Supporting Information

Transformations of ferrates(IV, V, VI) in liquids: Mössbauer spectroscopy of frozen solutions.

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Figure SI1. ⁵⁷Fe Mössbauer spectrum of the starting Fe(IV) powder.

Table SI1. Hyperfine parameters and the component assignment for the ⁵⁷Fe Mössbauer spectrum of sodium ferrate(IV) measured at 300 K under inert atmosphere.

Sample	Component	δ ± 0.01	$\frac{\Delta E_{\rm Q}}{\pm 0.01}$	Г ± 0.01 (mm/s)	RA ± 1 (%)	Assignment
Fe(IV)	Doublet		0.41	0.32	86	Na ₄ FeO ₄
	Doublet	0.16	0.86	0.58	14	Fe(III)



Figure SI2. ⁵⁷Fe Mössbauer spectrum of the starting Fe(V) powder.

Table SI2. Hyperfine parameters and the component assignment for the ⁵⁷Fe Mössbauer spectrum of potassium ferrate(V) measured at 300 K under inert atmosphere.

Sample	Component	δ ± 0.01 (mm/s)	$\Delta E_{\rm Q} \\ \pm 0.01 \\ (mm/s)$	Г ± 0.01 (mm/s)	RA ± 1 (%)	Assignment
Fe(V)	Doublet	-0.52	0.88	0.43	100	K ₃ FeO ₄



Figure SI3. ⁵⁷Fe Mössbauer spectrum of the starting Fe(VI) powder.

Table SI3. Hyperfine parameters and the component assignment for the ⁵⁷Fe Mössbauer spectrum of potassium ferrate(VI) measured at 300 K under inert atmosphere.

Sample	Component	δ ± 0.01 (mm/s)	ΔE _Q ± 0.01 (mm/s)	Г ± 0.01 (mm/s)	RA ± 1 (%)	Assignment
Fe(VI)	Singlet	-0.90		0.33	92	K_2FeO_4
	Doublet	0.31	0.54	0.43	8	Fe(III)

Table SI4. Hyperfine parameters, relative subspectral areas, and the components assignment related to low temperature (100 K) ⁵⁷Fe Mössbauer spectra measured on the solutions frozen after the given time interval elapsed since the contact of Fe(VI) with water molecules.

Sample	Component	δ	Δ <i>E</i> _Q	Г	RA	Assignment
		± 0.01	± 0.01	± 0.01	± 1	
		(mm/s)	(mm/s)	(mm/s)	(%)	
1-2 s	Doublet	0.48	0.64	0.58	16	Fe(III)
	Singlet	-0.79		0.36	84	Fe(VI)
300 s	Doublet	0.48	0.65	0.52	19	Fe(III)
	Singlet	-0.79		0.37	81	Fe(VI)
700 s	Doublet	0.48	0.62	0.57	20	Fe(III)
	Singlet	-0.79		0.37	80	Fe(VI)

Table SI5. pH values of the stirred and unstirred (marked with [#]) aqueous solutions containing Fe(IV), or Fe(V), or Fe(VI) in particular time intervals elapsed from the first contact of ferrate crystallites with deionized water molecules (DW).

Time (s)		рН	
	Fe(IV)+DW	Fe(V)+DW	Fe(VI)+DW
20	11.40	10.73	12.92
30	11.48	10.94	11.20
40	11.49	10.94	10.04
50	11.50	10.94	10.02
60	11.51	10.93	10.06
70	11.51	10.92	9.97
80	11.51	10.91	9.93
90	11.51	10.91	9.90
100	11.51	10.90	9.89
110	11.52	10.89	9.88
120	11.51	10.84	9.87
130	11.51	10.84	9.86
140	11.51	10.84	9.86
150	11.52	10.85	9.85
160	11.52	10.85	9.85
170	11.52	10.84	9.85
180	11.52	10.84	9.85
190	11.53	10.84	9.84
200	11.53	10.84	9.84
210	11.53	10.84	9.84
220	11.53	10.84	9.84
230	11.53	10.84	9.84
240	11.53	10.84	9.84
250	11.53	10.84	9.84
260	11.53	10.84	9.84
270	11.53	10.84	9.84
280	11.53	10.84	9.84
290	11.53	10.84	9.84
300	11.53	10.84	9.84
330	11.73#	11.07#	9.98#

Note: [#] pH values given for unstirred solutions of the particular composition.

Sample	Component	δ	ΔE _Q	Г	RA	Assignment
		± 0.01	± 0.01	± 0.01	± 1	
		(mm/s)	(mm/s)	(mm/s)	(%)	
1-2 s	Doublet	0.44	0.63	0.49	53	Fe(III)
	Singlet	-0.80		0.39	47	Fe(VI)
30 s	Doublet	0.44	0.61	0.52	64	Fe(III)
	Singlet	-0.80		0.40	36	Fe(VI)
60 s	Doublet	0.44	0.61	0.56	70	Fe(III)
	Singlet	-0.80		0.40	30	Fe(VI)
120 s	Doublet	0.43	0.62	0.56	84	Fe(III)
	Singlet	-0.80		0.37	16	Fe(VI)
230 s	Doublet	0.42	0.63	0.58	89	Fe(III)
	Singlet	-0.80		0.36	11	Fe(VI)
300 s	Doublet	0.43	0.62	0.57	90	Fe(III)
	Singlet	-0.80		0.36	10	Fe(VI)
600 s	Doublet	0.43	0.62	0.57	94	Fe(III)
	Singlet	-0.80		0.36	6	Fe(VI)

Table SI6. Hyperfine parameters, relative subspectra areas, and the components assignment related to low temperature (100 K) 57 Fe Mössbauer spectra measured on the solutions frozen after the given time interval elapsed since the contact of Fe(V) with water molecules.



Figure SI4. ⁵⁷Fe Mössbauer spectrum of the solution frozen after 1-2 s of Fe(V) transformation in water.

Table SI7. Hyperfine parameters, relative subspectra areas, and the components assignment related to low temperature (100 K) 57 Fe Mössbauer spectra measured on the solutions frozen after the given time interval elapsed since the contact of Fe(V) with ethanol.

Sample	Component	δ	Δ <i>E</i> _Q	Г	RA	Assignment
		± 0.01	± 0.01	± 0.01	± 1	
		(mm/s)	(mm/s)	(mm/s)	(%)	
1-2 s	Doublet	0.45	0.74	0.58	17	Fe(III)
	Doublet	-0.43	0.85	0.58	68	Fe(V)
	Singlet	-0.81		0.35	15	Fe(VI)
30 s	Doublet	0.43	0.52	0.58	43	Fe(III)
	Doublet	-048	0.69	0.36	36	Fe(V)
	Singlet	-0.81		0.31	21	Fe(VI)
60 s	Doublet	0.33	0.82	0.58	74	Fe(III)
	Singlet	-0.81		0.31	26	Fe(VI)
120 s	Doublet	0.31	0.72	0.48	74	Fe(III)
	Singlet	-0.81		0.32	26	Fe(VI)



Figure SI5. ⁵⁷Fe Mössbauer spectrum of the solution frozen after 1-2 s of Fe(IV) transformation in H₂O.

Table SI8. Hyperfine parameters and the component assignment related to low temperature (100 K) 57 Fe Mössbauer spectrum measured on the solutions frozen after 1-2 s since the mixing with Fe(IV) to water.

Sample	Component	δ	ΔE _Q	Г	RA	Assignment
		± 0.01	± 0.01	± 0.01	± 1	
		(mm/s)	(mm/s)	(mm/s)	(%)	
1-2 s	Doublet	0.43	0.68	0.50	100	Fe(III)



Figure SI6. ⁵⁷Fe Mössbauer spectra measured on the solutions frozen after the given time interval elapsed since the contact of Fe(IV) with ethanol.

Table SI9. Hyperfine parameters, relative subspectra areas, and the components assignment related to low temperature (100 K) ⁵⁷Fe Mössbauer spectra measured on the solutions frozen after the given time interval elapsed since the contact of Fe(IV) with ethanol.

Sample	Component	δ	ΔE _Q	Г	RA	Assignment
		± 0.01 (mm/s)	± 0.01 (mm/s)	± 0.01 (mm/s)	±1 (%)	
1-2 s	Doublet	0.37	0.62	0.58	11	Fe(III)
	Doublet	-0.14	0.40	0.31	89	Fe(IV)
30 s	Doublet	0.37	0.62	0.58	34	Fe(III)
	Doublet	-0.15	0.38	0.36	57	Fe(IV)
	Doublet	-0.47	2.26	0.31	3	Fe(V)
	Singlet	-0.81		0.38	6	Fe(VI)
60 s	Doublet	0.37	0.62	0.58	41	Fe(III)
	Doublet	-0.15	0.38	0.36	45	Fe(IV)
	Doublet	-0.47	2.26	0.32	5	Fe(V)
	Singlet	-0.81		0.38	9	Fe(VI)
300 s	Doublet	0.37	0.63	0.58	55	Fe(III)
	Doublet	-0.15	0.38	0.36	24	Fe(IV)
	Doublet	-0.47	2.26	0.32	7	Fe(V)
	Singlet	-0.81		0.38	14	Fe(VI)
600 s	Doublet	0.37	0.63	0.58	62	Fe(III)
	Doublet	-0.15	0.38	0.36	13	Fe(IV)
	Doublet	-0.47	2.26	0.32	8	Fe(V)
	Singlet	-0.81		0.38	17	Fe(VI)
1200 s	Doublet	0.37	0.63	0.58	66	Fe(III)
	Doublet	-0.15	0.38	0.36	8	Fe(IV)
	Doublet	-0.47	2.26	0.32	5	Fe(V)
	Singlet	-0.81		0.38	21	Fe(VI)
3600 s	Doublet	0.37	0.63	0.58	73	Fe(III)
	Doublet	-0.81		0.38	27	Fe(VI)

Table SI10. Hyperfine parameters, relative subspectra areas, and the components assignment related to low temperature (100 K) ⁵⁷Fe Mössbauer spectra measured on the solutions frozen after the given time interval elapsed since the contact of Fe(VI) with a mixture of ethanol-acetic acid (EtOH 140 μ l + CH₃COOH 10 μ l).

Sample	Component	δ ± 0.01 (mm/s)	ΔE _Q ± 0.01 (mm/s)	Г ± 0.01 (mm/s)	RA ± 1 (%)	Assignment
Fe(VI)	Singlet	-0.80		0.38	51	Fe(VI)
	Doublet	0.47	0.73	0.53	49	Fe(III)



Figure SI7. Optimized structures of ferrates IV, V, VI and III in water solvent. Charges and bond lengths (in Ang) are added.

For DFT modeling we used ionic forms of equations (12)-(14) from the main text.

Two-step	transformation	of ferrate	(IV):
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$2[Fe^{IV}O_4]^{4-} + 2H_2O \rightarrow [Fe^{V}O_4]^{3-} + [Fe^{III}O_2]^{-} + 4OH^{-}$	(S1)
$[Fe^{V}O_{4}]^{3-} + [Fe^{V}O_{4}]^{4-} + 2H_{2}O \rightarrow [Fe^{U}O_{2}]^{-} + [Fe^{V}O_{4}]^{2-} + 4OH^{-}$	(S2)
The overall transformation of ferrate(IV):	
	()

$$3[Fe^{IV}O_4]^{4-} + 4H_2O \rightarrow 2[Fe^{III}O_2]^{-} + [Fe^{VI}O_4]^{2-} + 8OH^{-}$$
(S3)

Two-step transformation of ferrate(V):

$$2[Fe^{V}O_{4}]^{3-} \rightarrow [Fe^{IV}O_{4}]^{4-} + [Fe^{VI}O_{4}]^{2-}$$
(S4)
$$[Fe^{V}O_{4}]^{3-} + [Fe^{IV}O_{4}]^{4-} + 2H_{2}O \rightarrow [Fe^{III}O_{2}]^{-} + [Fe^{VI}O_{4}]^{2-} + 4OH^{-}$$
(S2)

$$3[Fe^{V}O_{4}]^{3-} + 2H_{2}O \rightarrow [Fe^{II}O_{2}]^{-} + 2[Fe^{VI}O_{4}]^{2-} + 4OH^{-}$$
(S5)

Table SI11 Multiplicity *M* and spin *S* of the reactants and products of considered reactions, expectation values $\langle S^2 \rangle$, effective charges and effective electronic configurations on atoms from natural bond orbital analysis. Populations and charges are rounded-off to the first decimal place and only the important populations are reported (≥ 0.1). $\langle S^2 \rangle$ - *S*(*S*+1) define *spin contamination*,¹ which is not significant for considered compounds.

		[Fe ^{IV} O₄] ⁴⁻		[Fe ^v O₄] ³⁻		[Fe ^{VI} O ₄] ²⁻		[Fe ^{III} O ₂] ⁻
M=2S+1		Quintet		Quartet		Triplet		Quartet
S(S+1)		6.0		3.75		2.0		3.75
$\langle S^2 \rangle$		6.045		3.810		2.038		3.810
Fe	1.7	4s ^{0.3} 3d ^{5.9} p ^{0.1}	1.5	4s ^{0.3} 3d ^{6.1} p ^{0.1}	1.4	4s ^{0.3} 3d ^{6.2} 4p ^{0.1}	1.1	4s ^{0.6} 3d ^{6.3}
0	-1.4	2s ^{2.0} 2p ^{5.5}	-1.1	2s ^{1.9} 2p ^{5.2}	-0.8	2s ^{1.9} 2p ^{4.9}	-1.0	2s ^{1.9} 2p ^{5.1}
0	-1.4	2s ^{2.0} 2p ^{5.5}	-1.1	2s ^{1.9} 2p ^{5.2}	-0.8	2s ^{1.9} 2p ^{4.9}	-1.0	2s ^{1.9} 2p ^{5.1}
0	-1.4	2s ^{2.0} 2p ^{5.5}	-1.1	2s ^{1.9} 2p ^{5.2}	-0.8	2s ^{1.9} 2p ^{4.9}		
0	-1.4	2s ^{2.0} 2p ^{5.5}	-1.1	2s ^{1.9} 2p ^{5.2}	-0.8	2s ^{1.9} 2p ^{4.9}		

References

(1) Karlický F., Otyepka M.: Int. J. Quantum Chem., 114(15), 987-992, 2014.