

Supporting Information

**Nitrooelfin-modified Cyclometalated iridium(III) complexes for
tunable detection of biothiols with deep-red emission**

Table S1. Comparison with recent Ir(III)-based probes for biothiols

Entry	Reference	Sensing phase	LOD	Linear range	response time
1	This work	DMSO/HEPES=1:1	Ir1: 47.6 nM Ir2: 232 nM	10-80 μM 25-150 μM	80s 1min
2	Rsc. Adv., 2017,7(83):5262 1-52625	DMSO/HEPES=4:1	9.7 μ M	50-450 μ M	—
3	J. Inorg. Biochem. 2017, 177, 412-422	KPI/MeOH=1:1	—	—	—
4	Sci. Technol. Adv. Mat., 2016, 17, 109–114	DMSO/HEPES=9:1	1.67 μ M	4-40 μ M	—
5	Chem.Comm., 2016,52, 4450- 4453	DMSO/HEPES=4:1	0.78 μ M	2.5 -80 μ M	10 min
6	Opt. Express, 2016, 24, 28247–28255	CH ₃ CN/H ₂ O=3:2	—	—	—

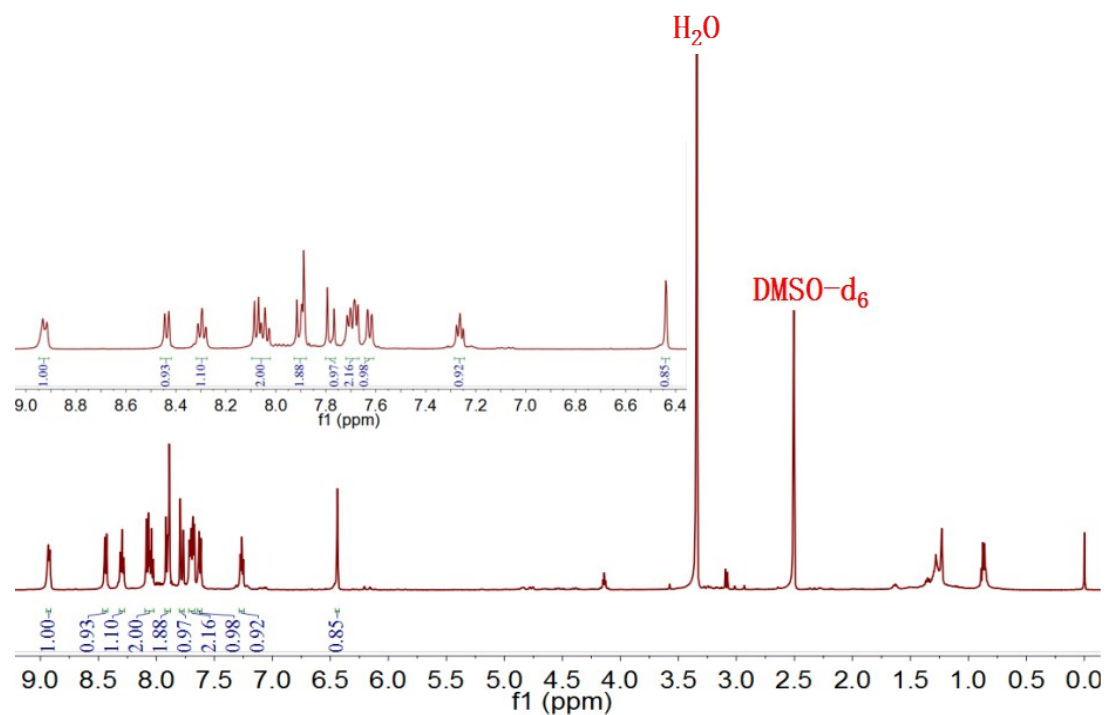


Fig S1. ^1H NMR spectrum of **Ir1** in $\text{DMSO}-d_6$.

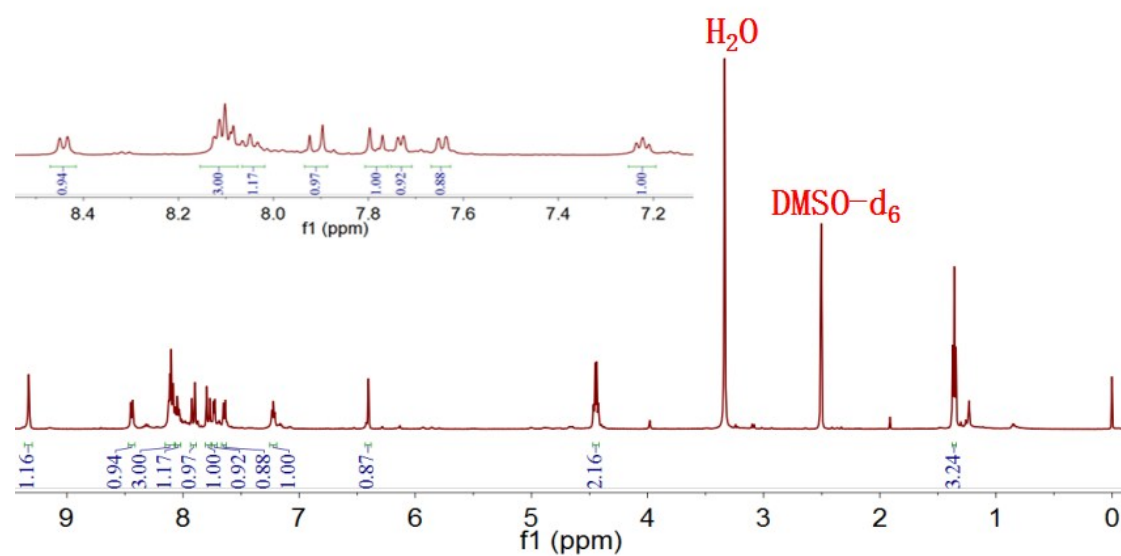


Fig S2. ^1H NMR spectrum of **Ir2** in $\text{DMSO}-d_6$.

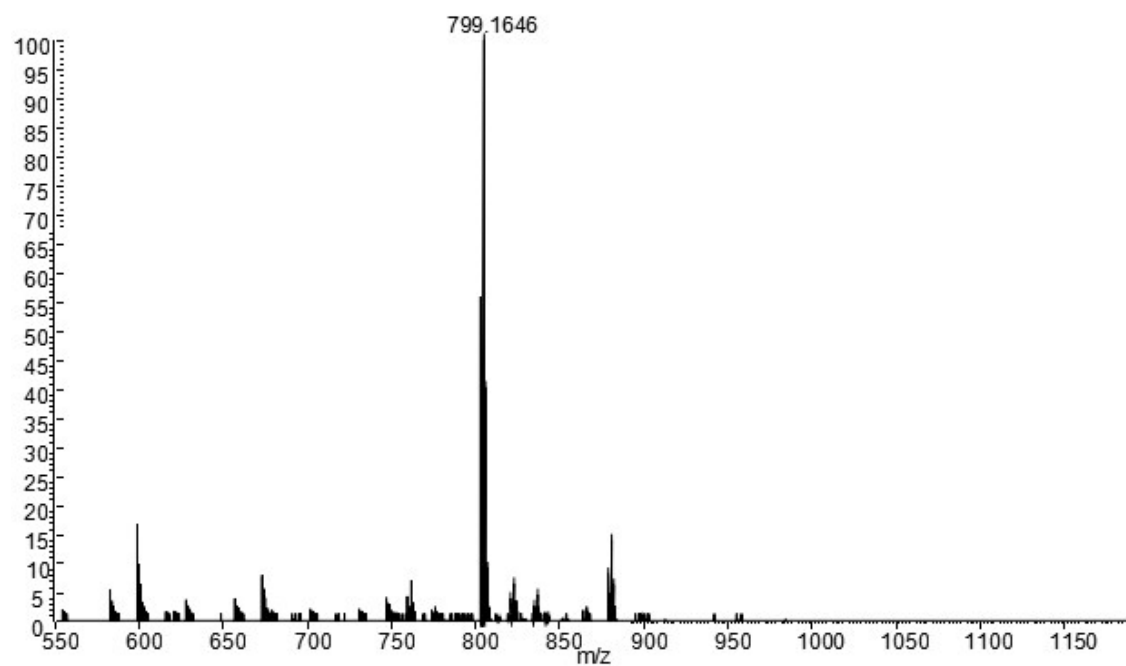


Fig S3. HRMS spectrum of **Ir1** in CH_3CN .

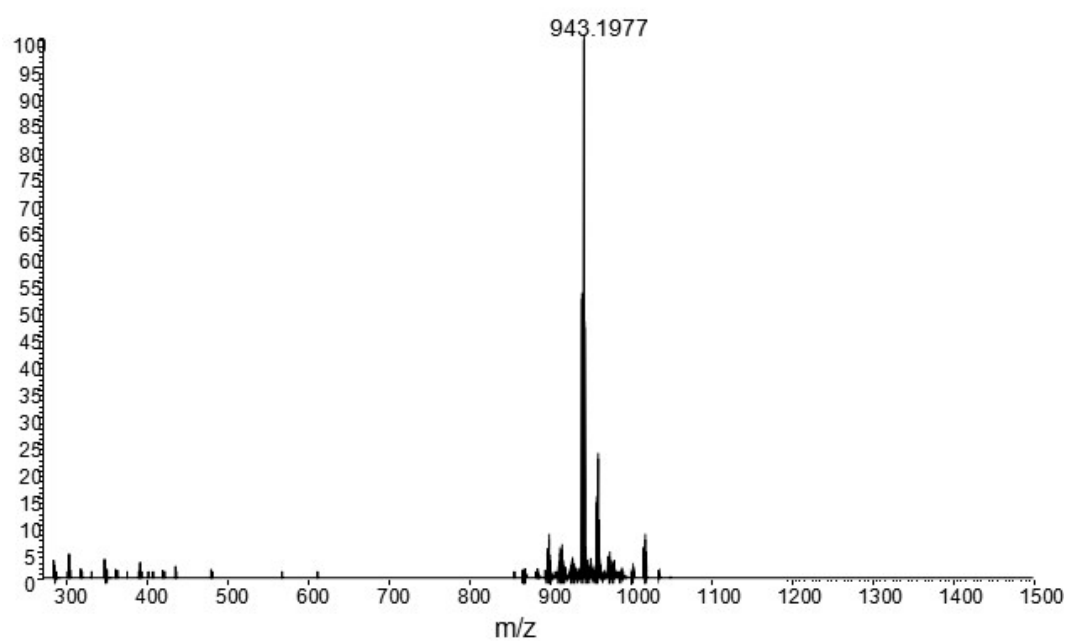


Fig S4. HRMS spectrum of **Ir2** in CH_3CN .

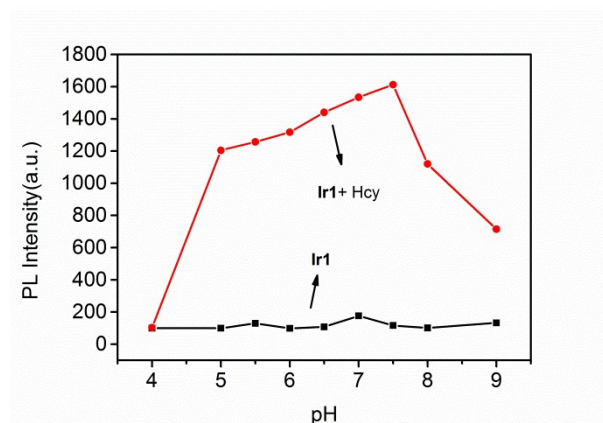


Fig S5. PL intensity of **Ir1** (10 μM) at 571nm in the presence and absence of Hcy under different pH. λ_{ex} =380 nm.

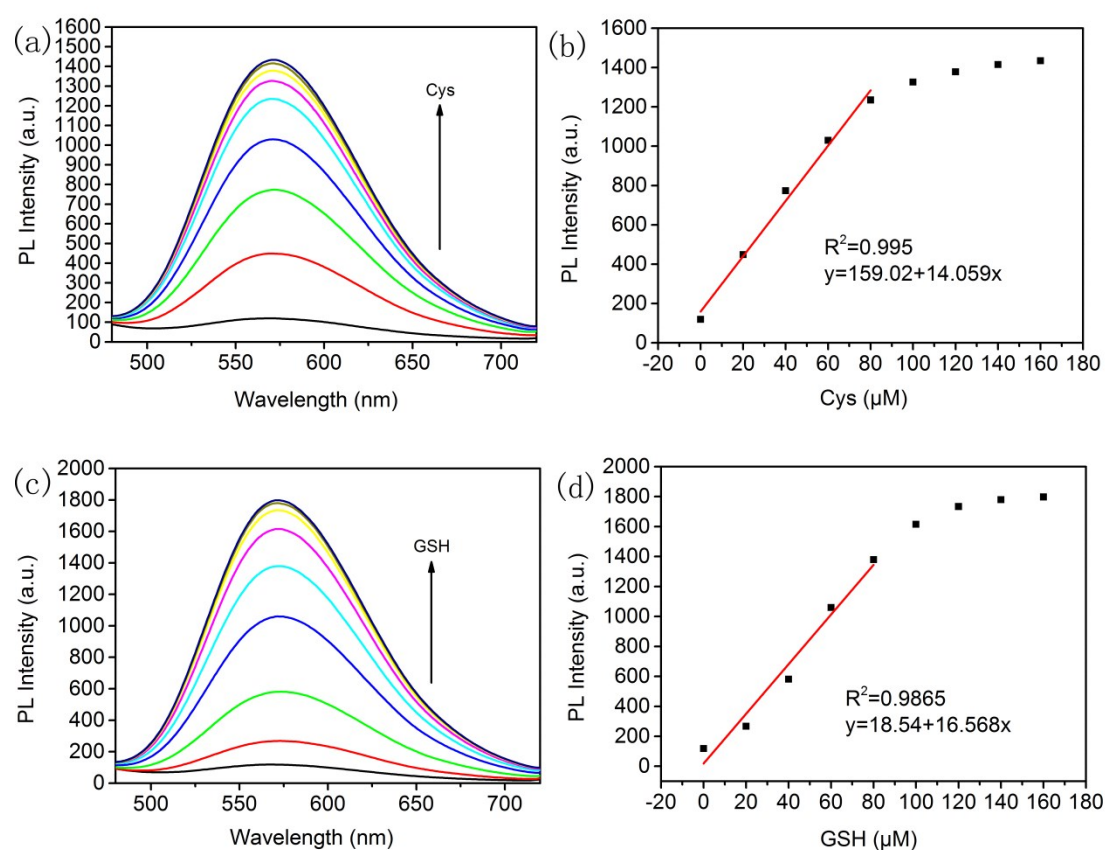


Fig S6. PL spectra of **Ir1** (10 μM) upon addition of Cys (a) and GSH (c) (0-160 μM) in DMSO/HEPES buffer solution (pH=7.4, 1:1, v/v); corresponding plot of PL intensity at 571 nm versus concentration of Cys (b) and GSH (d). λ_{ex} =380 nm.

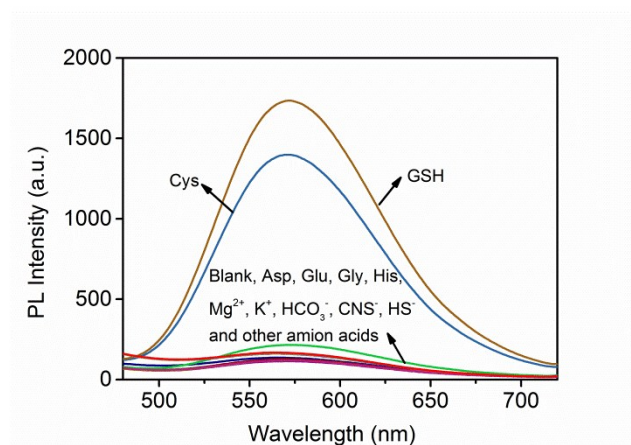


Fig S7. PL intensity of **Ir1** (10 μ M) with various analytes (1 mM) including Asp, Glu, Gly, His, Lys, Thr, Mg^{2+} , K^+ , HCO_3^{2-} , CNS^- , HS^- , Ala, Arg, Phe, Pro, Ser, Trp, Tyr, GSSG, Cys and GSH in DMSO/HEPES buffer solution (pH=7.4, 1:1, v/v).

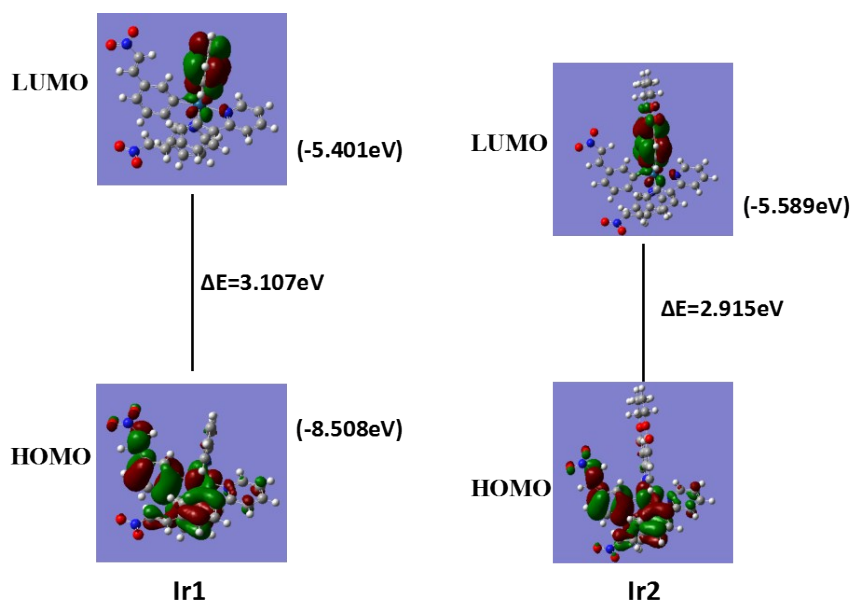


Fig S8. HOMO and LUMO Distributions of **Ir1** and **Ir2**.

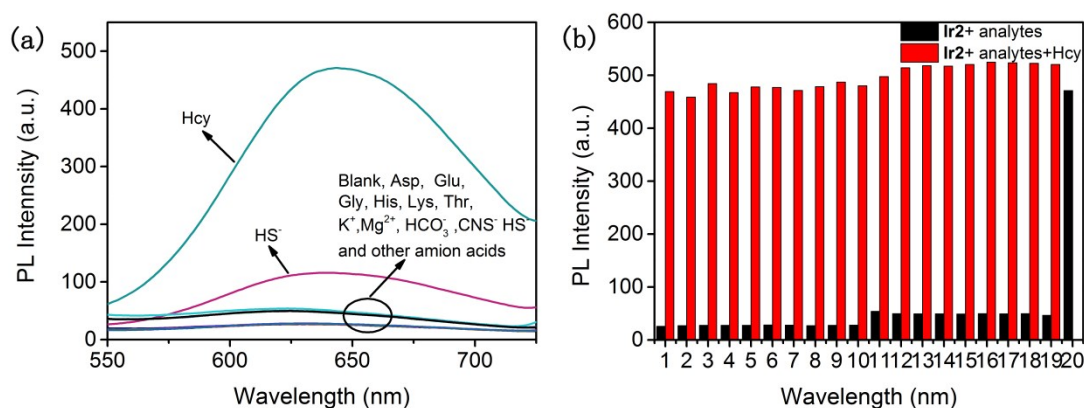


Fig S9. (a) PL intensity of **Ir2** (50 μM) in the presence of various analytes. (b) PL intensity of **Ir2** (50 μM) at 643 nm upon addition of Hcy and various analytes (1 mM) in DMSO/HEPES buffer solution (pH=7.4, 1:1, v/v) (1-Asp, 2-Glu, 3-Gly, 4-His, 5-Lys, 6-Thr, 7-Mg²⁺, 8-K⁺, 9-HCO₃²⁻, 10-CNS⁻ and 11-HS⁻, 12-Ala, 13-Arg, 14-Phe, 15-Pro, 16-Ser, 17-Trp, 18-Tyr, 19-GSSG, 20-Hcy respectively, 300 μM.). λ_{ex} = 380 nm.

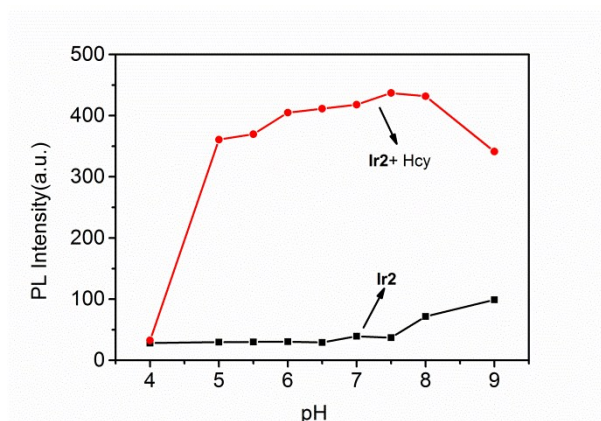


Fig S10. PL intensity of **Ir2** (50 μM) at 643 nm in the presence and absence of Hcy under different pH. λ_{ex} =380 nm.

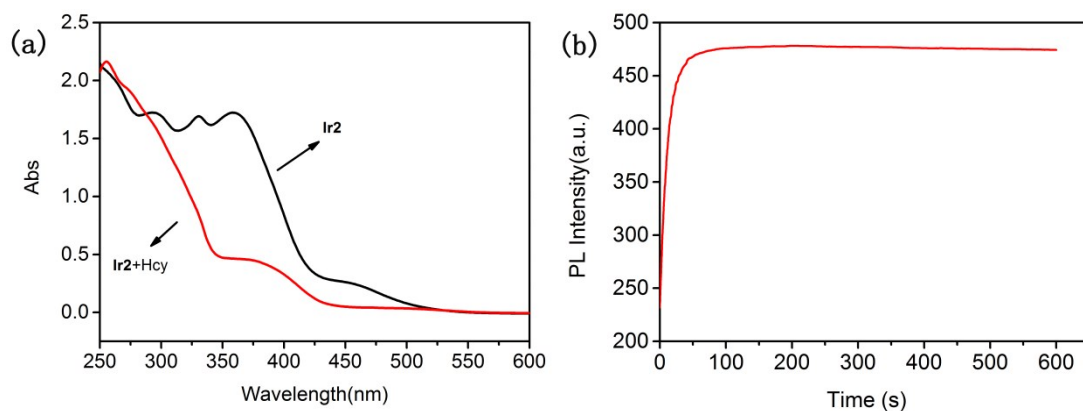


Fig S11. (a) Absorption spectra of **Ir2** (50 μM) in presence of Hcy in DMSO/HEPES buffer solution (pH=7.4, 1:1, v/v). (b) Time-dependent PL intensity of **Ir2** at 643 nm in presence of 6 equiv. λ_{ex} = 380 nm.

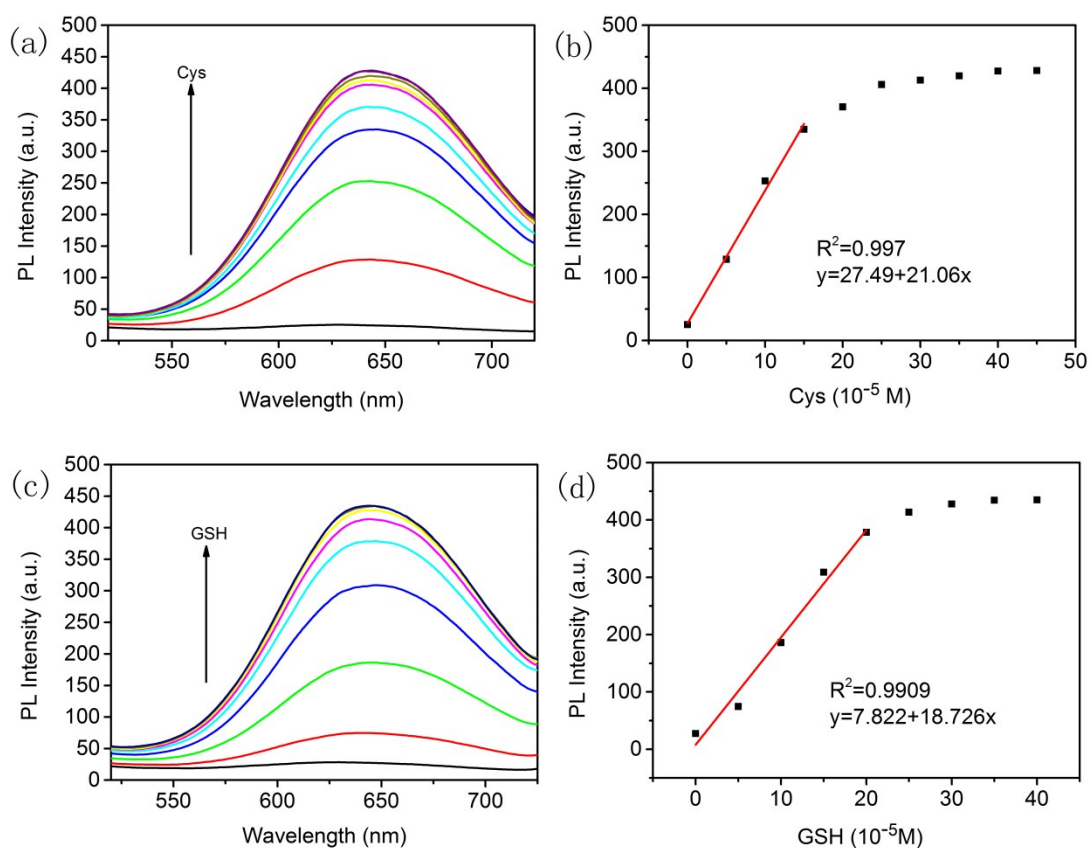


Fig S12. PL spectra of **Ir2** (50 μM) upon addition of Cys (a) (0-450 μM) and GSH (c) (0-400 μM) in DMSO/HEPES buffer solution (pH=7.4, 1:1, v/v); corresponding plot of PL intensity at 643 nm versus concentration of Cys (b) and GSH (d). λ_{ex} =380 nm.

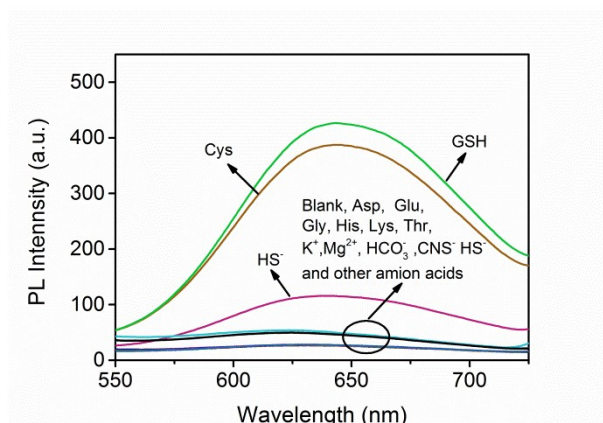


Fig S13. PL response of **Ir2** (50 μ M) with various analytes (1 mM) including Asp, Glu, Gly, His, Lys, Thr, Mg^{2+} , K^+ , HCO_3^{2-} , CNS^- , HS^- , Ala, Arg, Phe, Pro, Ser, Trp, Tyr, GSSG, Cys and GSH in DMSO/HEPES buffer solution (pH=7.4, 10mM, 1:1, v/v).

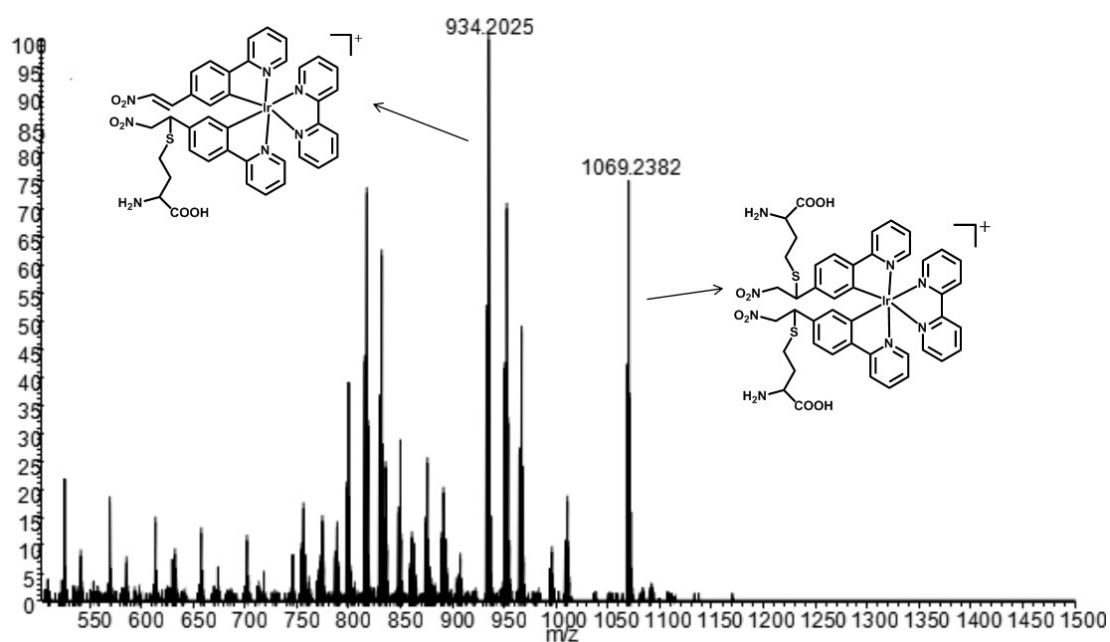


Fig S14. HRMS spectrum of **Ir1** (10 μ M) in the presence of Cys (5equiv.) for 3 min in the $\text{CH}_3\text{CN}/\text{D}_2\text{O}$ solution (1:1, v/v).

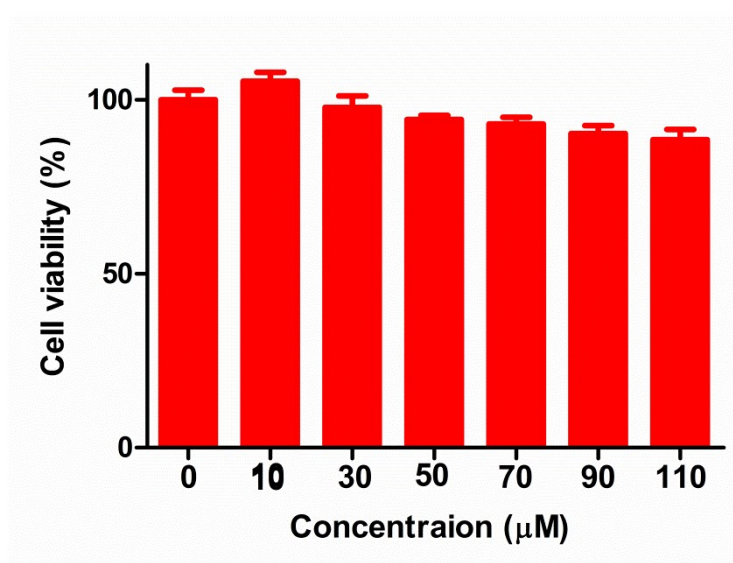


Fig S15. MTT result of **Ir2** with HeLa cells. The cytotoxicity of probes was assessed with a 3-(4,5-dimethyl-2-thiazolyl)-2,5-diphenyl-2-H-tetrazolium bromide (MTT) assays towards HeLa cells. The cells were seeded in 96-well plates at about 10000 cells per well in 100 μ L DMEM, and incubated at 37 oC in 5% CO₂ atmosphere for 24 h. After removing culture medium, **Ir2** diluted in DMSO (100 μ L) were added to cell wells with various concentrations of 0, 10, 30, 50, 70, 90 and 110 μ M. The cells were incubated for another 24 h. After the incubation, the culture medium was removed and DMEM (200 μ L) was added into cell wells. Then 20 μ L of 5 mg/mL MTT assays were added to cell wells and cells were incubated for another 4 h, followed by removal of the culture medium containing MTT and addition of 150 μ L of DMSO to each well to dissolve the formazan crystals formed. Finally, the plates were shaken for 5 min. The absorbance of the solution was measured on a Bio-Rad 680 microplate reader at 490 nm. Cell viability (%) was calculated based on the following equation: $(A_{\text{sample}}/A_{\text{control}}) \times 100 \%$, where A_{sample} and A_{control} denote as absorbencies of the sample well and control well, respectively.

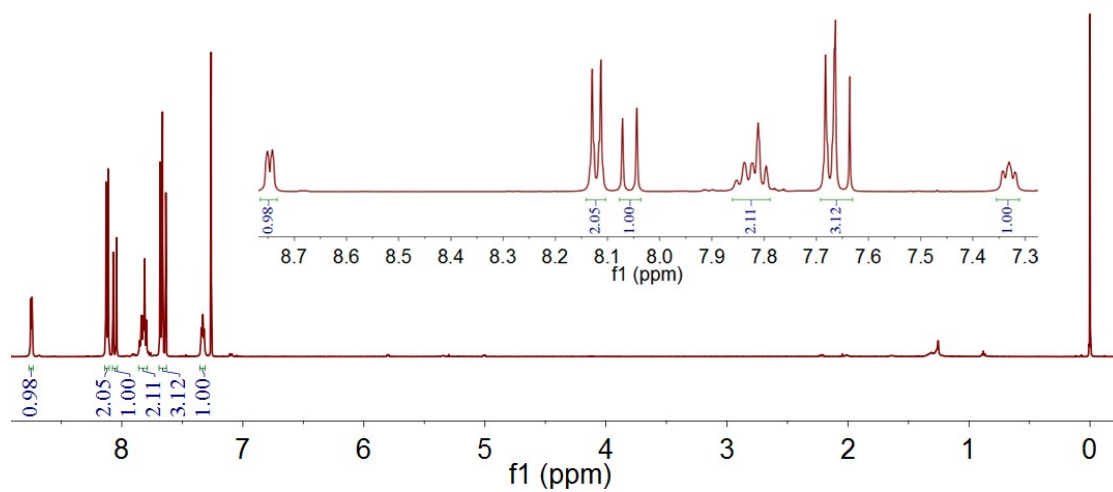


Fig S16. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound **1** in CDCl₃.

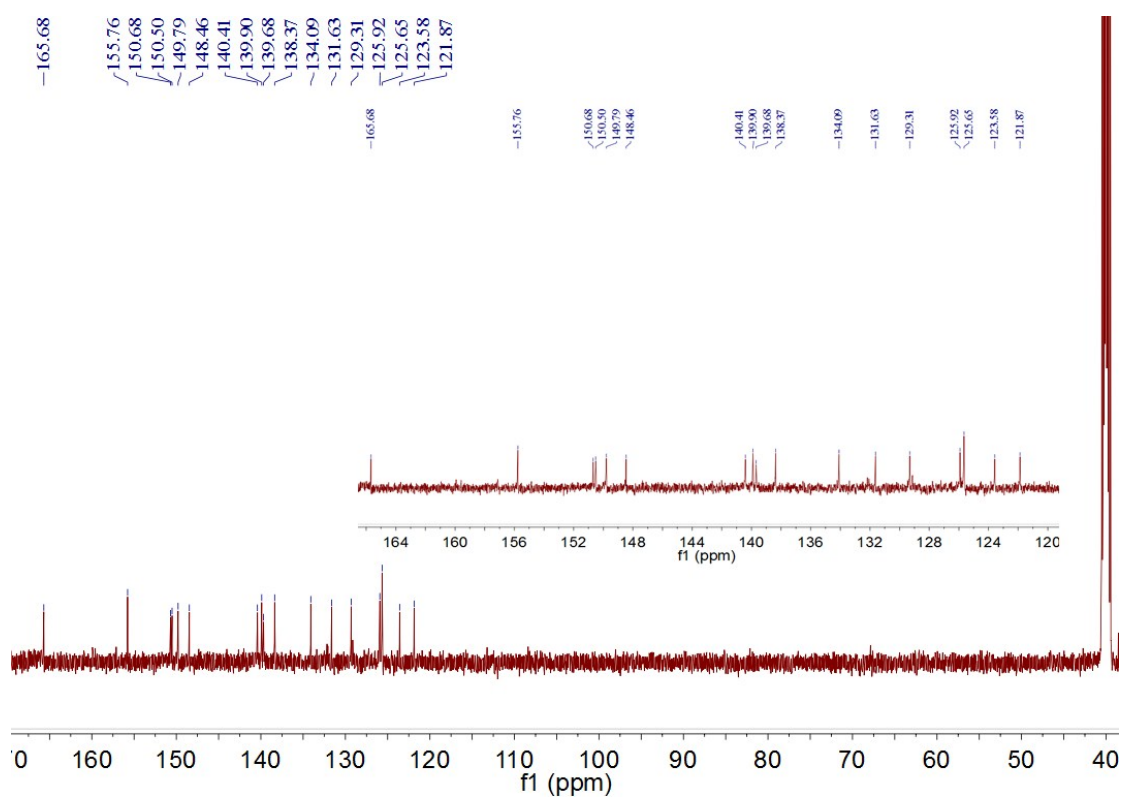


Fig S17. ¹³C NMR spectrum of **Ir1** in DMSO.

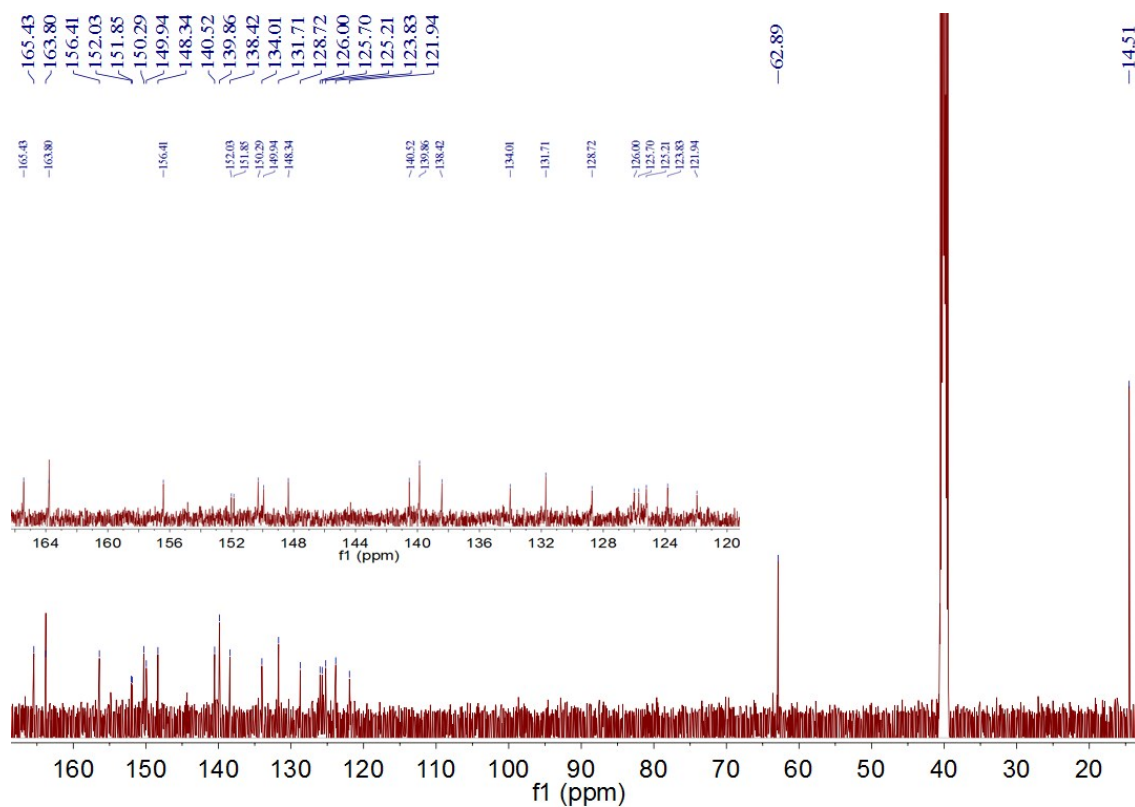


Fig S18. ¹³C NMR spectrum of Ir2 in DMSO-d₆.

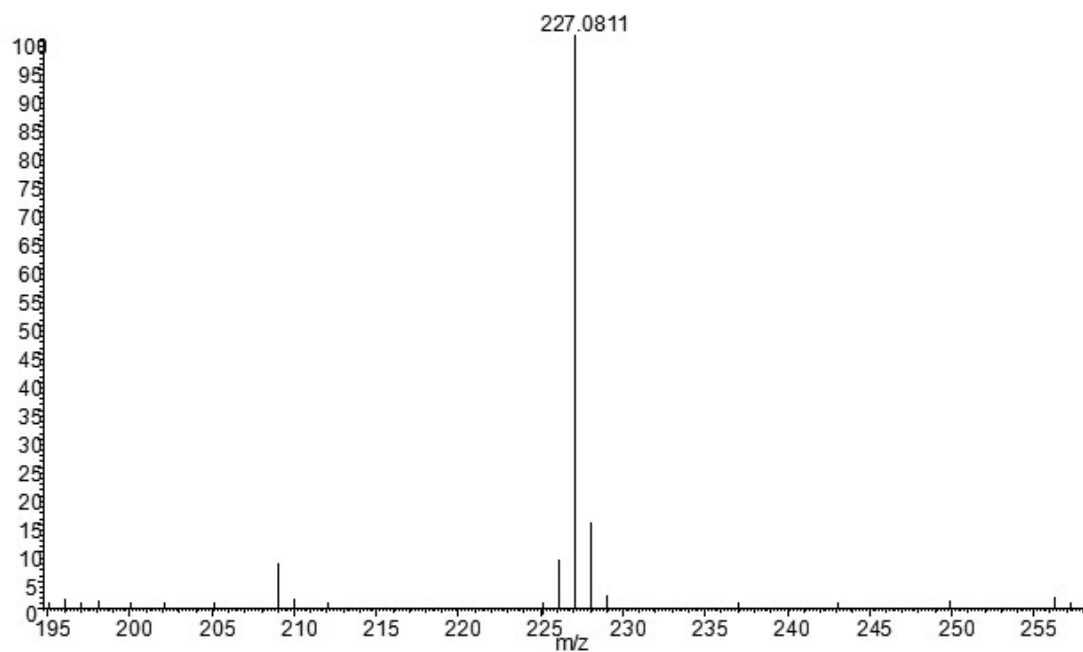


Fig S19. HRMS spectrum of compound 1 in CH₃CN.