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> Prospects on production technologies and manufacturing cost of oxide-based all-solid-state lithium batteries Supplementary information

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Supplementary information

S1. Technology evaluation – technical suitability

Table S 1: Pairwise comparison for weighting of criteria for SSE layer fabrication, filled by experts in ceramics processing.

	Material ree	quirements	Pro	duct requirem	ents	Production require- ments			
	Thermal stability of coating material	Thermal stability of substrate	Error rate	Layer den- sity	Geometry	Environ- ment	Throughput	Sum	Normal- ized (<i>w</i> i)
Thermal stability of coating material		2	1	1	2	2	2	10	3
Thermal stability of substrate	0		0	0	2	1	2	5	2
Error rate	1	2		1	2	2	2	10	3
Layer den- sity	1	2	1		2	2	2	10	3
Geometry	0	0	0	0		0	1	1	1
Environ- ment	0	1	0	0	2		2	5	2
Throughput	0	0	0	0	1	0		1	1

Table S 2: Decision matrix for SSE layer fabrication, filled by experts in ceramics processing.

	Material requirements			Product requirements				Production requirements			
	Thermal stability of coat- ing ma- terial	Thermal stability of sub- strate	M_{T_j}	Error rate	Layer density	Geome- try	M_{T_j}	Environ- ment	Through- put	M_{T_j}	Score / ranking
Weighting	3	2		3	3	1		2	1		
Vacuum slip casting	3	3	3.00	3	0	3	1.71	3	2	2.67	35
Tape cast- ing	3	3	3.00	2	0	3	1.29	3	3	3.00	33
Screen Printing	3	3	3.00	2	0	3	1.29	3	3	3.00	33
Roller coat- ing	3	3	3.00	2	0	3	1.29	3	2	2.67	32
Elektropho- retic depo- sition	3	3	3.00	2	0	3	1.29	3	1	2.33	31
Aerosol deposition methods	2	3	2.40	2	2	3	2.14	1	0	0.67	29
Wet pow- der spray- ing	3	3	3.00	1	0	3	0.86	3	1	2.33	28
Extrusion	3	3	3.00	0	0	3	0.43	3	3	3.00	27
VLPPS	0	2	0.80	3	3	3	3.00	0	1	0.33	26
Dip Coat- ing	3	3	3.00	0	0	3	0.43	3	0	2.00	24
Spin Coat- ing	3	3	3.00	0	0	3	0.43	3	0	2.00	24
LPPS	0	2	0.80	3	2	3	2.57	0	2	0.67	24
APS	1	3	1.80	2	0	3	1.29	2	2	2.00	24
CVD	0	2	0.80	3	3	0	2.57	0	0	0.00	22
EVD	0	0	0.00	3	3	3	3.00	0	0	0.00	21
High-veloc- ity oxyfuel spraying	1	0	0.60	2	1	3	1.71	2	2	2.00	21
Flame spraying	1	3	1.80	0	0	3	0.43	2	2	2.00	18
Pulsed La- ser Deposi- tion	2	2	2.00	0	1	1	0.57	0	0	0.00	14
PVD-Elec- tric beam	1	1	1.00	0	1	3	0.86	0	0	0.00	11
PVD-Sput- tering	1	1	1.00	0	1	3	0.86	0	0	0.00	11

Table S 3: Pairwise comparison for weighting of criteria for cathode composite fabrication, filled by
experts in ceramics processing.

	Material re	quirements	Pro	duct requirem	ents	Production require- ments			
	Thermal stability of coating material	Thermal stability of substrate	Error rate	Layer den- sity	Geometry	Environ- ment	Throughput	Sum	Normal- ized (<i>w</i> i)
Thermal stability of coating material		2	2	2	2	2	2	12	3
Thermal stability of substrate	0		1	2	2	1	1	7	2
Error rate	0	1		2	2	1	1	7	2
Layer den- sity	0	0	0		1	0	0	1	1
Geometry	0	0	0	1		0	0	1	1
Environ- ment	0	1	1	2	2		1	7	2
Throughput	0	1	1	2	2	1		7	2

Table S 4: Decision mat	ix for cathode	e composite	fabrication,	filled by	experts	in ceramics pro)-
cessing.							

	Material requirements		nents		Product re	quirements		Production requirements			
	Thermal stability of coat- ing ma- terial	Thermal stability of sub- strate	M_{T_j}	Error rate	Layer density	Geome- try	M_{T_j}	Environ- ment	Through- put	M_{T_j}	Score / ranking
Weighting	3	2		2	1	1		2	2		-
Tape casting	3	3	3.00	3	0	3	2.25	3	3	3.00	36
Screen printing	3	3	3.00	2	0	3	1.75	3	3	3.00	34
Extrusion	3	3	3.00	1	0	3	1.25	3	3	3.00	32
Roller coating	3	3	3.00	2	0	3	1.75	3	2	2.50	32
Vacuum slip cast- ing	3	3	3.00	2	0	3	1.75	3	2	2.50	32
Elektro- phoretic deposi- tion	3	3	3.00	2	0	3	1.75	3	1	2.00	30
Wet pow- der spraying	3	3	3.00	2	0	3	1.75	3	1	2.00	30
Atmos- pheric plasma spraying	1	3	1.80	3	2	3	2.75	2	2	2.00	28
Dip /Spin coating	3	3	3.00	0	0	3	0.75	3	0	1.50	24
Aerosol deposi- tion meth- ods	2	3	2.40	2	2	3	2.25	1	0	0.50	23
Flame spraying	1	3	1.80	1	1	3	1.50	2	2	2.00	23
High-ve- locity cxy- fuel spraying	0	1	0.40	3	2	3	2.75	2	2	2.00	21
LPPS	0	2	0.80	3	3	3	3.00	0	2	1.00	20
VLPPS	0	2	0.80	3	3	3	3.00	0	1	0.50	18
EVD	2	2	2.00	0	3	3	1.50	0	0	0.00	16
CVD	2	2	2.00	0	3	0	0.75	0	0	0.00	13
Pulsed Laser Deposi- tion	2	2	2.00	0	1	1	0.50	0	0	0.00	12
PVD- Electric beam	1	1	1.00	0	1	3	1.00	0	0	0.00	9
PVD- Sputter- ing	1	1	1.00	0	1	3	1.00	0	0	0.00	9

S2. Technology evaluation – technology maturity

 Questionnaire to determine the maturity of 	aerosol coating for the production of cera	mic solid state cells
General information		
Technology designation T2 Aerosol Coating	nsible person, function, organization/institute, depar	rtment Date —
General Data Producible layer thicknesses Temperature input on coating material	Temperature input on sul The following compressio step is necessary	
1. fundamental research Maturity level description This level is the lowest on the scale of maturity. It contains sketches. This results in theoretical concepts.	the basic mechanisms and principles of action as we	Il as mathematical and physical descriptions and
1.1 Is there a technical description of the (functional) principle publications, dissertations, with mathematical formulas, p etc.?		yes no uncertain Degree of fulfilment / uncertainty:
1.2 Are the following process parameters known? Starting me settings, gas system, vibration system?	aterial, carrier gas and its consumption, nozzle	yes no uncertain U uncertain Degree of fulfilment / uncertainty:
1.3 Is there a technical production application area for the aer	rosol coating?	yes no uncertain Degree of fulfilment / uncertainty:
1.4 Are there several different applications (in several industrution of the several i	ries) for aerosol coating?	yes no uncertain Degree of fulfilment / uncertainty:
1.5 Is the future use of the technology in an industrial enviror	nment still speculative?	yes no uncertain Degree of fulfilment / uncertainty:
1.6 Notes:		yes no uncertain Degree of fulfilment / uncertainty:

Figure S 1: Exemplary questionnaire to determine technology maturity – stage 1 (adapted and translated from Schindler (2015)¹)

Questionnaire to determine the maturity of aerosol coating for the production of co	eramic solid state cells
General information Technology designation T2 Aerosol Coating	rtment Date
2. Feasibility study Maturity level description In this stage, the theories from stage 1 are tested using simple experiments or simulations. The aim is to identify	influencing factors and requirements.
2.1 Are the essential functions of the system components (vacuum chamber system, gas system, vibration system, nozzle) known for the realization of the aerosol coating? Is it known what needs to be investigated experimentally or simulatively in order to demonstrate the feasibility of producing a cell layer?	yes no uncertain Degree of fulfilment / uncertainty: 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100
2.2 Are the essential conditions for a realization of the application identified? (e.g. boundary conditions such as laws, environmental conditions, etc.).	yes no uncertain Degree of fulfilment / uncertainty:
2.3 Have the essential process-related requirements for the implementation of the application been identified? (e.g. starting material)	yes no uncertain Degree of fulfilment / uncertainty:
2.4 Have other technologies and resources been identified that are necessary to apply aerosol coatings? (Possible resources: gas connection, chamber)	yes no uncertain Degree of fulfilment / uncertainty: 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100
2.5 Has the technological feasibility of the individual function/subsystems been validated by fundamental experiments or analytically, e.g. by simulation?	yes no uncertain Degree of fulfilment / uncertainty: 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100
2.6 Notes:	yes no uncertain Degree of fulfilment / uncertainty: 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100

Figure S 2: Exemplary questionnaire to determine technology maturity – stage 2 (adapted and translated from Schindler $(2015)^1$)

Questionnaire to determine the maturity of aerosol coating for the production of co	eramic solid state cells
General information	
Technology designation T2 Aerosol Coating	tment Date Date
3. Development of technology	
Maturity level description In this stage, the requirements and findings from stage 2 are checked. Alternative concepts are developed and th contains the essential information for the construction of the prototype.	e best concept selected. The result of the stage
3.1	yes no uncertain
Were the influencing factors and requirements from level 2 documented and checked, including mathematical models, calculations or simulations?	
	Degree of fulfilment / uncertainty:
3.2 Are the essential parameters of the aerosol coating described? Is it known how to set the parameters for the individual functions?	yes no uncertain
Parameters: Starting material, carrier gas and its consumption, nozzle settings, gas system settings and vibration system settings	Degree of fulfilment / uncertainty:
3.3 Are the essential interdependencies and interactions as well as possibilities of influencing the parameters (partly theoretically) known?	yes no uncertain
	Degree of fulfilment / uncertainty:
3.4 Was the coarse process window of the technology formulated on the basis of calculations or simulations?	yes no uncertain
	Degree of fulfilment / uncertainty:
3.5 Are the essential components and elements required to build a prototype/system known?	yes no uncertain
	Degree of fulfilment / uncertainty:
3.6 Notes:	yes no uncertain
	Degree of fulfilment / uncertainty:

Figure S 3: Exemplary questionnaire to determine technology maturity – stage 3 (adapted and translated from Schindler (2015)¹)

Questionnaire to determine the maturity of aerosol coating for the production of ce	eramic solid state cells
General information Technology designation T2 Aerosol Coating	tment Date —
4. Technology demonstrator Maturity level description In stage 4, a prototype is built for the first time. This should validate the previously determined process paramete functional testing takes place in a laboratory environment whose framework conditions are similar to the real envi	
4.1 Was a functional prototype of the aerosol spraying system set up to describe the overall system?	yes no uncertain Degree of fulfilment / uncertainty:
4.2 Have the main previously determined process parameters been validated?	yes no uncertain Degree of fulfilment / uncertainty: 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 50 100
4.3 Have the main functions (e.g. supply of powder particles, homogeneous distribution of particles and carrier gas, transfer of particles through nozzle) of the system beenvalidated?	yes no uncertain Degree offulfilment / uncertainty:
4.4 Was the prototype built in a sufficient environment that reflects the conditions of the real production environment?	yes no uncertain Degree of fulfilment / uncertainty: 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 10
4.5 Is the applicability of the aerosol coating for the production of cell layers in a sufficiently similar environment proven?	yes no uncertain Degree of fulfilment / uncertainty:
4.6 Notes:	yes no uncertain

Figure S 4: Exemplary questionnaire to determine technology maturity – stage 4 (adapted and translated from Schindler (2015)¹)

Questionnaire to determine the maturity of aerosol coating for the production of ce	eramic solid state cells
General information Technology designation T2 Aerosol Coating	tment Date Date
5. Integration into equipment Maturity level description This stage involves the integration of the technology into an equipment in a laboratory environment under realisti and the process window can be tested and validated.	c conditions. The functions of the entire system
5.1 Has the aerosol coating been implemented in an equipment in a laboratory environment under realistic conditions with set process parameters?	yes no uncertain Degree of fulfilment / uncertainty:
5.2 Are the relevant interactions between the parameters in the prototype known?	yes no uncertain Degree of fulfilment / uncertainty: 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100
5.3 Are the interactions between the aerosol coating and upstream and downstream technologies (drying, sintering, cutting, etc.) within the production line known/recorded?	yes no uncertain Degree of fulfilment / uncertainty:
5.4 Is a smooth production process possible when using aerosol coating in consideration of the given technology chain for the production of cell layers? If not, which production step is problematic?	yes no uncertain Degree of fulfilment / uncertainty:
5.5 Were the parameters optimized to improve the process?	yes no uncertain
5.6 Notes:	yes no uncertain

Figure S 5: Exemplary questionnaire to determine technology maturity – stage 5 (adapted and translated from Schindler $(2015)^1$)

Questionnaire to determine the maturity of aerosol coating for the production of ce	eramic solid state cells
General information Technology designation T2 Aerosol Coating	tment Date Date
6. Production structure Maturity level description Stage six comprises the integration of the technology into a production structure with upstream and downstream technology and its interactions can be determined under real environmental conditions.	technologies. The performance of the
6.1 Has the aerosol coating been successfully integrated into a production line for the production of cell layers?	yes no uncertain Degree of fulfilment / uncertainty: 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100
6.2 Is it possible to link up with upstream and downstream technologies taking into account the continuous technology chain?	yes no uncertain Degree of fulfilment / uncertainty:
6.3 Were the key figures and process parameters of the aerosol coating documented for the optimized production of a cell layer?	yes no uncertain Degree of fulfilment / uncertainty:
6.4 Has a functional electrolyte/electrode been produced with a technology chain that uses aerosol coating as a coating technology?	yes no uncertain Degree of fulfilment / uncertainty:
6.5 Is the performance of the aerosol coating for the production of the electrolyte/electrode under consideration/evaluation of the setpoint/actual value results given?	yes no uncertain Degree of fulfilment / uncertainty:
6.6 Notes:	yes no uncertain

Figure S 6: Exemplary questionnaire to determine technology maturity – stage 6 (adapted and translated from Schindler $(2015)^1$)

Questionnaire to determine the maturity of aerosol coating for the production of ce	eramic solid state cells
General information Technology designation T2 Aerosol Coating	tment Date —
7. Series application — Maturity level description — Technologies, which are assigned to the last maturity stage, the industrial usability is given. Only a minimal furthe The focus is on standardization.	er development of the technology takes place.
7.1 Has the aerosol coating been completely described by manufacturing and operating documents? (e.g. patents, certificates, guidelines, (DIN-) standards, etc.)	yes no uncertain Degree of fulfilment / uncertainty:
7.2 Is the aerosol coating already used in real production?	yes no uncertain Degree of fulfilment / uncertainty:
7.3 Is the aerosol coating used to produce (oxide) ceramic coatings in real production?	yes no uncertain Degree of fulfilment / uncertainty:
7.4 Is the aerosol coating used for the production of oxide ceramic solid state batteries in a real production?	yes no uncertain Degree of fulfilment / uncertainty:
7.5 Is the know-how about the aerosol coating sufficiently secured? (Can every skilled employee of the company build up and use the technology with available documents?) Is there a standardized process?	yes no uncertain Degree of fulfilment / uncertainty:
7.6 Notes:	yes no uncertain Degree of fulfilment / uncertainty:

Figure S 7: Exemplary questionnaire to determine technology maturity – stage 7 (adapted and translated from Schindler $(2015)^1$)

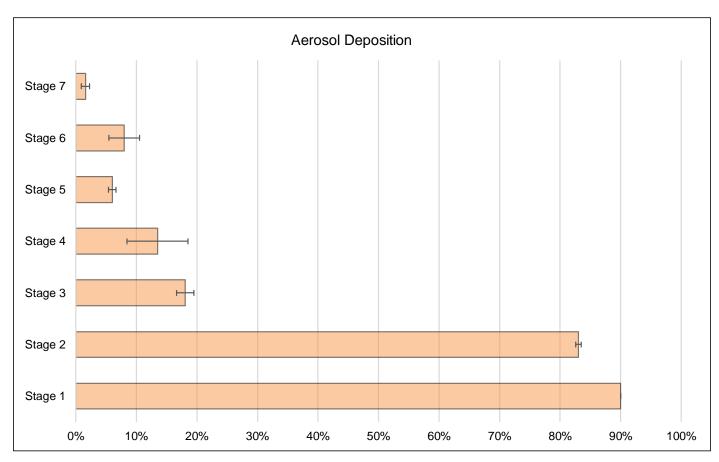


Figure S 8: Exemplary evaluation of technology readiness by stages 1-7

S3. Assumptions for cost estimation

Table S 5: Densities and prices of cell materials used for cost estimation

	Density	Ref.	Cost	Ref.
HE-NMC	4.25 g/cm ³	2	20 \$/kg	3
LNMO	4.4 g/cm ³	4	21 \$/kg	4
NMC 811	4.7 g/cm ³	2	24 \$/kg	3
Carbon Black	2 g/cm ³	5	7.15 \$/kg	6
PVdF	1.76 g/cm ³	5	21.5 \$/kg	7
LLZ	5.1 g/cm ³	2	variable	
Li	0.534 g/cm ³	8	250 \$/kg	3
Al foil	2.7 g/cm ³	8	6 \$/kg	3
Cu foil*	8.92 g/cm ³	8	13 \$/kg	3
AI hard case (HEV)**	2.7 g/cm ³	8	1.23 per housing	Calculated from Ref. [7]

*For the calculation, a bipolar Al current collector with a 100 nm thick Cu layer was assumed. Since no data for fabrication of such a thin Cu layer could be found in literature, the referenced price for Cu foil was assumed, which accounts to approximately twice the Cu raw material price (approx. 6 \$/kg).

**The indicated reference states a price per PHEV2⁹ hard case cell housing. Cost for a HEV cell housing were calculated by geometrical considerations, assuming that material cost and fabrication cost scale proportionally with dimensions.

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