

Supporting Information

Core-shell MoS₂@graphene composite microspheres as stable anode for Li-ion batteries

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As shown in Figure S1, the content of graphene in the MoS₂@graphene was calculated to be 4.7 wt.%. The weight loss of MoS₂@graphene composites in air can be mainly attributed to the combustion of carbon and transformation of MoS₂ to MoO₃ [I]. Let the weight percentage of MoS₂ in the MoS₂@graphene to be x. Assuming the graphene content is completely removed after combustion, based on the formula of $0.916x = 0.873$ [II]. Therefore $x = 0.953$. From this calculation, the graphene content is ~4.7%.

[I] C. Schuffenhauer, G. Wildermuth, J. Felsche and R. Tenne, *Cheminform*, 2004, 35, 19-32.

[II] X. Y. Yu, H. Hu, Y. Wang, H. Chen and X. W. Lou, *Angew Chem Int Ed Engl*, 2015, 54, 7395-7398.

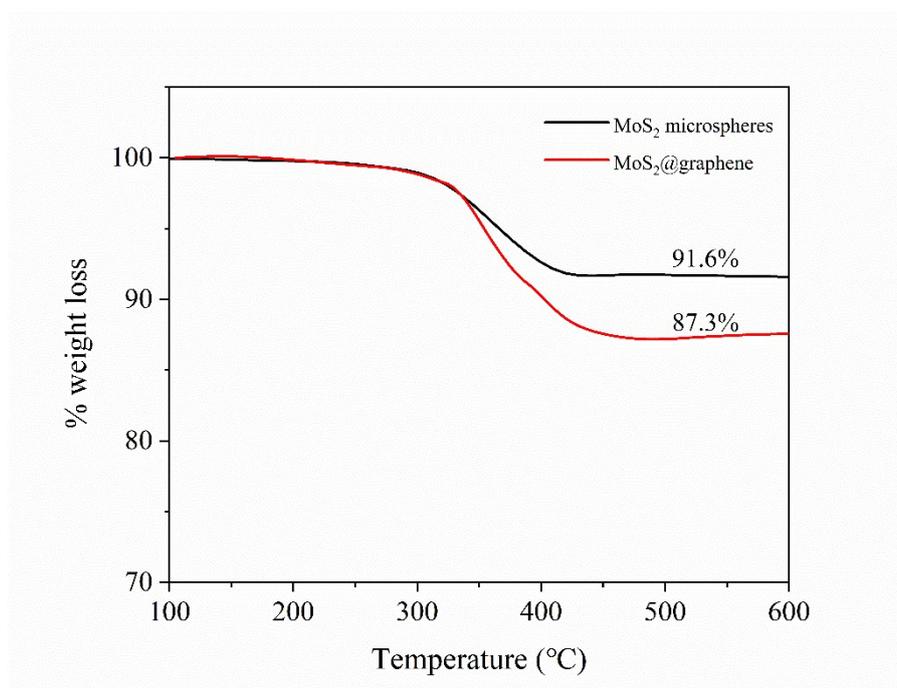


Figure S1 TG curves of MoS₂@graphene and MoS₂ microspheres as performed in air.

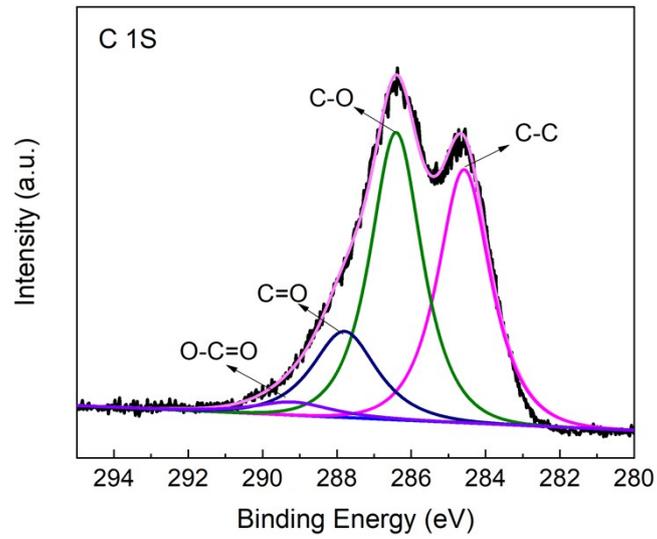


Figure S2 XPS spectra of C 1s of GO.

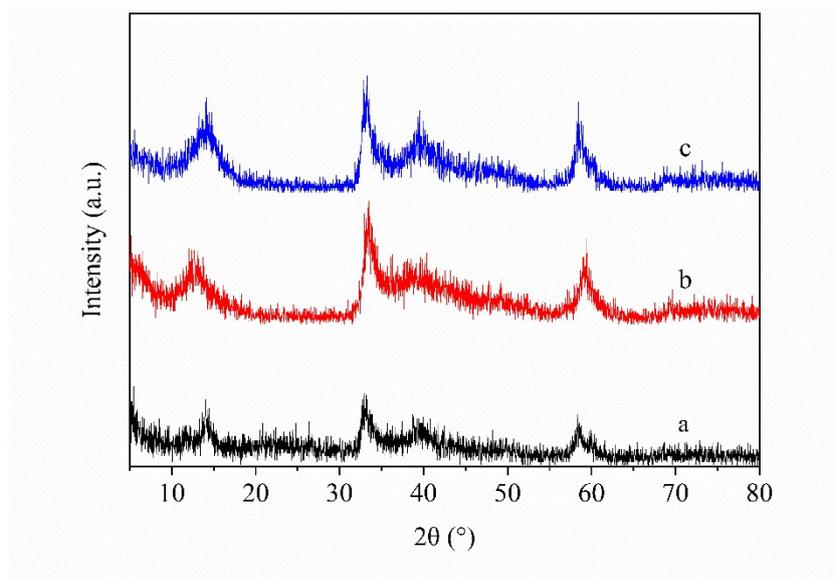


Figure S3. XRD patterns of MoS₂ microspheres prepared at different temperature (a) 180 °C; (b) 200 °C; (c) 220 °C

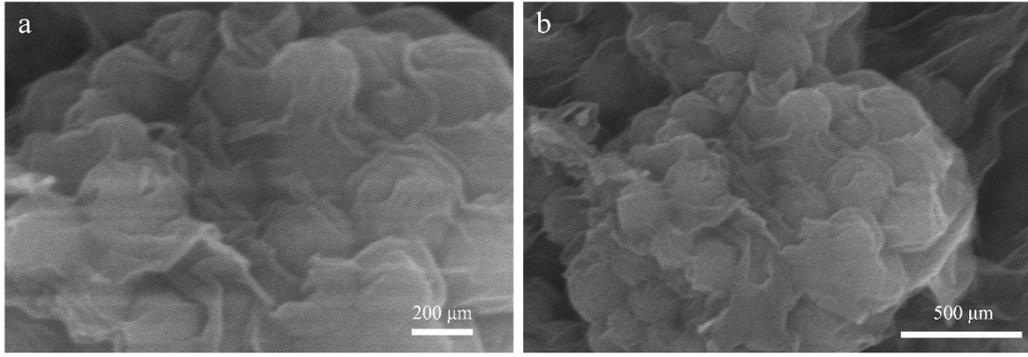


Figure S4 SEM images of MoS₂@graphene