Electronic Supplementary Information

Stabilization of interpenetrating cluster-based frameworks promoted by N-H…X hydrogen bonds: synthesis, structures and properties of {[Cd(NH₃)₄]₃[Re₃Mo₃Se₈(CN)₆]}X (X = Cl, Br and I).

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Compound	1	2	3	4
Chemical formula	C ₁₂ Cd ₅ H ₇₆ Mo ₆ N ₃₄ O ₅ Re ₆ Se ₁₆	C ₆ Cd ₃ Cl ₁ H ₃₆ Mo ₃ N ₁₈ Re ₃ Se ₈	C ₆ Br ₁ Cd ₃ H ₃₆ Mo ₃ N ₁₈ Re ₃ Se ₈	$C_6Cd_3H_{36}I_1Mo_3N_{18}Re_3Se_8$
Space group	<i>P</i> -1	<i>R</i> -3	<i>R</i> -3	<i>R</i> -3
Temperature (K)	150	150	150	150
Wavelength (Å)	0.71073	0.71073	0.71073	0.71073
Formula weight (g.mol1)	4295.26	2211.28	2255.74	2302.73
Crystal system	triclinic	trigonal	trigonal	trigonal
a (Å)	10.2664(8)	15.0363(8)	15.2258(10)	15.3596(14)
b (Å)	17.7456(11)	-	-	-
c (Å)	22.3759(14)	15.3935(9)	15.3834(11)	15.3897(13)
α (°)	85.142(4)	90	90	90
β (°)	86.718(4)	90	90	90
γ (°)	88.258(4)	120	120	120
V (Å ³)	4053.9(5)	3014.0(4)	3088.5(5)	3144.3(6)
Z	2	3	3	3
Calculated density (g.cm ⁻³)	3.519	3.655	3.638	3.648
Absorption coefficient	18.317	18.796	19.249	18.691
(mm ⁻¹)				
F(000)	3824	2946	3000	3054
Crystal size (mm)	$0.16 \times 0.06 \times 0.04$	$0.06\times0.05\times0.04$	$0.18 \times 0.10 \times 0.09$	$0.20\times0.17\times0.14$
Crystal color	dark purple	dark purple	dark purple	dark purple
Theta range (°)	2.949 - 27.510	3.074 - 27.479	3.066 - 27.484	3.058 - 27.483
h_min, h_max	-13, 13	-19, 19	-19, 19	-19, 19
k_min, k_max	-13, 22	-19, 19	-19, 19	-19, 19
l_min, l_max	-29, 29	-17, 19	-19, 19	-19, 19
R(int)	0.0662	0.0329	0.0422	0.0416
Reflections collected	31877	6288	14709	12940
Reflections unique $[I > 2\sigma]$	9447	1302	1440	1488
Completeness	0.962	0.997	0.999	0.999
Data/restraints/parameters	17950/42/650	1533/0/69	1571/0/69	1609/0/69
Goodness-of-fit	0.964	1.088	1.109	1.077
Final R1 $[I > 2\sigma]$	0.0620	0.0271	0.0148	0.0277
Final wR2 $[I > 2\sigma]$	0.1149	0.0672	0.0340	0.0724
Largest difference peak and hole (e.Å ⁻³)	2.448 and -2.851	1.362 and -1.617	0.507 and -0.890	1.876 and -2.650

 Table S1. Summary of single-crystal data collections and structure refinement conditions of 1-4.

 Table S2. Selected hydrogen bond geometries for 1–4.

D-H···A	D-H (Å)	H…A (Å)	D…A (Å)	D-H…A (°)
Compound 1*				
$N13-H13B\cdots N11^{i}$	0.890	2.305	3.009	136
N15-H15A…N6 ⁱⁱ	0.890	2.351	3.221	166
N15-H15B…O37 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.890	2.432	3.213	147
N17-H17B···O37 ^{iv}	0.890	2.083	2.926	158
N17-H17C···N4 ^v	0.890	2.402	3.242	157
N20-H20B···N3 ^{vi}	0.890	2.451	3.105	131
N20-H20C···N11 ^{vii}	0.890	2.322	3.036	137
$N21-H21B\cdots N11^{i}$	0.890	2.411	3.240	155
N22-H22C···N8viii	0.890	2.527	3.269	141
N24-H24C···N7 ^{ix}	0.890	2.332	3.134	150
N26-H26A…O38 ^x	0.890	2.377	3.214	157
N28-H28A···N2 ^{xi}	0.890	2.467	3.272	150
N28-H28C···N2 ^{xii}	0.890	2.297	3.103	151
N29-	0.890	2.424	3.235	152
H29A…O39 ^{xiii}				
N29-H29C···O38 ^x	0.890	2.337	3.220	172

N30-	0.890	2.231	3.049	153
H30C···N10 ^{xiv}				
N31-	0.890	2.471	3.209	141
H31B…N10 ^{xiv}				
N32-H32A···O35 ^{xv}	0.890	2.331	3.139	151
N34-H34B····N7 ^{xvi}	0.890	2.217	3.102	173
Compound 2				
N2-H2…Cl ^a	0.890	2.543	3.334	148
N2-H2···N1 ^b	0.890	2.371	3.246	168
Compound 3				
N2-H2···Br ^a	0.890	2.633	3.468	157
N2-H2···N1 ^c	0.890	2.383	3.267	171
Compound 4				
N2-H2····I ^a	0.910	2.833	3.641	149
N2-H2···N1 ^b	0.910	2.380	3.261	163

* Hydrogen atoms on lattice water were not located, hydrogen bonds for 1 were selected with criteria for M-NH₃ donor group D \cdots A < 3.28 Å. [1]

Symmetry codes: (i) -x+2, -y+1, -z+2 (ii) -x+1, -y+1, -z+2 (iii) x+1, y, z+1 (iv) x, y, z+1 (v) -x+1, -y+1, -z+2 (vi) -x+1, -y+1, -z+1 (vii) -x+2, -y+1, -z+1 (viii) x, y, z (ix) -x+2, -y+1, -z+1 (x) x+1, y-1, z (xi) - x+1, -y, -z+2 (xii) x+1, y, z (xiii) -x+2, -y, -z+1 (xiv) -x+2, -y+2, -z+1 (xv) -x+1, -y+1, -z+1 (xvi) x-1, y, z.

(a) x, y, z; (b) -y+2/3, x-y+1/3, z+1/3; (c) -x+y-1/3, -x+1/3, z+1/3.



Figure S1. FT-IR spectra in KBr pellets for compounds: 2(green line), 3 (red line) and 4 (purple line).



Figure S2. Powder XRD patterns (recorded, black vs calculated, red) for compound 2. Refined parameters: a = 14.78(1) Å, c = 15.49(1) Å.



Figure S3. Powder XRD patterns (recorded, black vs calculated, red) for compound 3. Refined parameters a = 14.86(1) Å, c = 15.49(1) Å.



Figure S4. Powder XRD patterns (recorded, black *vs* calculated, red) for compound 4. Refined parameters a = 14.90(1) Å, c = 15.49(1) Å.



Figure S5. The structure of the asymmetric unit in 1. Hydrogen atoms of ammonia molecules are omitted for clarity, ORTEP drawing of 75% probability level.



Figure S6. Selected hydrogen bonds (dash lines, magenta colored) location in structure 1. Selenium atoms were omitted for clarity.



a)

b)

c)

Figure S7. TG and DTG diagrams for 2 (a), 3 (b) and 4 (c)



Figure S8. Powder XRD analysis for a) the sample of 2 and b) the sample of 3. Red line represents the calculated pattern; black line was obtained for sample at room temperature; orange lines corresponds to samples heated for several minutes 100° C. Purple lines are for samples after exposure under dry NH₃ vapor.

b)



Figure S9. Tauc plot for **4** before heating (black line) and for sample heated in air at 100°C for several minutes (red line) calculated from diffuse reflectance spectra, on the onset there are initial diffuse reflectance spectra (DRS) with characteristic cluster bands.

References

1. T. Steiner, Angew. Chem. Int. Ed., 2002, 41, 48-76.