

## Emergence of bismuth substituted cobalt ferrite nanostructures as versatile candidates for the enhanced oxidative degradation of hazardous organic dyes.

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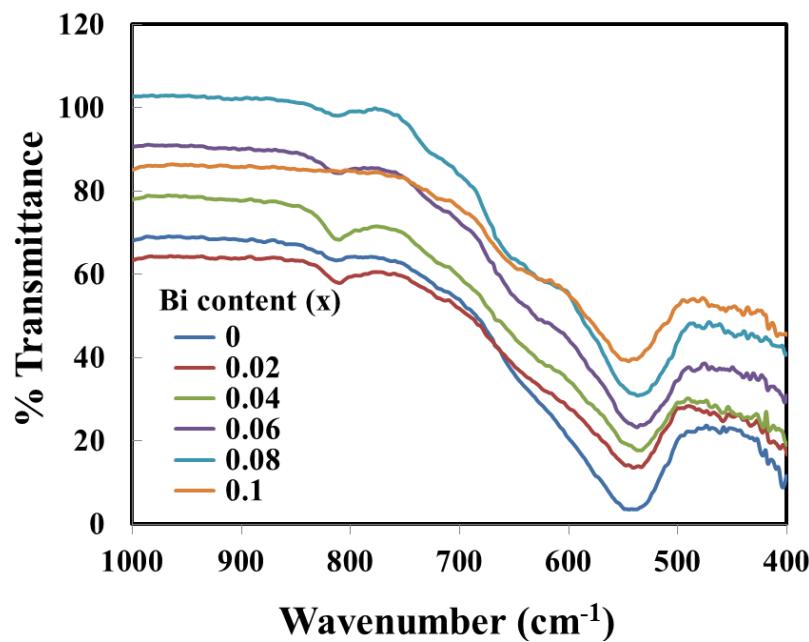
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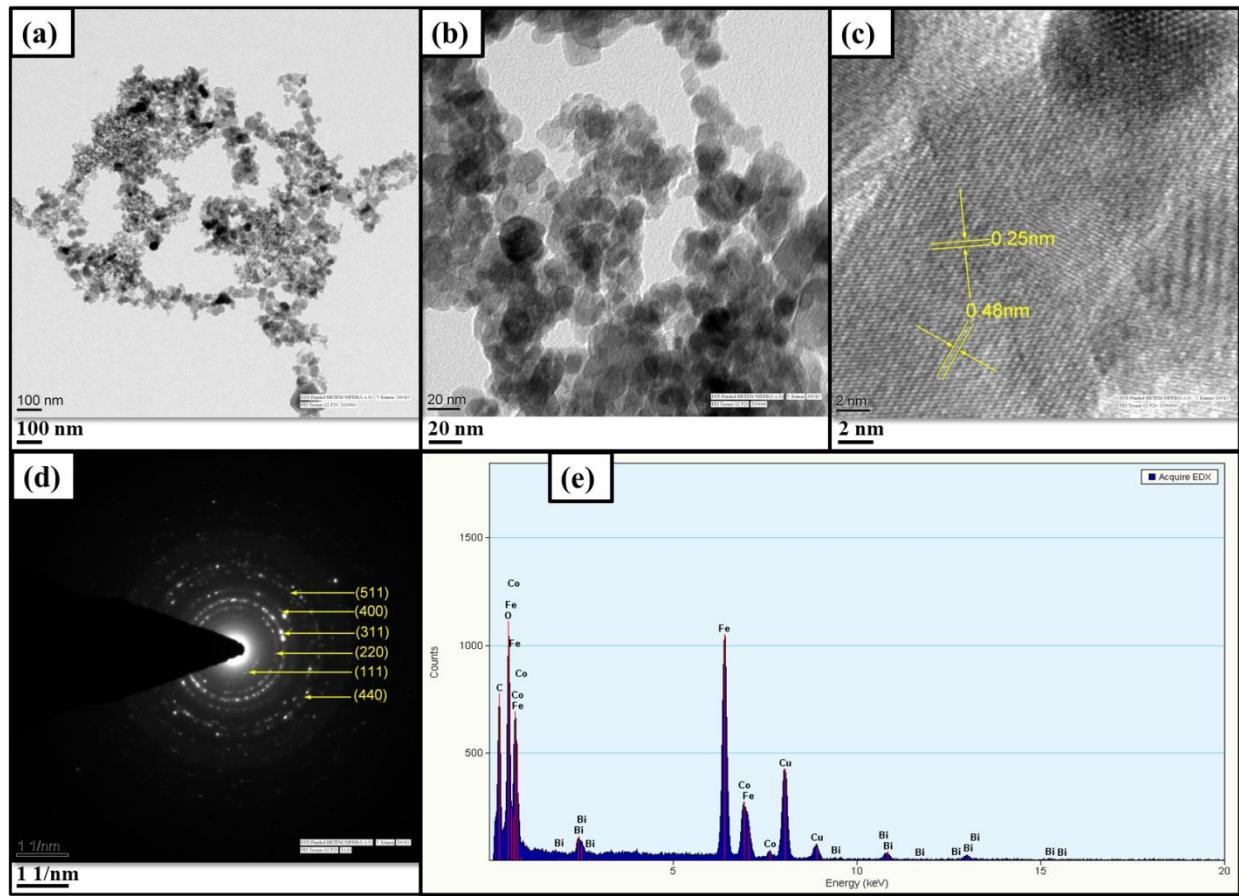
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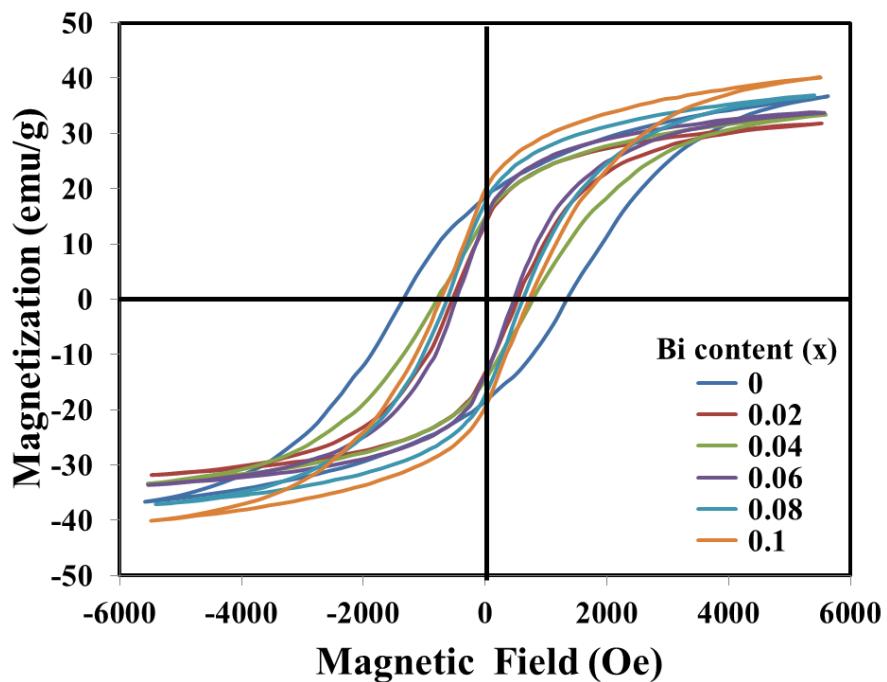
## Supplementary information



**Fig S1** FT-IR spectra of CoBi<sub>x</sub>Fe<sub>2-x</sub>O<sub>4</sub> (x = 0, 0.02, 0.04, 0.06, 0.08, 0.1).

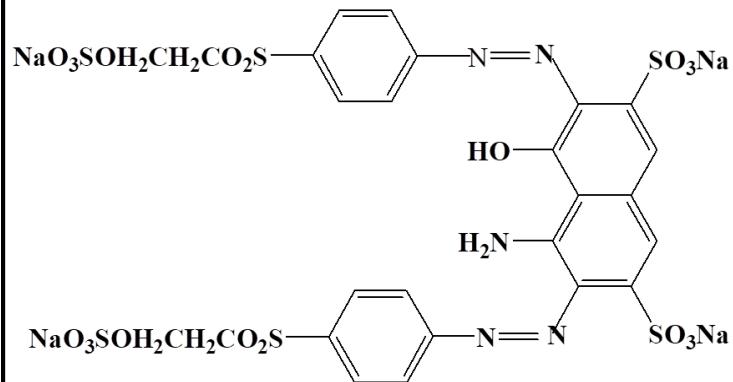


**Fig S2** (a,b) Typical low resolution TEM micrographs (c) high resolution TEM micrograph (d) SAED pattern and (e) EDX spectrum of  $\text{CoBi}_{0.1}\text{Fe}_{1.9}\text{O}_4$ .

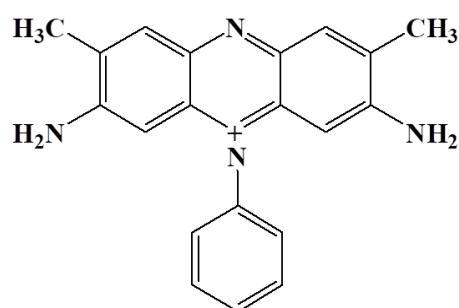


**Fig S3** Hysteresis loops of CoBi<sub>x</sub>Fe<sub>2-x</sub>O<sub>4</sub> ( $x = 0, 0.02, 0.04, 0.06, 0.08, 0.1$ ).

**(a) Remazol Black 5 (RB5) dye**



**(b) Safranin O (SO) dye**



Anionic dye

$\lambda_{\max} = 597 \text{ nm}$

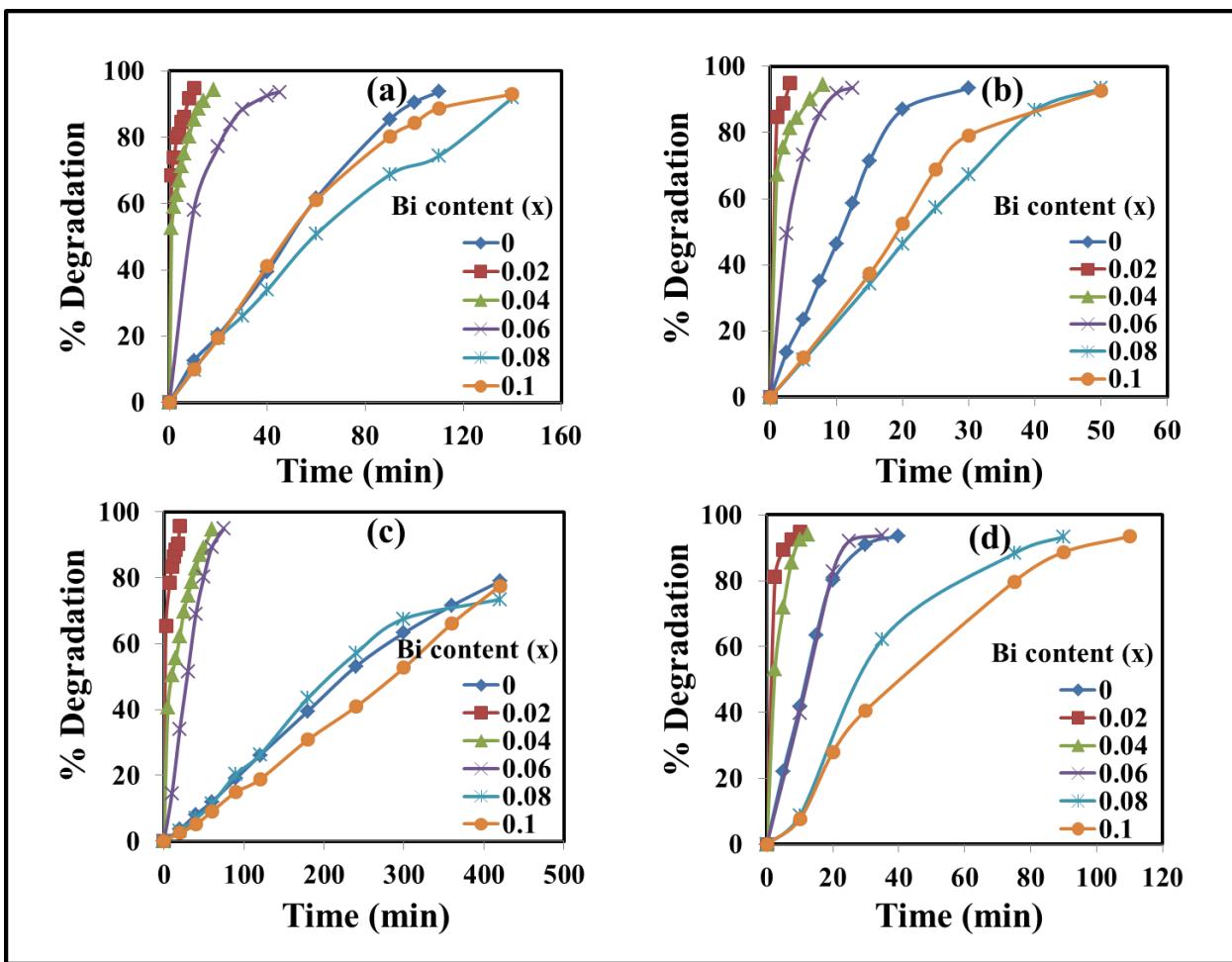
Molecular weight = 278.78 g/mol

Cationic dye

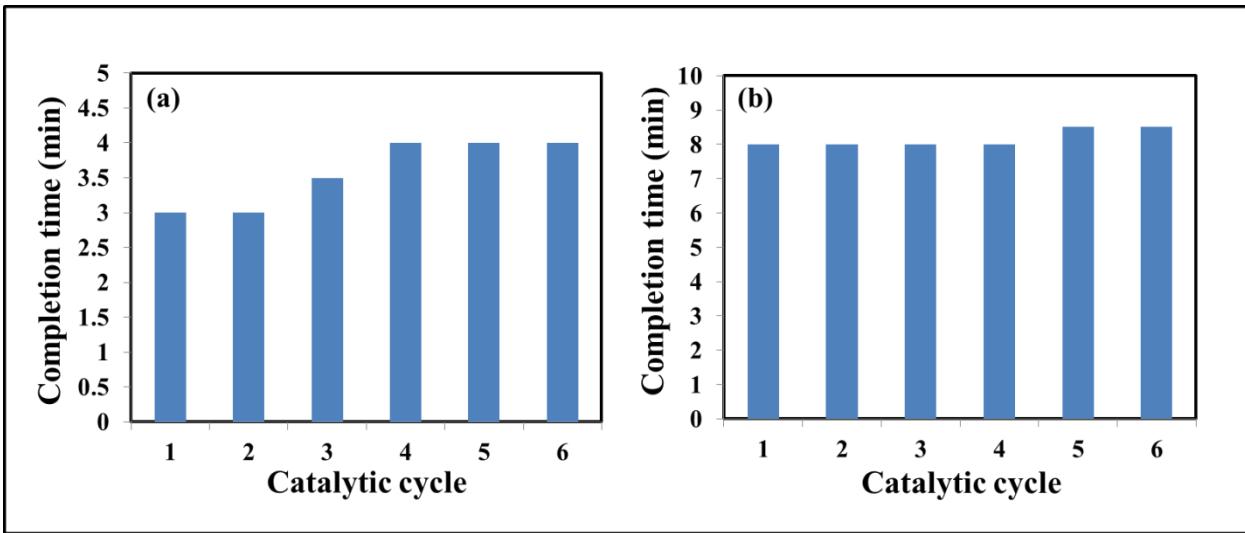
$\lambda_{\max} = 528 \text{ nm}$

Molecular weight = 350.85 g/mol

**Fig S4** Structures of (a) Remazol Black 5 (RB5) and (b) Safranin O (SO) dyes.



**Fig S5** % Degradation vs. time curves for the degradation of (a) RB5 dye by Fenton process (b) RB5 dye by photo-Fenton process (c) SO dye by Fenton process (d) SO dye by photo-Fenton process in the presence of  $\text{CoBi}_x\text{Fe}_{2-x}\text{O}_4$  ( $x = 0, 0.02, 0.04, 0.06, 0.08, 0.1$ ).



**Fig S6** The completion time values for various catalytic cycles for the degradation of RB5 dye in the presence of (a)  $\text{CoBi}_{0.02}\text{Fe}_{1.98}\text{O}_4$  and (b)  $\text{CoBi}_{0.04}\text{Fe}_{1.96}\text{O}_4$  by photo-Fenton process.

**Table S1** The values of  $v_1$ , crystallite size and lattice parameter of  $\text{CoBi}_x\text{Fe}_{2-x}\text{O}_4$  ( $x = 0, 0.02, 0.04, 0.06, 0.08, 0.1$ ) nanostructures.

<b>CoBi<sub>x</sub>Fe<sub>2-x</sub>O<sub>4</sub></b> <b>(x)</b>	<b><math>v_1</math></b> <b>(cm<sup>-1</sup>)</b>	<b>Crystallite size</b> <b>(nm)</b>	<b>Lattice parameter</b> <b>(Å)</b>
0	544	17.4	8.375
0.02	540	15.3	8.378
0.04	533	16.2	8.387
0.06	537	16.9	8.383
0.08	536	17.5	8.374
0.1	545	17.6	8.378

**Table S2** Optimization of reaction conditions (pH, H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> dosage, CoFe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> loading).

	<b>Fixed variable</b>	<b>Conditions</b>	<b>Rate constant (min<sup>-1</sup>) (kx10<sup>-2</sup>)</b>
<b>Variation of pH</b>	[CoFe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> ] = 0.50 g/L,	2	8.91
	[H <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> ] = 8.8 mM	<b>2.5</b>	<b>9.23</b>
		3	5.95
<b>Variation of H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (mM)</b>	[CoFe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> ] = 0.50 g/L	4.4	8.86
	pH = 2.5	<b>8.8</b>	<b>9.23</b>
		13.2	8.70
<b>Variation of CoFe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> (g/L)</b>	pH = 2.5	0.25	8.87
	[H <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> ] = 8.8 mM	<b>0.50</b>	<b>9.23</b>
		0.75	8.67
		1.00	8.46