## Comparison of $TiO_2$ and $g-C_3N_4$ 2D/2D nanocomposites from three synthesis protocols for visible-light induced hydrogen evolution

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**Figure S1.** TGA and DTG curves of the three composite samples (O-CN/TiO<sub>2</sub>, CN/TiO<sub>2</sub>-cal and H-CN/H-TiO<sub>2</sub>), the physically mixed sample (O-CN TiO<sub>2</sub> mixed) and the precursors (TiO<sub>2</sub>, H-TiO<sub>2</sub>, CN, O-CN and H-CN).



**Figure S2.** N<sub>2</sub> sorption isotherms (left) and pore size distributions (right) of the three composite samples (O-CN/TiO<sub>2</sub>, CN/TiO<sub>2</sub>-cal and H-CN/H-TiO<sub>2</sub>) and the precursors (TiO<sub>2</sub>, H-TiO<sub>2</sub>, CN, O-CN and H-CN). The isotherms are offset by 100 cm<sup>3</sup> g<sup>-1</sup> and the pore size distributions are offset by 0.001 cm<sup>3</sup> g<sup>-1</sup> nm<sup>-1</sup> respectively along the vertical axis for clarity.

SEM AND LOW-MAGNIFIED TEM IMAGES



**Figure S3.** SEM image (left) and low-magnified TEM image (right) of O-CN/TiO<sub>2</sub>.

## STABILITY TEST



Figure S4. Stability test results for photocatalytic hydrogen evolution with O-CN/TiO<sub>2</sub> composite.