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Understanding Hydrogen Transfer Mechanism for the Biodegradation of 2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene Catalyzed by Pentaerythritol Tetranitrate Reductase: Molecular Dynamics Simulation

Supporting Information

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Captions

Figure S1. The RESP charge distribution of FMNH₂ a) and TNT b) for the MD, TI, and EVB simulations.

Figure S2. a) RMSD of the backbone atoms calculated relative to the first structure in the total 40 ns MD simulation and b) The radius of gyration of all the protein atoms with the 40 ns simulation time.

Figure S3. The curves of the distance of H_{20} to different transfer sites (C_4 , C_6 , O_1 - O_6) on TNT during the whole 20 ns MD simulations.

Figure S4. The curves of the distance of H_{21} to different transfer sites (C_4 , C_6 , O_1 - O_6) on TNT during the whole 20 ns MD simulations.

Figure S5. The mean distance and distribution of H_{20} and H_{21} respectively to the hydrogen transfer sites (C_4 , C_6 , O_1 , O_4 , O_5) on TNT during the whole 20 ns MD simulations

Figure S6. The free energy curves of the reactions of H_{21} radical and anion transfer to O_1 atom of TNT by EVB simulations. The barrier of H_{21} radical and anion to O_1 is 27.0 kacl/mol and 28.8 kacl/mol, respectively.

Figure S7. The mean distance and standard deviation of $H_{51}(Tyr351)$ to O_5 and O_6 . The each graph shows two summits corresponding to two different mean distance in different conformations of Tyr351. The percentage of different ranges (different conformations) is also calculated.

Figure S8. The overall structure comparison between PETNR and MR, especially the residues at the active sites.

Figure S9. The comparison of the key residues (His184, Try351) between wild-type PETNR a) and His184Asn PETNR b) during the last 10 ns MD simulations.

Figure S10. H_{20} radical transfer step of TNT enzymatic reaction in the gas phase, and the intrinsic reaction coordinate (IRC) profile (B3LYP/6-31G* results) with the

indicated stationary points corresponding to the reactant (R), transition state (TS), and product (P), and the correlative activation free energy (ΔG^{\ddagger}) and reaction free engergy (ΔG_R).

Table S1. Coupling parameter and weights for 7-point Gaussian integration.

Table S2. The mean distance and standard deviation of the residues polar hydrogen to oxygen of TNT in the PETNR active center.

Table S3. Non-bonded interactions energy (means and standard deviations) between residue 184 (or 351) and TNT of wild-type PETNR and His184Asn PETNR during the last 10 ns MD simulations. Elec: electrostatic energy; Vdw: van der waals energy; all the energy in kcal/mol.

Table S4. Condensed Fukui Functions of TNT. $Q_{(N)}$ is the Hirshfeld charge of TNT, $Q_{(N+1)}$ is the Hirshfeld charge of TNT combining an electron, and $Q_{(N-1)}$ is the Hirshfeld charge of TNT subtracting an electron. $f_A{}^0 = (Q_{(N-1)} + Q_{(N+1)})/2$ corresponds to the ability of free-radical attack.

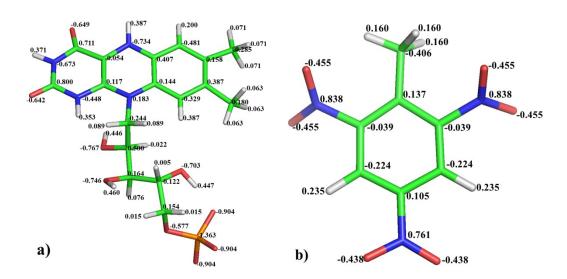


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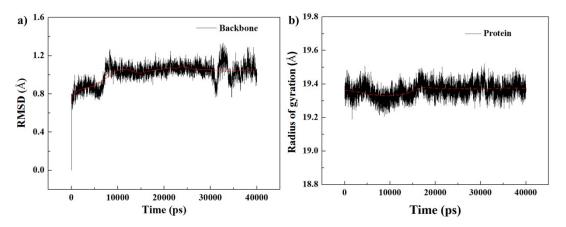


Figure S2. a) RMSD of the backbone atoms calculated relative to the first structure in the total 40 ns MD simulation and b) The radius of gyration of all the protein atoms with the 40 ns simulation time.

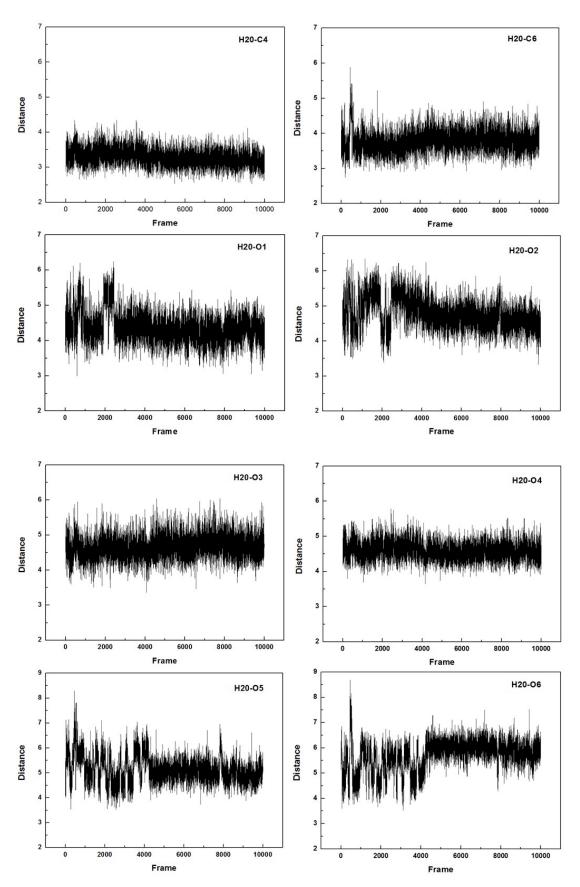


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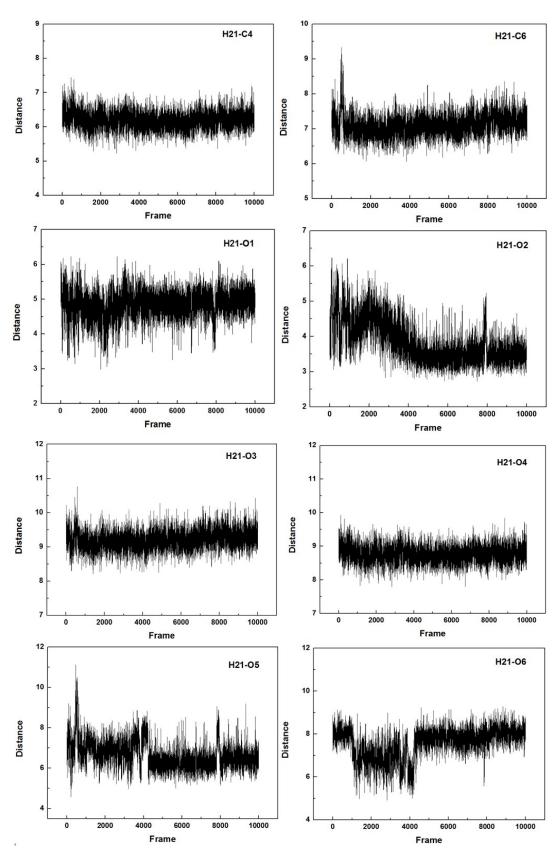
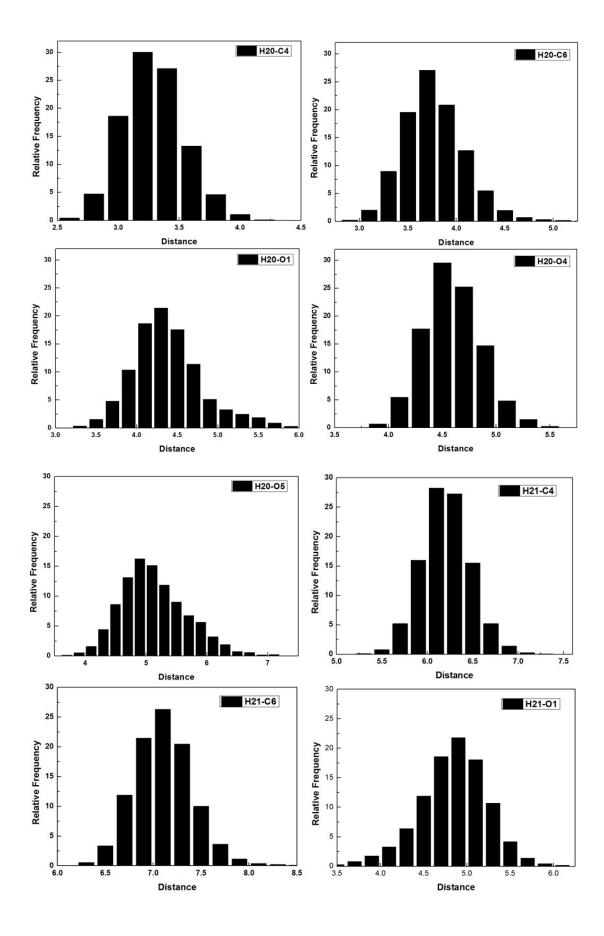


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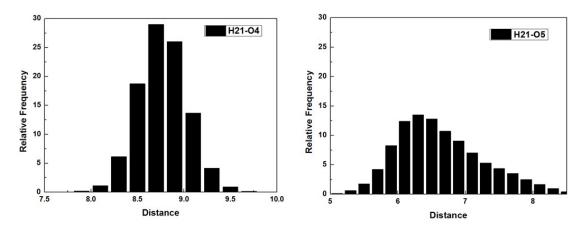


Figure S5. The mean distance and distribution of H_{20} and H_{21} respectively to the hydrogen transfer sites (C_4 , C_6 , O_1 , O_4 , O_5) on TNT during the whole 20 ns MD simulations

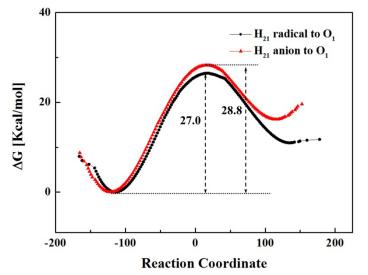


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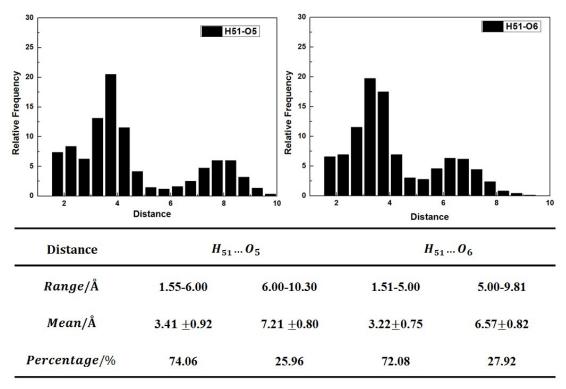


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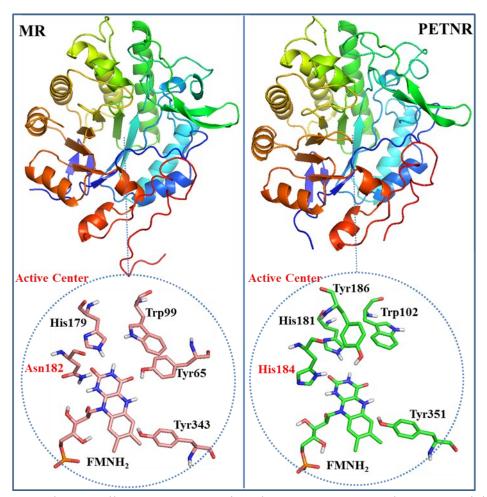


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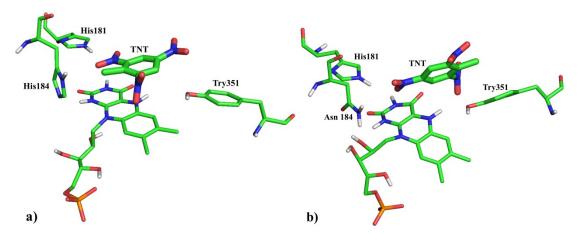


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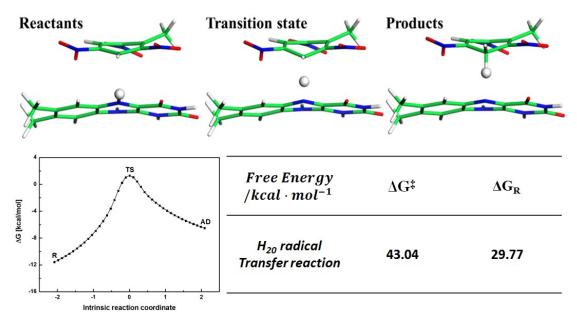


Figure S10. H₂₀ radical transfer step of TNT enzymatic reaction in the gas phase, and the intrinsic reaction coordinate (IRC) profile (B3LYP/6-31G* results) with the indicated stationary points corresponding to the reactant (R), transition state (TS), and product (P), and the correlative activation free energy (ΔG^{\ddagger}) and reaction free engergy (ΔG_R).

Table S1. Coupling parameter and weights for 7-point Gaussian integration

n	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
λ_i	0.00000	0.04691	0.23076	0.50000	0.76923	0.95308	1.00000
ω_i	0.00000	0.11846	0.23931	0.28444	0.23931	0.11846	0.00000

Table S2. The mean distance and standard deviation of the residues polar hydrogen to oxygen of TNT in the PETNR active center.

Distance/Å	O_1	O_2	03	O_4	05	06
H ₈₁ (His181)	2.29 ± 0.33	2.65 ± 0.47				
$H_{51}(Tyr351)$			5.66 ± 1.29	7.48 ± 1.40	4.55 ± 2.13	4.15 ± 1.69
H ₈₄ (His184)	6.07 ± 0.89	4.47 ± 0.71			6.11 ± 1.03	6.49 ± 0.93
$H_{86}(Tyr186)$	4.76 ± 0.55	4.70 ± 0.61				
$H_{02}(Trp102)$	7.13 ± 0.68	8.76 ± 0.89	8.52 ± 0.64	6.49 ± 0.64		

Table S3. Non-bonded interactions energy (means and standard deviations) between residue 184 (or 351) and TNT of wild-type PETNR and His184Asn PETNR during the last 10 ns MD simulations. Elec: electrostatic energy; Vdw: van der waals energy; all the energy in kcal/mol.

Type of PETNR Residues		Elec	Vdw	Vdw+Elec	
wild-type	His184-TNT	0.76±0.84	-3.08±0.40	-2.32±0.89	
	Try351-TNT	-0.51±1.01	-1.16±0.90	-1.68±1.66	
His184Asn	Asn184-TNT	-1.03±0.48	-1.05±0.49	-2.07±0.80	
	Try351-TNT	-2.98±1.08	-4.26±1.08	-7.24±1.75	

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	$Q_{(N+1)}$	$Q_{(N)}$	Q (N-1)	f_A	f_A^+	$f_A{}^0$
C4	-0.054627	-0.010347	0.081930	0.092277	0.044280	0.068279
C6	-0.054572	-0.010345	0.081876	0.092221	0.044227	0.068224
01	-0.244115	-0.192240	-0.091465	0.100775	0.051875	0.076325
O2	-0.232123	-0.181826	-0.106583	0.075243	0.050297	0.062770