

Engineering crystalline CoOOH anchored on N-doped carbon support as a durable electrocatalyst for oxygen reduction reaction

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Materials Characterizations

The X-ray diffraction (XRD) pattern was measured on a Rigaku D/Max-2550 V X-ray diffractometer with a Cu K α radiation target (40 kV, 40 mA). Scanning electron microscope (SEM) imaging was performed using a Hitachi-S4800 scanning electron microscope (3.0 kV) and Magellan 400 field emission scanning electron microscope (30 kV). Transmission electron microscopic (TEM) imaging was conducted on a JEOL-2100F high resolution transmission electron microscope (200 kV). X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS) were recorded on a VG Micro MK II instrument using monochromatic Mg K α X-rays (150 W, 1253.6 eV), and the C 1s electron peak (BE= 285 eV) was used as internal reference for spectrum calibration. A CHI 760E electrochemical workstation (CH Instruments) and the PINE instrument were used to evaluate the electrochemical properties of the samples.

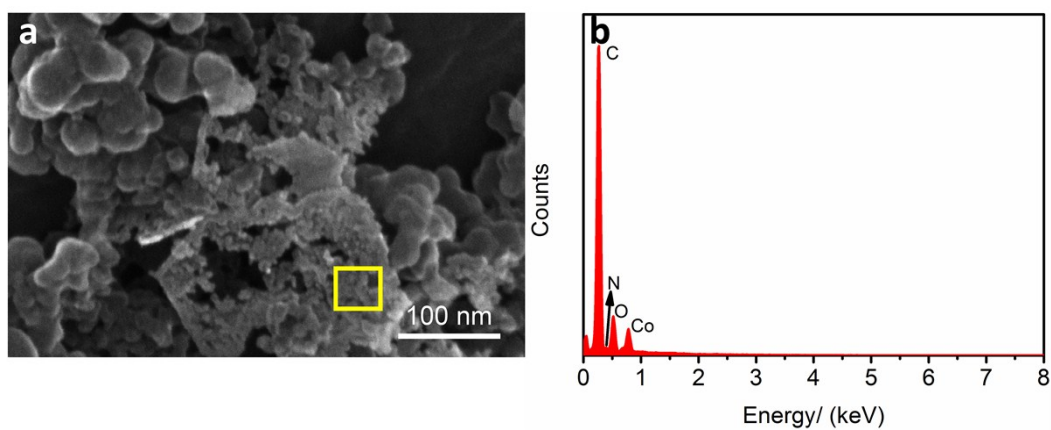


Fig. S1 (a) SEM image of CoOOH@NC-175/300 and (b) corresponding EDX spectrum of the red rectangle area in (a).

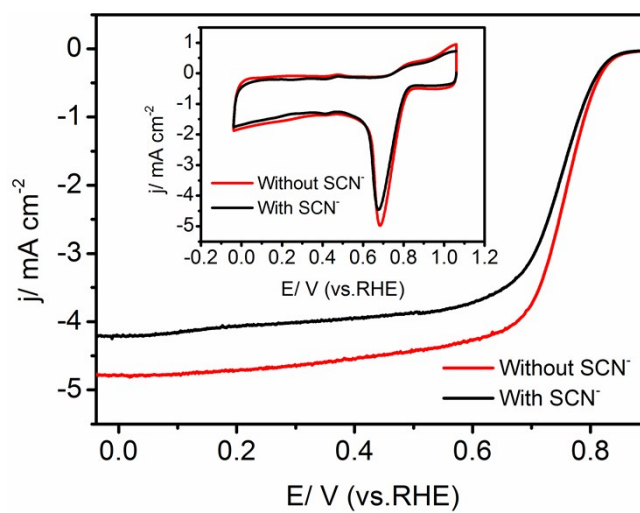


Fig. S2 LSV curves and CV curves (inset) of CoOOH@NC-175/300 with and without addition of SCN^- solution (0.1 M).

Table S1. Elemental composition of CoOOH@NC-175/300 from EDX analysis.

Elements	C	O	N	Co
Atomic %	88.72	6.24	1.07	3.97

Table S2. Elemental composition of CoOOH@NC-175/300 derived from XPS analysis

Elements	C 1s	O 1s	N 1s	Co 2p
Atomic %	87.87	6.53	2.99	2.6