

Supporting information

Optimizing crystallinity and porosity of hierarchical Ni(OH)₂ through conformational transformation of metal organic template for supercapacitor applications

Haobing Zhang,^[a] Ben Xu,^{*[a]} Zhenyu Xiao,^[a] Hao Mei,^[a] Liangliang Zhang,^[a] Yinfeng Han,^{*[b]} and Daofeng Sun^[a]

[a] College of Science, China University of Petroleum (East China), 266580, Qingdao, Shandong, P.R.China

E-mail: benxu@upc.edu.cn

[b] Department of Chemical and Chemical Engineering, Taishan University, 271021, Tai'an, Shandong, P.R.China

E-mail: han@tsu.edu.cn

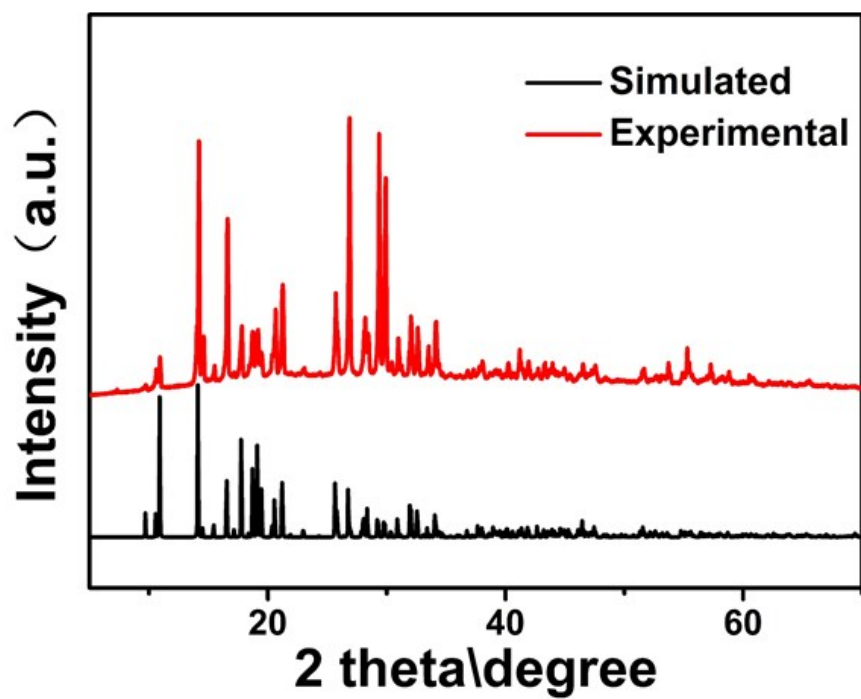


Figure S1 Experimental (red) and simulated (black) XRD patterns of the Ni-MOF

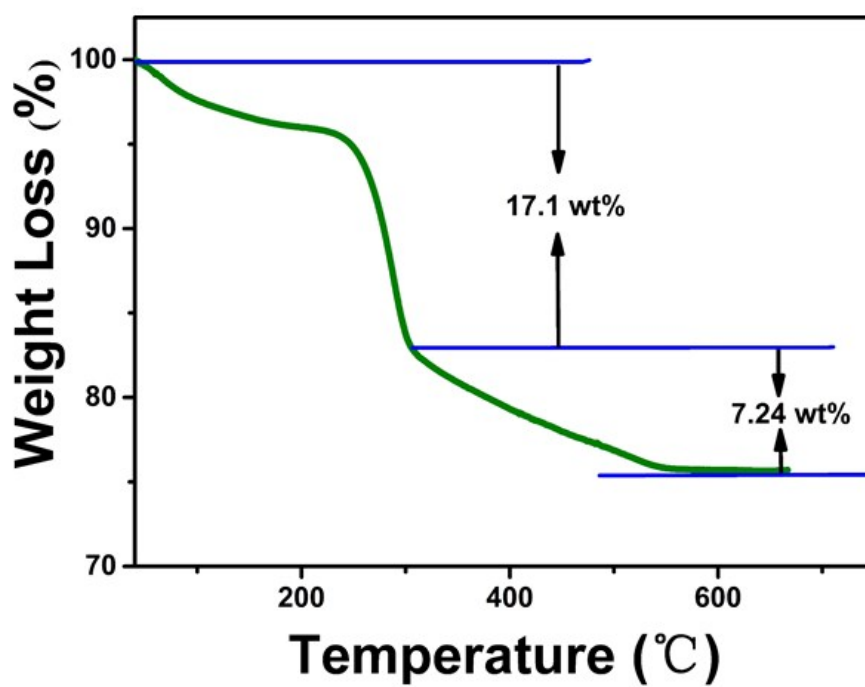


Figure S2 TG curve of Ni(OH)₂-6M-6H in nitrogen atmosphere.

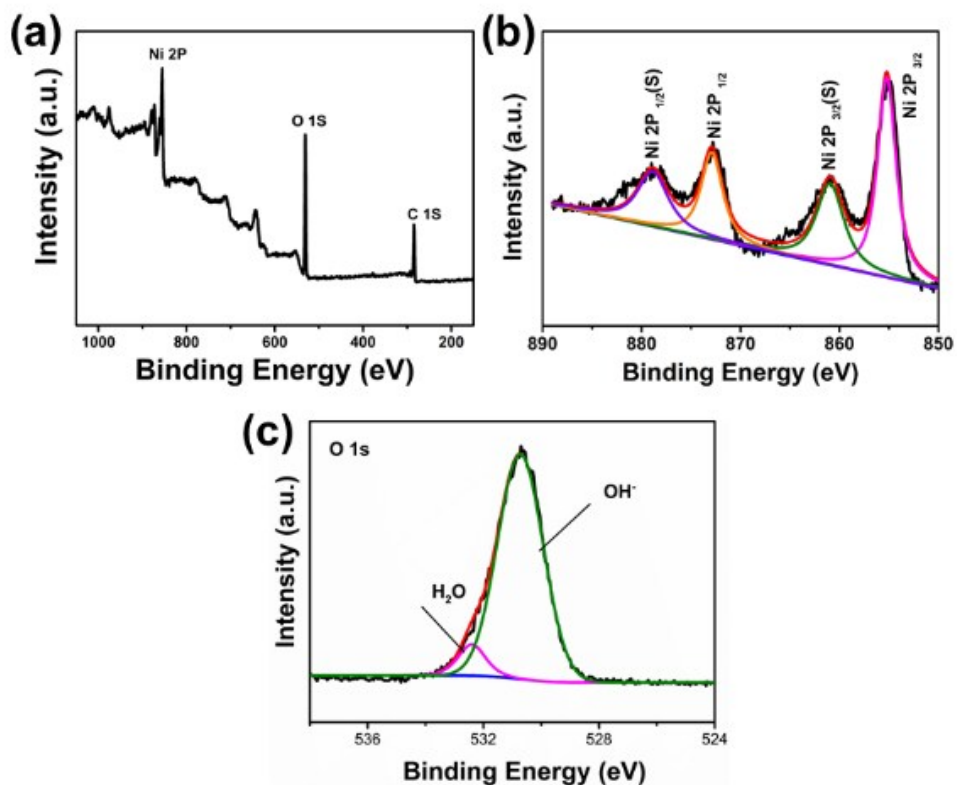


Figure S3 The Full XPS spectrum of the $\text{Ni(OH)}_2\text{-6M-6H}$ a), Elemental Ni 2p spectrum of the prepared $\text{Ni(OH)}_2\text{-6M-6H}$. b), Elemental O 1s spectrum of the prepared $\text{Ni(OH)}_2\text{-6M-6H}$. c).

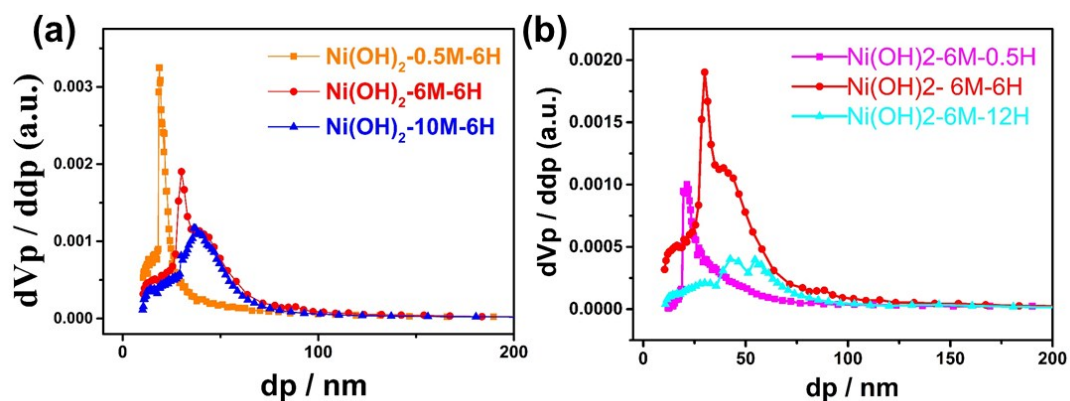


Figure S4 The pore size distribution of different alkaline hydrolyzing concentrations $\text{Ni(OH)}_2\text{-0.5M-6H}$, $\text{Ni(OH)}_2\text{-6M-6H}$ and $\text{Ni(OH)}_2\text{-10M-6H}$ a), The pore size distribution of different alkaline hydrolyzing time $\text{Ni(OH)}_2\text{-6M-0.5H}$, $\text{Ni(OH)}_2\text{-6M-6H}$ and $\text{Ni(OH)}_2\text{-6M-12H}$ b).

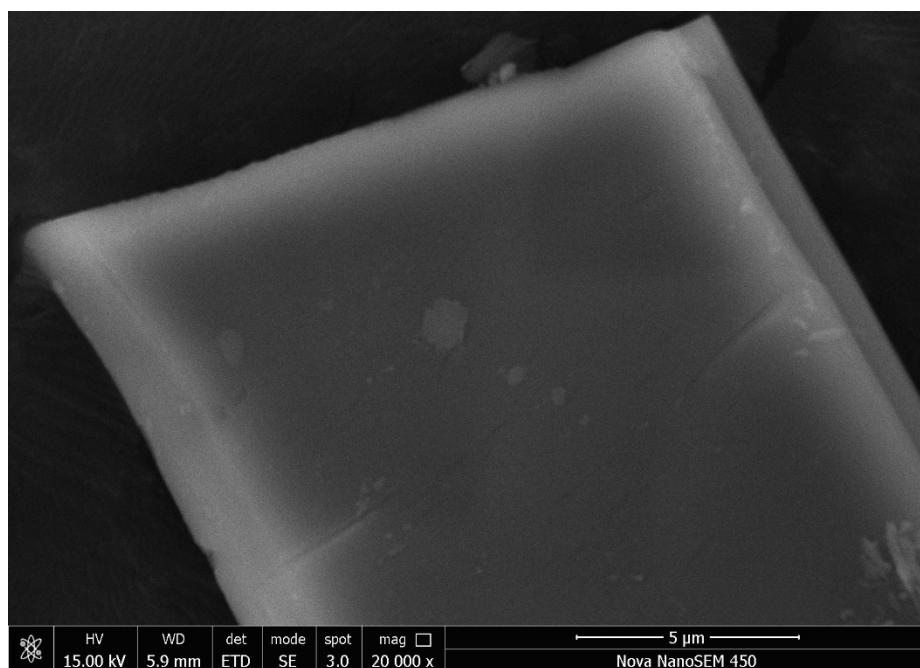


Figure S5 The SEM images of the **Ni MOF**.

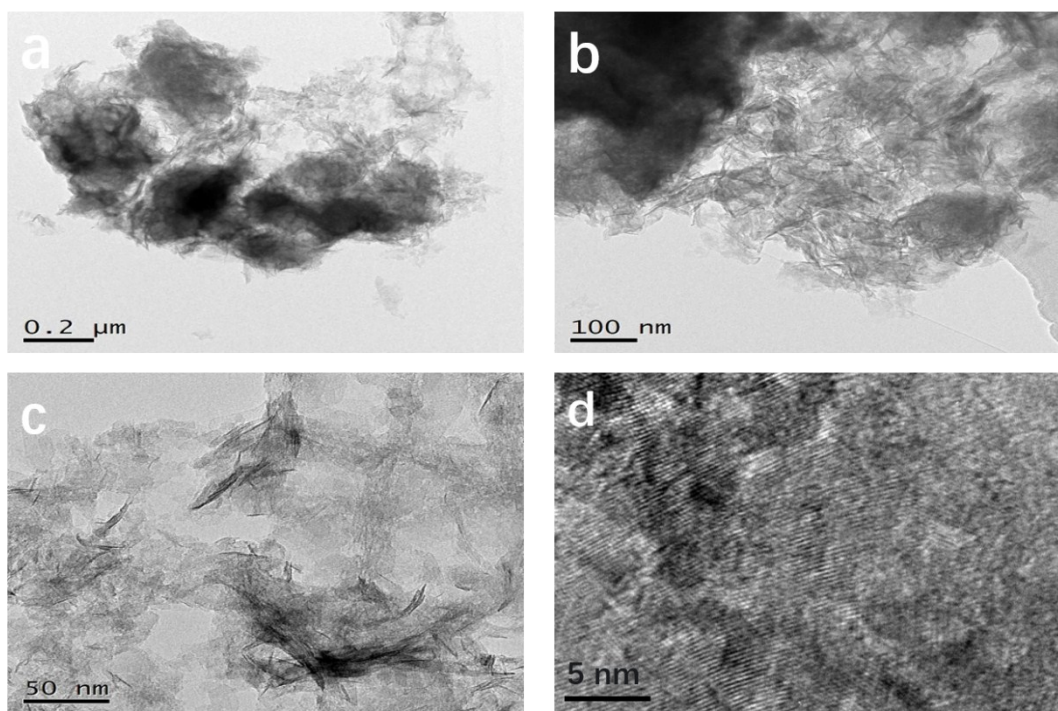


Figure S6 a-d) The TEM and HRTEM images of **$\text{Ni(OH)}_2\text{-10M-6H}$** .

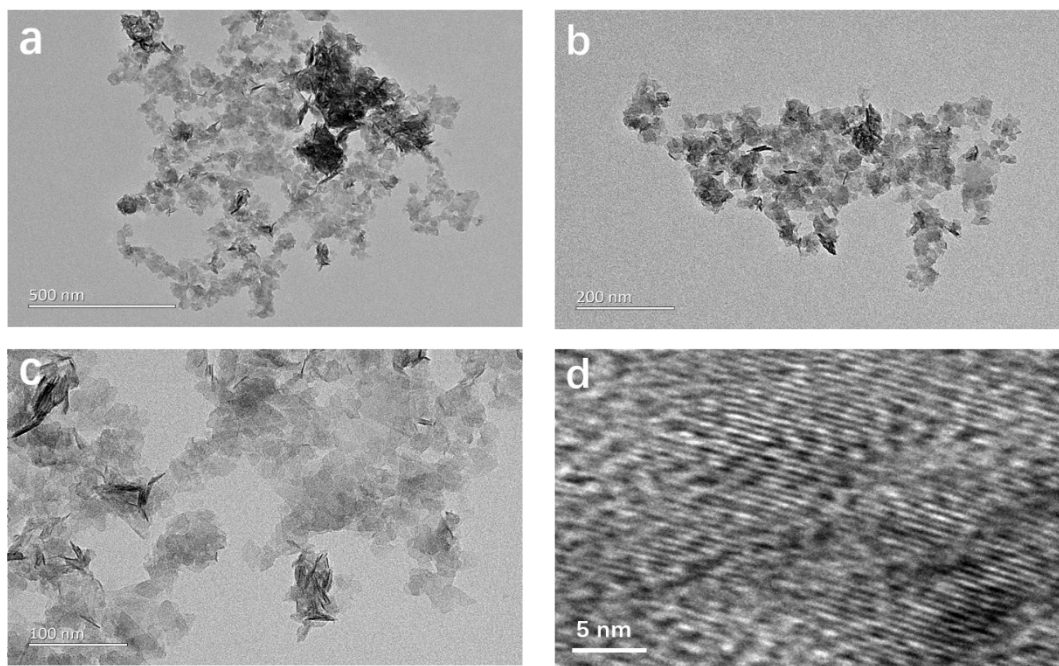


Figure S7 a-d) The TEM and HRTEM images of $\text{Ni(OH)}_2\cdot 6\text{M}\cdot 12\text{H}$.

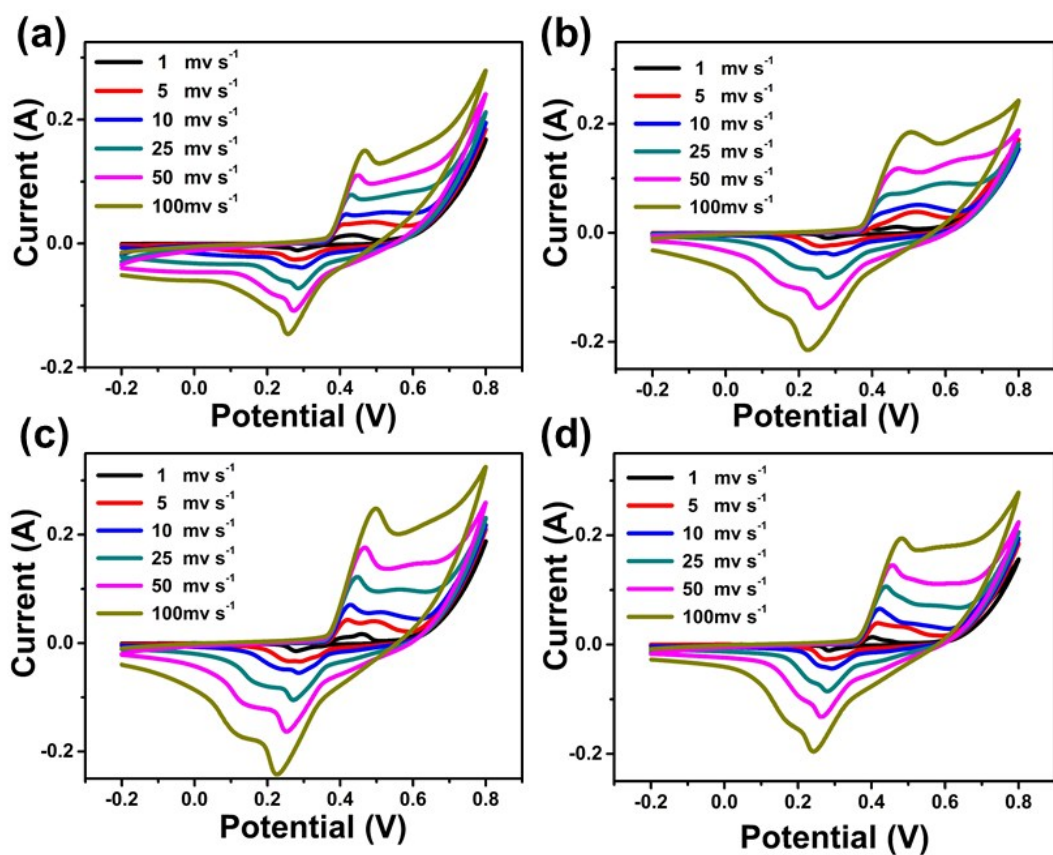


Figure S8 The CV curves of as-prepared Ni-MOF at different alkaline hydrolyzing concentrations ($\text{Ni}(\text{OH})_2\text{-0.5M-6H}$, $\text{Ni}(\text{OH})_2\text{-1M-6H}$, $\text{Ni}(\text{OH})_2\text{-6M-6H}$ and $\text{Ni}(\text{OH})_2\text{-10M-6H}$) at different scan rates, respectively.

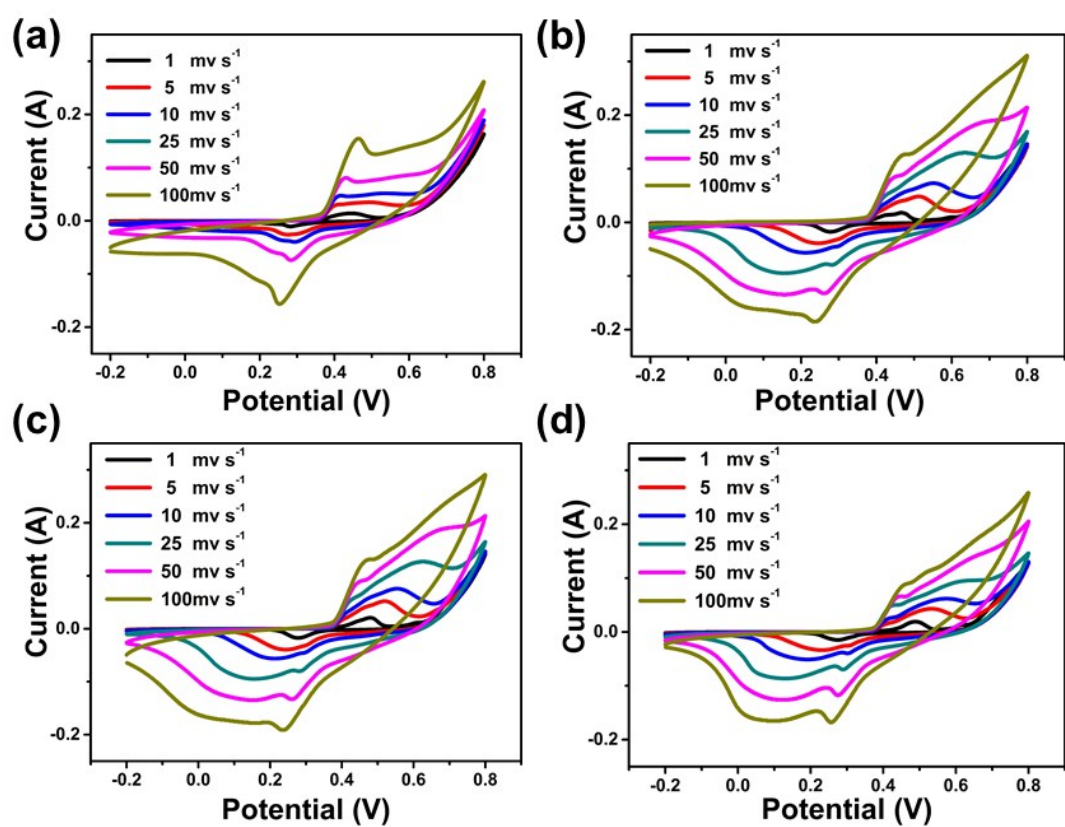


Figure S9 The CV curves of as-prepared **Ni-MOF** at different alkaline hydrolyzing time. ($\text{Ni(OH)}_2\text{-6M-0.5H}$, $\text{Ni(OH)}_2\text{-6M-1H}$, $\text{Ni(OH)}_2\text{-6M-2H}$ and $\text{Ni(OH)}_2\text{-6M-12H}$) at different scan rates, respectively.

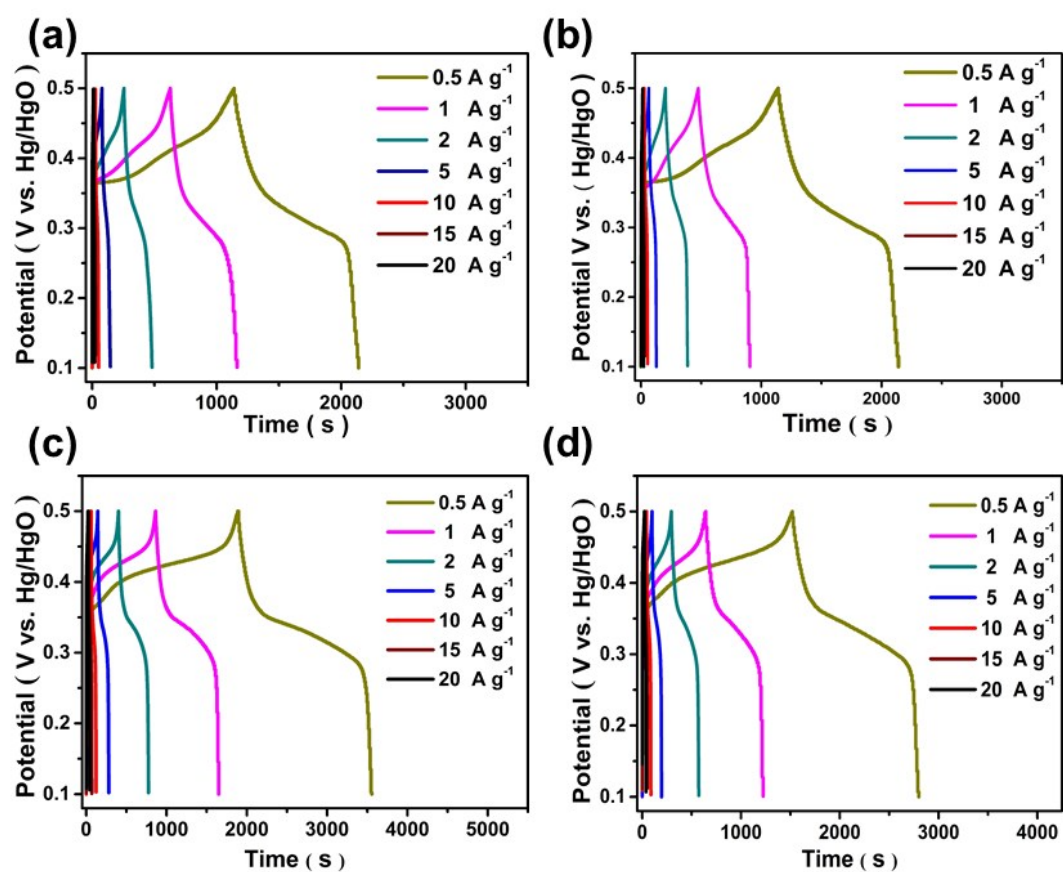


Figure S10 The Galvanostatic charge-discharge curves of as-prepared Ni-MOF at different alkaline hydrolyzing concentrations ($\text{Ni}(\text{OH})_2\text{-0.5M-6H}$, $\text{Ni}(\text{OH})_2\text{-1M-6H}$, $\text{Ni}(\text{OH})_2\text{-6M-6H}$ and $\text{Ni}(\text{OH})_2\text{-10M-6H}$) at different current densities, respectively.

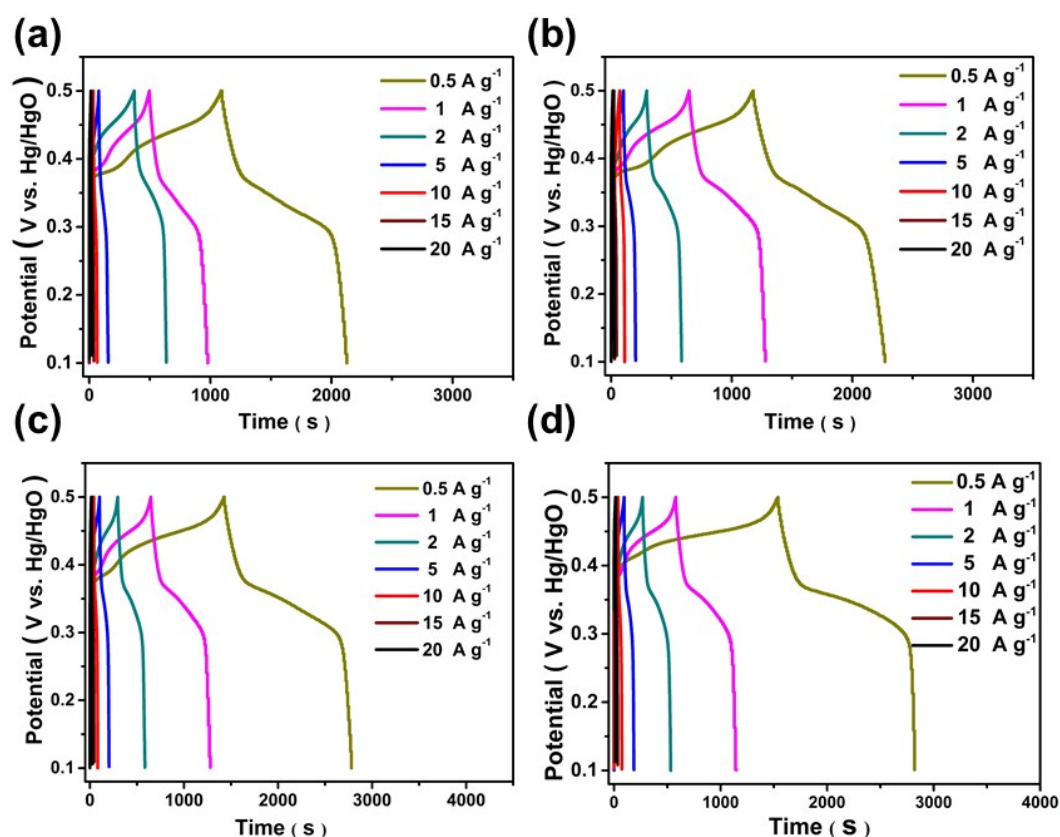


Figure S11 The Galvanostatic charge-discharge curves of as-prepared Ni-MOF at different alkaline hydrolyzing time. ($\text{Ni}(\text{OH})_2\text{-6M-0.5H}$, $\text{Ni}(\text{OH})_2\text{-6M-1H}$, $\text{Ni}(\text{OH})_2\text{-6M-2H}$ and $\text{Ni}(\text{OH})_2\text{-6M-12H}$) at different scan rates, respectively.

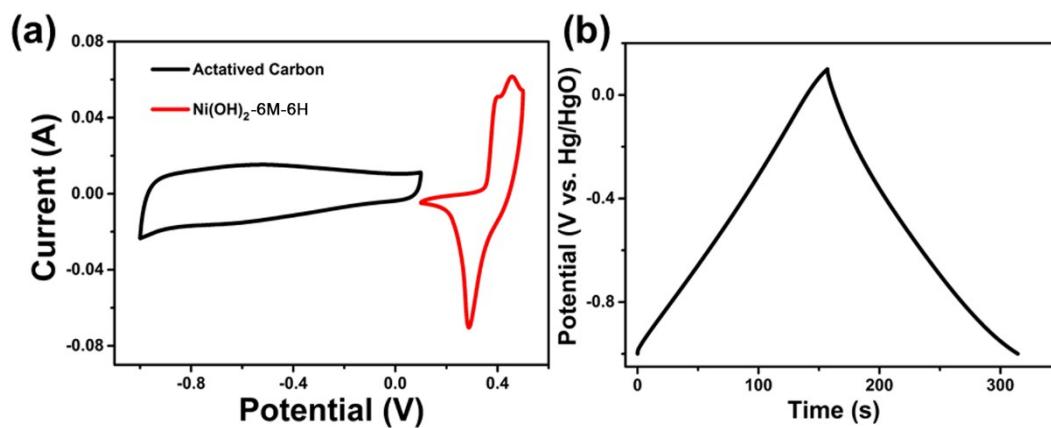


Figure S12 CV curves of AC and $\text{Ni}(\text{OH})_2\text{-6M-6H}$ at a scan rate of 1 mV s⁻¹ a), Galvanostatic charge/discharge curves of AC electrode obtained at the current of 1 A g⁻¹ b).

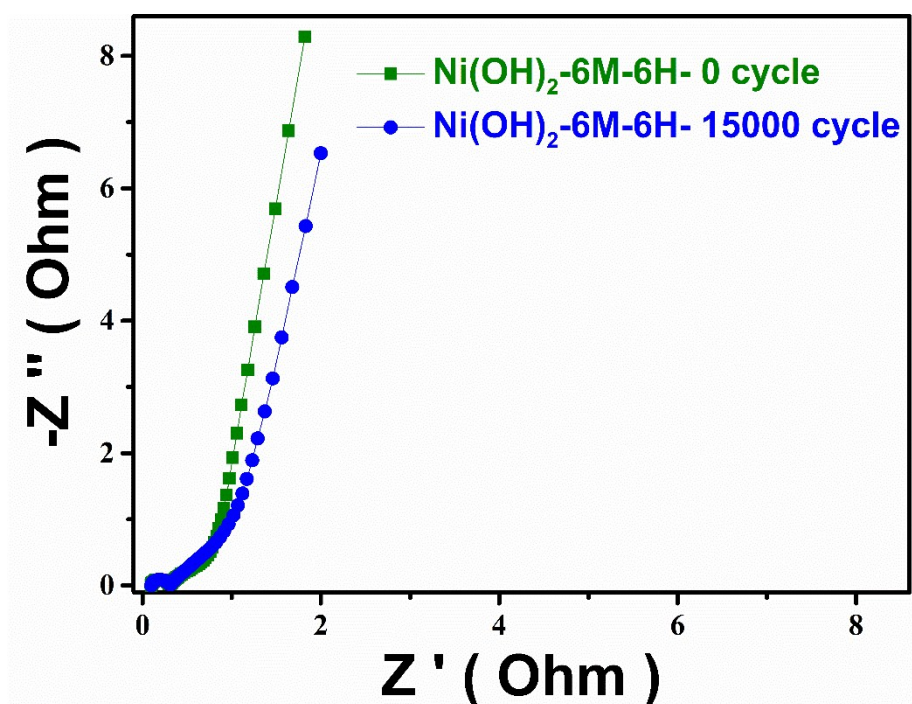


Figure S13 Nyquist plots of the as-prepared $\text{Ni(OH)}_2\text{-6M-6H}$ electrode before and after 150000 cycles at 1 Ag^{-1} .

Sample name	R_s (Ω)	R_{ct} (Ω)	CPE-T (F)	CPE-P	W-R (Ohm)	W-T	W-P
$\text{Ni(OH)}_2\text{-0.5M-6H}$	0.9616	0.39071	0.000808	0.78762	0.4674	0.08703	0.18546
$\text{Ni(OH)}_2\text{-1M-6H}$	0.9728	0.195093	0.00075	0.79095	0.24603	0.0844	0.55665
$\text{Ni(OH)}_2\text{-6M-6H}$	0.10517	0.16523	0.000257	1.005	0.20603	0.10681	0.54365
$\text{Ni(OH)}_2\text{-10M-6H}$	0.10218	0.17523	0.000246	0.9458	0.30603	0.0981	0.10367
$\text{Ni(OH)}_2\text{-6M-0.5H}$	0.0982	0.42681	0.001078	0.74301	0.32393	0.13525	0.28392
$\text{Ni(OH)}_2\text{-6M-1H}$	0.10488	0.20007	0.000377	0.96725	0.20694	0.12428	0.55516
$\text{Ni(OH)}_2\text{-6M-2H}$	0.098125	0.24063	0.000309	0.97808	0.24252	0.038224	0.40272
$\text{Ni(OH)}_2\text{-6M-12H}$	0.0982	0.22835	0.000581	0.88812	0.33609	0.03226	0.29862

Table S1 Parameters of the proposed equivalent circuit model.

Sample name	specific capacity at 1Ag ⁻¹ (Cg ⁻¹)	specific capacity at 20Ag ⁻¹ (Cg ⁻¹)
Ni(OH) ₂ -0.5M-6H	594.8	212
Ni(OH) ₂ - 1M-6H	671.3	236
Ni(OH) ₂ - 6M-6H	784.5	461.3
Ni(OH) ₂ -10M-6H	716.8	266
Ni(OH) ₂ -6M-0.5H	487	250
Ni(OH) ₂ -6M-1H	633	271.6
Ni(OH) ₂ -6M-2H	662	290.4
Ni(OH) ₂ -6M-12H	582	351.9

Table S2 The specific capacity of as-prepared **Ni-MOF** at different alkaline hydrolyzing condition.

Sample	Rs (Ω)	Rct (Ω)	CPE-T (F)	CPE-P	W-R (Ohm)	W-T	W-P
Ni(OH) ₂ - 6M-6H- 0cycle	0.10517	0.16523	0.000257	1.005	0.20603	0.10681	0.54365
Ni(OH) ₂ - 6M-6H- 15000 cycles	0.11651	0.15952	0.000265	0.9724	0.21208	0.10576	0.53257

Table S3 Parameters of the proposed equivalent circuit model.