

A hydrostatic pressure-driven passive micropump enhanced with siphon-based autofill function

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Supplemental Movie S1: Simple platform setup, easy assembly process, and operation principle of enhanced micropump

Supplemental Movie S2: Effectiveness of liquid barrier connector (LBC) on the sensitivity of siphon-based autofill function

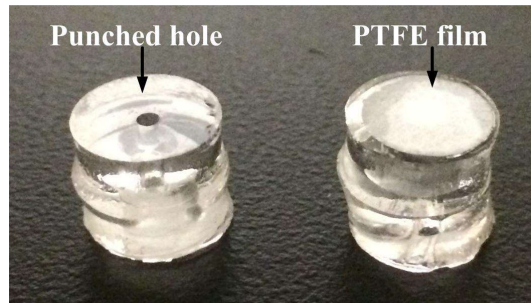
Supplemental Movie S3: Comparison experiment of enhanced micropump with siphon-based autofill function and conventional micropump without autofill function

Supplemental Movie S4: Intermittent and continuous refilling modes of siphon-based autofill function depending on the relative flow rate between inlet and outlet.

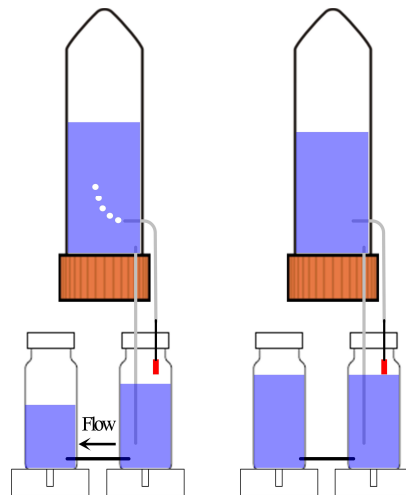
Supplemental Movie S5: Multiplexed micropump with stopcock for selective liquid perfusion with high controllability.

Supplemental Movie S6: Assembly of actual prototype and the fabrication of PDMS LBC

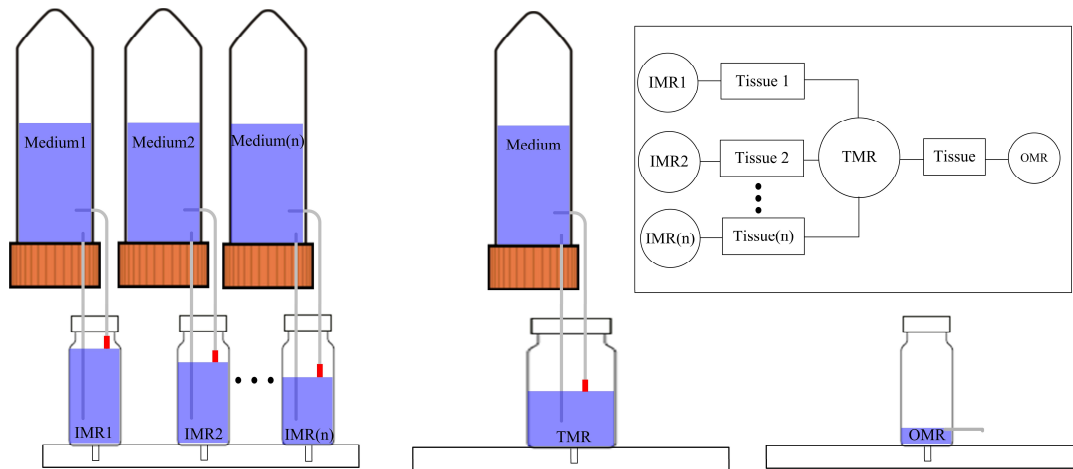
Supplemental Movie S7: Application on vasculogenesis with enhanced micropump inside incubator, and its experimental results on microvascular network formation inside tissue chambers throughout 21 days.



Supplemental Figure S1: Prototype of the liquid barrier connector fabricated from PDMS with punched holes and gas permeable/liquid impermeable PTFE film.



Supplemental Figure S2: Schematic diagram showing parallel micropump with the same liquid level inside multiple IMRs driven by only one MSC.



Supplemental Figure S3: Schematic diagram showing multi-tissue co-culture on a single microfluidic device by using multiple enhanced micropump modules with either different medium types or different hydrostatic pressure drops to maintain the optimal culture condition.