Electronic Supplementary Information

Inhibition of arsenite methylation induces synergistic genotoxicity of

arsenite and benzo(a)pyrene diol epoxide in SCC-7 cells

Youxian Li, Man He, Beibei Chen*, Bin Hu*

Key Laboratory of Analytical Chemistry for Biology and Medicine (Ministry of Education), Department of Chemistry, Wuhan University, Wuhan 430072, P R China

*Corresponding Author, Tel: 86-27-68752162, Fax: 86-27-68754067; Email: binhu@whu.edu.cn; bbchen@whu.edu.cn

Content

Table S1 Operation conditions of HPLC-ESI-LTQ-Orbitrap-MS.

Table S2 Optimized conditions for HPLC-ICP-CCT-MS.

Table S3 Sequences of primers used for RT-qPCR analysis.

Table S4 Gene expression in SCC-7 cells exposed to As(III).

Figure S1 BPDE-mediated DNA damage by comet assay. Representative images of comet assay for analysis of SCC-7 cells treated with 1 μ M BPDE for 0, 0.5, 1, 2 h (10× Objective).

Figure S2 The exact mass and extraction ion chromatogram of A, T, C, G and BPDE-N²-dG and mass spectrum of BPDE-N²-dG using HPLC-ESI-LTQ-Orbitrap-MS.

Figure S3 Effect of BPDE incubation time on the formation of BPDE-N²dG in SCC-7 cells. Semi-quantitative analysis of BPDE-N²-dG in SCC-7 cells treated with 1 μ M BPDE for 0.5 h, 1 h, 2 h and 3 h, respectively, according to representative extracted ion chromatogram of HPLC-ESI-LTQ-Orbitrap-MS. Error bars represent the standard deviation of triplicate experiments.

HPLC		
HPLC column	ThermoFisher Acclaim Hypersil GOLD C18 (2.1 \times 150 mm, 3 $\mu M)$	
Flow rate	0.2 mL min ⁻¹	
Mobile phase	A: Methanol (MS grade); B: Triple deionized water	
Gradient elution	0-5 min: 3% A, 97% B; 5-8 min: 15% A, 85% B; 8-9 min: 50% A, 50% B; 9-15 min: 3% A, 97% B	
Column temperature	35 °C	
Injection volume	20 µL	
ESI-Orbitrap-MS		
Scan type	PRM	
Sheath gas	35 arb units	
Aux gas	15 arb units	
Heat temperature	300 °C	
Capillary temperature	350 °C	
S-lens RF level	50%	
Spray voltage	3500 V	

Table S1 Operation conditions of HPLC-ESI-LTQ-Orbitrap-MS

HPLC		
HPLC column	Shiseido CAPCELL PAK C18 (5 $\mu m, 4.6 \times 250 \ mm)$	
Mobile phase	4 mM TBAH + 8 mM malonic acid + 3%(v/v) methanol, pH 6.0	
Column temperature	25 °C	
Eluent flow rate	1mL/min	
Injection volume	40 µL	
ICP-MS		
Plasma RF power	1200 W	
Nebulizer gas flow	0.91 L/min	
Auxiliary gas flow	0.8 L/min	
Collision gas	8% H ₂ in He	
Collision gas flow	3.6 mL min ⁻¹	
Dwell time	100 ms	
Acquisition mode	Peak-hopping	
Isotope	⁷⁵ As	

Table S2 Optimized conditions for HPLC-ICP-CCT-MS

Gene		Primer (5'-3')
GAPDH	Forward	TCAACGACCACTTTGTCAAGC
	Reverse	CCAGGGGTCTTACTCCTTGG
AS3MT	Forward	CGTCTATACGAGAGCCTTGAAC
	Reverse	AACGACAGTCACCGATAA
MT1A	Forward	CTCGAAATGGACCCCACT
	Reverse	ATATCTTCGAGCAGGGCTCGTC
CSB	Forward	CCCCAGTACAGGTCAAAACT
	Reverse	CTTCATTCTCCGCAGTAGGT
XPC	Forward	GAAGACTTGGAGTTTCAGGC
	Reverse	TTCAGGGCATACAGAGGGTG
XPF	Forward	CCACTGACACTCGGAAAGCC
	Reverse	ATGTCAATGCCCCGACGATG
XPB	Forward	ACTCAACCAAGCGGCAGAGATTC
	Reverse	CCACCTCCTCCGGCATCC
RAD50	Forward	GCGTGCGGAGTTTTGGAATA
	Reverse	TGAGCAACCTTGGGATCGTG

Table S3 Sequences of primers used for RT-qPCR analysis

Inaubation condition	Gene expression fold change (set GAPDH as reference)		
incubation condition	AS3MT	MT1A	
2 µM As(III) for 24 h	1.59 ± 0.17	1.01 ± 0.23	
10 µM As(III) for 24 h	0.34 ± 0.12	0.27 ± 0.13	

 Table S4 Gene expression in SCC-7 cells exposed to As(III).



Figure S1 BPDE-mediated DNA damage by comet assay. Representative images of comet assay for analysis of SCC-7 cells treated with 1 μ M BPDE for 0, 0.5, 1, 2 h (10× Objective).



Figure S2 The exact mass and extraction ion chromatogram of A, T, C, G and BPDE-N²-dG and mass spectrum of BPDE-N²-dG using HPLC-ESI-LTQ-Orbitrap-MS.



Figure S3 Effect of BPDE incubation time on the formation of BPDE-N²-dG in SCC-7 cells. Semi-quantitative analysis of BPDE-N²-dG in SCC-7 cells treated with 1 μM BPDE for 0.5 h, 1 h, 2 h and 3 h, respectively, according to representative extracted ion chromatogram of HPLC-ESI-LTQ-Orbitrap-MS. Error bars represent the standard deviation of triplicate experiments.