

Electronic supplementary information (ESI)

Cucurbit[6]uil-based multifunctional supramolecular assemblies: synthesis, removal of Ba(II) and fluorescence sensing of Fe(III)

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Table S1. Selected bond lengths (Å) and angles (°) for assembly **2**^a

| | | | |
|--|-----------|--------------------|------------|
| Ba(1)-O(1)#2 | 2.882(7) | Ba(1)-O(4) | 2.707(6) |
| Ba(1)-O(1W) | 2.632(8) | | |
| O(4)#1-Ba(1)-O(4) | 160.50(7) | O(1W)-Ba(1)-O(1)#2 | 85.36(15) |
| O(1W)#1-Ba(1)-O(1W) | 159.94(8) | O(4)-Ba(1)-O(1)#2 | 127.92(13) |
| O(1W)-Ba(1)-O(4)#1 | 101.6(2) | O(1W)-Ba(1)-O(1)#3 | 111.10(15) |
| O(1W)-Ba(1)-O(4) | 74.9(2) | O(4)-Ba(1)-O(1)#3 | 69.93(11) |
| O(1)#2-Ba(1)-O(1)#3 | 73.5(2) | | |
| Symmetry codes: #1 -x+1,-y,-z+1; #2 x,y,z+1; #3 -x+1,y,-z. | | | |

Table S2. Hydrogen bonding data of **1** and **2**.

| 1 | | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| <i>D</i> -H... <i>A</i> | <i>d</i> (<i>D</i> -H) (Å) | <i>d</i> (H... <i>A</i>) (Å) | <i>d</i> (<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>)(Å) | <i>D</i> -H... <i>A</i> (°) |
| O(6)-H(6)··O(6) | 0.8500 | 1.6100 | 2.454(6) | 171 |
| N(8)-H(8A)··O(2) | 0.8800 | 2.2600 | 2.931(11) | 133 |
| N(8)-H(8C)··O(1) | 0.9100 | 2.5000 | 3.127(12) | 126 |
| N(8)-H(8D)··O(4) | 0.8900 | 1.9300 | 2.813(10) | 178 |
| C(3)-H(3A)··O(7) | 0.9900 | 2.5000 | 3.178(7) | 125 |
| C(3)-H(3B)··O(7) | 0.9900 | 2.4400 | 3.428(7) | 178 |
| C(8)-H(8)··O(6) | 1.0000 | 2.5900 | 3.447(7) | 144 |
| C(9)-H(9A)··O(6) | 0.9900 | 2.5400 | 3.448(7) | 152 |
| C(11)-H(11)··O(5) | 0.9500 | 2.5000 | 3.417(7) | 161 |
| C(15)-H(15)··O(1) | 0.9500 | 2.8300 | 3.512(7) | 129 |

| 2 | | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| <i>D</i> -H... <i>A</i> | <i>d</i> (<i>D</i> -H) (Å) | <i>d</i> (H... <i>A</i>) (Å) | <i>d</i> (<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>)(Å) | <i>D</i> -H... <i>A</i> (°) |
| O(1W)-H(1W1)··O(2) | 0.9300 | 2.1000 | 3.022(6) | 173 |
| O(7)-H(7)··O(7) | 1.229(12) | 1.229(12) | 2.457(5) | 175(11) |
| C(4)-H(4)··O(7) | 1.0000 | 2.6000 | 3.512(7) | 152 |
| C(6)-H(6B)··O(6) | 0.9900 | 2.4200 | 3.406(7) | 174 |
| C(13)-H(13)··O(8) | 0.9500 | 2.3400 | 3.268(6) | 165 |

Table S3. Adsorption capacity of some adsorbent material reported in literature for removal of Ba²⁺.

| adsorbent | Maximum reported adsorption capacity (mg/g) | Reference |
|---|---|------------|
| Hydrous cerium oxide | 0.115 | 1 |
| Hydrous bismuth oxide | 0.131 | 2 |
| Expanded perlite | 2.486 | 3 |
| Dolomite powder | 3.958 | 4 |
| Mxene | 9.3 | 5 |
| Mag-tit PVA-alginate beads | 19.45 | 6 |
| Solvent-extracted peat | ~ 40 | 7 |
| Fe ₃ O ₄ @titanate nanocomposites | 118.4 | 8 |
| Fungus-titanate nanotube | 120 | 9 |
| Q[6]-based supramolecular assembly | 72.4 | This study |

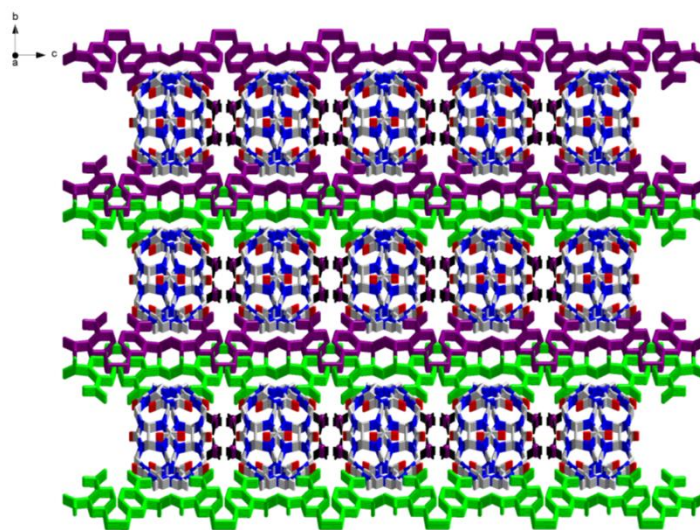


Fig. S1. Q[6] sandwiched by HDTNB⁻ in the assembly **1**.

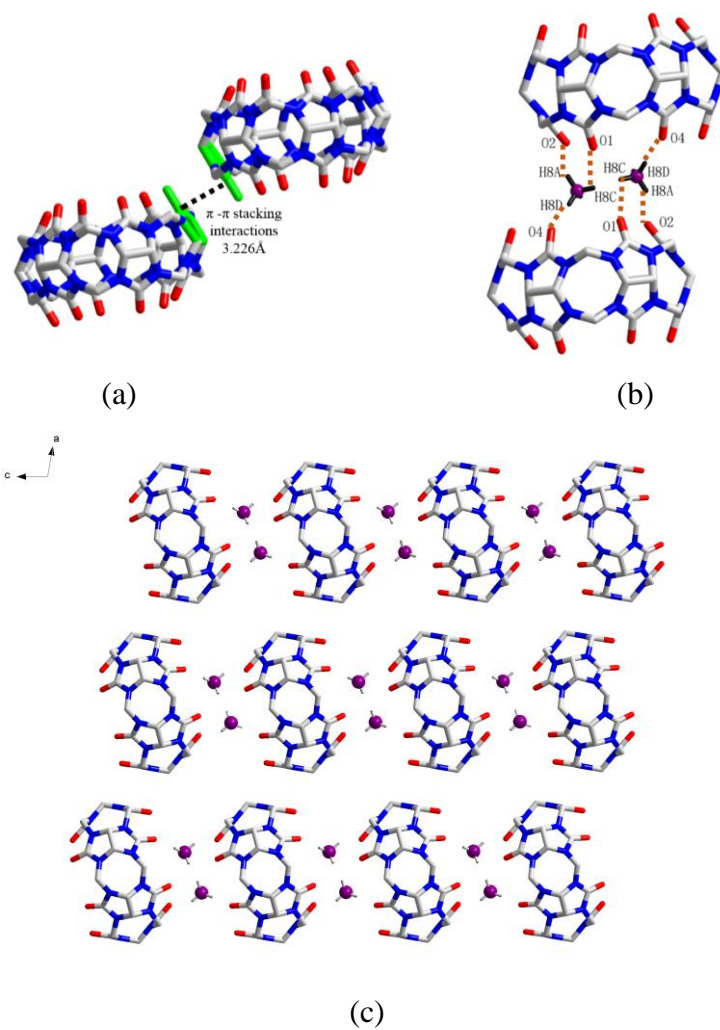


Fig. S2. (a) Interactions between Q[6] molecules. (b) Hydrogen-bonding interactions between NH_4^+ and Q[6] molecules. (c) The 2D layer constructed by NH_4^+ and Q[6]s.

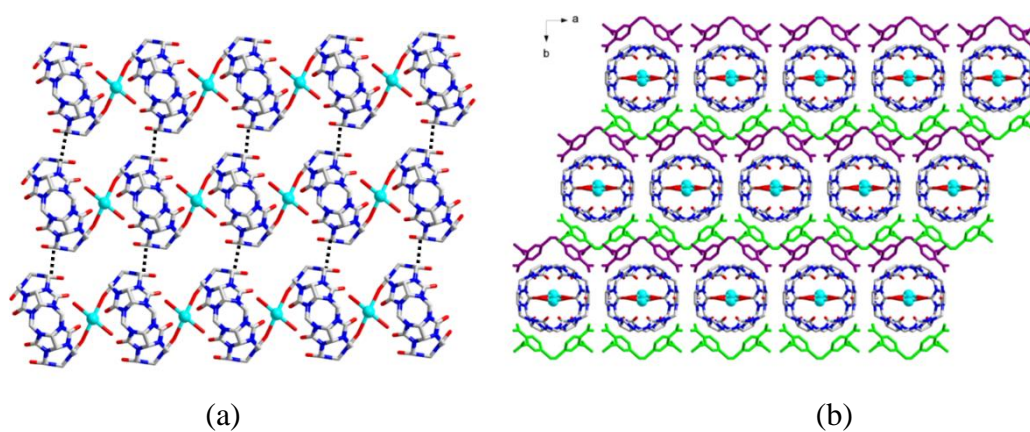


Fig. S3. (a) 2D network constructed by the 1D Q[6]-Ba²⁺-based chains through π - π stacking interactions. (b) Structure of assembly **2** with alternating Q[6]-Ba²⁺-based layers and HDTNB⁻ layers.

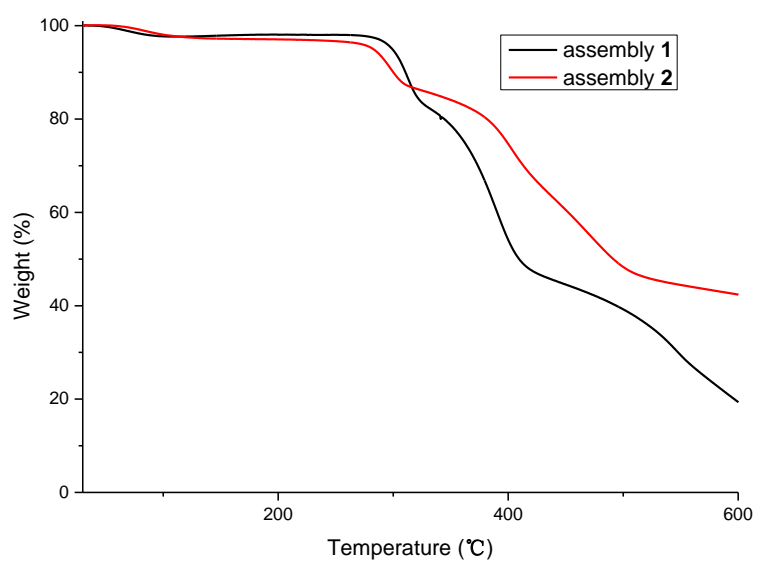
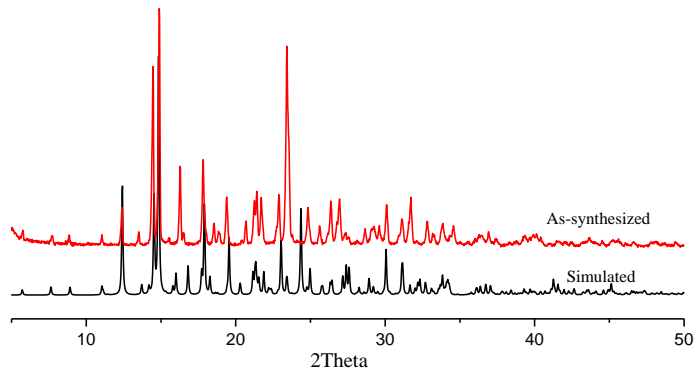
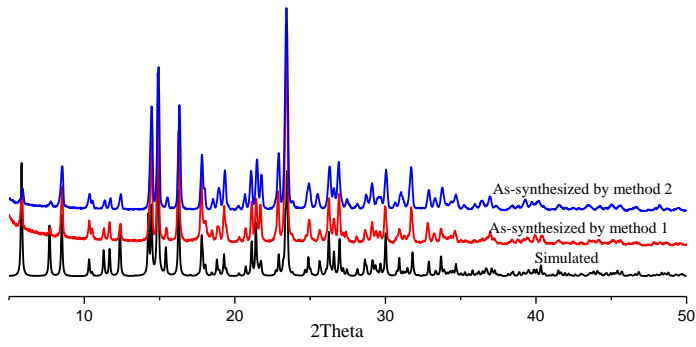


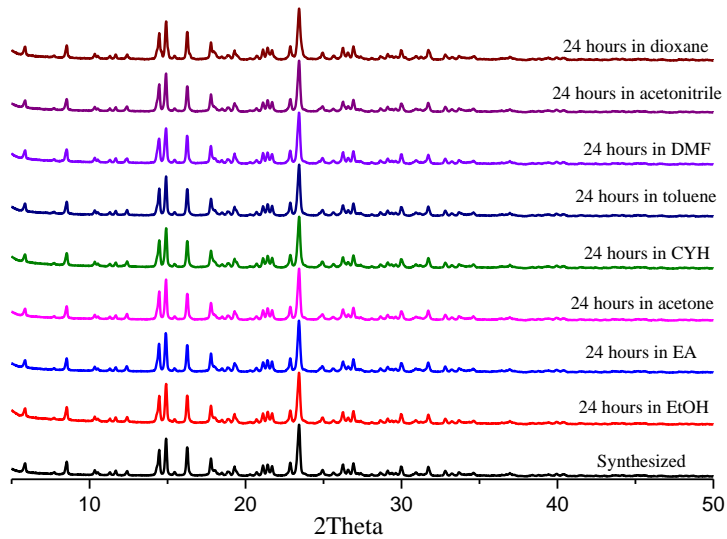
Fig. S4. TG curves of **1** and **2**.

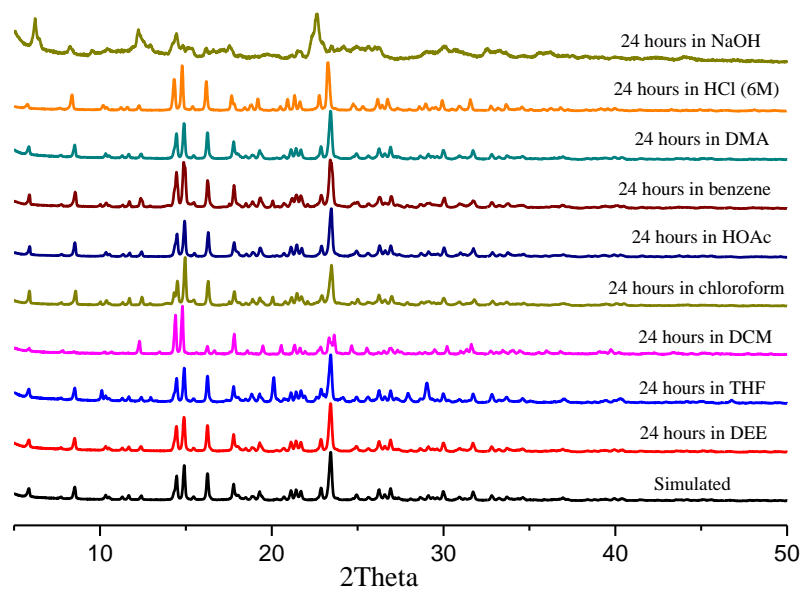


(a)



(b)





(c)

Fig. S5. PXRD patterns of **1** (a), **2** (b) and **1** dispersed in different solvent (c).



Fig. S6. Image of the solid samples of assembly **1** before (white) and after (red) dispersed in basic solution.

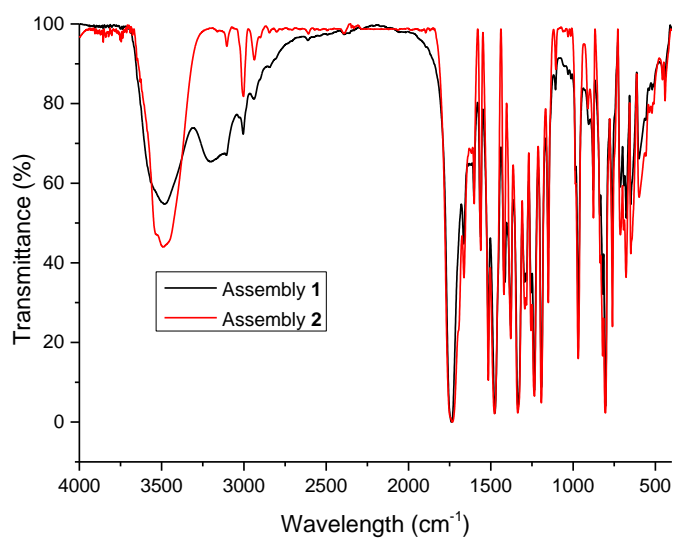


Fig. S7. IR spectra at room temperature of **1** and **2**.

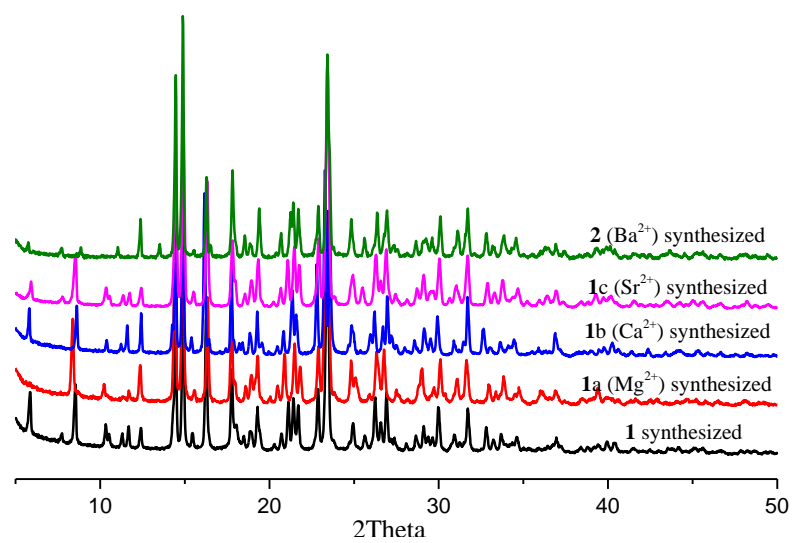


Fig. S8. PXRD patterns of **1a**, **1b**, **1c** and **2**.

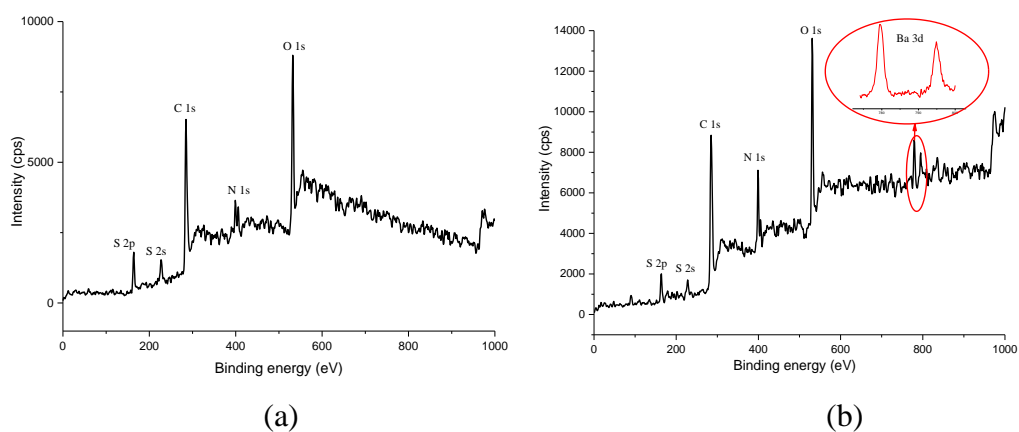


Fig. S9. XPS data of assembly **1** before (a) and after (b) immersed in mixed solution of alkaline-earth metal ions.

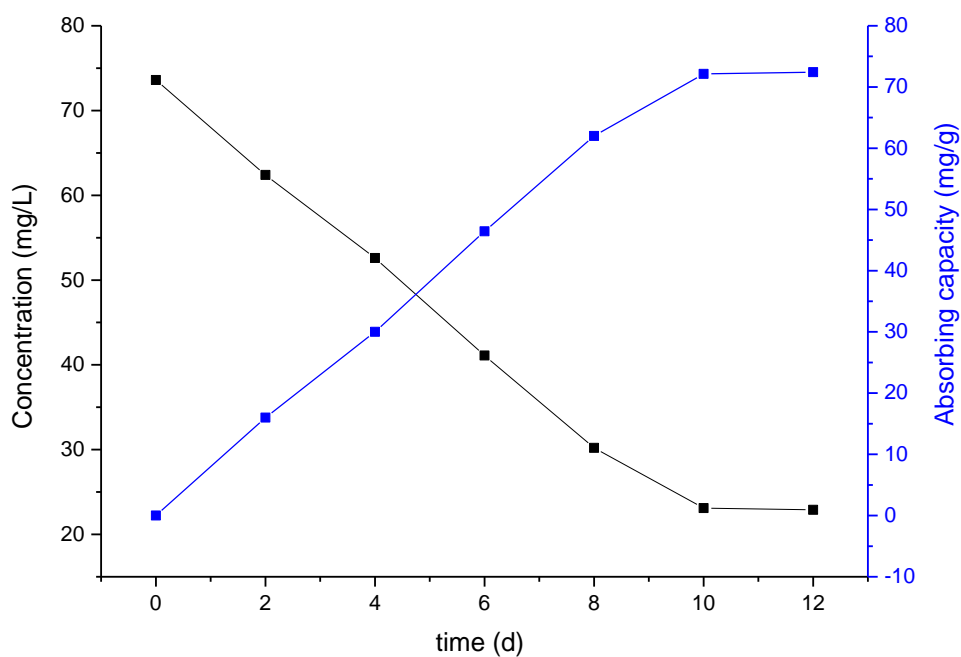


Fig. S10. ICP results of the concentration of Ba²⁺ and the absorbing capacity against time (70 mg of the assembly **1** immersed in BaCl₂ concentration).

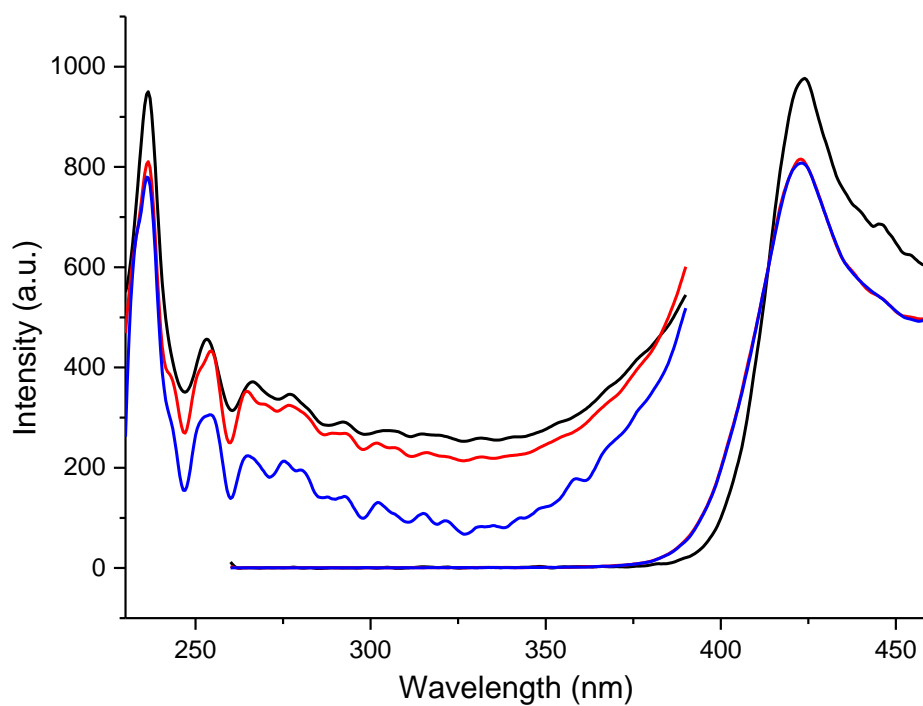
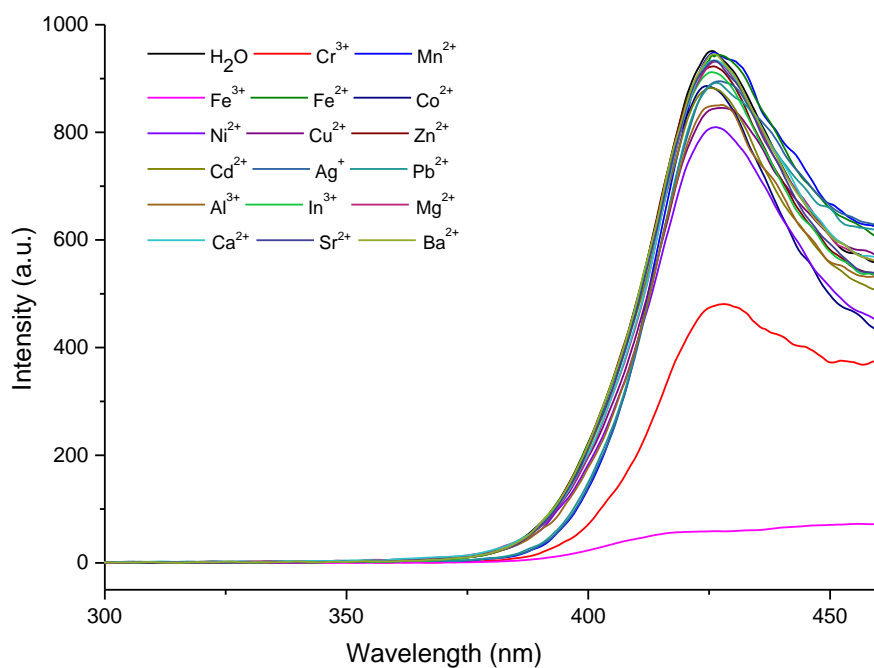
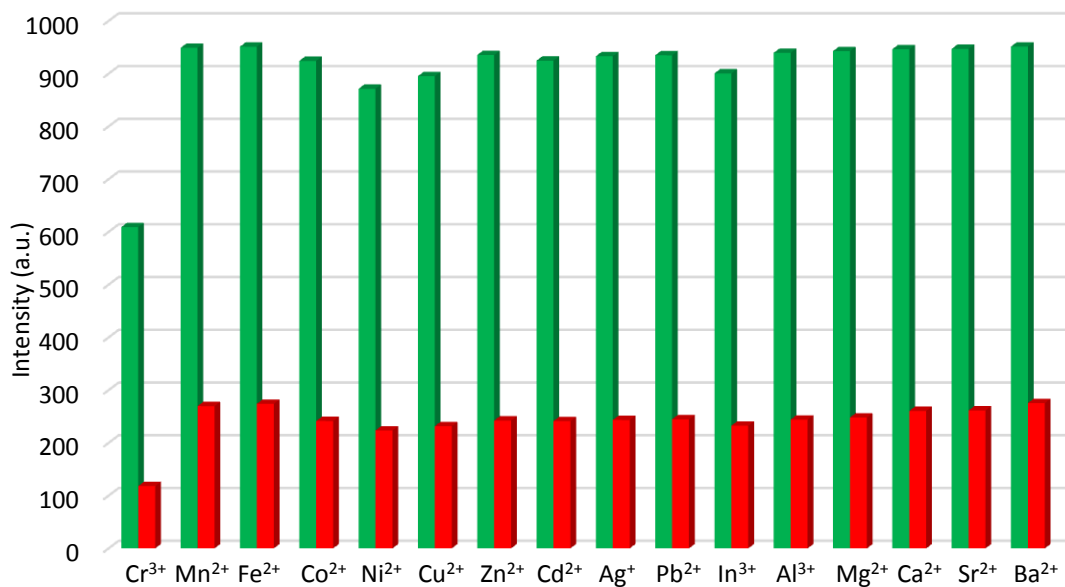


Fig. S11. The excitation and emission spectra of the aqueous suspension of H₂DTNB, assembly **1** and assembly **2** (black: H₂DTNB, Red: assembly **1**, blue: assembly **2**).

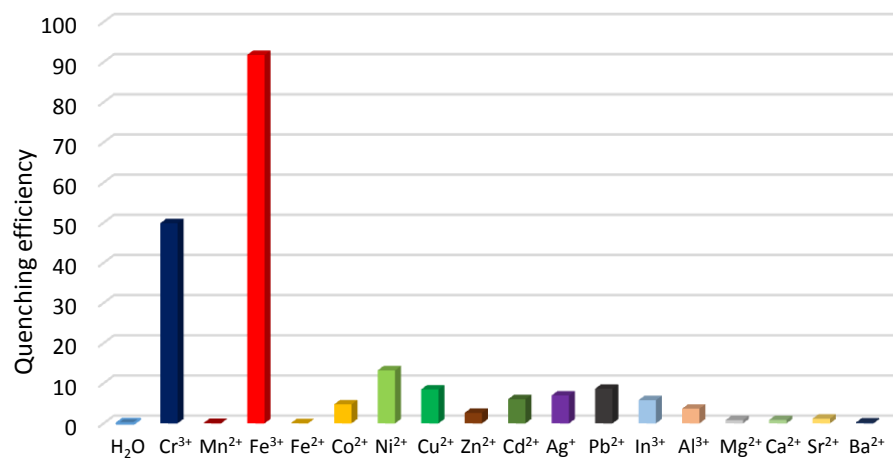


(a)

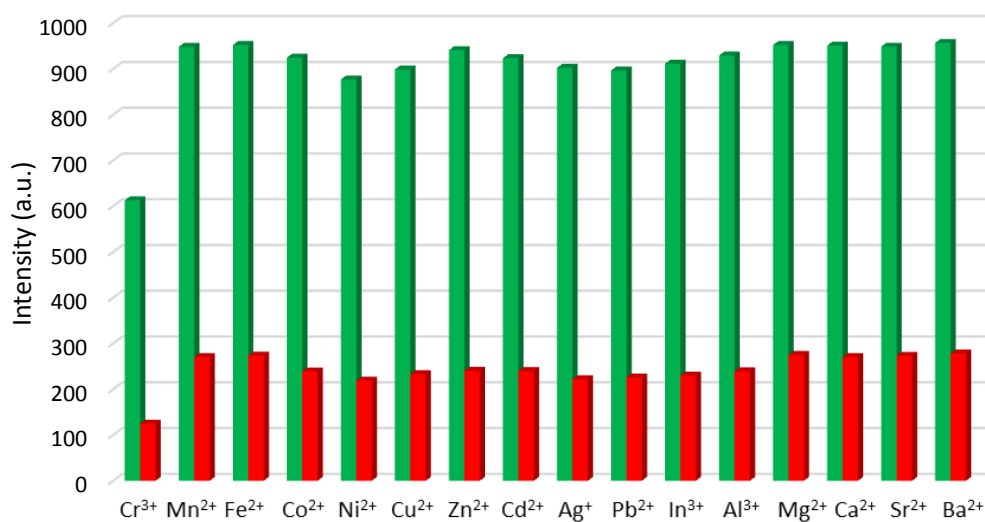


(b)

Fig. S12. (a) Fluorescence spectra of **1** in different metal ions, revealing selective detection of Fe^{3+} over other metal ions; (b) fluorescence intensity ratio histogram of the stock dispersion of **1** (3 mL, 2 mg/mL) in the case of addition the aqueous solution of other metal ions (100 μL , 0.05 M) and then Fe^{3+} (100 μL , 0.05 M) subsequently.

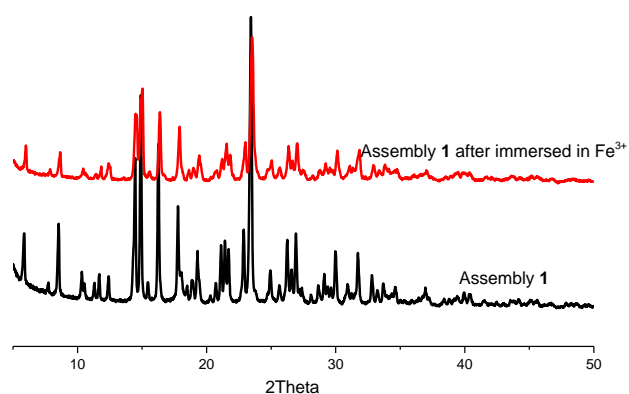


(a)

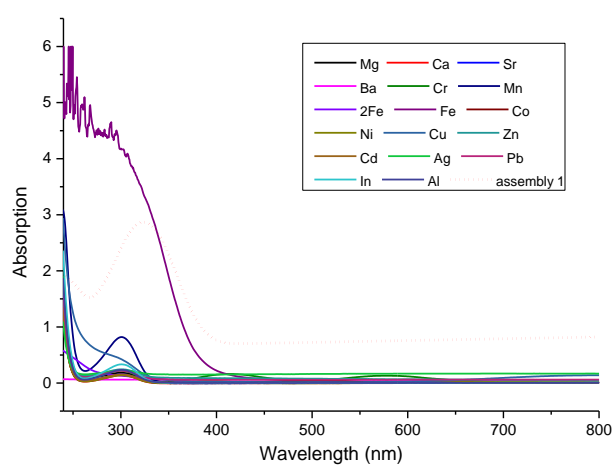


(b)

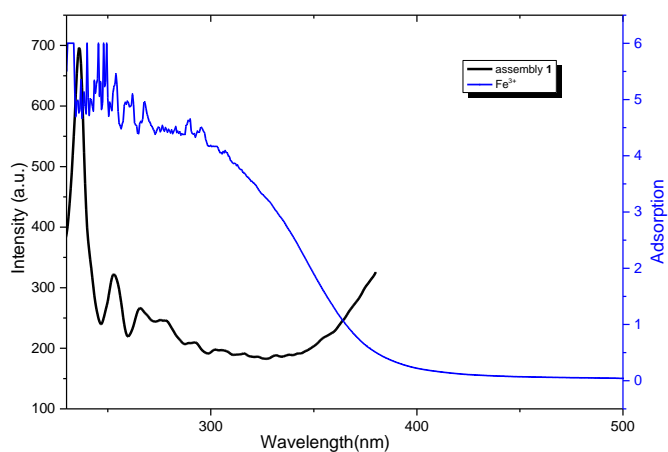
Fig. S13. (a) Quenching efficiency of **2** in different metal ions, revealing selective detection of Fe³⁺ over other metal ions. (b) fluorescence intensity ratio histogram of the stock dispersion of **2** (3 mL, 2 mg/mL) in the case of addition the aqueous solution of other metal ions (100 μL, 0.05 M) and then Fe³⁺ (100 μL, 0.05 M) subsequently.



(a)



(b)



(c)

Fig. S14. (a) The PXR patterns of the assembly **1** before and after immersed in Fe³⁺ solution; (b) absorption spectra of aqueous suspension containing different metal ions and assembly **1** (10 mM); (c) the absorption spectrum of Fe³⁺ and excitation spectra of assembly **1** suspended stock solution in water.

Reference

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