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Supporting Information

Facile Selective Synthesis of 2-Methyl-5-amino-1,2,4-oxadiazolium Bromides as

Further Targets for Nucleophilic Additions

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Experimental Section

Materials and instrumentation. Solvents, nitriles, *N*-methylhydroxylamine hydrochloride, isocyanides, bromine, and tribenzylamine were obtained from commercial sources and used as received. All syntheses were conducted in air. Chromatographic separation was carried out on Macherey-Nagel silica gel 60 M (0.063–0.2 mm). Analytical TLC was performed on unmodified Merck ready-to-use plates (TLC silica gel 60 F254) with UV detection. Melting points were measured on a Stuart SMP30 apparatus in capillaries and are not corrected. Electrospray ionization mass-spectra were obtained on a Bruker maXis spectrometer equipped with an electrospray ionization (ESI) source. The instrument was operated in positive ion mode using an m/z range 50–1200. The nebulizer gas flow was 1.0 bar and the drying gas flow 4.0 L/min. For HRESI⁺, the studied compounds were dissolved in MeOH. Infrared spectra (4000–400 cm⁻¹) were recorded on a Shimadzu IR Prestige-21 instrument in KBr pellets. ¹H, ¹³C{¹H} DEPT 135° NMR spectra were measured on a Bruker Avance 400 in CDCl₃ and (CD₃)₂SO at ambient temperature; the residual solvent signal was used as the internal standard.

X-ray structure determinations. A single-crystal X-ray diffraction experiments were carried out using Agilent Technologies «SuperNova» and «Xcalibur» diffractometers with monochromated CuK α and MoK α radiation, respectively. The crystals were kept at 100(2) K during all data collection. The structures had been solved by the Superflip¹ and ShelXS/ShelXT² structure solution programs using Charge Flipping, Direct Methods and Intrinsic Phasing, respectively, and refined by means of the ShelXL³ program, incorporated in the OLEX2 program package.⁴ Structure **6** contains infinite channels along the inversion axis, in which the diffuse electron density was determined. That density has been treated as a diffuse contribution to the overall scattering without specific atom positions by SQUEEZE/PLATON.⁵ CCDC numbers 1834203–1834208 contains the supplementary crystallographic data for this paper. These data can be obtained free of charge from the Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre via www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/data_request/cif.

Analytical and spectroscopy data. Aminonitrones and compounds 1-20 were characterized by HRESI⁺-MS, IR, ¹H and ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectroscopies. In addition, 4, 6, 17, 18, 19, and 20 were studied by single-crystal X-ray diffraction.

The HRESI⁺ mass-spectra of aminonitrones exhibit a set of peaks corresponding to the quasi-ions $[M + H]^+$, $[M + Na]^+$, $[2M + H]^+$, and $[2M + Na]^+$. The IR spectra of aminonitrones display from one to three weak-to-strong bands in the range of 3433–3141 cm⁻¹, which were attributed to the N–H stretches. Medium-to-strong intensity bands at 3051–2857 cm⁻¹ were assigned to the v(C–H) vibrations. The spectra exhibit a very strong band at 1641–1610 cm⁻¹ from v(C=N). The ¹H NMR spectra of aminonitrones recorded in CDCl₃ display one broad signal at δ 6.72–5.69 from the amide H atoms and one signal at δ 4.16–3.19 from the nitrone methyl group. The ¹3C{¹H} NMR spectra of aminonitrones exhibited signals at δ 149.26–146.29, which are characteristic of the *C*(=N)NH resonances. In the high-field region, the spectra of aminonitrones display one signal of the NCH₃ resonances at δ 46.90–41.65.

The HRESI⁺ mass-spectra of **1–16** exhibit peaks corresponding to the quasi-ions $[M]^+$. The IR spectra of **1–16** display from one to three weak-to-medium bands in the range of 3481–3186 cm⁻¹, which were attributed to the N–H stretches. Weak-to-strong bands at 3086–2718 cm⁻¹ were assigned to the v(C–H). The IR spectra of **1–16** display one or two medium-to-very-strong bands in the range of 1685–1590 cm⁻¹, which were attributed to the C=N stretches.

The ¹H NMR spectra of **1–13** and **15–16** display a broad signal of NH in the region of δ 13.02–10.37 (no signal of the NH was observed for **14**, which could be explained in terms of fast exchange with water). Another characteristic feature of the spectra of **1–16** is availability of one singlet at δ 4.44–3.99 from NCH₃. The ¹H NMR spectra of **1–8** measured in (CD₃)₂SO display two sets of signals of the *CH*NH (δ 3.79–3.62 and 3.58–3.44, respectively) of the cyclohexyl moiety with total integral intensity to 1H, whereas the spectrum of **10** displays two signals of the CH₂ moiety at δ 4.74 and 4.64, which indicates the availability of two tautomeric forms of these compounds around the C–N_{amino} bond in the solutions. The ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectra of **3–10** recorded

in $(CD_3)_2$ SO exhibit two set of signals of the C atoms of the 1,2,4-oxadiazolium ring in the region of δ 167.42–160.64, whereas the spectra of **1–2** and **11–16** display one set of signals. The spectra of **1–10** exhibit two set of signals of the NCH₃ (δ 54.32–43.67 and 53.52–43.04), whereas in the spectrum of **14** two set of signals of the CH₂ moiety (δ 63.86 and 61.13) were observed. This is coherent with the ¹H NMR data indicating the availability of the two tautomers in solutions.

Syntheses and characterization of the aminonitrones. A suspension of 2 g (24.0 mmol) of MeNHOH•HCl, 1.2 g (30.0 mmol) of NaOH, and 20 mmol of RCN in 10 mL of MeOH was stirred for 3 h at 65 °C, and then the mixture was filtered off. The solvent was evaporated *in vacuo* at 50 °C. The residue was dissolved in a mixture of 25 mL CH_2Cl_2 with 1 mL of MeOH; the solution was filtered off, and the solvent was evaporated at a reduced pressure at 40 °C. The product was crystallized under Me₂CO, and the precipitate which formed, was filtered off, washed with diethyl ether (10 mL), and dried at 50 °C for 2 h in air and then at RT in air.



Yeld: 57% (1.003 g). Mp: 98–100 °C. $R_f = 0.3$ (CHCl₃/MeOH, 3:1). High resolution ESI⁺-MS (MeOH, *m/z*): 89.0703 ([M + H]⁺, calcd 89.0709), 111.0531 ([M + Na]⁺, calcd 111.0529), 177.1339 ([2M + H]⁺, calcd 177.1346), 199.1169 ([2M + Na]⁺, calcd 199.1165). IR (KBr, selected bands, cm⁻¹): 3361 (s), 3228 (s), 3141 (s) *v*(N–H); 1669 (s) *v*(C=N). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, δ): 6.72 (s, br, 2H, NH₂), 3.38 (s, 3H, NCH₃), 2.07 (s, 3H, CCH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (CDCl₃, δ): 146.29 (C=N); 130.53, 130.04, 128.86, 128.14 (Ar); 41.65 (NCH₃); 15.35 (CCH₃).



Yeld: 58% (2.239 g). Mp: 121–123 °C. $R_f = 0.5$ (CHCl₃/MeOH, 3:1) High resolution ESI⁺-MS (MeOH, *m/z*): 194.1290 ([M + H]⁺, calcd 194.1288), 216.1112 ([M + Na]⁺, calcd 216.1107), 387.2512 ([2M + H]⁺, calcd 387.2503), 49.2331 ([2M + Na]⁺, calcd 409.2322 IR (KBr, selected bands, cm⁻¹): 3379 (s), 3220 (w-m) *v*(N–H); 2978 (m), 2929 (m), 2900 (m) *v*(C–H); 1610 (vs) *v*(C=N).¹H NMR (CDCl₃, δ): 7.28 (d, $J_{HH}^3 = 8.9$ Hz, 2H, CH), 6.73 (d, $J_{HH}^3 = 8.9$ Hz, 2H, CH), 5.69 (s, br, 2H, NH₂), 3.53 (s, 3H, ONCH₃), 3.04 (s, 6H, CN(CH₃)₂). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (CDCl₃, δ): 149.20 (*C*=N); 151.43, 129.06, 116.68, 111.55 (Ar); 43.31 (ONCH₃); 40.08 (CN(*C*H₃)₂).



Yeld: 62% (2.022 g). Mp: 116–117 °C. $R_f = 0.5$ (CHCl₃/MeOH, 3:1). High resolution ESI⁺-MS (MeOH, *m/z*): 165.1027 ([M + H]⁺, calcd 165.1022), 187.0847 ([M + Na]⁺, calcd 187.0842), 329.1982 ([2M + H]⁺, calcd 329.1972), 351.1802 ([2M + Na]⁺, calcd 351.1791). IR (KBr, selected bands, cm⁻¹): 3400 (m), 3319 (m), 3273 (m) v(N–H); 3051 (m), 3024 (m), 2941 (m), v(C–H); 1638 (vs) v(C=N). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, δ): 7.21 (d, $J_{HH}^3 = 8.3$ Hz, 2H, CH), 7.18 (d, $J_{HH}^3 = 8.3$ Hz, 2H, CH), 6.31 (s, br, 2H, NH₂), 3.24 (s, 3H, NCH₃), 2.32 (s, 3H, CCH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (CDCl₃, δ): 149.07 (C=N); 140.80, 129.50, 127.99, 127.12 (Ar); 43.08 (NCH₃); 21.33 (CCH₃).



Yeld: 68% (2.04 g). Mp: 92–94 °C. $R_f = 0.4$ (CHCl₃/MeOH, 3:1). High resolution ESI⁺-MS (MeOH, *m/z*): 151.0860 ([M + H]⁺, calcd 151.0866). IR (KBr, selected bands, cm⁻¹): 3325 (s) *v*(N–H); 3057 (m-s), 2936 (m-s), 2857 (m-s) *v*(C–H); 1641 (vs) *v*(C=N). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, δ): 7.42–7.37

(m, 3H, C*H*), 7.33–7.31 (m, 2H, C*H*), 6.45 (s, br, 2H, N*H*₂), 3.19 (s, 3H, C*H*₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (CDCl₃, δ): 149.26 (*C*=N); 130.53, 130.04, 128.86, 128.14 (Ar); 43.00 (*C*H₃).



Yeld: 90% (3.312 g). Mp: 144–146 °C. $R_f = 0.4$ (CHCl₃/MeOH, 3:1). High resolution ESI⁺-MS (MeOH, *m/z*): 185.0478 ([M + H]⁺, calcd 185.0476), 369.0887 ([M + Na]⁺, calcd 369.0880), 391.0706 ([2M + H]⁺, calcd 391.0699), 207.0298 ([2M + Na]⁺, calcd 207.0296 IR (KBr, selected bands, cm⁻¹): 3407 (w-m), 3283 (s), 3216 (sh) v(N–H); 2975 (s), 2934 (s) v(C–H); 1647 (vs) v(C=N). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, δ): 7.47 (d, $J_{HH}^3 = 8.4$ Hz, 2H, CH), 7.37 (d, $J_{HH}^3 = 8.4$ Hz, 2H, CH), 5.99 (s, br, 2H, NH₂), 3.41 (s, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (CDCl₃, δ): 147.85 (C=N); 136.75, 129.57, 129.26, 128.43 (Ar); 43.25 (CH₃).



Yeld: 72% (3.283 g). Mp: 134–136 °C. $R_f = 0.4$ (CHCl₃/MeOH, 3:1). High resolution ESI⁺-MS (MeOH, *m/z*): 228.9981 ([M + H]⁺, calcd 228.9971), 458.9871 ([2M + H]⁺, calcd 458.9850), 480.9691 ([2M + Na]⁺, calcd 480.9669). IR (KBr, selected bands, cm⁻¹): 3404 (m-s), 3233 (m-s) v(N–H); 3021 (m-s), 2937 (m) v(C–H); 1641 (vs) v(C=N).¹H NMR (CDCl₃, δ): 7.64 (d, $J_{HH}^3 = 8.4$ Hz, 2H, CH), 7.32 (d, $J_{HH}^3 = 8.4$ Hz, 2H, CH), 5.82 (s, br, 2H, NH₂), 3.46 (s, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C {¹H} NMR (CDCl₃, δ): 147.24 (C=N); 132.47, 129.66, 128.79, 125.28 (Ar); 43.59 (CH₃).



Yeld: 71% (3.096 g). Mp: 115–116 °C. $R_f = 0.4$ (CHCl₃/MeOH, 3:1). High resolution ESI⁺-MS (MeOH, *m/z*): 219.0746 ([M + H]⁺, calcd 219.0740), 241.0567 ([M + Na]⁺, calcd 241.0559), 437.1422 ([2M + H]⁺, calcd 437.1407), 459.1243 ([2M + Na]⁺, calcd 459.1226). IR (KBr, selected bands, cm⁻¹): 3359 (s), 3321 (s) v(N–H); 2983 (s), 2940 (s) v(C–H); 1647 (vs) v(C=N). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, δ): 7.74-7.73 (m, 1H, CH), 7.65-7.60 (m, 3H, CH), 6.46 (s, br, 2H, NH₂), 3.30 (s, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (CDCl₃, δ): 147.51 (C=N); 131.74, 131.41 (q, $J_{CF}^2 = 33.1$ Hz),131.66 (s), 130.89 (s), 129.71 (s), 127.34, 127.31 (q, $J_{CF}^3 = 3.6$ Hz), 125.11, 125.07 (q, $J_{CF}^3 = 3.7$ Hz) (Ar); 124.68, 121.97 (q, $CF_3, J_{CF}^1 = 272.7$ Hz), 43.28 (CH₃).



Yeld: 71% (2.158 g). Mp: 133–135 °C. $R_f = 0.5$ (CHCl₃/MeOH, 3:1). High resolution ESI⁺-MS (MeOH, *m/z*): 153.0776 ([M + H]⁺, calcd 153.0771), 305.1483 ([M + Na]⁺, calcd 305.1467), 175.0597 ([2M + H]⁺, calcd 175.0590), 327.1304 ([2M + Na]⁺, calcd 327.1288). IR (KBr, selected bands, cm⁻¹): 3433 (s), 3224 (m), *v*(N–H); 3051 (m), 2976 (m), 2932 (m) *v*(C–H); 1621 (vs) *v*(C=N). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, δ): 8.78 (d, $J_{HH^3} = 4.9$ Hz, 2H, CH), 7.25 (t, $J_{HH^3} = 4.9$ Hz, 1H, CH), 6.44 (s, br, 2H, NH₂), 4.16 (s, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR (CDCl₃, δ): 156.88, 155.79, 144.71, 119.82 (*C*=N and Ar); 46.90 (*C*H₃).

Syntheses and Characterization of 2-Methyl-5-amino-1,2,4-oxadiazolium Bromides (1-

16). A solution of bromine (62 mL, 1.2 mmol) in chloroform (1 mL) was added in small portions to a stirred solution of R'NC (1.2 mmol) in chloroform (2 mL). After 1 min, powders of $RC(NH_2)=N^+(Me)O^-$ (1 mmol) and tribenzylamine (287 mg, 1 mmol) were added in one portion to the formed solution and the resulted mixture was stirred at RT for 5 min. The solvent was evaporated *in vacuo* at 40 °C. Crude product was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel (CHCl₃/MeOH, gradient from 85 to 95%) to give the target oxadiazolium salts.



1. Yeld: 72% (199 mg). Mp: 141–143 °C (dec.). $R_f = 0.2$ (CHCl₃/MeOH, 3:1). High resolution ESI⁺-MS (MeOH, *m/z*) 196.1450 ([M]⁺, calcd 196.1444). IR (KBr, selected bands, cm⁻¹): 3393 (m), 3203 (w) v(N–H); 3078 (w-m), 3005 (w-m), 2934 (m), 2856 (m) v(C–H); 1669 (vs) v(C=N). ¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, δ): 10.39 (s, br, 1H, NH), 3.99 (s, 3H, NCH₃), 3.62 + 3.44 (m, br, 1H, CHNH), 2.53 (s, 3H, CCH₃), 1.91–1.14 (m, 10H, (CH₂)₅). ¹³C{¹H} NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, δ): 167.05, 166.44 (CH₃–C(=N)N and NH–C(=N)O); 53.96 + 53.23 (NCH₃); 37.01 (NHCH); 32.13, 25.09, 24.50 ((CH₂)₅); 12.75 (CCH₃).



2. Yeld: 88% (335 mg). Mp: 136–138 °C (dec.). R_f = 0.1 (CHCl₃/MeOH, 9:1). High resolution ESI⁺-MS (MeOH, *m/z*): 301.2017 ([M]⁺, calcd 301.2023). IR (KBr, selected bands, cm⁻¹): 3423 (w-m), 3204 (w) v(N–H); 3061 (w-m), 2926 (m-s), 2854 (m-s), 2744 (m) v(C–H); 1674 (vs), 1607 (vs) v(C=N). ¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, δ): 10.59 + 10.37 (s, br, 1H, NH), 7.83 (d, J_{HH}³ = 8.1 Hz, 2H, CH),

6.89 (d, $J_{\text{HH}}^3 = 8.1$ Hz, 2H, CH), 4.09 (s, 3H, ONCH₃), 3.73 + 3.50 (m, br, 1H, CHNH), 3.09 (s, 6H, CN(CH₃)₂), 1.96–1.16 (m, 10H, (CH₂)₅). ¹³C{¹H} NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, δ): 166.55, 165.84 ((CH₃)₂NC₆H₄–C(=N)N and NH–C(=N)O) 154.50, 132.22, 112.07, 106.76 (Ar); 53.90 + 53.21 (ONCH₃); 40.10 (CN(CH₃)₂); 32.23, 25.18, 24.54 ((CH₂)₅). The CHNH signal overlaps with the residual signal of the solvent.



3. Yeld: 93% (327 mg). Mp: 157–158 °C (dec.). $R_{\rm f} = 0.2$ (CHCl₃/MeOH, 9:1). High resolution ESI⁺-MS (MeOH, *m/z*): 272.1750 ([M]⁺, calcd 272.1757). IR (KBr, selected bands, cm⁻¹): 3437 (w), 3192 (w) v(N–H); 3054 (w-m), 2930 (s), 2853 (s), 2732 (m-s) v(C–H); 1668 (vs), 1610 (s) v(C=N). ¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, δ): 10.77 + 10.57 (s, br, 1H, NH), 7.89 (d, $J_{\rm HH}^3 = 7.8$ Hz, 2H, CH), 7.53 (d, $J_{\rm HH}^3 = 7.8$ Hz, 2H, CH), 4.14 (s, 3H, NCH₃), 3.76 + 3.54 (m, br, 1H, CHNH), 2.46 (s, 3H, CCH₃), 1.98–1.17 (m, 10H, (CH₂)₅). ¹³C{¹H} NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, δ): 166.33, 166.23, 165.60 (CH₃C₆H₄–C(=N)N, (E)–NH–C(=N)O, and (Z)–NH–C(=N)O); 145.71, 130.56, 130.31, 119.38 (Ar); 54.08 + 53.35 (NCH₃); 39.71 (CHNH); 32.15, 25.14, 24.51 ((CH₂)₅); 21.78 (CCH₃).



4. Yeld: 92% (311 mg). Mp: 98–100 °C (dec.). $R_f = 0.2$ (CHCl₃/MeOH, 9:1). High resolution ESI⁺-MS (MeOH, *m/z*): 258.1605 ([M]⁺, calcd 258.1601). IR (KBr, selected bands, cm⁻¹): 3438 (w), 3357 (w), 3209 (w) v(N–H); 3064 (w-m), 2930 (m-s), 2854 (s), 2742 (m-s) v(C–H); 1680 (vs), 1600(m-s) v(C=N). ¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, δ): 10.76 (s, br, 1H, N*H*), 7.98 (d, $J_{HH}^3 = 7.4$ Hz, 2H, C*H*), 7.83 (t, $J_{HH}^3 = 7.4$ Hz, 1H, C*H*), 7.72 (t, $J_{HH}^3 = 7.4$ Hz, 2H, C*H*), 4.14 (s, 3H, C*H*₃), 3.76 + 3.55 (m,

br, 1H, C*H*NH), 1.98–1.17 (m, 10H, (C*H*₂)₅). ¹³C{¹H} NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, δ): 166.40, 166.24, 165.52 (C₆H₅–*C*(=N)N, (*E*)–NH–*C*(=N)O, and (*Z*)–NH–*C*(=N)O); 134.81, 130.28, 129.99, 122.30 (Ar); 54.15 + 53.40 (CH₃); 32.13, 25.14, 24.52 ((CH₂)₅).The CHNH signal overlaps with the residual signal of the solvent.



5. Yeld: 85% (316 mg). Mp: 173–174 °C (dec.). $R_f = 0.3$ (CHCl₃/MeOH, 9:1). High resolution ESI⁺-MS (MeOH, *m/z*): 292.1213 ([M]⁺, calcd 292.1211). IR (KBr, selected bands, cm⁻¹): 3423 (w), 3186 (w) v(N–H); 3024 (w-m), 2931 (m-s), 2855 (m-s), 2741 (m) v(C–H); 1667 (vs), 1596 (m-s) v(C=N). ¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, δ): 10.74 (s, br, 1H, N*H*), 8.00 (d, $J_{HH}^3 = 8.4$ Hz, 2H, *CH*), 7.80 (d, $J_{HH}^3 = 8.4$ Hz, 2H, *CH*), 4.14 (s, 3H, *CH*₃), 3.75 + 3.55 (m, br, 1H, *CH*NH), 1.98–1.17 (m, 10H, (CH₂)₅). ¹³C{¹H} NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, δ): 166.37, 166.21, 165.36, 164.67 ((*E*)–ClC₆H₄–*C*(=N)N, (*Z*)–ClC₆H₄–*C*(=N)N, (*E*)–NH–*C*(=N)O, and (*Z*)–NH–*C*(=N)O); 139.78, 132.21, 130.20, 121.17 (Ar); 54.17 + 53.44 (CH₃); 32.13, 25.12, 24.50 ((CH₂)₅). The CHNH signal overlaps with the residual signal of the solvent.



6. Yeld: 92% (383 mg). Mp: 169–170 °C (dec.). $R_f = 0.3$ (CHCl₃/MeOH, 9:1). High resolution ESI⁺-MS (MeOH, *m/z*): 336.0699 ([M]⁺, calcd 336.0706). IR (KBr, selected bands, cm⁻¹): 3418 (w), 3186 (w) v(N–H); 3051 (m), 2933 (s), 2854 (s), 2742 (m) v(C–H); 1667 (vs), 1590 (vs) v(C=N). ¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, δ): 10.66 (s, br, 1H, NH), 7.95–7.83 (m, 4H, CH), 4.13 (s, 3H, CH₃), 3.75 + 3.55 (m, br, 1H, CHNH), 1.98–1.20 (m, 10H, (CH₂)₅). ¹³C{¹H} NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, δ): 166.38,

166.22, 164.81 (BrC₆H₄-*C*(=N)N, (*E*)-NH-*C*(=N)O, and (*Z*)-NH-*C*(=N)O); 133.13, 132.21, 128.95, 121.50 (Ar); 54.17 + 53.43 (*C*H₃); 39.55 (*C*HNH); 32.13, 25.13, 24.50 ((*C*H₂)₅).



7. Yeld: 90% (365 mg). Mp: 127–129 °C (dec.). $R_f = 0.4$ (CHCl₃/MeOH, 9:1). High resolution ESI⁺-MS (MeOH, *m/z*): 326.1460 ([M]⁺, calcd 326.1475). IR (KBr, selected bands, cm⁻¹): 3375 (m), 3194 (w) v(N–H); 3067 (m), 2940 (m-s), 2858 (m), 2760 (w-m) v(C–H); 1679 (vs), 1618 (m) v(C=N). ¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, δ): 10.81 (s, br, 1H, NH), 8.28 (d, $J_{HH}^3 = 7.5$ Hz, 1H, CH), 8.21 (d, $J_{HH}^3 = 7.5$ Hz, 2H, CH), 7.98 (t, $J_{HH}^3 = 7.5$ Hz, 1H, CH), 4.15 (s, 3H, CH₃), 3.79 + 3.58 (m, br, 1H, CHNH), 1.99–1.18 (m, 10H, (CH₂)₅). ¹³C{¹H} NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, δ): 166.47, 166.27, 164.34 (CF₃C₆H₄–C(=N)N, (*E*)–NH–C(=N)O, and (*Z*)–NH–C(=N)O); 134.31, 134.16, 131.57, 131.46, 131.15, 131.12, 130.98, 130.65, 130.32, 130.00 (Ar); 125.22, 122.51 (q, CF₃, = 272.7 Hz); 54.18 + 53.50 (CH₃); 39.35 (CHNH); 32.13, 25.11, 24.45 ((CH₂)₅).



8. Yeld: 88% (299 mg). Mp: 146–148°C (dec.). $R_{\rm f} = 0.1$ (CHCl₃/MeOH, 9:1). High resolution ESI⁺-MS (MeOH, *m/z*): 260.1510 ([M]⁺, calcd 260.1506). IR (KBr, selected bands, cm⁻¹): 3423 (w-m) v(N–H); 2991 (m-s), 2936 (s), 2856 (s) v(C–H); 1685 (vs) v(C=N). ¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, δ): 10.84 (s, br, 1H, NH), 9.21 (d, $J_{\rm HH}^3 = 4.8$ Hz, 2H, CH), 7.94 (t, $J_{\rm HH}^3 = 4.8$ Hz, 1H, CH), 4.44 (s, 3H, CH₃), 3.79 + 3.58 (m, br, 1H, CHNH), 1.99–1.15 (m, 10H, (CH₂)₅). ¹³C{¹H} NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, δ): 166.76,

166.55, 160.64 ($C_4H_3N_2-C(=N)N$, (*E*)–NH–*C*(=N)O, and (*Z*)–NH–*C*(=N)O); 159.12, 152.39, 125.02 (Ar); 54.32 + 53.52 (*C*H₃); 32.18, 25.12, 24.52 ((*C*H₂)₅). The *C*HNH signal overlaps with the residual signal of the solvent.



9. Yeld: 91% (284 mg). Mp: 98–100 °C (dec.). $R_{\rm f} = 0.2$ (CHCl₃/MeOH, 9:1). High resolution ESI⁺-MS (MeOH, *m/z*): 232.1440 ([M]⁺, calcd 232.1444). IR (KBr, selected bands, cm⁻¹): 3413 (w-m), 3199 (w) ν (N–H); 3061 (w-m), 2987 (w-m), 2940 (m), 2868 (m), 2760 (w-m) ν (C–H); 1672 (vs), 1602 (m-s) ν (C=N). ¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, δ): 10.72 (s, br, 1H, NH), 7.98 (d, $J_{\rm HH}^3 = 7.2$ Hz, 2H, CH), 7.83 (t, $J_{\rm HH}^3 = 7.2$ Hz, 1H, CH), 7.72 (t, $J_{\rm HH}^3 = 7.2$ Hz, 2H, CH), 4.15 (s, 3H, CH₃), 3.50 (t, $J_{\rm HH}^3 = 6.1$ Hz, 2H, NH–CH₂), 1.66–1.59 (m, 2H, CH₂), 1.41–1.34 (m, 2H, CH₂), 0.92 (t, $J_{\rm HH}^3 = 7.1$ Hz, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C {¹H} NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, δ): 167.13, 167.00, 166.33, 165.52 ((*E*)–C₆H₅–C(=N)N, (*Z*)–C₆H₅–C(=N)N, (*E*)–NH–C(=N)O, and (*Z*)–NH–C(=N)O); 134.85, 130.27, 130.02, 122.28 (Ar); 43.67 + 43.04 (CH₃); 39.61 (NH–CH₂); 30.80 + 30.56 (CH₂); 19.72 + 19.60 (CH₂); 13.92 (CH₃).



10. Yeld: 86% (298 mg). Mp: 120 °C (dec.). $R_{\rm f} = 0.5$ (CHCl₃/MeOH, 9:1). High resolution ESI⁺-MS (MeOH, *m/z*): 266.1286 ([M]⁺, calcd 266.1288). IR (KBr, selected bands, cm⁻¹): 3422 (w), 3202 (w) v(N–H); 3053 (w-m), 2994 (w-m), 2933 (m), 2837 (m), 2745 (m) v(C–H); 1676 (vs), 1598 (m-s) v(C=N). ¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, δ): 11.23 (s, br, 1H, NH), 8.00 (d, $J_{\rm HH}^3 = 7.4$ Hz, 2H, CH), 7.84

(t, $J_{\text{HH}}{}^3 = 7.4 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}, CH$), 7.72 (t, $J_{\text{HH}}{}^3 = 7.4 \text{ Hz}, 2\text{H}, CH$), 7.48–7.35 (m, 5H, CH), 4.74 + 4.64 (s, 2H, CH₂), 4.18 (s, 3H, CH₃). ${}^{13}\text{C}{}^{1}\text{H}$ NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, δ): 167.42, 167.05, 166.36, 165.46 ((*E*)–C₆H₅–C(=N)N, (*Z*)–C₆H₅–C(=N)N, (*E*)–NH–C(=N)O, and (*Z*)–NH–C(=N)O); 136.69, 134.91, 130.33, 130.04, 129.13, 128.41, 128.32, 122.22 (Ar); 47.23 + 46.54 (CH₃); 39.74 (CH₂).



11. Yeld: 70% (218 mg). Mp: 147–148 °C (dec.). $R_f = 0.1$ (CHCl₃/MeOH, 9:1). High resolution ESI⁺-MS (MeOH, *m/z*): 232.1447 ([M]⁺, calcd 232.1444). IR (KBr, selected bands, cm⁻¹): 3481 (w-m), 3408 (w-m), 3193 (w) v(N–H); 3076 (w-m), 2978 (m), 2853 (m), 2806 (m), 2733 (m) v(C–H); 1659 (vs), 1602 (m) v(C=N). ¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, δ): 10.46 (s, br, 1H, N*H*), 7.99 (d, $J_{HH}^3 = 7.4$ Hz, 2H, C*H*), 7.84 (t, $J_{HH}^3 = 7.4$ Hz, 1H, C*H*), 7.73 (t, $J_{HH}^3 = 7.4$ Hz, 2H, C*H*), 4.16 (s, 3H, NCH₃), 1.47 (s, 9H, C(CH₃)₃). ¹³C {¹H} NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, δ): 165.97, 165.08 (C₆H₅–C(=N)N and NH–C(=N)O); 134.83, 130.25, 130.05, 122.35 (Ar); 54.75 (NCH₃); 39.83 (C(CH₃)₃); 28.53 (C(CH₃)₃).



12. Yeld: 65% (239 mg). Mp: 124–126 °C (dec.). $R_{\rm f} = 0.2$ (CHCl₃/MeOH, 9:1). High resolution ESI⁺-MS (MeOH, *m/z*): 288.2064 ([M]⁺, calcd 288.2070). IR (KBr, selected bands, cm⁻¹): 3476 (m), 3412 (m), 3194 (w) *v*(N–H); 3080 (m), 2954 (s), 2905 (s), 2867 (s), 2738 (m-s) *v*(C–H); 1659 (vs), 1603 (s) *v*(C=N). ¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, δ): 10.43 (s, br, 1H, NH), 7.99 (d, $J_{\rm HH}^3 = 7.4$ Hz, 2H, CH), 7.84 (t, $J_{\rm HH}^3 = 7.4$ Hz, 1H, CH), 7.73 (t, $J_{\rm HH}^3 = 7.4$ Hz, 2H, CH), 4.17 (s, 3H, NCH₃), 1.85 (s, 2H, CH₂), 1.51 (s, 6H, C(CH₃)₂), 0.99 (s, 9H, C(CH₃)₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, δ): 165.42,

164.83 (C₆H₅-*C*(=N)N, NH-*C*(=N)O); 134.81, 130.29, 129.99, 122.30 (Ar); 58.35 (NCH₃); 50.42 (NH-*C*); 31.72, 31.47, 29.13 (C(*C*H₃)₂*C*H₂*C*(*C*H₃)₃).



13. Yeld: 92% (359 mg). Mp: 141–142 °C (dec.). $R_f = 0.1$ (CHCl₃/MeOH, 9:1). High resolution ESI⁺-MS (MeOH, *m/z*): 310.1903 ([M]⁺, calcd 310.1914). IR (KBr, selected bands, cm⁻¹): 3394 (m), 3191 (m) v(N–H); 3062 (m), 2909 (vs), 2852 (vs) v(C–H); 1657 (vs), 1603(vs) v(C=N). ¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, δ): 10.38 (s, br, 1H, NH), 7.98 (d, $J_{HH}^3 = 7.6$ Hz, 2H, CH), 7.84 (t, $J_{HH}^3 = 7.6$ Hz, 1H, CH), 7.72 (t, $J_{HH}^3 = 7.6$ Hz, 2H, CH), 4.15 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.13 (s, 3H, CH), 2.07 (s, 6H, CH₂), 1.68 (s, 6H, CH₂). ¹³C{¹H} NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, δ): 165.62, 164.92 (C₆H₅–C(=N)N and NH–C(=N)O); 134.81, 130.24, 130.04, 122.33 (Ar); 55.06 (NCH₃); 40.84, 35.76, 29.24 (CH and CH₂).



14. Yeld: 95% (403 mg). Mp: 134–136 °C (dec.). $R_{\rm f} = 0.5$ (CHCl₃/MeOH, 9:1). High resolution ESI⁺-MS (MeOH, *m/z*): 344.1060 ([M]⁺, calcd 344.1063). IR (KBr, selected bands, cm⁻¹): 3434 (w-m) v(N–H); 2928 (w-m), 2730 (m) v(C–H); 1669 (vs), 1605 (m) v(C=N). ¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, δ): 7.86–7.82 (m, 5H, CH), 7.73–7.69 (m, 2H, CH), 7.48–7.47 (m, 2H, CH), 5.16 (s, 2H, CH₂), 4.17 (s, 3H, N–CH₃), 2.31 (s, 3H, C–CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, δ): 168.77, 167.65 (C₆H₅–C(=N)N

and NH–*C*(=N)O); 145.98, 145.23, 134.44, 130.62, 130.30, 130.03, 129.26, 129.03, 128.93, 128.72 (Ar); 63.86 + 61.13 (*C*H₂); 40.09 (N*C*H₃); 21.53 (*CC*H₃).



15. Yeld: 70% (267 mg). Mp: 147–148 °C (dec.). $R_{\rm f} = 0.7$ (CHCl₃/MeOH, 9:1). High resolution ESI⁺-MS (MeOH, *m/z*): 302.1291 ([M]⁺, calcd 302.1288). IR (KBr, selected bands, cm⁻¹): 3432 (w-m), 3213 (w) v(N–H); 3052 (w-m), 2986 (w-m), 2925 (w-m), 2860 (w-m), 2735 (m) v(C–H); 1657 (vs), 1625 (vs) v(C=N). ¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, δ): 13.02 (s, br, 1H, NH), 8.20–7.56 (m, 12H, CH), 4.33 (s, 3H, CH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, δ): 165.23, 164.95 (C₆H₅–C(=N)N and NH–C(=N)O); 135.13, 133.52, 131.31, 130.50, 130.16, 130.04, 128.20, 127.61, 126.59, 122.05, 120.32, 117.93 (Ar), 39.99 (CH₃).



16. Yeld: 90% (326 mg). Mp: 131–133 °C (dec.). $R_{\rm f} = 0.6$ (CHCl₃/MeOH, 9:1). High resolution ESI⁺-MS (MeOH, *m/z*): 282.1242 ([M]⁺, calcd 282.1237). IR (KBr, selected bands, cm⁻¹): 3443 (w), 3201 (w) v(N–H); 3086 (w), 2989 (w-m), 2836 (m), 2718 (m-s) v(C–H); 1658 (vs), 1593 (m) v(C=N). ¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, δ): 12.75 (s, br, 1H, NH), 8.03 (d, $J_{\rm HH}^3 = 7.6$ Hz, 2H, CH), 7.86 (t, $J_{\rm HH}^3 = 7.6$ Hz, 1H, CH), 7.75 (t, $J_{\rm HH}^3 = 7.6$ Hz, 2H, CH), 7.69–7.40 (m, 2H, CH), 7.08 (d, $J_{\rm HH}^3 = 9.0$ Hz, 2H, CH), 4.24 (s, 3H, NCH₃), 3.79 (s, 3H, OCH₃). ¹³C{¹H} NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, δ):

165.44, 164.96 (C₆H₅--C(=N)N and NH--C(=N)O); 135.05, 133.35, 130.13, 122.13, 115.27 (Ar); 55.94 (NCH₃); 39.78 (OCH₃).

Synthesis and characterization of 5-amino-1,2,4-oxadiazole (17). Powders of NH₂OH•HCl (209 mg, 3 mmol) and NaOH (120 mg, 3 mmol) were added in one portion to a solution of **4** (338 mg, 1 mmol) in ethanol (5 mL). The resulted mixture was stirred upon reflux for 3 h. The solvent was evaporated *in vacuo* at 40 °C. Crude product was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel (hexane/EtOAc, 9 : 1) to give the target oxadiazole in good yields.

17. Yield: 88% (213 mg). Mp: 121–123 °C. $R_f = 0.3$ (Hexane/EtOAc, 9:1). High resolution ESI⁺-MS (MeOH, *m/z*): 244.1451 ([M + H]⁺, calcd 244.1444), 266.1269 ([M + Na]⁺, calcd 266.1264), 509.2659 ([2M + Na]⁺, calcd 509.2635). HRESI⁻-MS (*m/z*): 242.1278 ([M – H]⁻, calcd 242.1288). IR (KBr, selected bands, cm⁻¹): 3289 (s) 3243 (s) v(N-H); 3092 (m-s), 2928 (s), 2855 (s) v(C-H); 1643 (vs) v(C=N). ¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, δ): 8.39 (d, $J_{HH}^3 = 7.6$ Hz, 1H, CH), 7.89 (d, $J_{HH}^3 = 7.6$ Hz, 2H, CH), 7.52–7.50 (m, 3H, CH + NH), 3.52 (m, br, 1H, NH–CH), 1.96–1.17 (m, 10H, (CH₂)₅). ¹³C{¹H} NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, δ): 171.22, 167.84 (C₆H₅–C(=N)N and NH–C(=N)O); 131.24, 129.31, 128.07, 127.12 (Ar); 52.83 (NH–CH), 32.84, 25.52, 24.80 ((CH₂)₅).

Synthesis and characterization of 2-Amino-1,2,4-triazole (18). N_2H_2 • H_2O (146 mL, 3 mmol) was added in one portion to a solution of 4 (338 mg, 1 mmol) in ethanol (5 mL). The resulted mixture was stirred upon reflux for 3 h. The solvent was evaporated *in vacuo* at 40 °C. Crude product was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel (Hexane/EtOAc, 1 : 1) to give the target triazole in good yields.

18. Yield: 95% (230 mg). Mp: 177–178 °C. $R_f = 0.4$ (Hexane/EtOAc, 1:1). High resolution ESI⁺-MS (MeOH, *m/z*): 243.1592 ([M + H]⁺, calcd 243.1604). HRESI⁻-MS (*m/z*): 241.1446 ([M – H]⁻, calcd 241.1448). IR (KBr, selected bands, cm⁻¹): 3304 (s) v(N–H); 3061 (m), 2930 (s), 2855 (s) v(C–H); 1594 (s), 1559 (vs), 1530 (s) v(C=N). ¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, δ): 12.09 (s, br, 1H, N–N*H*), 7.90 (d, $J_{HH}^3 = 7.3$ Hz, 2H, CH), 7.40–7.35 (m, 3H, CH), 6.51 (s, br, 1H, CH–NH), 3.35 (m, br, 1H, NH–CH and H₂O), 1.91–1.16 (m, 10H, (CH₂)₅). ¹³C{¹H} NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, δ): 158.92, 157.70 (C₆H₅–C(=N)N and NH–C(=N)NH); 132.82, 128.82, 128.65, 125.88 (Ar); 51.86 (NH–CH), 33.36, 25.80, 25.08 ((CH₂)₅).

Synthesis and characterization of 2-Amino-1,3,5-triazine (19). Powder of $PhC(NH_2)=NH$ (211 mg, 3 mmol) was added in one portion to a solution of 4 (338 mg, 1 mmol) in ethanol (5 mL). The resulted mixture was stirred upon reflux for 48 h. The solvent was evaporated *in vacuo* at 40 °C. Crude product was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel (Hexane/EtOAc, 9 : 1) to give the target triazine in good yields.

19. Yield: 64% (211 mg). Mp: 137–139 °C. $R_f = 0.6$ (Hexane/EtOAc, 9:1). High resolution ESI⁺-MS (MeOH, *m/z*): 331.1922 ([M + H]⁺, calcd 331.1917). HRESI⁻-MS (*m/z*): 329.1724 ([M – H]⁻, calcd 329.1761), 365.1491 ([M + Cl]⁻, calcd 365.1491). IR (KBr, selected bands, cm⁻¹): 3262 (m) v(N–H); 2930 (m-s), 2856 (m) v(C–H); 1567 (s), 1535 (s), 1517 (sh) v(C=N). ¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, δ): 8.52–8.47 (m, 4H, CH), 8.07–8.05 (d, $J_{HH}^3 = 7.9$ Hz, br, 1H, NH), 7.62–7.54 (m, 6H, CH), 4.02 (m, br, 1H, NH–CH), 1.99–1.07 (m, 10H, (CH₂)₅). ¹³C{¹H} NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, δ): 170.75, 170.54, 165.56 (C₆H₅–C(=N)N and NH–C(=N)N); 136.90, 136.81, 132.46, 132.33, 129.00, 128.96, 128.60, 128.50 (Ar); 49.87 (NH–CH), 32.62, 25.75, 25.24 ((CH₂)₅).

Syntheses and Characterization of ureide (20). A solution of **7c** (338 mg, 1 mmol) in a mixture of ethanol (4 mL) and water (1 mL) was stirred upon reflux for 48 h. The solvent was evaporated *in vacuo* at 40 °C. Crude product was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel (Hexane/EtOAc, 9 : 1) to give the target acylurea in good yields.

20. Yield: 95% (234 mg). Mp: 160–161 °C. $R_f = 0.2$ (Hexane/EtOAc, 9:1). High resolution ESI⁺-MS (MeOH, *m/z*): 247.1444 ([M + H]⁺, calcd 247.1441), 269.1263 ([M + Na]⁺, calcd 269.1260). HRESI⁻-MS (*m/z*): 245.1251 ([M – H]⁻, calcd 245.1285), 513.2389 ([2M + Na – 2H]⁻, calcd 513.2472). IR (KBr, selected bands, cm⁻¹): 3381 (w-m), 3282 (w) v(N–H); 3136 (w), 3070 (w), 2941 (m-s), 2922 (m-s), 2855 (m) v(C–H); 1691 (vs) v(C=O). ¹H NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, δ): 10.66 (s, 1H, (CO)N*H*(CO)), 8.67 (d, $J_{HH}^3 = 7.6$ Hz, 1H, CH–N*H*), 7.97 (d, $J_{HH}^3 = 7.6$ Hz, 2H, C*H*), 7.62 (t, $J_{HH}^3 = 7.6$ Hz, 1H, C*H*), 7.50 (t, $J_{HH}^3 = 7.6$ Hz, 2H, C*H*), 3.65 (m, br, 1H, NH–C*H* and H₂O), 1.88–1.25 (m, 10H, (CH₂)₅). ¹³C{¹H} NMR ((CD₃)₂SO, δ): 168.91, 153.07 (C₆H₅–C(=O)NH and NH–C(=O)NH); 133.17, 133.06, 128.93, 128.55 (Ar); 48.26 (NH–C*H*), 32.79, 25.55, 24.63 ((CH₂)₅).

Spectra of the aminonitrones





Figure 2S. IR spectrum of $MeC(NH_2)=N^+(Me)O^-$.



Figure 38. ¹H NMR spectrum of $MeC(NH_2)=N^+(Me)O^-$.



Figure 4S. ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$ NMR spectrum of MeC(NH₂)=N⁺(Me)O⁻.



Figure 5S. HRESI⁺-MS of p-Me₂NC₆H₄C(NH₂)=N⁺(Me)O⁻.



Figure 6S. IR spectrum of p-Me₂NC₆H₄C(NH₂)=N⁺(Me)O⁻.



Figure 7S. ¹H NMR spectrum of p-Me₂NC₆H₄C(NH₂)=N⁺(Me)O⁻.



Figure 8S. ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectrum of p-Me₂NC₆H₄C(NH₂)=N⁺(Me)O⁻.





Figure 10S. IR spectrum of p-MeC₆H₄C(NH₂)=N⁺(Me)O⁻.



Figure 11S. ¹H NMR spectrum of p-Me₂NC₆H₄C(NH₂)=N⁺(Me)O⁻.



Figure 12S. ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectrum of p-MeC₆H₄C(NH₂)=N⁺(Me)O⁻.



Figure 13S. HRESI⁺-MS of $C_6H_5C(NH_2)=N^+(Me)O^-$.



Figure 14S. IR spectrum of $C_6H_5C(NH_2)=N^+(Me)O^-$



Figure 15S. ¹H NMR spectrum of $C_6H_5C(NH_2)=N^+(Me)O^-$.



Figure 16S. ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$ NMR spectrum of $C_6H_5C(NH_2)=N^+(Me)O^-$.





Figure 18S. IR spectrum of p-ClC₆H₄C(NH₂)=N⁺(Me)O⁻.


Figure 19S. ¹H NMR spectrum of p-ClC₆H₄C(NH₂)=N⁺(Me)O⁻.



Figure 20S. ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectrum of p-ClC₆H₄C(NH₂)=N⁺(Me)O⁻.





Figure 22S. IR spectrum of p-BrC₆H₄C(NH₂)=N⁺(Me)O⁻.



Figure 23S. ¹H NMR spectrum of p-BrC₆H₄C(NH₂)=N⁺(Me)O⁻.



Figure 24S. ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectrum of p-BrC₆H₄C(NH₂)=N⁺(Me)O⁻.





Figure 26S. IR spectrum of m-CF₃C₆H₄C(NH₂)=N⁺(Me)O⁻.



Figure 27S. ¹H NMR spectrum of m-CF₃C₆H₄C(NH₂)=N⁺(Me)O⁻.



Figure 28S. ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectrum of m-CF₃C₆H₄C(NH₂)=N⁺(Me)O⁻.







Figure 30S. IR spectrum of $N_2C_4H_3C(NH_2)=N^+(Me)O^-$.



Figure 31S. ¹H NMR spectrum of $N_2C_4H_3C(NH_2)=N^+(Me)O^-$.



Figure 32S. ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectrum of $N_2C_4H_3C(NH_2)=N^+(Me)O^-$.

Spectra of 1-20





Figure 34S. IR spectrum of 1.



Figure 358. ¹H NMR spectrum of 1 in DMSO.



Figure 36S. ¹H NMR spectrum of 1 in CDCl₃.



Figure 378. ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$ NMR spectrum of 1.





Figure 39S. IR spectrum of 2.



Figure 408. ¹H NMR spectrum of 2.



Figure 41S. ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$ NMR spectrum of 2.





Figure 43S. IR spectrum of 3.



Figure 44S. ¹H NMR spectrum of 3.



Figure 458. ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$ NMR spectrum of 3.





Figure 47S. IR spectrum of 4.



Figure 48S. ¹H NMR spectrum of 4.



Figure 49S. ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$ NMR spectrum of 4.



Acquisition Parameter



Figure 51S. IR spectrum of 5.



Figure 52S. ¹H NMR spectrum of 5.



Figure 53S. ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$ NMR spectrum of 5.




Figure 55S. IR spectrum of 6.



Figure 56S. ¹H NMR spectrum of 6.



Figure 578. ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$ NMR spectrum of 6.





Figure 59S. IR spectrum of 7.



Figure 60S. ¹H NMR spectrum of 7.



Figure 61S. ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$ NMR spectrum of 7.





Figure 63S. IR spectrum of 8.



Figure 64S. ¹H NMR spectrum of 8.



Figure 65S. ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$ NMR spectrum of 8.





Figure 67S. IR spectrum of 9.



Figure 68S. ¹H NMR spectrum of 9.



Figure 69S. ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$ NMR spectrum of 9.



Acquisition Parameter



Figure 71S. IR spectrum of 10.



Figure 72S. ¹H NMR spectrum of 10.



Figure 73S. ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$ NMR spectrum of 10.





Figure 75S. IR spectrum of 11.



Figure 76S. ¹H NMR spectrum of 11.



Figure 77S. ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$ NMR spectrum of 11.



Acquisition Parameter



Figure 79S. IR spectrum of 12.



Figure 80S. ¹H NMR spectrum of 12.



Figure 81S. ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$ NMR spectrum of 12.



Acquisition Parameter



Figure 83S. IR spectrum of 13.



Figure 84S. ¹H NMR spectrum of 13.



Figure 85S. ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$ NMR spectrum of 13.





Figure 87S. IR spectrum of 14.



Figure 88S. ¹H NMR spectrum of 14.



Figure 89S. ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$ NMR spectrum of 14.



Figure 90S. ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$ DEPT 135° NMR spectrum of 14.


Acquisition Parameter



Figure 92S. IR spectrum of 15.



Figure 93S. ¹H NMR spectrum of 15.



Figure 94S. ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$ NMR spectrum of 15.



Figure 95S. $^{13}C\{^{1}H\}$ DEPT 135° NMR spectrum of 15.





Figure 97S. IR spectrum of 16.



Figure 98S. ¹H NMR spectrum of 16.



Figure 998. ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$ NMR spectrum of 16.



Figure 100S. ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$ DEPT 135° NMR spectrum of 16.







Figure 103S. IR spectrum of 17.



Figure 104S. ¹H NMR spectrum of 17.



Figure 105S. ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$ NMR spectrum of 17.







Figure 108S. IR spectrum of 18.



Figure 109S. ¹H NMR spectrum of 18.



Figure 110S. ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$ NMR spectrum of 18.







Figure 113S. IR spectrum of 19.



Figure 114S. ¹H NMR spectrum of 19.



Figure 1158. ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$ NMR spectrum of 19.







Figure 118S. IR spectrum of 20.



Figure 119S. ¹H NMR spectrum of 20.



Figure 120S. ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$ NMR spectrum of 20.

Identification code	4 ·H₂O	6	17
Empirical formula	$C_{15}H_{22}BrN_3O_2$	$C_{15}H_{19}Br_2N_3O$	C ₁₄ H ₁₇ N ₃ O
Formula weight	356.26	417.15	243.30
Temperature/K	100(2)	100(2)	100(2)
Crystal system	orthorhombic	trigonal	monoclinic
Space group	$P2_{1}2_{1}2_{1}$	R-3	$P2_1/n$
a/Å	5.56160(10)	36.6338(19)	5.8808(4)
b/Å	14.0149(4)	36.6338(19)	12.3009(8)
c/Å	20.3191(5)	6.4707(4)	17.6105(11)
α/°	90	90	90
β/°	90	90	91.401(7)
γ/°	90	120	90
Volume/Å ³	1583.78(7)	7520.5(9)	1273.55(15)
Z	4	18	4
$\rho_{calc}g/cm^3$	1.494	1.658	1.269
μ/mm ⁻¹	3.609	6.171	0.083
F(000)	736.0	3744.0	520.0
Crystal size/mm ³	$0.18 \times 0.16 \times 0.1$	$0.15\times0.15\times0.1$	$0.34 \times 0.28 \times 0.19$
Radiation	$CuK\alpha \ (\lambda = 1.54184)$	$CuK\alpha (\lambda = 1.54184)$	MoK α (λ = 0.71073)
2⊖ range for data collection/°	7.664 to 152.52	8.36 to 152.392	5.69 to 54.996
Index ranges	$-7 \le h \le 5, -16 \le k \le 17, -25 \le l \le 23$	$\begin{array}{l} -45 \leq h \leq 46, -43 \leq k \\ \leq 37, -8 \leq l \leq 6 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{l} \textbf{-7} \leq h \leq 7, \textbf{-13} \leq k \leq 15, \\ \textbf{-22} \leq l \leq 22 \end{array}$
Reflections collected	11976	10753	8991
Independent reflections	$3290 [R_{int} = 0.0391, R_{sigma} = 0.0349]$	$3449 [R_{int} = 0.0364, R_{sigma} = 0.0297]$	2922 [$R_{int} = 0.0370$, $R_{sigma} = 0.0419$]
Data/restraints/parameters	3290/0/192	3449/0/191	2922/0/163
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.091	1.066	1.040
Final R indexes [I>= 2σ (I)]	$R_1 = 0.0234,$ $wR_2 = 0.0583$	$R_1 = 0.0363,$ $wR_2 = 0.0881$	$R_1 = 0.0431, \\ wR_2 = 0.0942$
Final R indexes [all data]	$R_1 = 0.0256,$ $wR_2 = 0.0596$	$R_1 = 0.0384,$ w $R_2 = 0.0894$	$R_1 = 0.0592,$ $wR_2 = 0.1026$
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å ⁻³	0.33/-0.28	0.90/-0.71	0.24/-0.25
Flack parameter	0.092(19)	n/a	n/a
CCDC number	1834203	1834205	1834204

Crystal data for 4, 6, 17, 18, 19, and 20

Identification code	18 ·H ₂ O	19	20
Empirical formula	C ₂₈ H ₃₈ N ₈ O	C ₂₁ H ₂₂ N ₄	C ₁₄ H ₁₈ N ₂ O ₂
Formula weight	502.66	330.42	246.30
Temperature/K	100(2)	100(2)	100(2)
Crystal system	orthorhombic	triclinic	monoclinic
Space group	Fdd2	P-1	I2/c
a/Å	19.3835(2)	11.2501(8)	20.2808(13)
b/Å	18.9731(2)	12.7520(10)	5.2993(4)
c/Å	14.30664(17)	13.2943(10)	24.3454(14)
α/°	90	86.090(6)	90
β/°	90	89.456(6)	98.356(6)
γ/°	90	67.095(7)	90
Volume/Å ³	5261.49(10)	1752.4(2)	2588.7(3)
Z	8	4	8
$\rho_{calc}g/cm^3$	1.269	1.252	1.264
μ/mm ⁻¹	0.643	0.076	0.085
F(000)	2160.0	704.0	1056.0
Crystal size/mm ³	0.14 imes 0.13 imes 0.1	0.2 imes 0.2 imes 0.2	0.2 imes 0.15 imes 0.1
Radiation	CuKa (λ = 1.54184)	MoK α (λ = 0.71073)	MoK α (λ = 0.71073)
2@ range for data collection/°	8.986 to 133.986	5.028 to 54.998	5.65 to 54.994
Index ranges	$-23 \le h \le 23, -22 \le k \le$ 22 $-17 \le 1 \le 15$	$-14 \le h \le 14, -13 \le k \le$ 16 $-17 \le 1 \le 16$	$-23 \le h \le 26, -6 \le k \le 6,$ $-31 \le 1 \le 23$
Reflections collected	17184	15832	5755
	$2222 [R_{int} = 0.0284]$	$7989 [R_{int} = 0.0352]$	$2969 [R_{int} = 0.0380]$
Independent reflections	$R_{sigma} = 0.0171$]	$R_{sigma} = 0.0712$]	$R_{sigma} = 0.0601$]
Data/restraints/parameters	2222/1/171	7989/0/451	2969/0/163
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.096	1.023	1.021
Final R indexes [I>= 2σ (I)]	$R_1 = 0.0254,$	$R_1 = 0.0557,$	$R_1 = 0.0514,$
	$wR_2 = 0.0628$	$wR_2 = 0.1057$	$wR_2 = 0.1110$
Final R indexes [all data]	$R_1 = 0.0257,$	$R_1 = 0.0931$,	$R_1 = 0.0728$,
	$wR_2 = 0.0630$	$wR_2 = 0.1217$	$wR_2 = 0.1245$
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å ⁻³	0.10/-0.19	0.26/-0.24	0.29/-0.28
Flack parameter	-0.18(9)	n/a	n/a
CCDC number	1834206	1834207	1834208

Literature

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