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## High Yield Graphene Production Arising from Synergistic Effect of Inflated Temperature and Gelatin Offers Higher Stability and Cellular Compatibility

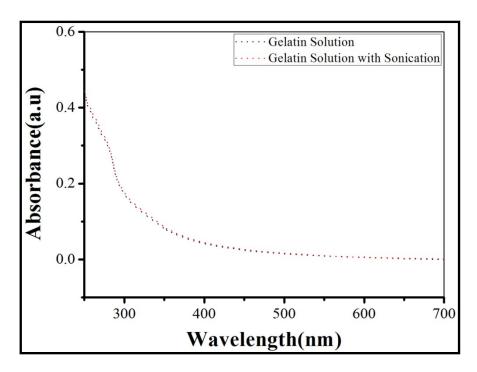
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## **SUPPORTING INFORMATIONS**

- **Figure S1.** Effect of sonication on gelatin concentration by measuring UV spectra of gelatin solution with and without sonication
- Figure S2. Surface tension measurement of Water and Water-gel system measured at 24°C.
- **Figure S3.** Effect of temperature increment on G production (a) Uv-vis spectra (b)  $A/l_{660}$  (cm<sup>-1</sup>) value of G-80C, G-70C and G-60C.
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- **Figure S6.** Zeta potential of Ggel4 at different pH values.
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- **Figure S11.** Colloidal stability of Ggel4 under different storage conditions (a) after 1 day (b) after 31 days.
- **Figure S12.** SEM images of (a) Control RBCs (b) Ggel4 (1mg/mL) with RBCs (c) Ggel4 (10mg/mL) with RBCs.
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- **Table S2.** Effect of Graphite to gelatin ratio, sonication applied for 7hrs with temperature maintained~60°C. Then centrifugation at 4000 r.p.m. for 15minutes.
- **Table S3.** Effect of total particle concentration, sonication applied for 2hrs with temperature maintained~60°C. Then centrifugation at 4000 r.p.m. for 15minutes.
- **Table S4.** Comparisons in G yield with variation in proteins and sonication condition.



**Figure S1.** Effect of sonication on gelatin concentration by measuring UV spectra of gelatin solution with and without sonication.

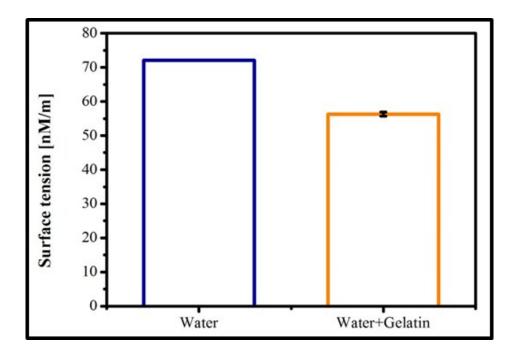
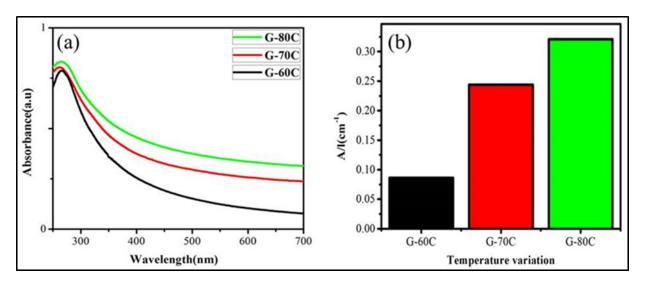
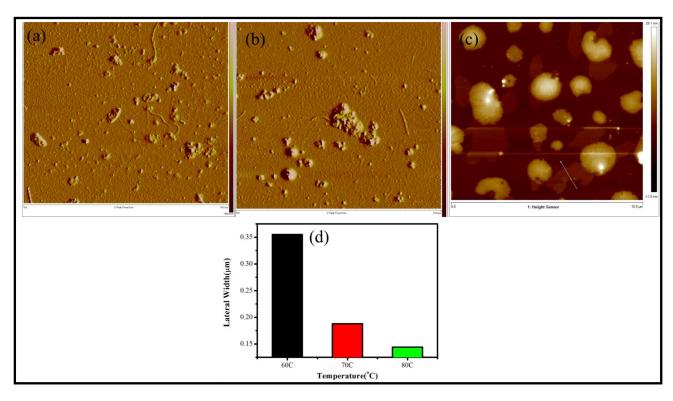


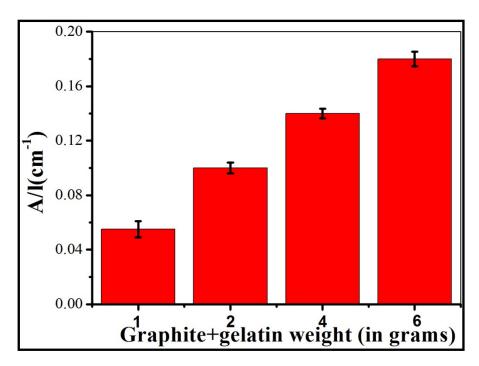
Figure S2. Surface tension measurement of Water and Water-gel system measured at 24°C.



**Figure S3.** Effect of temperature increment on G production (a) Uv-vis spectra (b)  $A/l_{660}$  (cm<sup>-1</sup>) value of G-80C, G-70C and G-60C.



**Figure S4.** AFM image of exfoliated G sheets at various temperature (a) 80C (b) 70C (c) 60C (d) Lateral width of exfoliated G at varying temperature.



**Figure S5.** Effect of increase in total particle concentration on graphene yield by measuring  $A/l_{660}$  (cm<sup>-1</sup>) value.

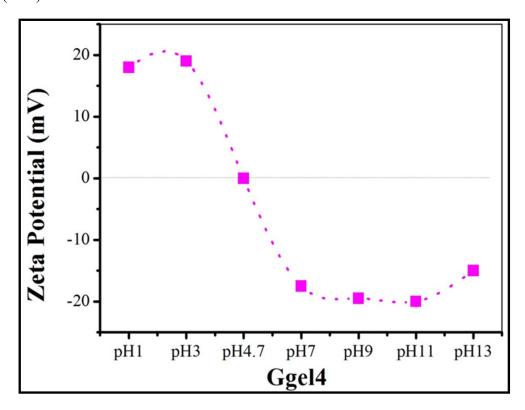
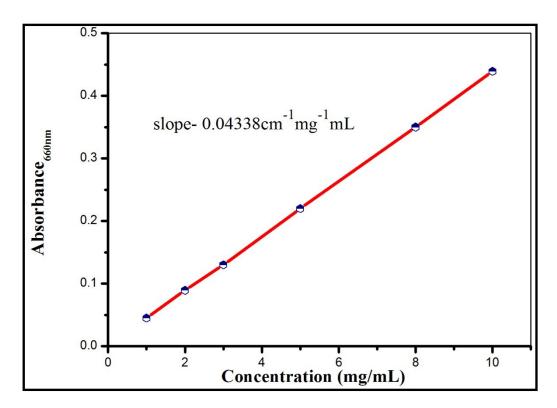


Figure S6. Zeta potential of Ggel4 at different pH values.



**Figure S7.** Calibration plot of Ggel4 to calculate extinction coefficient at 660nm at pH7 in milliQ water.

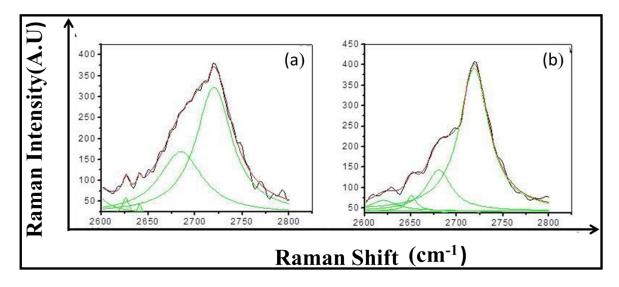


Figure S8. 2D deconvoluated peak of Ggel4 (a) after 1 hrs sonication (b) 7 hrs sonication.

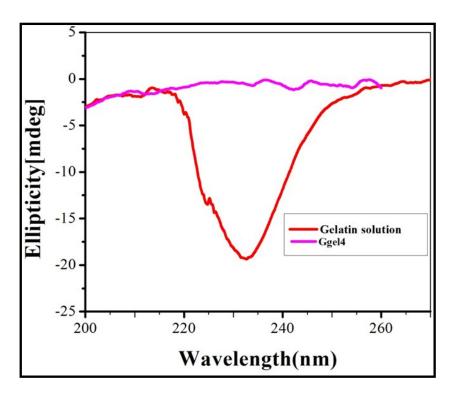
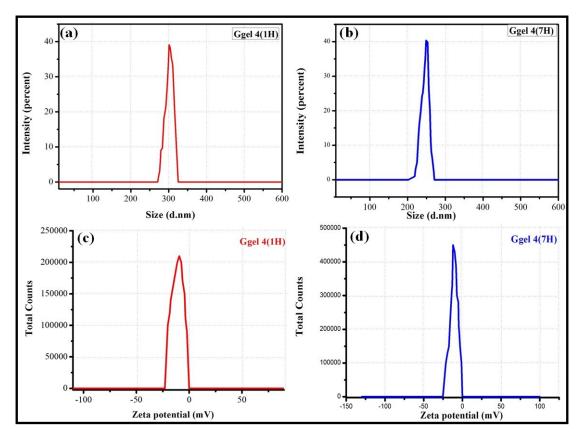
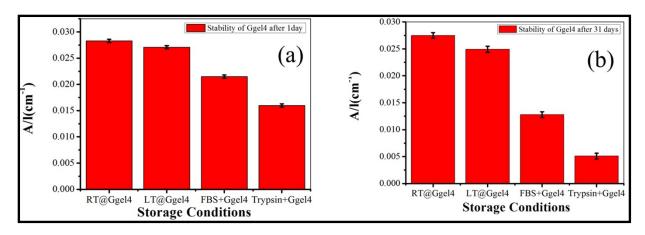


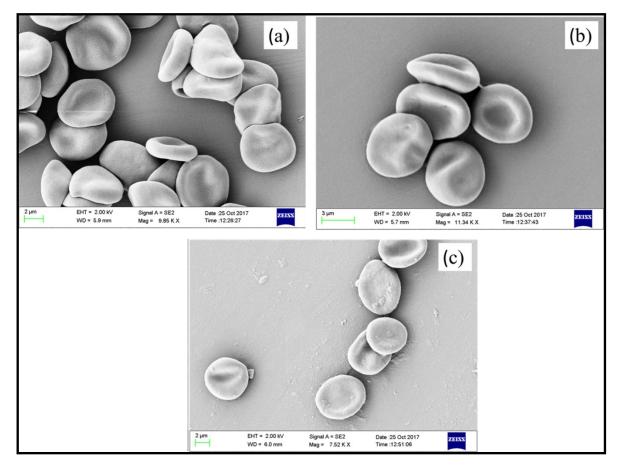
Figure S9. Circular dichroism spectra of gelatin solution and Ggel4.



**Figure S10.** Traces (DLS and Zeta Potential) for Ggel4 after 1 and 7 hrs sonication (a) DLS of Ggel 4(1H) (b) DLS of Ggel4 (7H) (c) Zeta potential of Ggel 4(1H) (d) Zeta potential of Ggel4 (7H).



**Figure S11.** Colloidal stability of Ggel4 under different storage conditions (a) after 1 day (b) after 31 days.



**Figure S12.** SEM images of (a) Control RBCs (b) Ggel4 (1mg/mL) with RBCs (c) Ggel4 (10mg/mL) with RBCs.

**Table S1.** Effect of exfoliation condition, sonication applied for 2hrs .Then centrifugation at 4000 r.p.m. for 15minutes.

Sample	Graphite	Gelatin	Volume	Time	Temperature(°C)
No Sonicated(only	30mg	20mg	5mL	2hrs	-
stirring)					
Sonicated	-do-	-do-	5mL	-do-	-
Sonicated with	-do-	-do-	5mL	-do-	60
heating					

**Table S2.** Effect of Graphite to gelatin ratio, sonication applied for 7hrs with temperature maintained~60°C. Then centrifugation at 4000 r.p.m. for 15minutes.

Sl no	Sample name	Graphite(mg)	Gelatin(mg)	Volume(mL)
1.	Ggel1	45	5	5
2.	Ggel2	40	10	-do-
3.	Ggel3	35	15	-do-
4.	Ggel4	30	20	-do-
5.	Ggel5	25	25	-do-

**Table S3.** Effect of total particle concentration, sonication applied for 2hrs with temperature maintained~60°C. Then centrifugation at 4000 r.p.m. for 15minutes.

Sl n	o Sample	Graphite(mg)	Gelatin(mg)	Volume(mL)
1.	1gm/100mL	30	20	5
2.	2gm/100mL	60	40	-do-
3.	4gm/100mL	120	80	-do-
4.	6gm/100mL	180	120	-do-

**Table S4.** Comparison in G yield with variation in proteins and sonication condition

Slno	Biomolecules (Protein/Peptides)	Exfoliation condition	Concentration (mg/mL)	Applications	References
1.	HFBI	40 min Bath sonication/Tip sonication  Temp= Not mentioned	0.04	-	Angew. Chem. Int. Ed., 2010, 49, 4946–4949
2.	Vmh2	Probe Sonication  Temp= Not mentioned	0.5	-	Adv. Funct. Mater., 2015, 25, 2771– 2779.

	<b>D</b> Q 4	(0)	0.0=		·
3.	BSA	48hrs Bath sonication	0.85	_	J. Am. Chem.
		Temp= Not mentioned			Soc., 2015,
		P		Biocompatible,	137, 6152–
		<b>3hrs Probe Sonication</b>	0.8	Used to increase	6155
		Tomp 250C		conductivity of	Nanoscale,
		Temp~25°C		hydrophilic	2015, 7,
				hydrogels.	6436–6443.
4.	Lysozyme	6 hrs Probe Sonication	2.09	Anti-cancerous	RSC Adv.,
		Town Not montioned			2013, 4,
		Temp= Not mentioned		Catalytic activity towards	4085–4093
		150 min Probe sonication	0.18	reduction of o-	Namo Dos
				nitroaniline	Nano Res., 2013, 6, 693–
					702
					/ 102
5.	Calf histone	Not mentioned	Not		RSC Adv.,
			mentioned	_	2013, 4,
					4085–4093
6.	Amphilic	24 hrs Bath Sonication	0.03		J. Mater.
"	Peptides	- I mo seem comeanon		<b>-</b>	Chem. B,
	- cpuacs	Temp=<65 <sup>o</sup> C			2015, 4, 152-
					161
					101
7.	Liposomes	2 hrs Sonication	0.124±0.010	Anti-bacterial	J. Mater.
		Temp= Not mentioned		activities	Chem.
					<i>B,2015,</i> 3,6520
		7 hrs Bath Sonication,			Present
		(Gr: gel 60:40)total	4.37	Biocompatible	Work
		concentration(1gm/100mL)	1.57	and	
8.	Gelatin	concentration(1gm/100mL)		Hemocompatible	
		2hrs Bath Sonication,			
		(Gr: gel 60:40)total			Present
		concentration(6gm/100mL)	4.14		Work
		(Sm) IVIIII)			., 024