

Supporting Information

for

Sinter-resistant catalyst using the alumina support recycled from AIP fumigation residue: trash to treasure

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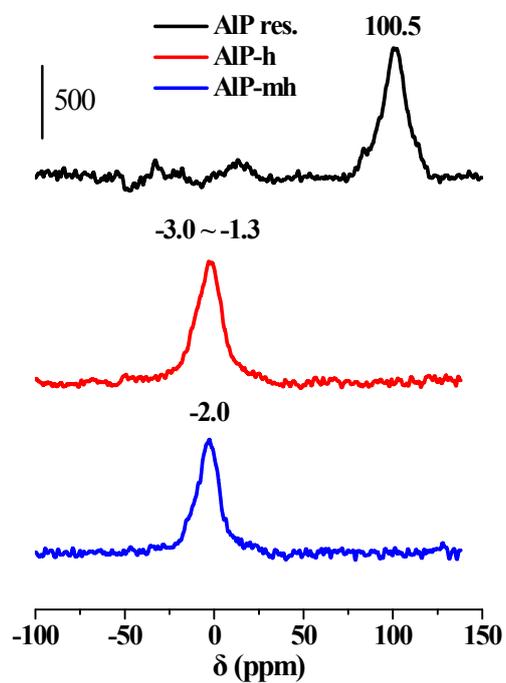


Fig. S1 ^{31}P NMR spectra of the samples treated with different conditions. 100.5 ppm was assigned to the chemical shift of P in AIP species, 2~ -5 ppm was assigned to the local structure of P in phosphate, which is similar to that in phosphoric acid.

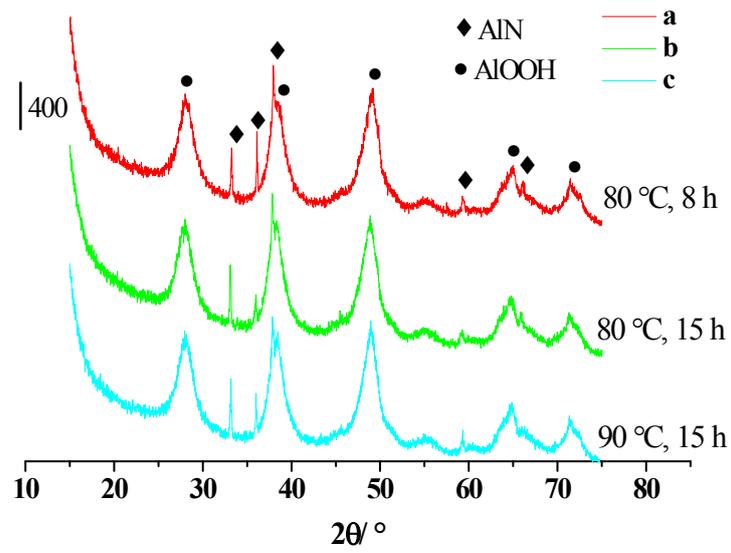


Fig. S2 XRD patterns of the hydrolyzed samples (AIP-h) at different treatment conditions. a, 80 °C for 8 h; b, 80 °C for 15 h; c, 90 °C for 15 h. The AlN species could not be completely removed under all the hydrolysis treated conditions.

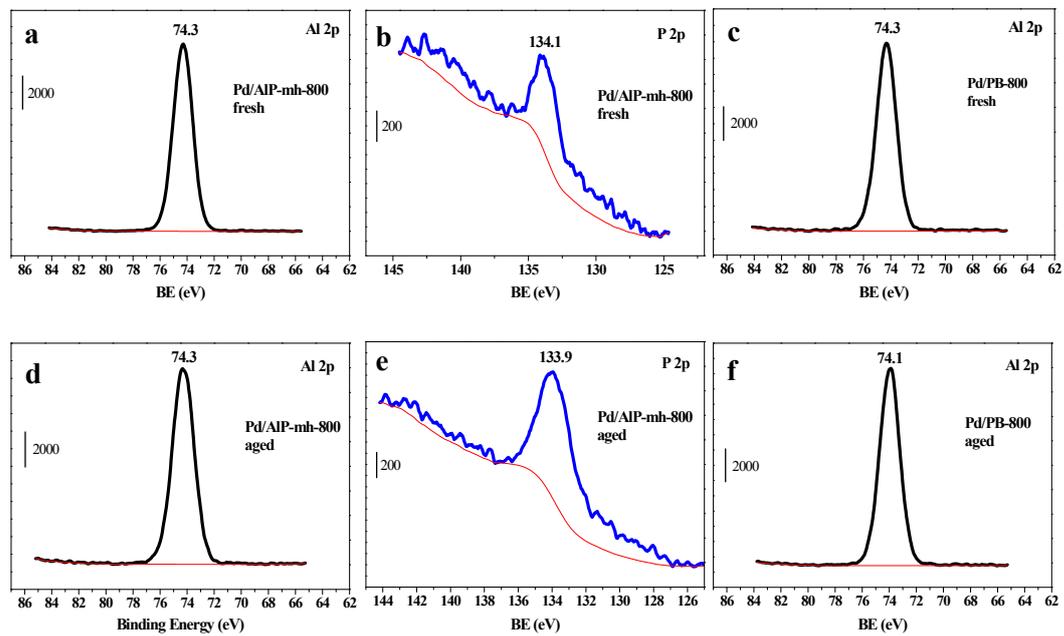


Fig. S3 Al 2p and P 2p XPS spectra of the (a, b and c) fresh and (d, e and f) aged catalysts.

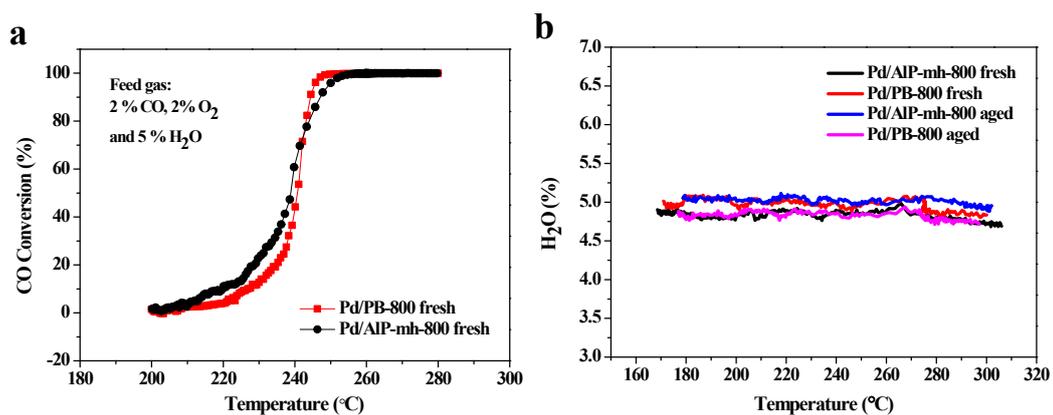


Fig. S4 (a) Activity tests of the fresh Pd/AIP-mh-800 and Pd/PB-800 catalysts. Feed gas stream: 2 % CO, 2 % O₂ and 5 % H₂O balanced with N₂ (flow rate: 1 L/min, 100 mg catalyst). The catalysts were reduced in 5 % H₂/N₂ at 200 °C for 30 min before tests. (b) The changes of H₂O content during activity tests for both the fresh and aged catalysts.

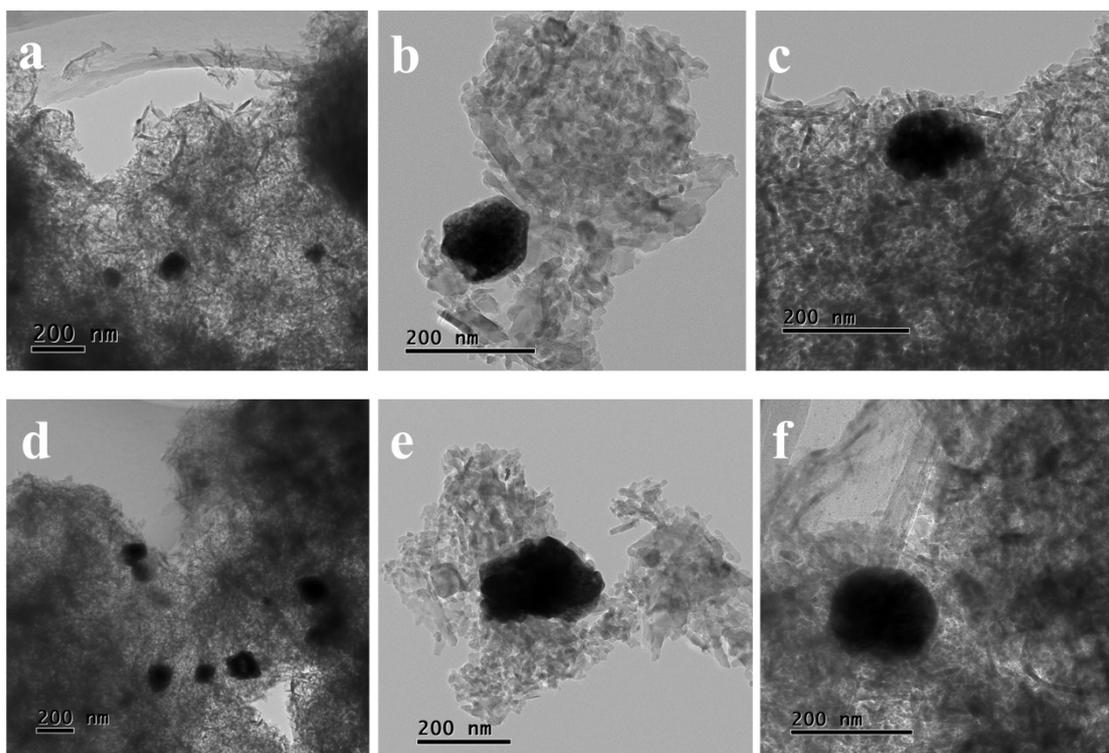


Fig. S5 Representative TEM images of the aged catalysts after H₂ reduction. a, b and c, Aged Pd/AIP-mh-800. d, e and f, Aged Pd/PB-800.