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## **Electronic Supplementary Information**

#### **1.1. Material Characterization**

#### 1.1.1. FTIR analysis



Figure S1: FTIR spectrum of CDs.

#### 1.1.2. Size distribution of CDs



Figure S2: Size distribution of CDs.

## 1.1.3. Elemental composition of CDs and MoS<sub>2</sub> NS



Figure S3: EDX spectra of (a) CDs and (b) MoS<sub>2</sub> NS.



Figure S4: Elemental mapping of CDs and MoS<sub>2</sub> NS.

### 1.2. Optical properties of CDs



Figure S5: Excitation-emission spectra and intensity mapping of CDs (300-400 nm).

#### 1.3. Effect of pH and time



**Figure S6: (a)** Effect of pH on fluorescence intensity of anti-cTnT-f-CDs; **(b)** Effect of pH on fluorescence intensity of anti-cTnT-f-CDs/MoS<sub>2</sub> in presence of 50 ng mL<sup>-1</sup> cTnT and **(c)** Effect of time on restored fluorescence intensity of anti-cTnT-f-CDs /MoS<sub>2</sub> in presence of 50 ng mL<sup>-1</sup> cTnT

## 1.4. Comparison of analytical performance of various cTnT assays

**Table S1:** Comparison of analytical performance of different literature reported cTnT sensing platforms and commercial assays

	Probe/Device	Method/Type	LoD	99 <sup>th</sup>	Limit
			ng mL <sup>-1</sup>	ng mL <sup>-1</sup>	ng mL <sup>-1</sup>
	Single-walled	Upconversion	100		100-
	carbon	fluorescence			2500
	nanotube <sup>1</sup>				
ų	Screen printed	Electro-chemical	0.15		0-700
arc	electrode <sup>2</sup>				
ese	((E)-4-[(4-	Electro-chemical	0.10		0.2 -1.0
y r	decyloxyphenyl)dia				
rar	zenyl]-1-				
odu	methylpyridinium				
ten	iodide)/Au <sup>3</sup>				
on	Carbon nanotube <sup>4</sup>	Electro-chemical	0.033		0.1-10
0	CdTe <sup>5</sup>	Fluorescence	0.221		0-160
	Gold nanoparticle <sup>6</sup>	Fluorescence	0.5		0.5-40
	Current	Upconversion	0.12		0.5-50
		fluorescence			
	Abbott		< 0.01	0.028	
	ARCHITECT <sup>7</sup>				
	Radiometer AQT90	Time-resolved	0.01	0.017	
П	cTnT <sup>8</sup>	fluorescence (POC level)			
rcia	Cobas h 232 POC	Visual detection (POC		NAD	0.05 – 2
mei	system <sup>9</sup>	level)			
III	Roche CARDIAC	Visual detection (POC		NAD	Positive
č	Trop T Sensitive	level)			result
	test (visual) <sup>10</sup>				>0.1
	Elecsys® Troponin	Clinical &	0.005	0.014	
	T high sensitive <sup>11</sup>	immunochemistry test			

NAD= the 99<sup>th</sup> percentile concentration of the value distribution of a reference population is indeterminate

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## 1.5. Validation of cTnT assay in buffer



1.5.1. Calibration curve and standard deviation

**Figure (i):** (F-F<sub>0</sub>) vs [cTnT] linearity curve.

Standard concentration ng/mL	Intensity S1/R1 (MicroAmps)	Calculated concentration ng/mL	Recovery (%)
0.1	67.3	0.111343	111.343
0.5	77.4	0.487703	97.54062
1	90.8	0.987032	98.70323
5	199.4	5.033835	100.6767
15	473.9	15.26263	101.7509
10	338.8	10.22835	102.2835
20	600.1	19.96527	99.82635
30	871.5	30.07855	100.2618
50	1409.8	50.13743	100.2749
	Average		101.4068
	SD		3.763778

Table (i): Calculated concentration and recovery percentage using calibration curve

### 1.5.2. Regression analysis

 Table (ii): Regression statistics

SUMMARY OUTPUT			
Regression Statistics			
Multiple R	0.999981		
R Square	0.999962		
Adjusted R Square	0.999956		
Standard Error	2.965115		
Observations	9		

# Table (iii): ANOVA

ANOVA					
	df	SS	MS	F	Significance F
Regression	1	1610705	1610705	183203.2	1E-16
Residual	7	61.54333	8.791904		
Total	8	1610767			

	Coefficients	Standard Error	t Stat	P-value	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	Lower 95.0%	Upper 95.0%
Intercept	65.53237	1.012437	48.56277	4.11E-10	62.34146	68.72328	62.34146	68.72328
X Variable 1	26.89368	0.062832	428.0224	1E-16	26.74511	27.04226	26.74511	27.04226

#### 1.5.3. Results

Parameter	Value
Slope	26.894
Intercept	65.532
Accuracy	101.4±3.76
Linearity range	0.1-50.00 ng/mL
Correlation co-efficient	0.99
SD (From SE of Intercept)	1.012436546
LoD	0.12 ng/mL
LoQ	0.38 ng/mL

## 1.6. Validation of cTnT assay in serum



1.6.1. Calibration curve and standard deviation

**Figure (i).** (F-F<sub>0</sub>) vs [cTnT] linearity curve.

Standard	Intensity	Calculated	Recovery
concentration	S1/R1	concentration	(%)
ng/mL	(MicroAmps)	ng/mL	
0.1	61.6	0.131683691	131.6836906
0.5	70.3	0.548889848	109.7779696
1	80.9	1.057209994	105.7209994
5	162.2	4.955929602	99.11859205
10	278.2	10.51867837	105.1867837
15	387.5	15.76013044	105.0675362
20	497.1	21.01596893	105.0798446
30	671.4	29.37447849	97.91492831
50	1149.2	52.28724884	104.5744977
	Average		107.1249825
	SD		9.307967318

**Table (i):** Calculated concentration and recovery percentage using calibration curve

### 1.6.2. Regression analysis

 Table (ii): Regression statistics

SUMMARY OUTPUT	
Multiple R	0.999309
R Square	0.998619
Adjusted R Square	0.998422
Standard Error	14.28564
Observations	9

# Table (iii): ANOVA

ANOVA					
	df	SS	MS	F	Significance F
Regression	1	1033055	1033055	5062.019	2.85E-11
Residual	7	1428.557	204.0796		
Total	8	1034483			

	Coefficients	Standard Error	t Stat	P-value	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	Lower 95.0%	Upper 95.0%
				4.41E-				
Intercept	58.22319	6.501458	8.955405	05	42.84968	73.59669	42.84968	73.59669
				2.85E-				
X Variable 1	21.53793	0.302721	71.14787	11	20.82211	22.25375	20.82211	22.25375

#### 1.6.3. Results

Parameter	Value
Slope	21.583
Intercept	58.223
Accuracy	107.1±9.30
Linearity range	0.1-50.00 ng/mL
Correlation co-efficient	0.99
SD (From SE of Intercept)	6.501457895
LoD	0.99 ng/mL
LoQ	3.01 ng/mL

Parameter	Formula
Calculated Concentration	CC=(Intensity-Intercept)/slope
Recovery %	R=Calculated concentration/Standard concentration)*100
Mean	M=Summation of recovery/n; n=no of concentrations
Standard Deviation (SD)	Using Excel functions
Slope	From linear fitting
Intercept	From linear fitting
Accuracy	Mean ± SD
Linearity range	From linear fitting
Correlation co-efficient	From Regression analysis
Standard Deviation (SD ) of intercept	From SE of Intercept by Regression analysis
LoD	3.3*(SD of Intercept/Slope)
LoQ	10*(SD of Intercept/Slope)

# 1.7. Calculation of different statistical parameters