

Symmetrical polyhedron-bowl Co/CoO with hexagonal plate to forward electromagnetic wave absorption ability

Biao Zhao,^{a, b, *} Yang Li,^c Junwei Liu,^a Lei Fan,^a Ka Gao,^a Zhongyi Bai,^a Luyang Liang,^c Xiaoqin Guo,^a Rui Zhang,^{a, c, *}

^a Henan Key Laboratory of Aeronautical Materials and Application Technology, School of Material Science and Engineering, Zhengzhou University of Aeronautics, Zhengzhou, Henan 450046, China

^b Department of Mechanical and Industrial Engineering, University of Toronto, 5 King's College Road, Toronto, Ontario M5S 3G8, Canada

^c School of Material Science and Engineering, Zhengzhou University, Zhengzhou, Henan 450001, China

*** Corresponding Author:**

Dr. Biao Zhao

E-mail address: biao_zhao@zua.edu.cn

Prof. Rui Zhang

E-mail address: zhangray@zua.edu.cn

Tel: +86-371-60632007

Fax: +86-371-60632600

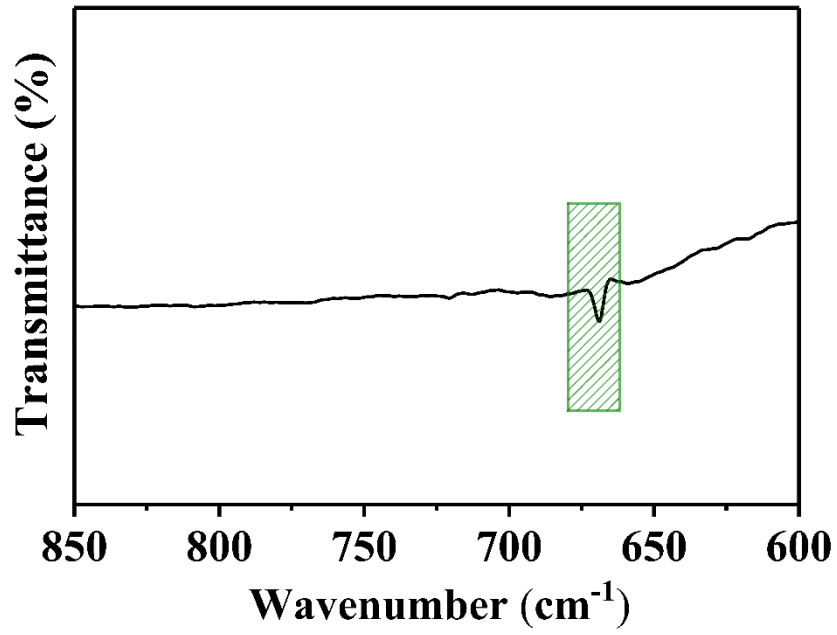


Figure S1 The FT-IR spectrum of the symmetrical polyhedron-bowl Co polyhedrons

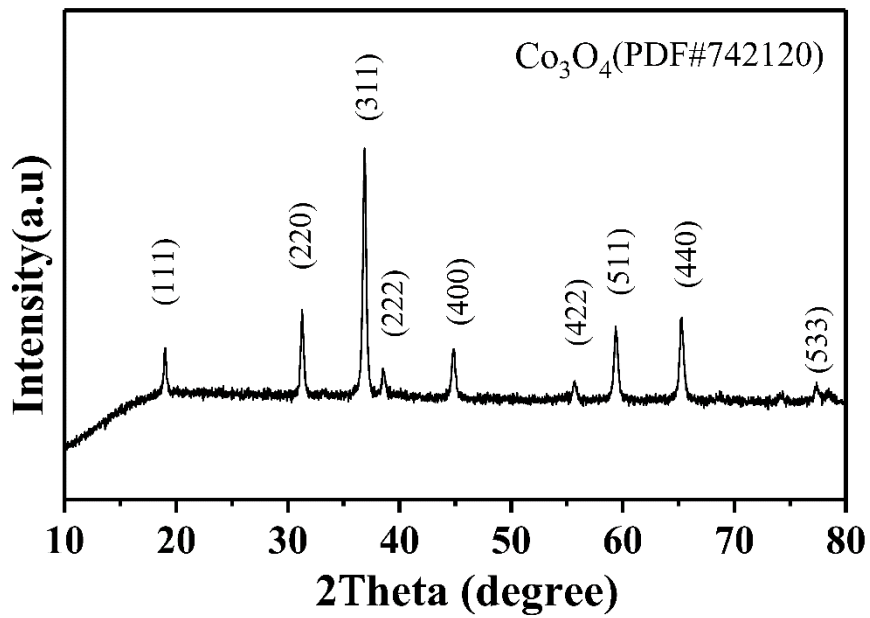


Figure S2 XRD curve of the products after TGA analysis

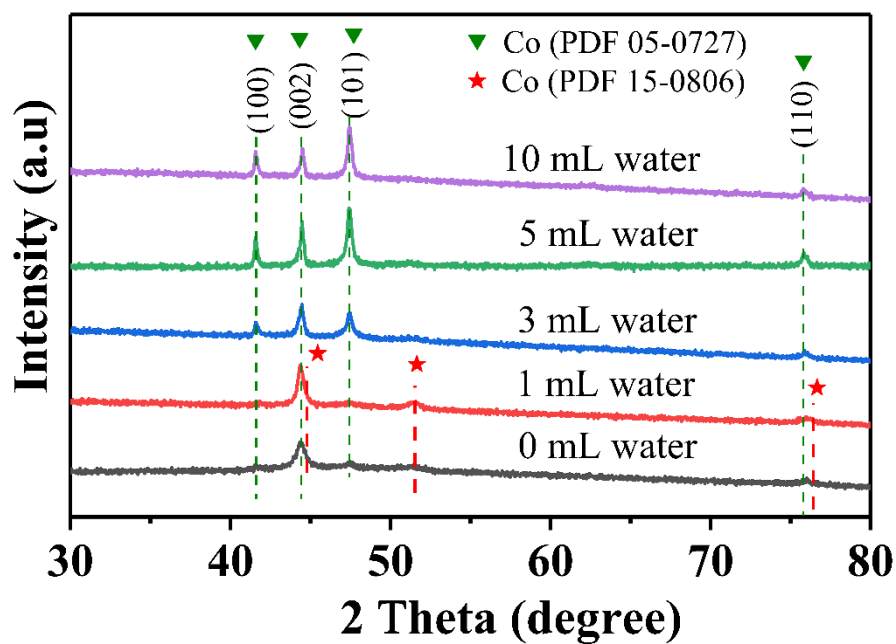


Figure S3 XRD profiles of Co samples prepared at various contents of distilled water (0 mL, 1 mL, 3 mL, 5 mL and 10 mL).

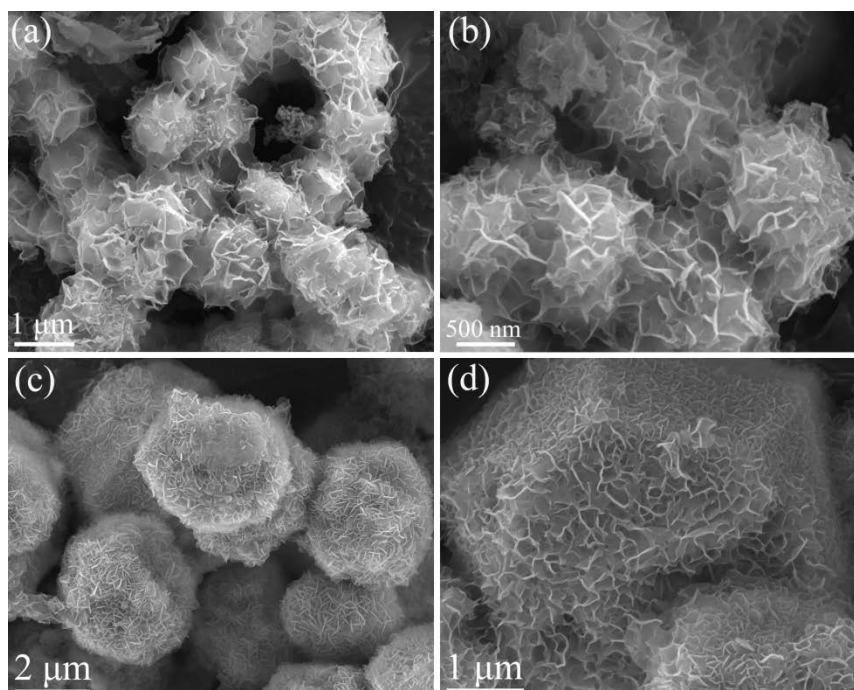


Figure S4 (a, b) SEM images of products prepared with CoC_2O_4 as Co source; (c, d) SEM images of products prepared with $\text{Co}(\text{NO}_3)_2$ as Co source.

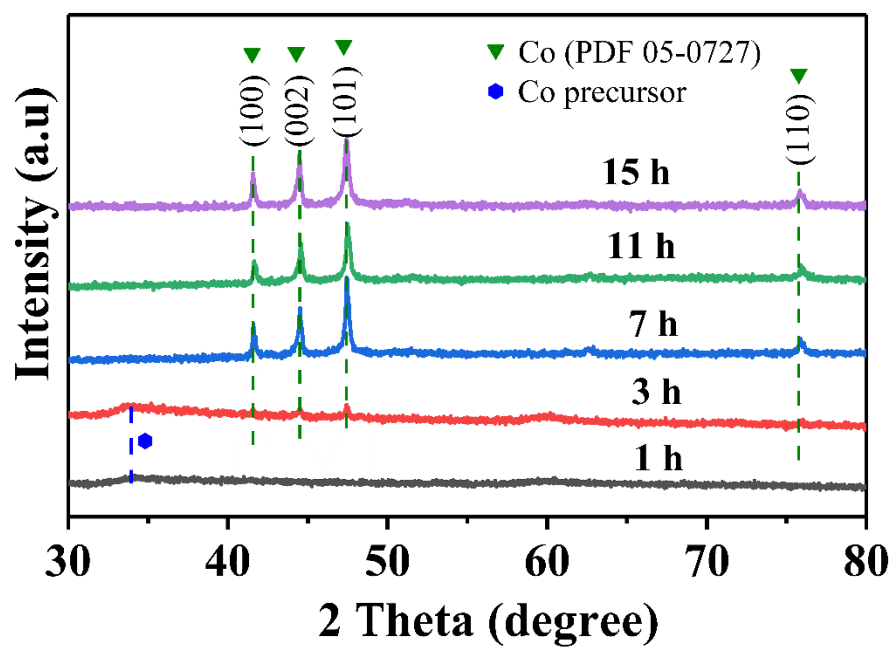


Figure S5 XRD patterns of products prepared at different reaction times (1 h, 3 h, 7 h, 11 h and 15 h).

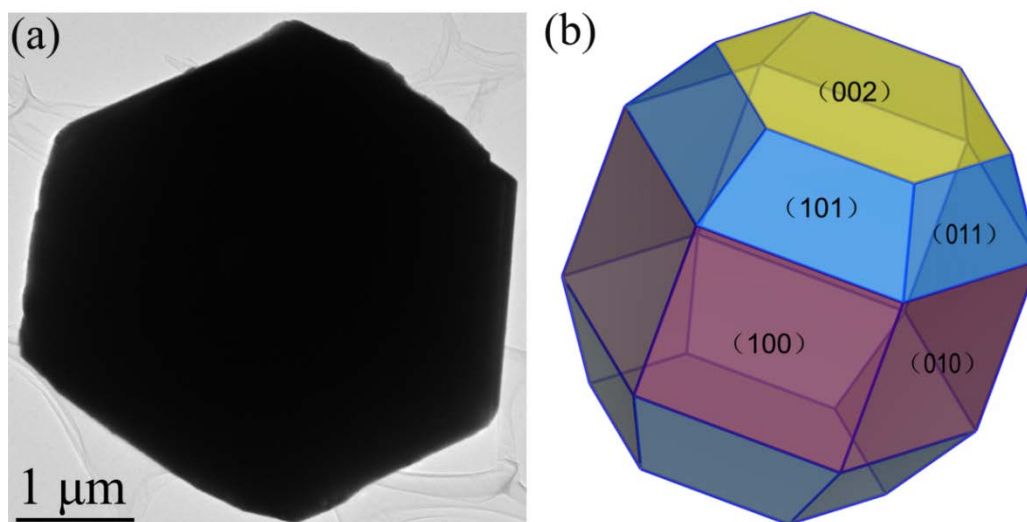


Figure S6 (a) TEM image, and (b) an illustration of growth mechanism of the symmetrical polyhedron-bowl Co polyhedrons.

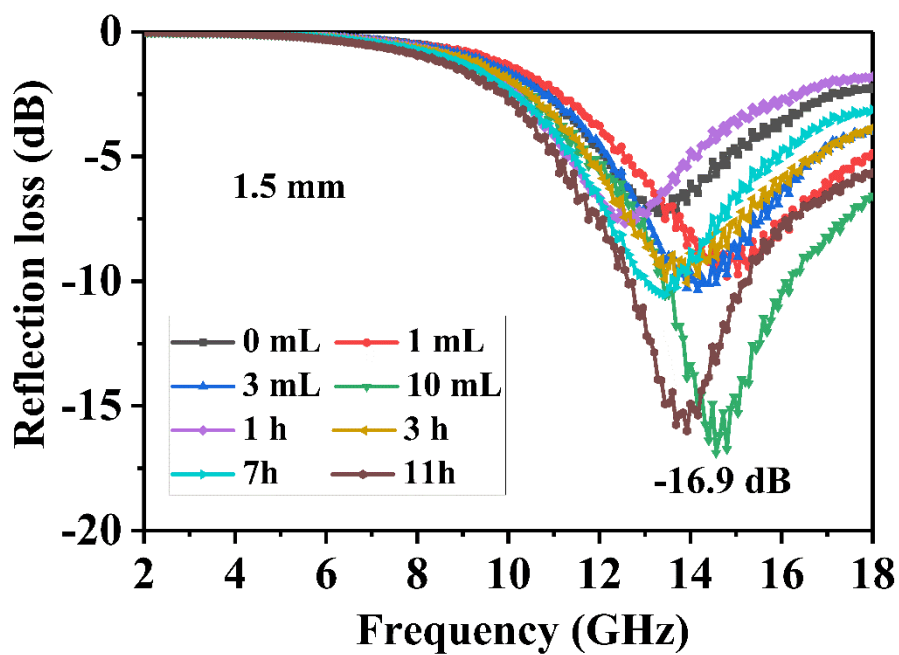


Figure S7 Microwave absorption properties of paraffin/50 wt% Co based products with different shapes prepared at various distilled water contents and temperatures.

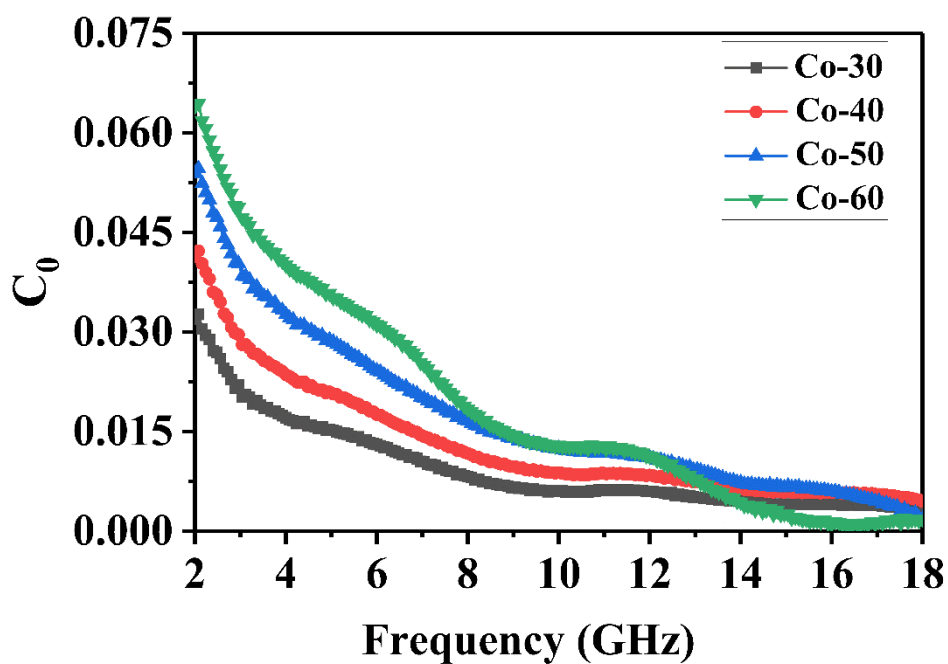


Figure S8 The C_0 [$\mu''(\mu')^{-2}f^{-1}$] values of the symmetrical polyhedron-bowl Co/CoO paraffin composites as a function of the frequency.