
(d)


Fig. S1 (a) Photographs of lysozyme crystals grown at $10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for $6 \mathrm{~h}, 24 \mathrm{~h}, 72 \mathrm{~h}$ under
the conditions of $15 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{mL}$ lysozyme and 0.6 M NaCl ; together with the largest
length of lysozyme crystals (b), the size distribution of lysozyme crystals (c) and the number of lysozyme crystals (d) for 72 h . Scale bar is $150 \mu \mathrm{~m}$.


Fig. S2 Photographs of lysozyme crystals grown at $10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 72 h in the presence of the additive (PGA-2.5, PGA-5.0, PL-2.5 and PL-5.0), under the conditions of 5 $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{mL}$ lysozyme and 0.6 M NaCl . Scale bar is $150 \mu \mathrm{~m}$.


Fig. S3 (a) Results of lysozyme crystals ( $15 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{mL}$ ) grown at $10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for $6 \mathrm{~h}, 24 \mathrm{~h}$,

72 h with the different concentrations of NaCl in the absence of additives and in the presence of the additive with $10 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{mL}$ PGA and $10 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{mL}$ PL. (b) Photographs of lysozyme crystals grown in the presence of $10 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{mL} \mathrm{PL}$ and $0.4 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{mL} \mathrm{NaCl}$ at 10 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 6 h , and those grown in the presence of $10 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{mL}$ PGA and $0.3 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{mL} \mathrm{NaCl}$
(c). Scale bar is $150 \mu \mathrm{~m}$.


Fig. S4 Zeta potential results measured in solutions of $15 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{mL}$ protein, of 10 $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{mL}$ PGA or $10 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{mL}$ PL and the mixture of the protein and the addition of PGA
(a) or PL (b).


Fig. S5 Particle size measurement results in $10 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{mL}$ PGA and $10 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{mL}$ PL containing 0.1 M sodium acetate buffer and 0.6 M NaCl .
( $\mathrm{a}_{1}$ )
(a)

( $\mathbf{b}_{1}$ )
(b)

( $\mathrm{b}_{2}$ )

(c)

( $c_{2}$ )


Fig. S6 The cartoon model of lysozyme segments with the random coil SEG1
$\left(a_{1}\right)$, the helix-like structure SEG2 $\left(b_{1}\right)$ and $\alpha$-helical structure SEG3 $\left(c_{1}\right)$, together with the corresponding stick model of the optimized structures after calculation using COMPASS force fields $\left(a_{2}, b_{2}\right.$ and $\left.c_{2}\right)$.


Fig. S7 Structures of the optimized models of PGA (a) and PL (b) and their charging characteristics.


Fig. S8 Snapshot of three lysozyme segments with the random coil structure
(a:SEG1), the helix structure (b:SEG2) and the $\alpha$-helical structure (c:SEG3) interacted with PGA (with the subscript of 1) and PL (with the subscript of 2).

