup>3</sup>	0.18×0.17×0.06
<i>T</i> /K	100
Crystal System	monoclinic
Space Group	$P2_1/c$
a/Å	15.211(11)
<i>b</i> /Å	9.492(8)
$c/\text{\AA}$	22.154(15)
$\alpha / ^{\circ}$	90
$\beta/°$	106.112(11)
$\gamma / ^{\circ}$	90
$V/Å^3$	3073(4)
Ζ	4
Ζ'	1
Wavelength/Å	0.710730
Radiation type	$MoK_{lpha}$
$\Theta_{min}/\circ$	1.393
$\Theta_{max}/°$	27.008
Measured Refl.	45257
Independent Refl.	6659
Reflections Used	4841
R <sub>int</sub>	0.0415
Parameters	398
Restraints	535
Largest Peak	0.288
Deepest Hole	-0.230
GooF	1.017
$wR_2$ (all data)	0.1342
$wR_2$	0.1223
$R_1$ (all data)	0.0762
$R_1$	0.0520

## References

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**Copies of NMR spectra** 





















































