# **Supporting Information**

Improving catalytic efficiency and stereoselectivity of a nitrilase from *Synechocystis sp.* PCC6803 by semi-rational engineering en route to chiral  $\gamma$ -amino acids

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### Primers used in the mutation experiments

Primers	Sequence $(5' \rightarrow 3')$
P1	GGTCAT <u>CATATG</u> CTGAATTATACAAAAAATATTCG
Y59A	CAAAGGAAAAATAAGG <u>TGC</u> ATAAGGCACAAAAGTTTCAGG
F64A	CAAAACCGGCGGTTCAAC <u>TGC</u> GGAAAAATAAG
T139A	GTTCATGGTA <u>TGC</u> GGGCGTGATTTTG
Y140A	CGTTCATG <u>TGC</u> GGTGGGCGTGATTTTG
H141A	CCAAACCATCCGTTC <u>TGC</u> GTAGGTGG
E142A	CCAAACCATCCG <u>TGC</u> ATGGTAGGTGG
W170A	GGATTGTAATGTTC <u>TGC</u> ACAGGCCAAGGCTCC
F193A	CATCGATCCGGG <u>TGC</u> TTGCCCACAGTGG
P194A	CACCATCGATCCG <u>TGC</u> AATTGCCCACAG
M197A	GAAAATCTGACCCAC <u>TGC</u> CGATCCGGGGAATTG
V198A	CGAAAATCTGACC <u>TGC</u> CATCGATCCGG
I201A	CGAAAATCTGACC <u>TGC</u> CATCGATCCGG
F202A	CCATTTGATCCGC <u>TGC</u> AATCTGACCCACC
Q205A	GATCCGCGAA <u>TGC</u> CTGACCCACCATC
Saturation mutagenesis sites	
H141	CCAAACCATCCGTTCAHNGTAGGTGGGCGTGATTTTGC
P194	GACCCACCATCGATCCAHNGAATTGCCCACAGTGG
M197	GAAAATCTGACCCACAHNCGATCCGGGGAATTGC
I201	CATTTGATCCGCGAAAHNCTGACCCACCATCG
F202	CCATTTGATCCGCAHNAATCTGACCCACC

 Table S1 Oligonucleotides used for mutagenesis

### **Alanine scanning**



**Figure S1** Modeling 1a (cyan) into the active site of the wt *Ss*NIT by Discovery Studio 4.1 that highlights fourteen amino acid residues with carbon atoms in green located within a distance of 5 Å of 1a as targets for alaine scanning. The catalytic residues, E53, K135, and C169, are represented by red.

### The reaction of alanine scanning,

To a 1 mL reaction, **1a** (10 mM) and whole cells (OD<sub>600</sub>=5) were added to phosphoric acid (100 mM, pH 7.0). The reaction mixture was incubated at 30°C with 200 rpm for 30 min, and then quenched with 20  $\mu$ L of 6 M HCl solution. 1 mL of ethyl acetate was added to the mixture and organic phases were dried with anhydrous sodium sulfate for HPLC analysis.



### Protein expression of WT and mutants

**Figure S2** SDS-PAGE analysis of the recombinant nitrilase. M: protein standard marker; Lane 1: supernatant of wt *Ss*NIT; Lane 2: precipitate of wt *Ss*NIT; Lane 3: supernatant of P194A; Lane 4: precipitate of P194A; Lane 5: supernatant of F202V; Lane 6: precipitate of F202V; Lane 7: supernatant of P194A/F202V; Lane 8: precipitate of P194A/F202V; Lane 9: supernatant of P194A/I201A/F202V; Lane 10: precipitate of P194A/I201A/F202V;

Chiral HPLC analysis, <sup>1</sup>H-NMR and <sup>13</sup>C-NMR of product ((*S*)-2a) catalyzed by whole cells of variant P194A/I201A/F202V



**Figure S3.** HPLC traces of the mixture of the standards of rac-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-cyanobutanoic acid (**2a**), rac-amide and 3-(4-chlorophenyl) glutaronitrile (**1a**) (A), the product ((*S*)-**2a**) catalyzed by whole cells of *Bj*NIT6402 from *Bradyrhizobium japonicum* USDA110 (B), and product ((*S*)-**2a**) catalyzed by whole cells of variant P194A/I201A/F202V (C).







**Figure S5** <sup>13</sup>C-NMR of product ((S)-**2a**) catalyzed by whole cells of variant P194A/I201A/F202V.

# Analytical reaction of other 3-substituted glutaronitriles 1b-n catalyzed by whole cells of wt *Ss*NIT and its mutant P194A/I201A/F202V

All the samples were detected using HPLC with a UV detector at the wavelength of 210 nm by a CHIRALPAK OD-H column (5  $\mu$ m, 4.6 mm  $\times$  250 mm) and isocratically eluted at 30°C. The flow rate was 0.5 mL/min. The eluent of isopropanol-hexane-trifluoroacetic acid was 30:70:0.1 (v/v/v), except that 1f and 2f were 10:90:0.1(v/v/v) for 30 min and then 40:60:0.1(v/v/v) for 50 min .

(1) The reaction of **1b** 

Standard sample of 1b



Racemate of 2b



### Sample of 2b with wt SsNIT



### Sample of **2b** with P194A/I201A/F202V



### (2) The reaction of **1c**

### Standard sample of 1c



## Racemate of **2c**



### Sample of **2c** with wt *Ss*NIT



### Sample of **2c** with P194A/I201A/F202V



### (3) The reaction of **1d**

### Standard sample of 1d



### Racemate of 2d



### Sample of **2d** with wt *Ss*NIT



# Sample of $\mathbf{2d}$ with P194A/I201A/F202V



### (4) The reaction of **1f**

### Standard sample of 1f



### Racemate of $2 {\boldsymbol{f}}$



# Sample of **2f** with wt SsNIT



# Sample of **2f** with P194A/I201A/F202V



### (5) The reaction of **1g**

### Standard sample of 1g



### Racemate of $\mathbf{2g}$



### Sample of 2g with wt SsNIT



# Sample of $\mathbf{2g}$ with P194A/I201A/F202V



### (6) The reaction of **1h**

### Standard sample of 1h



### Racemate of $\mathbf{2h}$



### Sample of **2h** with wt SsNIT



# Sample of $\mathbf{2h}$ with P194A/I201A/F202V



### (7) The reaction of **1i**

### Standard sample of 1i



### Racemate of 2i



### Sample of 2i with wt SsNIT



# Sample of 2i with P194A/I201A/F202V



(8) the reaction of **1j** 

Standard sample of 1j



### Racemate of 2j



# Sample of 2j with wt SsNIT



### Sample of 2j with P194A/I201A/F202V



### (9) The reaction of **1k**

### Standard sample of 1k



### Racemate of $2\boldsymbol{k}$



### Sample of 2k with wt SsNIT



# Sample of 2k with P194A/I201A/F202V



### (10) The reaction of **1m**

### Standard sample of 1m



### Racemate of 2m



### Sample of **2m** with wt SsNIT



# Sample of $\mathbf{2m}$ with P194A/I201A/F202V

