

Electronic Supplementary Information for:

**Effects of the non-covalent interactions on the electronic and electrochemical properties
of Cu(I) biquinoline complexes**

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Table of contents

1. X-Ray Diffraction	2
2. Nuclear Magnetic Resonance.....	3
3. Cyclic voltammetry.....	9
4. UV-Visible spectroscopy.....	9
5. Synthesis and characterization of complexes	12

1. X-Ray Diffraction

Table S1. Crystal data and structure refinement for $\{[\text{Cu}^{\text{I}}(\text{biq})_2]\text{ClO}_4\text{-biq}\}$ (1) and $[\text{Cu}(\text{biq})_2]\text{ClO}_4$ (2).

Comentado [NMA1]: Highlights text have been changed

Empirical formula	$\text{C}_{54}\text{H}_{36}\text{ClCuN}_6\text{O}_4$ (1)	$\text{C}_{72}\text{H}_{53}\text{Cl}_2\text{Cu}_2\text{N}_8\text{O}_{10.50}$		
Formula weight	931.88	1396.20		
Temperature	120(2) K	120(2) K		
Wavelength	0.71073 Å	0.71073 Å		
Crystal system	Monoclinic	Monoclinic		
Space group	P2/n	P2 ₁		
Unit cell dimensions	$a = 13.7519(7)$ Å $b = 10.7132(6)$ Å $c = 14.1096(7)$ Å	$\alpha = 90^\circ$ $\beta = 97.732(2)^\circ$ $\gamma = 90^\circ$	$a = 14.1241(11)$ Å $b = 14.4166(11)$ Å $c = 15.9927(13)$ Å	$\alpha = 90^\circ$ $\beta = 103.416(3)^\circ$ $\gamma = 90^\circ$
Volume	2059.82(19) Å ³	3167.6(4) Å ³		
Z	2	2		
Density (calculated)	1.502 g·cm ⁻³	1.464 g·cm ⁻³		
Absorption coefficient (μ)	0.655 mm ⁻¹	0.826 mm ⁻¹		
F(000)	960	1434		
Crystal color, habit	red, block	orange, plate		
Crystal size	0.238 × 0.142 × 0.110 mm ³	0.496 × 0.236 × 0.215 mm ³		
θ range for data collection	1.901 to 28.372°	1.309 to 27.254°		
Index ranges	-18 ≤ h ≤ 18, -14 ≤ k ≤ 14, -13 ≤ l ≤ 18	-18 ≤ h ≤ 13, -18 ≤ k ≤ 18, -19 ≤ l ≤ 20		
Reflections collected	23184	50518		
Independent reflections	5155 [$R_{\text{int}} = 0.0333$]	14099 [$R_{\text{int}} = 0.0265$]		
Completeness to θ = 25.242°	100.0 %	99.9 %		
Absorption correction	Numerical	Numerical		
Max. and min. transmission	0.9778 and 0.9002	0.9075 and 0.7884		
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F^2	Full-matrix least-squares on F^2		
Data / restraints / parameters	5155 / 0 / 299	14099 / 1 / 854		
Goodness-of-fit on F^2	1.019	1.030		
Final R indices [$\text{I} > 2\sigma(\text{I})$]	$R_1 = 0.0371$, $wR_2 = 0.0862$	$R_1 = 0.0388$, $wR_2 = 0.1078$		
R indices (all data)	$R_1 = 0.0531$, $wR_2 = 0.0929$	$R_1 = 0.0446$, $wR_2 = 0.1114$		
Extinction coefficient	n/a	0.014(3)		
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.637 and -0.452 e ⁻ ·Å ⁻³	n/a		
Absolute structure parameter		0.925 and -0.688 e ⁻ ·Å ⁻³		

1 **Table S2.** Significant O...O contacts (\AA)

Comentado [NMA2]: Highlights text have been changed

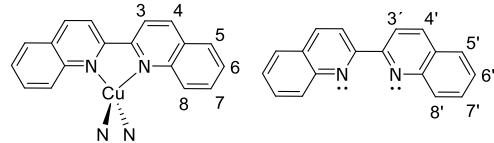
O1W	O8	2.924(8)
O2W	O4W	2.70(2)
O3W	O4W	2.78(2)
O3W	O1	3.328(14)
O4W	O4	3.30(2)
O4W	O2W ⁱⁱ	2.70(2)
O4W	O5W	2.56(3)

2 Symmetry code: (i) $-x+1, y+1/2, -z$; (ii) $-x+1, y-1/2, -z$

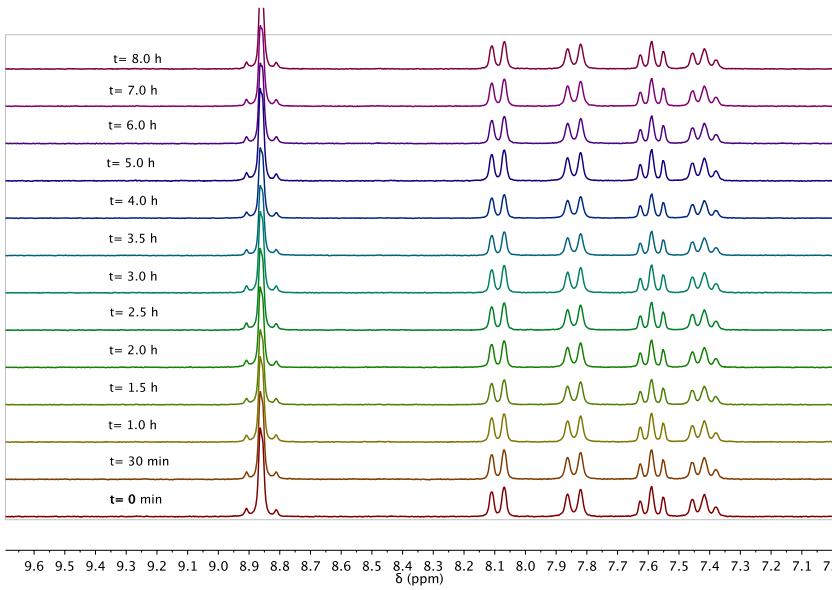
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4 **2. Nuclear Magnetic Resonance**

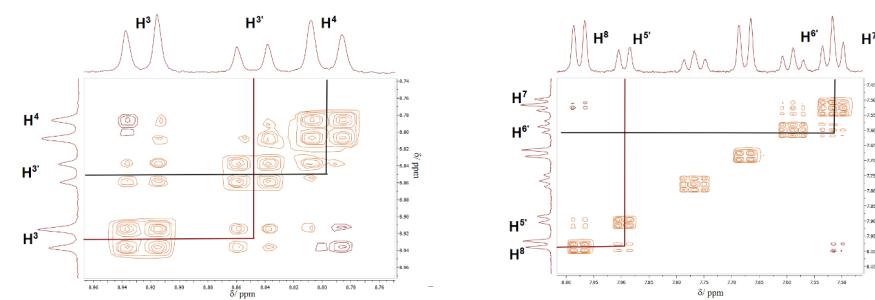
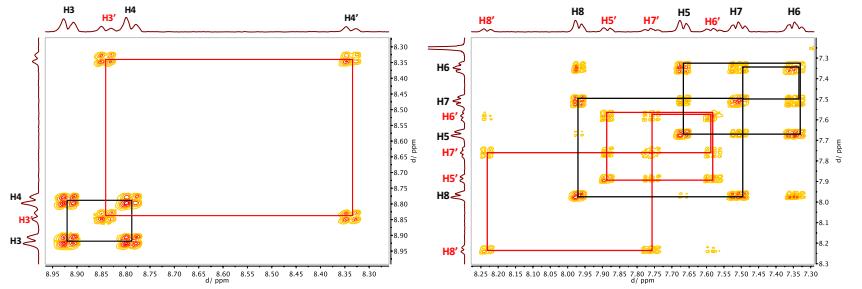
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7 **Fig. S1** Structure and labeling of protons in coordinated and free 2,2'-biquinoline in $[\text{Cu}(\text{biq})_2]\text{ClO}_4$
8 complex.



9 **Fig. S2** Structural stability by 8 hours of complex $[\text{Cu}(\text{biq})_2]\text{ClO}_4$ in CD_3CN at room temperature.



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Fig. S5 ^1H -NMR spectra of $[\text{Cu}^{\prime}(\text{biq})_2]\text{ClO}_4$ and titration with different relation of biq in CD_3Cl . Insert: NOESY spectra for every proton spectrum showed.

The NOESY experiments in chloroform show that formation of the adduct occurs even at a low amount of biq added to $[\text{Cu}^{\prime}(\text{biq})_2]\text{ClO}_4$, i.e molar ratio $1[\text{Cu}^{\prime}(\text{biq})_2]\text{ClO}_4:0.5$ biq.

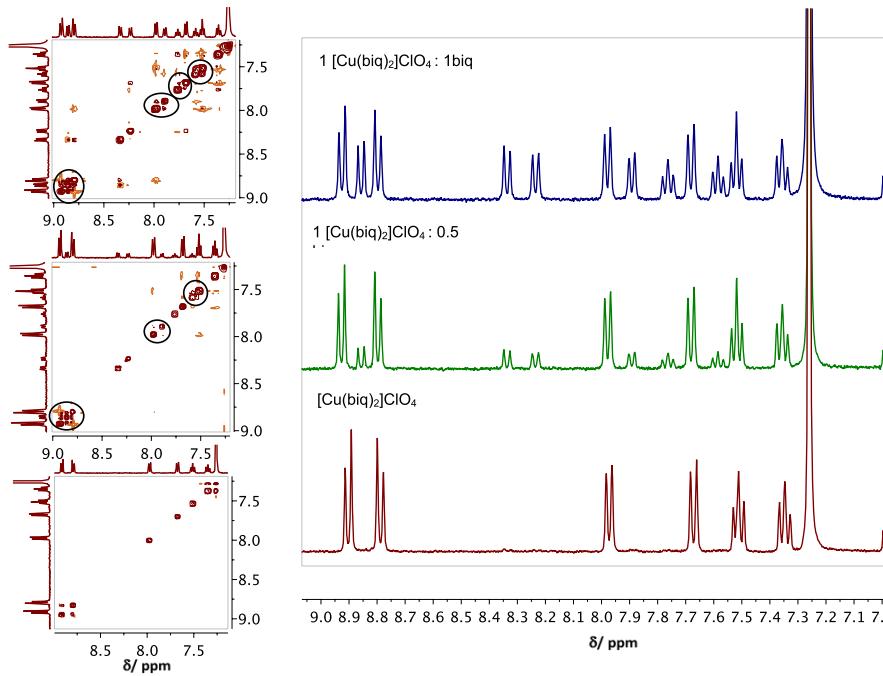
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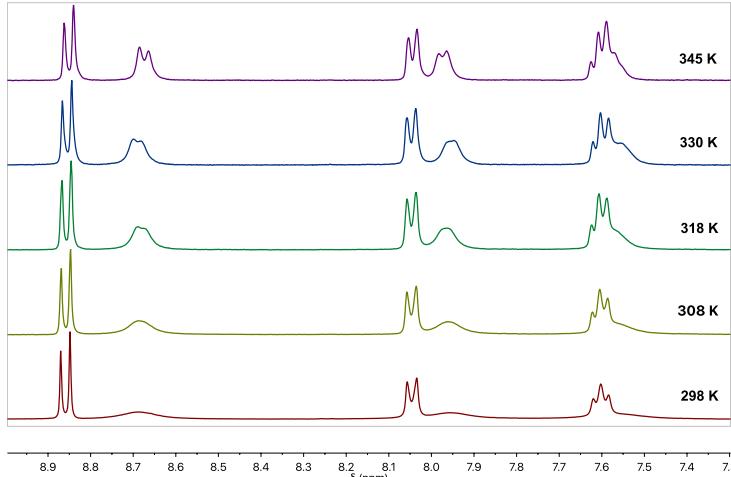
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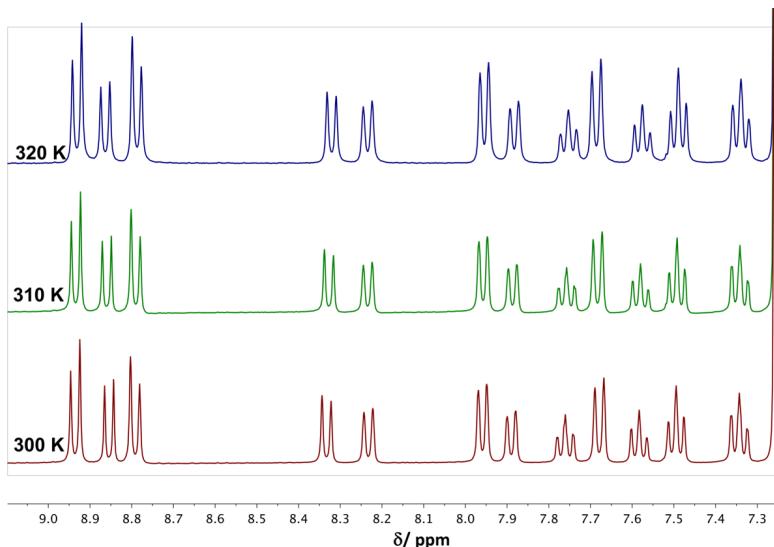


Comentado [NMA3]: New Figure added to S.I.
Old fig. S5 has been improved and added to corrected manuscript.



34
35 **Fig. S5** ^1H -NMR spectra of variable temperature study (298 – 345 K) of $\{\text{[Cu}^{\text{l}}(\text{biq})_2\text{]ClO}_4\text{-biq}\}$ in
36 CD_3CN .

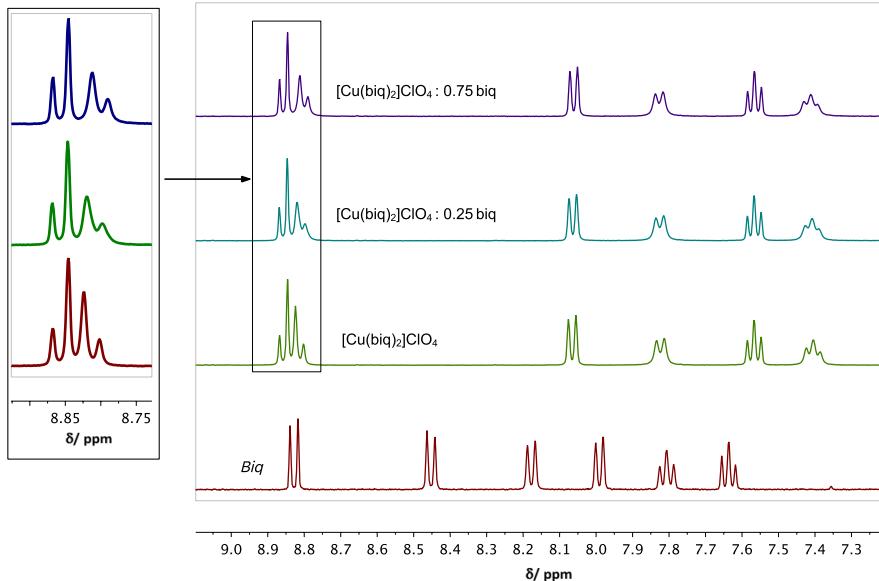
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39 **Fig. S7** ^1H -NMR spectra of variable temperature study (300 – 320 K) of $\{\text{[Cu}^{\text{l}}(\text{biq})_2\text{]ClO}_4\text{-biq}\}$, 3.49×10^{-4} M in CD_3Cl . No perceptible shifting in signal frequency was observed.

Comentado [NMA4]: New Figure added to S.I.

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43 Fig. S8. ^1H -NMR spectra of *biq*, $[\text{Cu}(\text{biq})_2]\text{ClO}_4$ and titration with different relation of *biq* in CD_3CN .

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45 Comentado [NMA5]: New Figure added to S.I.
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51 A broadening of the line shapes of protons signals, but not duplication of signals is observed after
52 small amounts of *biq* is added to $[\text{Cu}(\text{biq})_2]\text{ClO}_4$ in acetonitrile at 300 K, this is in agreement with
53 an intermediate rate for *biq* exchange relative to the NMR time scale as observed for
54 $\{[\text{Cu}(\text{biq})_2]\text{ClO}_4\text{-biq}\}$ in acetonitrile

52 **Table S3.** ^1H NMR data of the 2,2'-biquinoline and complexes $[\text{Cu}^{\text{l}}(\text{biq})_2]\text{ClO}_4$ and $\{[\text{Cu}^{\text{l}}(\text{biq})_2]\text{ClO}_4\text{-biq}\}$; δ/ppm , J/Hertz .

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CDCl ₃												
Proton	H _{3'}	H _{4'}	H _{5'}	H _{6'}	H _{7'}	H _{8'}	H ₃	H ₄	H ₅	H ₆	H ₇	H ₈
Biquinoline free	8.86 (d),2H	8.33 (d),2H	7.89 (d),2H	7.58 (t),2H	7.76 (t),2H	8.24 (d),2H	—	—	—	—	—	—
[Cu ^l (biq) ₂]ClO ₄	—	—	—	—	—	—	8.95 (d),4H	8.80 (d),4H	7.68 (d),4H	7.34 (t),4H	7.48 (t),4H	7.95 (d),4H
{[Cu ^l (biq) ₂]ClO ₄ -biq}	8.85 (d),2H J _{3'-4'} =8.7	8.34 (d),2H J _{5'-6'} =7.7	7.90 (d),2H J _{7'-6'} =7.7	7.59 (t),2H J _{8'-7'} =8.0	7.77 (t),2H J ₃₋₄ =8.9	8.24 (d),2H J ₅₋₆ =8.9	8.93 (d),4H	8.90 (d),4H	7.68 (d),4H	7.35 (t),4H	7.52 (t),4H	7.98 (d),2H J ₇₋₆ =7.5 J ₇₋₆ =7.4 J ₈₋₇ =7.7

CD ₃ CN												
Proton	H _{3'}	H _{4'}	H _{5'}	H _{6'}	H _{7'}	H _{8'}	H ₃	H ₄	H ₅	H ₆	H ₇	H ₈
[Cu ^l (biq) ₂]ClO ₄	—	—	—	—	—	—	8.87 (d),4H	8.83 (d),4H	7.81 (d),4H	7.39 (t),4H	7.57 (t),4H	8.07 (d),4H
{[Cu ^l (biq) ₂]ClO ₄ -biq}	—	—	—	—	—	—	8.85 (d),4H	8.68 (d),4H	7.94 broad	7.54 broad	7.59 weak	8.04 (d),4H

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55 *Nomenclature NMR: s= singlet; d= doublet; t=triplet.

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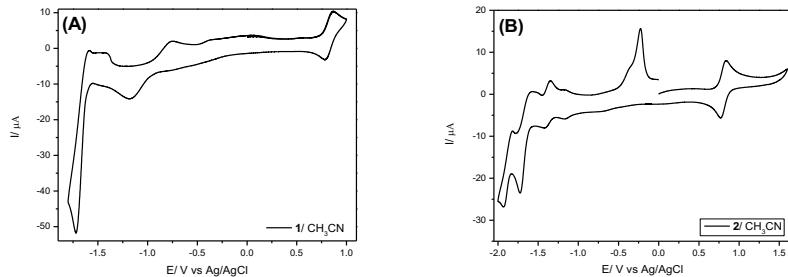
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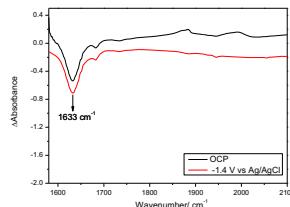
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62 3. Cyclic voltammetry

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64
65 **Fig. S9** Cyclic voltammogram of complex $\{[\text{Cu}^l(\text{biq})_2]\text{ClO}_4\text{-biq}\}$ (A) and $[\text{Cu}^l(\text{biq})_2]\text{ClO}_4$ (B) to 100
66 mV/s in acetonitrile.



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68 **Fig. S10** IR-SEC of $[\text{Cu}^l(\text{biq})_2]\text{ClO}_4$. Conditions: CD_3CN solution (1.00×10^{-4} M), FT-IR Nicolet iS10
69 spectrometer.

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71 4. UV-Visible spectroscopy

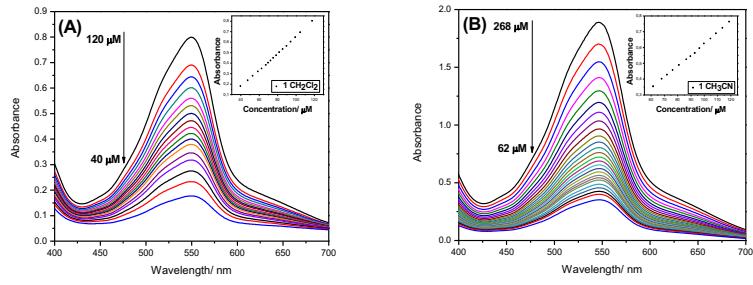
72

73 **Table S4.** Summary of UV-visible data

Solvent		UV-Vis [λ (nm)]		
		Charge transfer MLCT / nm	Molar extinction $\epsilon / \text{M}^{-1}\text{cm}^{-1}$	ligand centered ($\pi - \pi^*$) ($\epsilon \text{ M}^{-1}\text{cm}^{-1}$)
CH_2Cl_2	$\{[\text{Cu}^l(\text{biq})_2]\text{ClO}_4\text{-biq}\}$	549		206.5, 225, 258, 337.5, 325, 313, 300(s)
	$[\text{Cu}^l(\text{biq})_2]\text{ClO}_4$	549	4.0×10^3	207.5, 259, 285(s), 298.3, 313.5, 326.6, 338.5, 357
ACN	$\{[\text{Cu}^l(\text{biq})_2]\text{ClO}_4\text{-biq}\}$	549		235, 352, 393 (s)
	$[\text{Cu}^l(\text{biq})_2]\text{ClO}_4$	549	5.5×10^3	223, 248, 338, 355, 387(s)

Comentado [NMA6]: Values for ϵ , was eliminated, because in the corrected manuscript we said that "cannot be determined accurately"

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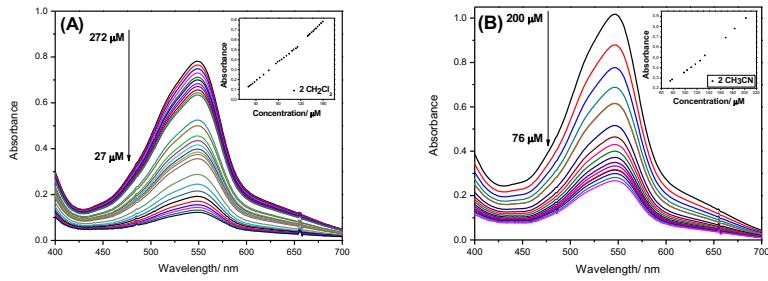


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Fig. S11 UV-Vis spectra of solutions at different concentrations of $[\text{Cu}^{\text{l}}(\text{biq})_2]\text{ClO}_4\text{-biq}$. Inset: a plot of the absorbance vs concentration for the range of concentrations shown in the picture. (A) in CH_2Cl_2 , (B) in CH_3CN .

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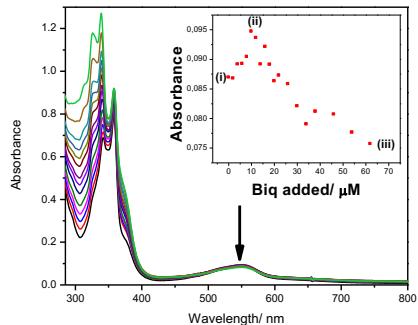
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Fig. S6 UV-Vis of $[\text{Cu}^{\text{l}}(\text{biq})_2]\text{ClO}_4$ at different concentrations. Inset: plot concentrations vs absorbance of all the concentrations used for the calculation of molar extinction coefficients λ_{max} : 549 nm. (A) in CH_2Cl_2 , (B) in CH_3CN .

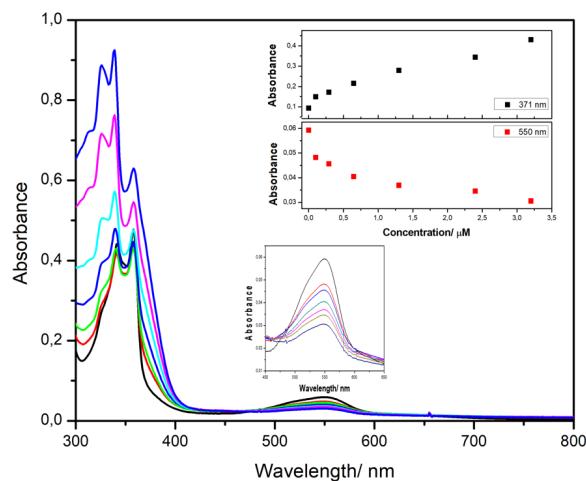
86

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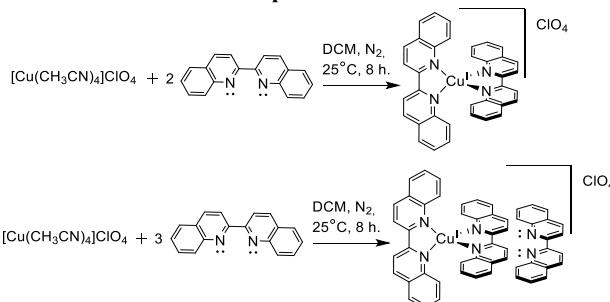
90
91 **Fig. S7** UV-Vis spectra of $[\text{Cu}^{\text{l}}(\text{biq})_2]\text{ClO}_4$ 1×10^{-5} M in presence of several biq concentrations in
92 CH_2Cl_2 solvent with 0.1 M TBAClO_4 . Inset: Plot of the absorbance at 549 nm (MLCT band) vs biq
93 concentration. (i) Correspond to initial point, $[\text{Cu}^{\text{l}}(\text{biq})_2]\text{ClO}_4$ only; (ii) Correspond to 1:1 relation
94 between $[\text{Cu}^{\text{l}}(\text{biq})_2]\text{ClO}_4$ and biq; (iii) Correspond to final point, biq excess.
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98 **Fig. S8** UV-Vis spectra of $[\text{Cu}^{\text{l}}(\text{biq})_2]\text{ClO}_4$, 1×10^{-5} M (A solution) with several concentrations of B
99 solution (mixing between 1×10^{-5} M of $[\text{Cu}^{\text{l}}(\text{biq})_2]\text{ClO}_4$ -biq) and 1×10^{-4} M of biq in CH_2Cl_2 solvent.
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Comentado [NMA7]: New Figure added to S.I.

103 5. Synthesis and characterization of complexes



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Fig. 9 Scheme of synthesis of $\{[\text{Cu}^{\text{l}}(\text{biq})_2]\text{ClO}_4\text{-biq}\}$ and $[\text{Cu}(\text{biq})_2]\text{ClO}_4$.

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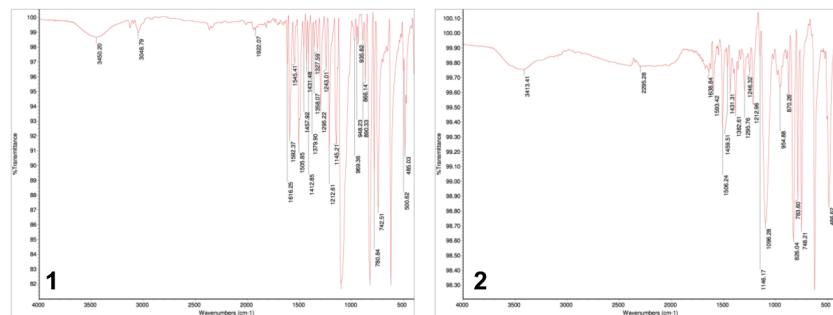


Fig. 10 IR spectra for complexes $\{[\text{Cu}^{\text{I}}(\text{biq})_2]\text{ClO}_4\text{-biq}\}$ (1) and $[\text{Cu}(\text{biq})_2]\text{ClO}_4$ (2). Conditions: KBr pellet. FT-IR Nicolet iS10 spectrometer.

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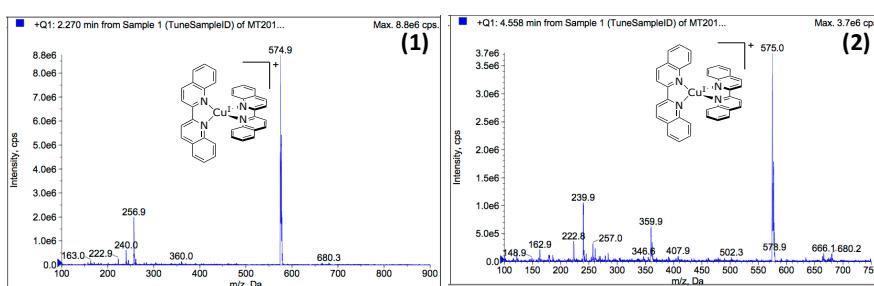


Fig. 11 Mass spectra for complexes $[\text{Cu}(\text{biq})_2\text{ClO}_4\text{-biq}]$ (**1**) and $[\text{Cu}(\text{biq})_2\text{ClO}_4$ (**2**). Conditions: CH₃CN solutions. AB SCIEX Triple QUAD 4500 spectrometer

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