Supporting Information

Ultrasensitive Point-of-Care Testing of Arsenic Based on Catalytic

Reaction of Unmodified Gold Nanoparticles

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Figure S1. The contrast experiment to identify the catalytic activity of Au NPs. (a) Only Rhodamine B (1.0 mM). (b) Mixture of rhodamine B (1.0 mM) and NaBH₄ (10 mM). (c) Mixture of Au NPs (about 50 nM), rhodamine B (1.0 mM) and NaBH₄ (10 mM). The photo above was obtained in 5 minutes after mixture.



Figure S2. (a) TEM images of Au NPs solutions(1) bare Au NPs,(2) in the presence of AsO_2^- ,(3) in the presence of AsO_2^- and $NaBH_4$.(b)Visual observation and (C)UV-vis absorbance spectra of (1)bare Au NPs,(2)Au NPs + AsO_2^- ,(3) Au NPs + AsO_2^- +NaBH₄.



Figure S3. TEM image of bare Au NPs. The diameter of Au NPs is about 15.3 nm



Figure S4. (a) Optimization experiment of pH using RhB-NaBH₄ solution with Au NPs (500 μ L 3.0 μ M Au NPs, 100 μ L 1.0 mM RhB and 50 μ L 10mM NaBH₄).(b)Optimization experiment of temperature using RhB-NaBH₄ solution with Au NPs (500 μ L 3.0 μ M Au NPs, 100 μ L 1.0 mM RhB and 50 μ L 10mM NaBH₄) and AsO₂⁻ (1.0 ppm, 500 μ L).



Figure S5.(a)UV-vis absorbance spectra of the RhB solution at a concentration of 50 μ M in the presence of Na⁺, K⁺, Mg²⁺, Ca²⁺, Al³⁺, Li⁺, Mn²⁺and AsO₂⁻ (1.0 ppm for AsO₂⁻ and 10 ppm for other ions).(b) Photographs of Au NP-catalyzed RhB-NaBH4 solutions in the presence of AsO₂⁻ and other cations.



Figure S6. Visual Observation and UV-vis spectra of (1)100 ppb AsO_4^{3-} ,(2)50 ppb AsO_4^{3-} and 50 ppb AsO_2^{-} ,(3) 100 ppb AsO_2^{-} and (4)blank control.