Overgrowth of Bi₂Te₃ nanoislands on Fe-based epitaxial ferromagnetic layers

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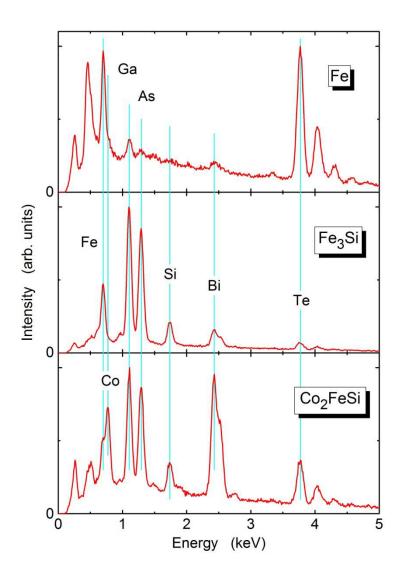


Fig. S1 EDX spectra from samples prepared by Bi_2Te_3 deposition on Fe, Fe₃Si and Co₂FeSi. The ferromagnetic layers were grown on GaAs(001) substrates prior to the Bi_2Te_3 deposition. The thickness of the Fe, Fe₃Si and Co₂FeSi layers were 20, 44 and 40 nm, respectively.

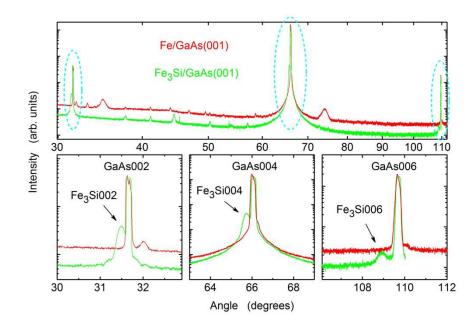


Fig. S2 ω -2 θ scan curves of XRD from samples prepared by Bi₂Te₃ deposition on Fe/GaAs(001) and Fe₃Si/GaAs(001). The GaAs-related peaks in the upper panel are shown individually with expanded scales in the lower panels. The arrows indicate the peaks associated with Fe3Si in the green curve. Fe produces peaks at about the same positions indicated by the arrows. The absence of such peaks in the red curve evidences that the Fe layer was consumed completely to substitute Bi in the overgrown Bi2Te3.