

Synthesis of dissymmetric phosphorus dendrimers using an unusual protecting group

Evgeny K. Apartsin^{a*}, Alya G. Venyaminova^a, Serge Mignani^{b,c}, Anne-Marie Caminade^{d,e}, Jean-Pierre Majoral^{d,e*}

^a Institute of Chemical Biology and Fundamental Medicine SB RAS, 8, Lavrentiev ave., Novosibirsk, 630090, Russian Federation.

^b Laboratoire de Chimie et de Biochimie Pharmacologiques et Toxicologiques, Université Paris Descartes, PRES Sorbonne Paris Cité, CNRS UMR 8601, 75006 Paris, France;

^c Centro de Química da Madeira, MMRG, Universidade da Madeira, 9000-390 Funchal, Portugal;

^d Laboratoire de Chimie de Coordination du CNRS, 205, route de Narbonne, 31077 Toulouse Cedex 04, France.

^e LCC-CNRS, Université de Toulouse, CNRS, Toulouse, France

* E-mail: eka@niboch.nsc.ru (E. K. Apartsin), jean-pierre.majoral@lcc-toulouse.fr (J.-P. Majoral)

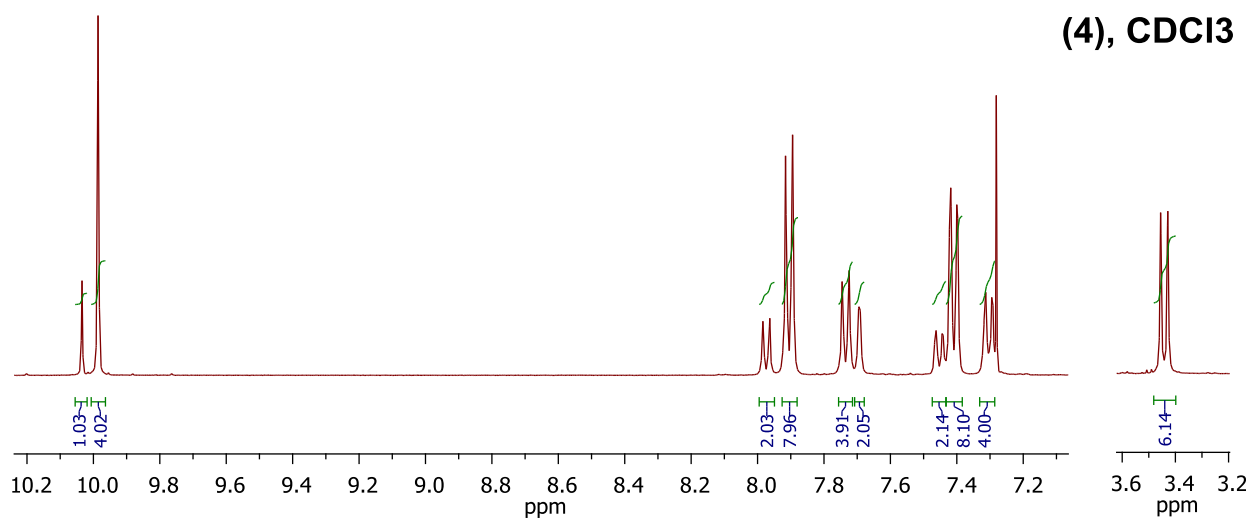


Fig. S1. ¹H NMR spectrum of the dissymmetric dendrimer (4) (G0'-P(S)-(G1')₂). The signals of groups belonging to G0' and G1' are clearly distinguished.

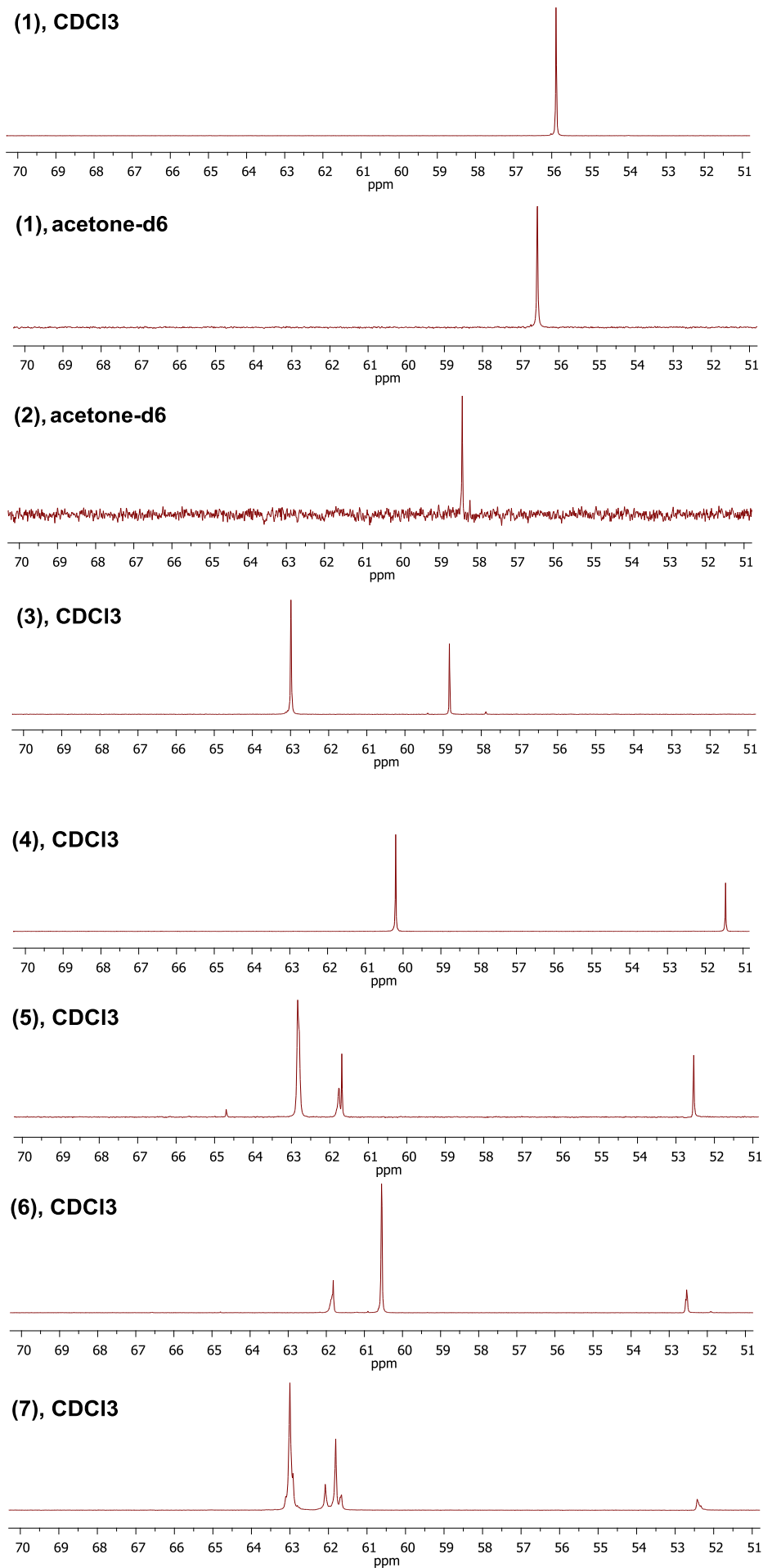


Fig. S2. Evolution of $^{31}\text{P}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR spectra of neutral $\text{P}(\text{S})\text{Cl}_2$ -terminated dissymmetric dendrimers

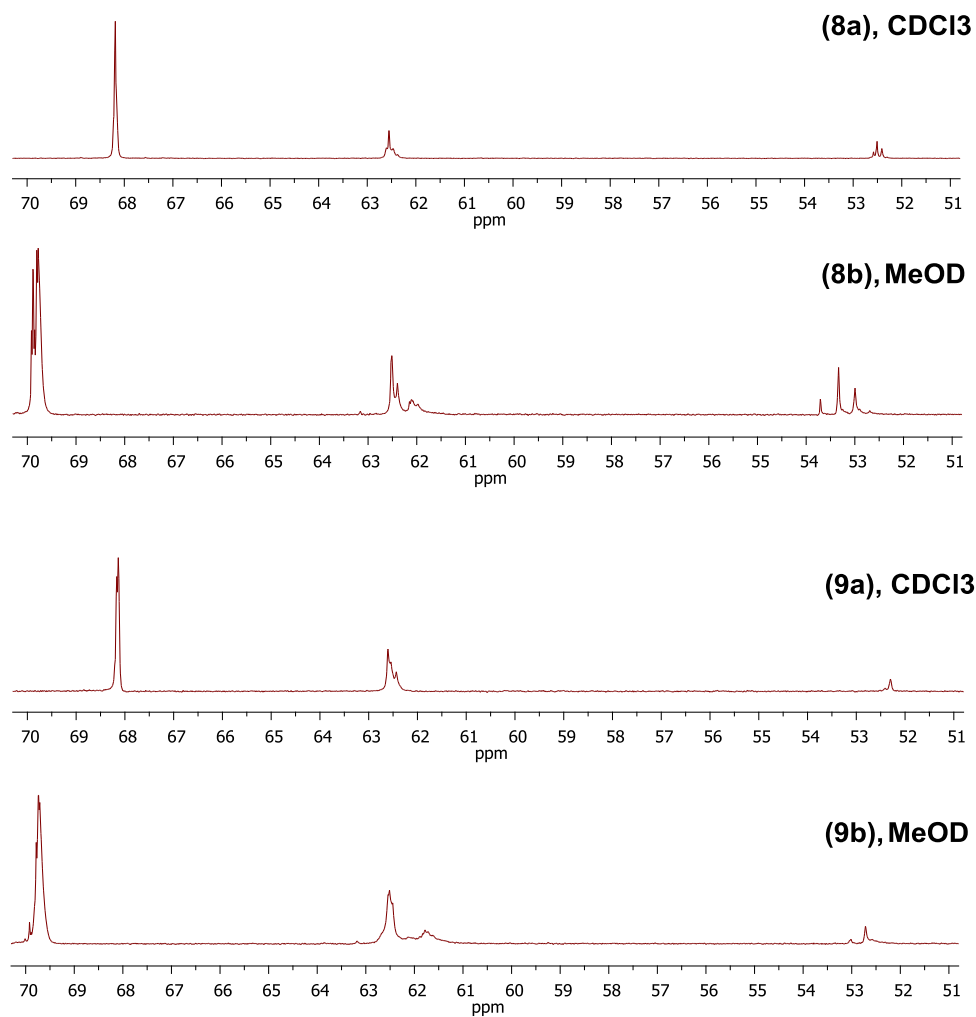


Fig. S3. $^{31}\text{P}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR spectra of neutral amino-modified dissymmetric dendrimers (**8a**) and (**9a**), and their protonated forms (**8b**) and (**9b**)